Is Warmly Welcomed on Her Second Visit to London.

Hellmuth Ladies' College.

Hundreds Upon Hundreds Unable to Secure Admittance.

A Clear and Earnest Appeal for United Work Among Women.

Local Branch of the National Women's Council of Canada Formed.

Resolutions Passed and Officers Elected -Mrs. English, Mrs. Tilley, Mrs. Cummings, Mrs. Boomer and Mrs. Reid Speak-Ladies Fill the Platform-A Notable Gathering.

Immediately upon her arrival at the Hellmuth Ladies' College yesterday afternoon, her Excellency Lady Aberdeen and the viceregal party were entertained at luncheon by the Principal and Mrs. English. Among those present besides her Excellency were Prinicpal and Mrs. English, his lordship the Bishop of Huron. Mrs. Baldwin, the Dean of Huron, Mrs. Cummings (Toronto), Miss Ida English, Mr. I. F. Helimuth, and Mr. Ferguson, aide-decamp. A reception followed between 3:30 and 5:30 p.m., and the spacious ground was

filled with sleighs from the city. Guests at Helimuth College.

Among the guests were noticed Mrs. and Miss Labatt, Mr. and Mrs. Carling, Mrs. Meredith, Miss Labatt, Mrs. Gibbons, Mrs. E. B. Smith, Mrs. and Miss Simpson Smith, Miss Cross, Miss A. Baldwin, Col. and Miss Smith, Capt. and Mrs. Cart-Mr. Shanley, Miss Kibbie, Mrs. Mc-Weld, Mrs. John Weld, Miss Vanden Broeck, Mrs. W. Duffield, Mrs. Crump, Mrs. Dampier, Miss Burwell, Mrs. J. C. Duffield, Miss Farncombe, Mrs. W. Blackburn, Mrs. Robt. Puddicombe, Miss Hobbs, Mrs. Meredith, Miss Whately, Mr. Jacks, Mr. and Miss Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Seavey, Miss Street, Miss Dillon, Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Loughied, Miss Priddis, Dr. and Mrs. Beemer, Miss Bucke, Mrs. De la Hooke, Mr. and Mrs. Hampton, Mrs. Robt. Reid, jon.; Mrs. Lipsey, Mrs. W. J. Reid, Mr. Bremner, Miss Wilson, Mrs. Morphy, Mrs. Fitzgerald, Mrs. and Miss Edge, Mr. Pennington, Dr. and Mrs. Waugh, Dr. and Mrs. Roome, Judge and Misses Elliot, Mrs. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. and Miss Jeffery, the Misses Haskett, Mrs. Frank Leonard, Mrs. Chas. Leonard, Mrs. Tilley, Mrs. Boomer, Dean Innes, Miss McClemont, Dr. and Mrs. English, Dr. and Mrs. Hodge. Mrs. Irving, Rev. and Mrs. Annis, Canon Smith, Mrs. and Misses Smith, Rev. and Mrs. Sage, Canon and Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Moore, Miss Cross, Miss A. Baldwin, Miss Moore, Mrs. J. Puddi-Miss McGloughlan, Mrs. Merchant, Mrs.

The ladies of the staff and students contributed in making the visitors feel at this to explain that home. The latter were presented to her Excellency in the drawing-room by Principal and Mr. English. Lady Aberdeen wore black silk. The corridors and halls were tastefully decorated. After the only the outcome of a movement reception her Excellency dined with the students of the college in the dining-room and then drove into town to attend the evening meeting.

At the Opera House.

It was one of the most notable occasions in the history of the Grand Opera House. The gathering was unique-first, for its enormous size; second, for its personality. It was composed almost exclusively of women, and women managed it entirely. As early as 6:30 p.m. the stream of humanity commenced to trickle through the doors. By 7 o'clock it was a river, and half an hour later a torrent that caused an overflow inside as high as the "gods" gallery. That abode of art was literally packed with bonneted spectators - a most unusual sightwho were unable to secure standing room on the lower floors. Long before 8 o'clock it was impossible for even a woman's small feet to find a resting place, and hundreds on hundreds turned away disappointed. The spectacle was a novel and inspiring one viewed from the stage, and must be looked upon as an ovation for the fair lady who is fast becoming beloved of her sex in Canada as she is in other lands where her beneficence has been proved. There was just a sprinkling of men in the big audience which was a model of order and attention. The platform was embellished with an array of beautiful flowers, flags, and appropriate banners, apart from the several score of ladies who occupied the chairs as delegates from various city societies of a religious and philanthropic nature. Among those noted elequent addresses on the work which could there in addition to her Excellency and and should be done among women, and at Mrs. English, who presided, were:

