

# Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. VII. NO. 148

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 24, 1874.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## New Advertisements.

**HOUSE TO LET**—To let a commodious house on Queen Street, on the east side of the river. Apply at this office. Guelph, Dec. 27, 1873. dtf

**FOR SALE**—Guelph Gas Stock to the amount of \$600, in shares to suit purchasers. Guaranteed to pay 9 per cent. THOMPSON & JACKSON. Guelph, Jan. 21, 74. dtf

**NOTICE**—Book cuttings for sale at the Guelph Picking House, opposite the Grand Trunk Passenger Station. Guelph, Nov. 7, 1873. dtf

**SEWING MACHINES FOR SALE**—For sale, several first-class Sewing Machines, different makers, all new cheap for cash. Apply at the MESSING OFFICE.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP**—All parties indebted to the firm of CHANCE & WILLIAMSON are requested to make payment of the same, as the partnership will shortly be dissolved. CHANCE & WILLIAMSON, Golden Lion. Guelph, 5th Jan. 1874. dtf

**MONEY TO LEND**—Ten Thousand Dollars for Investment in sums of from \$200 to \$2000, at 8 per cent. interest. Charges moderate. Apply to THOMPSON & JACKSON, Land, Loan and General Agents, Brownlow's Block, Douglas street. Guelph, Jan. 17, 1874. dtf

**COURT OF PERSEVERANCE**—A. O. F. No. 5856, Meet every WEDNESDAY in the GOOD TEMPERANCE HALL, at 7 o'clock, for the following officers: G. A. COULSON, Sec. GARD OF THANKS.

To Mr. Wm. J. Paterson, General Agent, Reliable Life Assurance Society, Guelph. I take the earliest opportunity of thanking you for the prompt payment to-day, of my claim on the Reliable Life Assurance Society of the United States. MARGARET REA, Guelph, Ont., 19th January, 1873. dtf

**PAY UP**—All parties indebted to Calab Chase, either by Note or Book Account, will please pay up by the 1st of February, 1874, as I must have money. CALAB CHASE, 342 1/2.

**FOR SALE**—Excellent Family Pleasure Sleigh; 1 set Light Bob Sleigh, first-class, box and seats complete; also, Light and heavy Long Sleighs, new and second hand. All the above will be sold cheap for cash. Call early. C. CHASE, 342 1/2.

**TO BLACKSMITHS**—For sale, one Iron Blacksmith (Arm's & Warwick's make) new, will be sold at a bargain, as I have two of them. Also, 1 splendid Lathe, both for foot and power, in good condition, and well got up. Apply to CALAB CHASE, 342 1/2.

**TOWN OF GUELPH**—Notice is hereby given that applications will be received on MONDAY, JAN. 31st, for the following offices, viz: Two Assessors, One Collector, and one Tavern Inspector. JOHN HARVEY, Town Clerk, Town Clerk's Office, Jan. 21st, 1874. dtf

**VICK'S Floral Guide for 1874**—200 pages, 250 engravings and coloured plates. Published quarterly at 25 cents a year. First number for 1874 just issued. A German edition at the same price. Address: JAMES VICK, Jan. 19, 1874. w2d Rochester, N.Y.

**NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP**—The undersigned begs to announce that he has taken his son, W. D. Tawse, into partnership, and that the style of the firm will be Wm. Tawse & Son. All accounts due the undersigned up to 1st January to be sent immediately. All accounts due the undersigned will be collected by the new firm. All parties so indebted will please call and settle immediately. WM. TAWSE, Day's Block, opposite the Market. Guelph, Jan. 11, 74. dtf

**ANNIVERSARY**—Mr. H. K. Maitland has the honor to announce that he will give

**A CONCERT**—In honor of the anniversary of the Birthday of Scotland's Bard, in the Town Hall, On Monday Ev'g, 26th inst. He will be assisted by Mrs. Cuthbert, Toronto; Miss Young, Berlin; Messrs. Mackie, Berlin; Murray, Bridgeport; Sprigins (the English tenor) and Yule, Guelph, and by Val's Band. The programme will consist of a choice selection of Scottish songs, Duets, and Glee. Doors open at 7 p.m. Concert to commence at 8. Tickets 25 cents; Reserved seats 50c. For sale at the Book Stores. Guelph, Jan. 19, 1873. dtf

**FARMERS.** ANNUAL RURAL REGISTER FOR 1874. THE NATIONAL LIVE STOCK JOURNAL. AGRICULTURALIST. CANADA FARMER. GENTLEMAN RURAL NEW YORKER. FIELD, TURF AND FARM. HEARTH AND HOME. AGRICULTURAL GAZETTE.