Mrs. Tilley, Mrs. Mathewson, Mrs. (Col.) Peters, Mrs. A. B. Powell, Mrs. Essery, Mrs. McMechan, Mrs. Frances Moore, Mrs. Thos. Hill, Mrs. John Watson, Mrs. T. R. Parker, Miss Ethel Mrs. Plewes, Miss Nicholson, Miss Gibson, Mrs. E. W. Hyman, Mrs. Wm. Hyman, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Musgrove, Mrs. Roughley, Miss Musgrove, Miss Ramsey, Miss Wright, Mrs. W. J. Tanner, Mrs. A. Ferguson, Mr. M. W. Yelland, Mrs. H. Pierce, Mr. C. J. Beal, Mrs. Amelia Leonard, Mr. T. Heritage, Mrs. John Mill (Lambeth), Mrs. Dr. Fowler, Mrs. D. Annis, Mrs. Colter, Mrs. W. Laughton (Bothwell), Miss Laidlaw, Miss McKenzie,

Mr. Thos. Hill, Miss Boake, Miss Belton. Mrs. Owrey, Mrs. R. Reid, Mrs. A. Screaton, A Reception Tendered Her at Miss Knight (Woodstock), Miss Climie, Mrs. Pattulo (president W. F. M.), Miss Phillips, Mrs. J. D. McDonald, Mrs. Malcolm Bremner, Mrs. John Routledge, Mrs. Dr. Routledge, Mrs. D. White (Inger-Her Excellency Addresses an Enormous Audience at the Grand.

Mrs. Dr. Routledge, Mrs. D. White (Ingersoll), Mrs. Boomer, Mrs. Carson, Mrs. Parkhouse, Mrs. Baker, Mrs. C. J. Beal, Mrs. F. Grew, Mrs. Blair, Mrs. Morphy, Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. Murray, Mrs. G. Holt, Mrs. A. Marshall. Mrs. Hence, Miss Seabrooke, Mrs. Shuttleworth, Mrs. Irving (St. Marys), Mrs. Richardson,

Miss Priddis, Miss Marguerite Brown. An Animated Scene, The scene when her Excellency appeared was very pretty and animated. She was accompanied by Mrs English, Mrs. Joseph Marshall and Mrs. Cummings, corresponding secretary of the Dominion Woman's just commenced an introductory selection as the quartet filed onto the stage from the west entrance. The ladies on the platform stood up and waved their handkerchiefs,

and their action was followed by a similar one on the part of the audience. The National Anthem was then played by the orchestra, with the audience standing. Mrs. English.

Mrs. English stepped forward when quiet was again restored and stated that it was the general wish that the meeting should open with prayer, and as there was a difference of opinion as to the form, she at the mothers. So we formed unions for it was to do for the women of Canada.

At the conclusion Mrs. English made a short introductory address, warmly welcoming Lady Aberdeen on behalf of all the members of the women's organizations of London.

Her Excellency's Address.

Lady Aberdeen was loudly applauded as she began to speak. "My first duty," said she, "is to thank Mrs. English for the very kind words which she has spoken on my behalf in welcoming me here to-night. Indeed I think the thanks must all come from my side for the splendid welcome wright, Capt. and Mrs. Denison, Mrs. which you have thus accorded to me by Hyman, Mrs. W. Hyman, Mrs. and Miss coming out in such numbers to-night. In-Parkes, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Shaw-Wood, deed I must frankly own that the appear-Donough, Mrs. MacLean, Mrs. T. Macbeth, feel very conscious of the fact that it is not good health, and that will best enable to Mrs. Cumberland, Mrs. J. W. Ferguson, worth your while to come out thus to nurse them in case of sickness. Mrs. and Miss Bartram, Mrs. Kent,
Mrs. McKinnon, Mrs. and Miss Bayley,
Col. and Mrs. Peters, Col. and Mrs.
Fisher, Miss Bowman, Mrs. and Miss
Richardson, Mrs. Parfitt, Dr. and Miss
Weld. Mrs. John Weld. Miss Vanden beard of the great Woman's Congress held heard of the great Woman's Congress, held in May of last year, for women from all over the world gathered together to discuss and report as to the work that women were doing in all the different countries of the world, to strive to get in touch with one another. Anumber of countries had sent more or less officially appointed representatives. Great Britain and Ireland had sent a delegation appointed by a committee under the presidency of her Royal Highness Princess Christian. I was a member and had some opportunity of judging the effects of this very uotable congress. But although many countries were there represented officially I am sorry to say