Farmers should subscribe at once for the above Magazine for the year 1874. A large stock of Farmers' Reading.

**AT ANDERSON'S** Cheap Bookstore, East Side Wyndham-st., Guelph, Ont.

## Guelph Evening Mercury

SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 24, 1874

**Town and County News**

**BAPTIST CHURCH**—The ordinance of Baptism will be administered in the Baptist Church to-morrow, after the morning service.

**ATTEMPTED ROBBERY IN NICHOL**—On Tuesday evening, while a man named Marshall was proceeding along the Owen Sound Road, he was confronted by a ruffian who attempted to rob him, but luckily for Marshall was not successful.

**REFORM MEETING AT DRAYTON**—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held at Drayton on Friday evening in favour of C. I. Higginbotham, when eloquent addresses were delivered by Mr. Young, M. P., Mr. Guthrie, Mr. J. P. McMillan, and Mr. Samuel Robertson.

**PILKINGTON Agricultural Society officers for 1874**—President, John Street; vice-President, A. Gordon; Secretary-Treasurer, Robt. Gosmar; Directors, G. Shorr, E. Marshall, W. L. Gordon, E. B. Paterson, James McQueen, R. Dalby, A. Waddell, John Smith, H. Hamilton; Auditors, John Gordon, A. Kerr.

**BABY'S LEG BROKEN**—We are sorry to hear of an accident which occurred to a little eight-months-old son of Mr. John West. The nurse was taking the child to the wash, and she slipped and fell and fell to the floor, with the baby underneath, breaking his thigh-bone. Dr. Keating reduced the fracture, and the poor little sufferer is doing well.

**THORN DISLOCATED**—On Saturday, Jan. 17, Mr. Abel Moore, of Pilkington, had his thigh dislocated. He was drawing a load of wood on his farm, when the sleigh lurched in passing over a small knoll on a declivity, which threw off the load on to the sleigh, and the sleigh passed over him. Drs. Wallace and Pontland replaced the limb, and the patient is doing well.

**ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY**—On Tuesday, Jan. 20, High Constable Klippert, Berlin, proceeded to Arthur Village, where he arrested a colored man named John Miller alias Smith alias Johnson, who is charged with having forged a note for \$25 on Geo. Butler of Woolwich, and selling the same to Mr. Barnabas Devitt of the same township. He was brought to Berlin and examined before Mr. J. A. Mackie J. P., who remanded the investigation until Wednesday next.

**PRESENTATION IN ACTON**—Mr. Donald Gunn, G. T. R. agent, was entertained on Thursday night at a supper, on his leaving Acton for Berlin station, to which he is promoted. About one hundred sat down to supper, spread in Matthews Hall. The leading mill owners and shippers all around were in force to honor the occasion. Mr. Gunn was presented with a handsome gold watch and chain for himself, and a gold brooch for Mrs. Gunn, all of good workmanship, valued at \$200, as a token of esteem on behalf of the citizens of Acton, who sincerely regret his departure from among them.

**A FRESHET**—A freshet caused by the recent thaw and incessant rains occurred at New Hamburg on Friday. The damage done is not so great as that caused by the freshet last month, but the operations now going on at Messrs. Parker & Wilson's mill-dam have been considerably interfered with. At London there was a serious flood. Hunt's dam has been swept away, and the mill bridge with it. Victoria Bridge has been badly shaken, and it may yet give way to the violence of the stream. Kensington flats are again submerged, this time to a greater extent than ever before, every house in that section being flooded, and the inmates forced to escape in boats and on rafts. Peterborough is seriously threatened, and in all the low grounds in the suburbs of the city bordering on the river, houses that never before were visited by the flood, are now partially submerged. The foundations of a wooden bridge at Brantford have sunk, and at Caledonia one of the spans of the bridge over the Grand River have been carried away.

The report of disagreement in the British Cabinet is denied. It is rumored that there will shortly be started a new Reform paper in Clinton opposition to the Monitor.

Mr. A. Rodgers, of Palmerston, has made arrangements to build a cheese factory in that village, and expects to have it in operation by spring.