CANADA WAS NOT. Therefore, when at the close it was decided that international councils should be instituted and that in all those countries in which they had not already been formed they should be organized, those Canadian women, who, though not officially appointed, had yet come to combe, Miss Gentleman, Miss Bullen, his Excellency and I had the pleasure of visiting Toronto, we found arrangements Southam, Mr. and Mrs. Peterson, Miss | had been made for holding the first meet-Farncombe, Miss Blackburn (Glencoe), Mrs. | ing, at which I had the honor of being Meredith, Miss Whately, Mrs. Morphy, present, and when the women decided to Mrs. Fitzgerald, Mrs. and Misses Laing. me to be its president. (Applause.) I say

THE IDEA IS NOT MY OWN. but one supported by the women of Canada themselves. (Applause.) Although just now begun in Canada, it is all over the world. For the last ten or twelve years at least we note in several parts of the world a desire for some organization which would bring about a greater unity among workers as distinguished from greater uniformity. In the United States it was started by this council, which has been working for the last four or five years. In England and Scotland it begun by several of the towns organ. izing unions of workers among themselves, each union, as years went on being formed on a broader and maturer basis, and now the last four or five years there have been yearly in some of the great towns conferences of women workers, to which delegates from these different unions have come from all over the countries. They have now adopted the name of the National Union of Women Workers. I have only

striven to give you a HISTORY OF THIS MOVEMENT. You want to know what it is intended to do-of what use is it? I should explain that the only way in which to have this National Council was to form councils at the different centers of population, hoping in time to bring in the country districts as well as the towns. We have already organized Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, and are about to do so in Quebec and Winnipeg. The best way to show you the good such a union can be in the community is to tell you some of my own experience in the first city in which it was started-in Aberdeen. It was some eleven or twelve years since that Miss Ellis Hopkins visited Aberdeen and gave several and should be done among women, and at the close of these meetings it was decided that we should try to raise the moral tone of the whole district and that we should endeavor to unite all the different societies of workers on the same common basis. It was this that brought about the

difficulty that

THE FIRST UNION WAS FORMED representing all the different churches in philanthropic works We adopted the idea of having all these institutions give reports of their labors so that we should know what

was being done, and where the different societies were overlapping; that we should get suggestions one from the other, and also see whether any work was wanted. We soon found there was plenty of new work cut out for us. I will give you a few samples. It was first brought to our

notice that there was a large number of little factory girls called "half-timers" one-half day at school and the other at the factory—who were being allowed to run loose in the streets at night, thus molding futures which would leave little hope for them. We formed a "Lily band" for these children, and soon had 200 of them. We formed classes of not more than twelve or fifteen, and gave them instruction in cooking, in making their own clothes, etc. We are filled with grateful surprise when we look at that band now and feel surely

SOMETHING HAS BEEN ACCOMPLISHED in that direction. A registry for servants was also started, as was a house for factory girls. We also found in our contact with servants and factory girls that there was a Council, Toronto. The splendid orchestra desire amongst some for emigration. An of the Choral Society, numbering about emigration society was formed and a good 30, and led by Mr. Roselle Pococke, had number of girls have been sent to Canada and some to Australia, but we have come to the conclusion that

CANADA IS THE BEST PLACE FOR THEM. (Cheers.) Most of them have been sent west. Those to whom they have been sent say the girls are the best they have had. (Applause.) It is principally to the very great care that the president of the emigration society has taken in their preliminary training that this is due. We also had some girls' clubs which still exist for the shop girls and shop assistants; but by contact with the girls we became the ladies telling me that they would more and more impressed that we could ADOPT ME AS A CANADIAN not touch what we wanted unless we got I have no further misgivings. (Loud apsuggested that all bow their heads for a mothers in connection with the different few moments of silent prayer for the church societies with the object of making National Council of Canada and the work | mothers realize their responsibilities. I will read you

A FRW SAMPLE RULES h they pledged themselves to abide by: To begin each day with prayer.
 To endeavor to lead a life of temper. ance, truthfulness and purity.