Immense quantities of timber are being teamed up to the railway station at Lucknow, which await the opening of the line for transportation to foreign markets.

**EASTWOOD**—A few days ago Mr. James Davis cut his foot badly with an axe. The axe caught a limb and glanced, cutting his foot completely through not far from the ankle.

Major Walker, of London, Ont., was Vice-President of the late Pacific Railway Company and one of the delegates to England. He says that eminent engineers, as well as financial men, in the Old Country, were decided in their opinion that the road could not be built within the time specified, and in deference to their judgment Sir Hugh telegraphed to Sir John that the time should be extended at least four years. This was agreed to, and it was on the fourteen year basis that the financial negotiations in England were conducted. Those who talk of "breaking faith with British Columbia" are only adding to the burdens which are, says the London *Advertiser*, already crushing the Chief Charter Seller to political death.

**OUR MERCHANT NAVY**—The greatness of Canada as a maritime power is well illustrated by the statement of a contemporary in reference to the chief port of New Brunswick—St. John. The new vessels registered at St. John in 1873 were 12,000 tons in excess of 1871 and 2,000 tons in excess of 1872, the total for last year being 34,464 tons, which is valued at \$1,500,000. About 13,000 tons were lost during the year; and the total tonnage now registered at St. John is about 285,000 tons. This exceeds—says the *St. John Telegraph*—the entire shipping of the Kingdom of Holland, and is only exceeded by three ports in the British Empire, viz., Liverpool, London and Glasgow.

**Hatch's Friends Beaten at their own Meeting**—On Friday evening the 23rd inst., a meeting was held at Downy's School House, No. 3 section, Pustinch. The meeting was largely attended by the electors of the section. Messrs. T. Hefferman, A. B. Patric, and G. Paterson, of Guelph, were there to represent Mr. Hatch.

On the arrival of Mr. Stirtion's friends, Messrs. Gow, Howard and Mahon, it was objected by the Hatch party that the meeting was exclusively called for Mr. Hatch's friends and supporters, and that they were not prepared to enter upon a discussion of the political questions of the day.

Mr. Gow explained that he had no wish to intrude himself upon the meeting, but as he had come in the interest of Mr. Stirtion he was willing to address the meeting if the electors present expressed a desire to hear him. The question was then put to the meeting and the house divided, leaving Hefferman, Patric & Co. in a miserable minority.

Mr. Jas. Glennie was then elected to the chair, and Mr. P. Doyle appointed secretary. Mr. Gow addressed the meeting, dwelling chiefly on the Pacific Scandal from its first inception until the final collapse by the inglorious retirement of Sir John A., and after passing a warm tribute of praise to Mr. Stirtion for his unwavering fidelity as a public man, called upon the electors to rally round him at the polls on the 29th, and send him in by a sweeping majority.

Mr. Howard, followed by Messrs. McMahon, Hefferman and Downey, addressed the meeting, when a resolution favoring Mr. Stirtion was unanimously carried.

**Elopement in Guelph**—Some months since, the milling business of the Red Mill, Guelph, was bought by Messrs. Dean & Erskine, the former a married man from Port Hope, the latter a single man, living in Guelph with his mother and sister. It is not long since Mrs. Dean and her two children came to Guelph. There had been rumors that Dean and Miss Erskine were too fond of one another's company, and on Monday night they proved the truth of the rumors by eloping together. Miss Erskine left a note saying that they were going to the United States, where Dean would get a divorce from his lawful wife and marry her. She may think herself fortunate if he carries out this plan, as his success is a most heartless feature of the shameful affair is that Dean persuaded his unsuspecting wife to obtain about \$365 and some notes from her father, on the pretense of using it in business, but really for paying the elopement expenses. This is something like sending a kid in a mother's milk. The loss will be a severe one to Mrs. Dean's father, who is over seventy. Dean is said to be respectably connected, and the conduct of the guilty pair has been a heavy blow for their friends.