3. To guard my tongue from all scandalous and improper conversation. 4. If children are given to me to endeavor to bring them up for God's service; to do all in my power to guard them from contact with evil and from hearing im-

5. To prevent them from reading bad books and papers. 6. To endeavor to learn all that will

proper conversation.

conduce to keep my husband, my children, ance of this house somewhat appals me. I and myself in cleanliness, comfort and 7. To remember the sacredness of

marriage, and ever to try and make home a bright place for my husband and children. "I had a letter only this morning," continued Lady Aberdeen, "telling me of a gathering of 500 mothers and 200 babes, in which they had a very cheerful meeting, and I have numbers of letters from mothers telling me how they have been aroused to a sense of their responsibilities in many ways and how they were looking for great results in the future. (Applause.) We

also had to do with PRISON AND RESCUE WORK, and in all these different fields we found a great deal to do, though at the beginning, when our ladies' union was formed, people asked: 'Is this not another excuse for the ladies to get together and talk?" (Laughter).

Reterring to the co-operative relations between the union and other organizations, the speaker said that if any fresh plan was to be carried out other societies generally referred it to the Ladies' Union to find out how best to do it. "We have in this way some hundreds of people who are in touch with all the different philanthropic societies of the churches in Aberdeen, the front at this congress, determined to and if some work is to be done take steps to establish a National Council of we find out if there is any society in Women of Canada, (Applause.) When Aberdeen to do it before forming a committee of our own. We get together and encouraging reports are presented which sometimes astonish us by the magnitude of the work they reveal."

A few of the titles of papers read at such a conference, said Lady Aberdeen, were "Emigration," "Country Holidays," "Sanitary Work," "Peasant Work," "Uses of Rescue Wards, Lying in Wards and Rescue Mothers," "Work Among the Family," "Evenings at Home," etc. 'Our papers and debates have not by any means been directed mainly to public work, but also to that of

HOME LIFE, which should be always the first sphere of woman. (Applause.) We have felt that in the home mission woman needs greater

help than in any public mission. "You may ask: What do you expect this council to do for Canada? If you get together women of the best thought, best ives and best intentions to consider the best means of work for the good of humanity, you may ask: What are you of women in the place that are willing to not going to do?" (Applause.) Her Excellency quoted from Miss James, secretary of the Co-operative Workers, on the value of co-operation. One of the first results was to awaken a sense of the value of individual work, or rather, of the different kinds of individual work. "We see Mrs. president. Each president became a vice-Fry, Florence Nightingale, Frances Willard. Mrs. Beecher Stowe, all in different kinds perfect equality, so that no one society of work, yet how they are united! would in any way injure another, it was (Applause.) We have an example in the decided to have the same number of delesplendid work that has been done by the organized communities of the Roman Catholic Church, by the women of the months, when it was hoped that every Society of Friends, and others, proving society will give a little outline of their that modesty and womanliness can be com- work, tell briefly what they were doing, bined with a lion-hearted activity in God's service. (Applause.) We find literary in charitable work, and so that if anything people coming in to join with us in the great work of holding up the ideal in life—

the various societies it would be known. and women journalists, what great responsibilities rest on their shoulders to spread a high and good tone among their readers! The workers in art come, too. Each of the societies could be done very well. these show us the motives which underlie Mrs. Cummings closed with a sketch of the ideal life in any of these different directions. We do not want to lessen the individuality of any of these or any societies city of Indianapolis. which join us. It is laid down in our constitution that no society can be interfered with by the council in its internal regulations, nor can any resolution passed by the council be binding upon it.

"We know there are many ups and downs in our work. We hear much, read

things are brought home to us, that we feel very despairing, when we see the difference in the family life of our own parents and the town, and all sections of charitable and children, when we hear of evils among women which could scarcely be whispered; yet surely we must be blind if on looking around we failed to note some

TRUE PROGRESS, which is due to the increased sense of responsibility amongst the women in our and-women at home as well as in public. (Applause.) While speaking of woman's first duty being in the home, we must not undervalue the public organizations and committees with which we have so much to do. Even apart from the objects they are pursuing, many women here will agree with me that the training we receive from these committees and societies is a very valuable thing to us in teaching us to work ogether. (Applause.) There is a proverb that God is a good worker, but

HE LIKES TO BE HELPED. Can we not in this way strive to be like Our Father in Heaven. Not only trying to go in our own way, not only to give help, but to be ready to receive it from all quarters, which will be the method in such an organization as I have tried to sketch. There is one more reason why the spirit should fill Canadian women. Some of them have expressed regret to me that there are no patriotic associations among the women of Canada. It would tend to bring home to parents and children the great duty and the joy of fostering a patriotic spirit and a realization of how good it is

TO BE BORN A CANADIAN. It is formed on the principles we have striven to lay down. I scarcely think it will be necessary to form a patriotic order, for it will be a patriotic association itself. It will be a Council of Canadian Women for Canada. (Applause.) I have already said I hesitated at the outset as to whether for that reason I should accept the very ADOPT ME AS A CANADIAN

plause.) If this council is formed it should essentially represent the best work, the best thought, in every direction, of the women of Canada. It should be essentially Caradian by striving for the best good in literature, in art, in education, in philanthrophy, in religion-over all and joining all—having no regard to parties or politics -a link between all, making a grand and noble sisterhood throughout the breadth and length of Canada with the one motto, 'Excelsior."

A round of applause swept over the audience as Lady Aberdeen resumed her seat, having spoken for nearly an hour with great distinctness.

A Vote of Thanks. Mrs. Tilley, in a neat speech, tendered Lady Aberdeen a vote of thanks. In part. she said: We would wish to tender to thanks for the very elaborate explanation she has given to us of the Woman's National Council and of the proposed local council for London. I have much pleasure lin moving a vote of thanks to her Excel-

Mrs. Dixon seconded the motion briefly. and it was carried by a unanimous standing

Her Ladyship said, in reply, that she was almost ashamed to appear before them again after looking at her watch and seeing how long she had detained them. She thanked them very much, especially those ladies who had been so assiduous in organzing the meeting, Mrs. Mathewson and Mrs. English, and those who had come and so patiently listened. She asked them one and all to please accept her thanks. (Applause.)

Lady Aberdeen took the chair at the close of her speech and her first duty was to call upon Mrs. Cummings, corresponding secretary of the National Council of Women for Canada.

"I am very sorry to say that her Excellency has concealed one fact from your knowledge. She told you that after the Women's Congress adjourned in Chicago the foreign delegates went home pledged beforehand to organize national councils in their own country, but she quite forgot to tell you that before they parted they unanimously elected her as president of the Internstional Council of Women for the whole world. (Applause.) The International Council will consist of all the different national councils that we hope will soon be organized. It has been organized, as you know, in Great Britain, the United States and Canada. Australia will come in very soon, and so we hope that the good work will grow. All the delegates are to meet once in five years, and so you see through our national councils we will shake hands with the women of the whole world and heip each other on as far as we can on the side of right. I might say a few words upon the organization of the National Council. It has been organized in the large centers and is also composed of nationally organized societies; ocean to ocean. They will come in we hope and join in this National Council. The local council is composed of all the societies confederate. Each society, however, must come in by their own vote. We do not ask any society to join that is not perfectly willing to do so." Continuing, Mrs. Cummings said that each society was entitled to send five delegates, including their president of the local council. To have gates from each society. Meetings of the local council were to be held once in three so that there would be no overlapping Then there would be special work to do from time to time-work that no one society could do well, but which from all good work performed by the council in the United States, with special reference to the