**Centre Wellington**—(From the Elora News.) The nomination of candidates for Centre Wellington took place at Fergus on Thursday, the proceedings commencing at one o'clock. James Webster, Esq., Registrar, acted as returning officer, and discharged his duties with praiseworthy impartiality. Although the rain fell fast, a goodly number of electors appeared for the hustings. First in a list of names for the purpose of speaking, but withdrew their names before the close of the hour—Messrs John Harris, Guelph; William Robertson, Fergus; John Mair, Nichol; Charles Clarke, M. P. P.; Elora; Claudius Burns, of Burford; Dr. Wallace, Alma; John Beattie, Fergus; James Cross, Peel; J. M. Fraser, Elora; A. Goforth, Fergus; J. K. Barret, Abney; and J. Craig, Fergus.

A poll was demanded on behalf of Messrs. Orton and McKim, and the parties adjourned to the Drill Shed to listen to the candidates, and the proposals.

Dr. Orton with his usual volubility praised his model of parity, Sir John A. Macdonald, with all the glowing fervor of an ardent whig; fully condoned the rascalities of the Pacific Charter outrage; and did his little best to make black white, and to show that his fallen leader's hands were clean. His effort did not take with the large and intelligent majority of those listening to him, although rounds of applause came now and again in obedience to signals given of the little flegleman who shrieked out the preliminary cheer. The Doctor did nothing to strengthen his position, and did not take with the large and intelligent majority of those listening to him, although rounds of applause came now and again in obedience to signals given of the little flegleman who shrieked out the preliminary cheer.

Mr. McKim followed with a plain and sensible exposition of the policy of the new Government, unparagonably held up the misdoings of John A. and his associates, and won the approval of the large audience by his fair and manly definition of his position. His speech was as creditable to his head as his party, and produced a marked effect upon those before him. Loud bursts of cheering greeted him as he proceeded and when he closed, and a large majority of the electors present were evidently with him.

Other gentlemen followed, and the remarks of those supporting Dr. Orton were aimed at violent personal attacks upon Mr. McKim, whose policy they cannot assail, and whose well-deserved popularity is so much dreaded by them. Amongst them was Mr. James Cross, who particularly distinguished himself by redelivering his municipal election speech at the Peel Township election, very much to the amusement of all parties. He was the funny man of the circus, and fetched down the house. The speaking continued until about 7:30, and if the people did not get politics enough for one day the fault was not with those who addressed them.

The feeling in favor of Mr. McKim is very enthusiastic, and in him, it is felt that Centre Wellington will again send a Reformer to Parliament, and with a largely increased majority. The meeting broke up with the usual cheers for the Returning Officer, the Queen, and the candidates.

**Trax Elora Tract Society** held their annual meeting in the W. M. Church on Tuesday. The receipts for the year are about \$65, and a balance of \$1,471 is due the Treasurer.

## BY TELEGRAPH

**The Royal Duke's Nuptials.**

**CELEBRATION IN RUSSIA.**

**Bells Ringing at Home.**

**REJOICINGS ELSEWHERE.**

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.—The marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh to the Grand Duchess Maria was solemnized at one o'clock this afternoon. The day has been observed as a holiday, and since early morning, when salutes were fired, the streets were crowded with people. The festivities in celebration of the event will continue several days. The city is gaily decorated, and it will be illuminated to-night, and Saturday and Sunday nights. On Monday a grand military review will take place in front of the Winter Palace. The troops participating will consist of 41 battalions of infantry, 37 squadrons of cavalry, and an artillery force of 140 guns. The weather is delightful and sleighing splendid.

London, Jan. 23.—Flags are displayed from all the public and many private buildings, in honor of the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh. The residence of the Prince of Wales, at Sandringham, and other buildings occupied by the Royal family, are profusely decorated with bunting. Throughout the entire country the bells are ringing in honor of the nuptials.

New York, Jan. 23.—The marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh was recognized in this city by the British and Russian Consuls unfurling the flags of both nations from their offices, and the shipping of England and Russia in the harbor being tastefully decked with bunting and bannerettes.

**Imperial Parliament Dissolved**

**Mr. Gladstone's Address**

**NO MORE INCOME TAX.**

**A Five Million Surplus.**

London, Jan. 24.—Parliament is dissolved by Royal decree. Premier Gladstone has issued an address to his constituents at Greenwich, asking for reelection, and announcing that the Queen has been pleased to accept the advice of her Ministers to dissolve the present parliament immediately, and to summon a new one to meet on the 5th of March, 1874. In his address, Gladstone gives a reason for this measure that, since the defeat of the Government upon the Irish Higher Education question, by the concurrent efforts of the leader of the Opposition and the Catholic prelate of Ireland, the Government has not been possessed of sufficient authority to carry out great legislative measures. Its experience during the recess of Parliament has not indicated that any improvement in its position was probable. The chief of the Opposition having refused to accept office on defeat of the Government, and the Cabinet feeling they have not the support which every ministry ought to enjoy, an appeal to the people is the proper remedy for such a state of things. The advantage of dissolution at the present moment is that estimates are so far advanced that the Government is able to promise a surplus of five millions sterling, with which it intends to abolish income tax, and to relieve local taxation.