Mrs. Boomer's Resolution. After reminding her Excellency that there had been a Mothers' Union in connection with the Memorial Church for three years past, Mrs. Boomer moved the follow-Watson, Mrs. 1. R. Parker, Miss Ethel Parker, Mrs. James Reid, Mrs. W. E. Saunders, Mrs. Chas. Hutchinson, Mrs. Saunders, Mrs. Chas. Hutchinson, Mrs. D. A. McDermid, Mrs. J. D. Clarke, Mrs. These meetings made a deep taken up. These

A. Mayell, Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. Kenly, impression at the time and it was without attack it. There are times when these don in affliation with the National Council of Women in Canada. Mrs. Robt. Reid seconded the resolution, and in doing so complimented her Ladyship on her admirable address. Before putting the motion Lady Aber-

deen reminded the gentlemen amid laugh ter that they had no power to vote. The resolution carried unanimously, and her Excelleney went on to say that she was very glad that the work had been started in such a hearty fashion. She had been asked to clear up one point that did not seem quite clear to some of those present. By some it was thought that the council had something to do with the movement for the enfranchisement of women. She wished to state emphatically that it had nothing more to do with that movement than any other woman's society had. Every society of which women were a part could join; every sort of society, whether artistic, literary, secular, religious or philan-thropical, had a right to join, and in joining was able to send a number of delegates to the meeting, those delegates having a vote, and by that vote so much influence. If there was such a society among the others of the council the council would not be pinned by the opinion of that body any more than any other body that might join.

ORGANIZATION. A chance was then given for those who wished to leave to depart, and those interested in the formation of the council were asked to remain. The greater part remained.

Her Excellency explained that the hour was rather late to discuss the matter of a constitution, and at her suggestion that matter was referred to the executive committee.

Mrs. McMechan then asked whether the organization was on the same basis as that of the States-a non-religious one. She said that women who were irreligious came into the organization of the United States, kind invitation to come and speak; but ton and by papers and speeches caused very great grief to those who loved the Lord and Savior Jesus Christ. The women of London were anxious to have the council nonsectarian, but not non-religious. (Applause.)

In reply Lady Aberdeen read the preamble of the constitution and admitted that it was a pretty wide basis. They had just passed a resolution in which they had decided to form a local council of women for London in affiliation with the National Council. Her Ladyship advised that the question be referred to the executive of the London Council. It remained with them to make whatever bylaws they wished which were not contrary to that basis. The wider the basis the better it would be, and the better it would be for the

work of Christ in our land. (Applause.) In reply to a question in the same line from Mrs. Thornley, her Excellency found that she had previously read the wrong paper, and she went on to read the right one, which said that the women of the Women's Council of Canada sincerely believed that the best good of our homes and nation would be advanced by an organization of women, and they thereby bound themselves together to further the application of the golden rule to society, custom and law.

Mrs. Thornley-Then we are to understand that if we go into this organization and become part of the National Council we are becoming part of an organization that recognizes God in the opening of its meetings?

Lady Aberdoen referred to the fact that the meeting of that evening had opened

with prayer. Mrs. Thornley-Will the national organization recognize God or not?

Lady Aberdeen-That will be according to the kind of women that are in it. On resolution of Mrs. McMechan and Mrs. Morphy the drawing up of a constitution was referred to the executive com-

mittee. A nominating committee composed of Mesdames Thornley, Carson, Boomer, Hutchinson, Morphy and E. W. Hyman was formed. The ladies then retired to nominate the officers, and in their absence Lady Aberdeen moved a vote of thanks to the members of the Choral Club orchestra and to Mr. Pococke for their kind services. The report of the nominating committee was then presented, and the following officers were elected by assent of the audience:

President-Mrs. English. Vice-Presidents-Mesdames McMechan, drowned in False Creek Monday.

Tilly and Murray.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Carson.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Mathewson. Recording Secretary-Mrs. Mathewson. Treasurer-Mrs. (Rev.) Ira Smith. The various elections were vigorously applauded. The National Anthem was then sung, and the meeting was over.

NOTES. Her Excellency wore a very becoming dress of black silk while on the platform, and looked charming. She was given a giving the ballot to separate school voters. splendid hearing, and only once did the crush and accompanying confusion cause her to stop for a few moments.

The collection amounted to \$130. This will not only pay expenses, but the organization will begin life with a balance where the balance ought to be.