Among the matters likely to come before Parliament, is the re-adjustment of the Educational Act, improvement of local government, and of land, game and liquor laws. The address promises large measures of relief from duties on articles entering into general consumption, and expresses a hope for the speedy assimilation of county and borough franchise.

**The Coal Miners' Strike.**

**A Man's Head Cut Off.**

**Dangerous Meetings in N. Y.**

**More Embezzling.**

**Fatal Accident.**

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 23.—The meeting of coal operators here to-day was well attended. The workmen some days since submitted a note signifying their willingness to give up their demand for circular prices, but insisted on having the basis of 1873 continued. The reply to that note was a circular of the operators to the men, accepting their proposition, and agreeing to pay during 1874 on the basis of 1873. This virtually ends the strike.

Cincinnati, Jan. 23.—Captain John Stambour, aged 74, formerly a prominent steamboat builder of this city, put his head into the elevator tower at the 6th-street House to-day, when the elevator descended upon and severed the head from his body.

Pittsburg, Jan. 23.—At Edgar Thompson's Steel Works at Broddock's Fields to-day a heavy gale lifted the roof from its place, when it fell, killing one man, injuring two fatally and three seriously.

New York, Jan. 23.—The Tribune says that meetings are held nightly in the smaller halls on the East side of the City, and Internationalists and discontented workmen listen to speeches which are often violent. One of the leaders a few evenings ago said they could count fifteen thousand well-drilled men, and that many of these were attached to the

German regiments in National Guard. The police are keeping a close watch on these meetings.

A Herald special from Mexico announces appointments by President Lerdo of representatives of that country to Spain and Germany.

New York, Jan. 24.—William J. Wilcox, of the firm of Wilcox & Co., land dealers, was found dead in a public bath last night.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 23.—A G. Kennaw, first Vice-President and acting Secretary of the Howard Association, was arrested to-night on a charge of embezzling \$3,500 from the Association, and was locked up in the station house. Kennaw's wife came to the President of the Association this afternoon with \$1,200, which she said her husband had taken from the Association.

**The Post Office Robbery.**

The case of Samuel McLean, accused of robbing Her Majesty's mails, will come up before the Police Magistrate this (Saturday) afternoon at three o'clock. Meanwhile we have gathered some further details of the affair. It seems that Mr. Sweetnam, the Post Office Inspector, sent two decoy letters, and when he learned that the one for Ponsonby was missing, he proceeded to Elora, and sent instructions for the Guelph Chief Constable to go there also. This was on Wednesday, and Mr. Kelly accordingly proceeded to Elora by the six o'clock train that afternoon. He met Mr. Sweetnam, and arrangements were made to arrest McLean in such a way that the stolen money might be secured. A search warrant was also taken out, in case the money might not be on McLean's person. Accordingly Messrs. Kelly and Sweetnam met the train on its arrival at the station, taking care to conceal themselves from observation, and jumped on board the postal car, one entering by each door. McLean's consternation at seeing the stern faces of his unwelcome visitors may be imagined. Mr. Kelly at once arrested him, and Mr. Sweetnam accused him of the theft. The three remained in the car whilst the train proceeded forward to Fergus.

McLean was searched, and part of the money from the missing decoy letter was found upon him. The prisoner and his two companions returned to Fergus by the next train, and came on to Guelph the same evening, where the prisoner secured counsel, and was bailed out by two county magistrates, Messrs. Rich'd Mitchell and John Card. He was bound over to appear on Friday, himself in \$900, and two sureties in \$400 each. It was most improper, and, we believe, absolutely illegal, to accept bail for a prisoner on such a charge before he had been arraigned and the preliminary examination held before the stipendiary magistrate, especially as it was only for one night.