Her Excellency spent the night at Hellmuth Ladies' College, and leaves per G. T. R. at 12:20 noon to-day for Toronto to meet his Excellency the Governor-

General. Miss Lizzie Morphy, of W. C. Coo's Shorthand Academy, had a seat on the platform, and did the official report for the

HARD ON THE PRINCESS.

Millionaire Mackay's Daughter Beaten in Court by Her Titled Busband.

Paris, Feb. 15.-Judgment was handed down to-day in the case of Princess Colonna (nee Miss Mackay, of New York), who instituted proceedings here to obtain a SUIT. (nee Miss Mackay, of New York), who injudicial separation from her husband.

The judgment dismisses the demand of the Princess for a separation, on the ground that Princess Colonna is an Italian subject and therefore outside the jurisdiction of French courts. The court says in a suit of this kind the Prince is actionable only in Naples and that it would be necessary for the courts in that city to settle the question of the temporary care of the children pending a final discussion in the

matter. In the preamble the court recites that the children were temporarily confided to the care of the Princess, on condition that the Prince be allowed to see them three times a week. The Princess had violated the decision and had prevented the Prince

from seeing the children. It further says the Princess has now executed a project of abduction which she WHOLE NO. 9804

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guardian. It is ordered that all the children be placed in care of their aunt, Princess Stiglians of Naples. Princess Colonna will be allowed to visit them on Sundays and Thursdays. from 2 to 5 o'clock in the afternoon. It is further ordered that the children be handed over to the Prince within 24 hours, and in event of failure to comply the Princess will be fined 300 francs daily for three months. If at the end of three months she continues to disobey the order, the court declares it will take stronger measures to inforce its mandate. The Princess is condemned to pay the cost of

the action. It may be pointed out that the order of the French court will not be obeyed. Princess Colonna, accompanied by her three children, arrived in New York at the beginning of this week, and it would therefore be an impossibility, even were she so inclined, to hand the children over to the Prince as ordered by the court.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Yellow fever is said to have attacked American sailors at Rio de Janeiro.

Sugar barons are lobbying in the Senate at Washington. They want a duty on

Steele Mackay, the noted theatrical man; is very ill in Chicago. Wilson Barrett will play "Chatterton" as a benefit for him. Many farmers in Douglas county,

Nebraska, are ruined by the failure of Stimmel & Co., seed dealers. Fourteen life insurance companies started in Japan during 1893. They include the "Sanitary Life," the Buddhist Life,' etc.

A disappointed office seeker injured three members-one fatally-of an official's family lately. Latest reports from Rio de Janeiro say the Government is being undermined by

Japanese have started bomb throwing.

internal dissensions. The insurgents are very active. The historic Elm College, Kingsbridge road, Fordham, N. Y., will be torn down soon to make room for a more modern structure. In it Poe wrote "The Raven." The four surviving bell-ringers from Dr.

Barnardo's home have received \$850 in Indiana for damages in the railway smash-up that killed some of the troupe. They wanted \$2,200.

CANADIAN. The temperance people in Ottawa are working hard for a reduction of licenses. Montreal nail makers are on strike. They would not stand 15 per cent. reduction in

The mayor and several of the aldermen of Chatham want to do away with the public library.

Hattie Martin, of Goderich, aged 19, committed suicide with morphine in a disorderly house at Buffalo Monday.

Wm. Burns, farmer, Churchville, was found drowned on the Credit River. Tuesday night. Suicide is suspected. The employes of the Kingston cotton mills have had their wages cut down by 10 per cent., and the works have been closed down for a week or two "for repairs."

Duncan McRae, license commissioner and city assessor of Vancouver, one of the earliest pioneers of British Columbia, and the best-known man in town, was found

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Business Begun.

THE SEPARATE SCHOOLS. TORONTO, Feb. 14.-Mr. Conmee to-day gave notice of motion that he would on Friday introduce a bill to amend the Separate School Act, It is understood Mr. Conmee's bill is in the direction of

Speaks Well for Pasteur. New York, Feb. 15.—The statistics of the New York Pasteur Institute for 1893 show that not a single case of hydrophobia has been observed among the 85 persons

treated, while other persons and animals bitten at the same time have died. Steamers Arrived.

The weather to-night will be dark in places.

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