We are informed, also, that the bonds were not correctly drawn up, so that had the accused failed to appear the bondsman would have got off scot free. Whether McLean knew this, and meant to avail himself of it, we cannot say, but at all events he did not appear before Mr. Saunders at the appointed hour on Friday. Upon this, another information was at once laid, and a warrant issued for his arrest. Mr. Kelly had men watching the stations, and proceeded to put the warrant in force. Before noon, he discovered McLean in a back room of Newton's hotel, and again secured him; so that there will be no failure of justice in this case, notwithstanding the blundering inpropriety of the irresponsible J.P.'s.

**Mr. Wm. Wilkie's Speech.**

We now give the remarks made by Mr. Wm. Wilkie at the nomination on Thursday. He said that he had not gone so far as Mr. Hatch—ordering a new suit of clothes for Ottawa—but, as there was no doubt that Mr. Stirtion would again go there as our representative, if Mr. Hatch got rigged up in his new suit and went to Ottawa with Mr. Stirtion he might learn something of the political questions of the times, and might be able to make a better appearance at some future time; for now he had not had one word to say on any political matter. He (Mr. W.) had already resigned in favor of Mr. Stirtion, but might say that if he had been a candidate the first and strongest plank in his platform would have been temperance. His mover, a most industrious worker in the cause of temperance, had often been sneered at for his activity and perseverance in this cause, but they now knew that they had the support of the best in the land, and would now have the support in this riding not only of pledged temperance men, but a very numerous and respectable class who while they to some extent yielded to the too prevalent custom of taking intoxicating liquors yet deplored its results and would work for its suppression. Next the tariff would have had his consideration. It had always previously been framed without much regard to the manufacturing interests of the country, and the manner in which it had been for years accepted by the late Government was most unfair to manufacturers; it made them wince under the treatment, and made them now more sensitive on that point. Instead of the Government protecting manufacturers, manufacturers had really to protect them in the collection of the legal duty, a most humiliating position for any Government to take. They wanted no special legislation, but while revenue had to be collected on imports it should be so arranged that the interests of the country would be protected without undue pressure on any. He spoke of the high price Canadian securities held in England a few years ago, when the belief was that we were an honest, steady-going, prosperous people; but recent developments had done great harm to our credit abroad, and the action of electors now would decide whether we were worthy to be trusted.

**The Steam Jacks.**

To the Editor of *The Mercury*:—Sir,—The attached slip, cut from one of your exchanges, gives full particulars of a great and ingeniously wrought out discovery and invention. If the editor of the *Herald* was put through the same process as the Illinois farm ass, would it not be a great benefit to this country at the present time? Any of our manufacturers would be willing to furnish the required steam gratuitously.

A man living near Nashville, Washington County, Ill., has recently invented an apparatus to take the place of whistles for railroad signals, steamboats, fire alarms, factory calls, and the like. On his farm there was a mule of more than ordinary vocal power, whose voice could be heard a distance of four miles in every direction when he once got warmed up to the work. The inventor thought that if he could take nature's vocal apparatus and apply it to a greater power, he could produce a larger and more satisfactory volume of sound. Filled with this idea, he put the mule to death, and carefully severed the head from the body. He then injected solutions of chloride of zinc and arsenic into the veins and arteries of the head and neck to prevent decay of the flesh. India rubber was dissolved in sulphuric ether, and the solution forced through the windpipe and throat, leaving a film of rubber on the membrane. The rubber was vulcanized and the membranes rendered impervious to steam. A short piece of rubber hose was attached to the wind-pipe and connected with a steam boiler.

It was a moment of agony to the inventor as he placed the ass-head in the hands of an assistant and slowly pulled the valve open; a moment of thrilling interest. As a full head of steam was turned on, the most fearful noise, the most frightful guffaw, the most vigorous bray that ever assailed an ass's ears was produced. The lips contracted, disclosing a terrible array of teeth; the features developed a satanic grin; the jaws raised and fell, as the steam crowded the passages, and the ears participated in the general movement, giving to the head the appearance of an animated and excited creature. The man who was holding the head gazed upon it a moment, with dilated eyes, colorless cheeks, knocking knees and protruding tongue; then, suddenly losing all interest in the performance, he emigrated. As for the inventor, his success exceeded his most sanguine anticipations.

I am, Yours truly,

AN ADMIRER.

Guelph, Jan. 23, 1874.

**Industrial Policy of the Present Government as Declared by the Hon. Mr. Mackenzie.**

1. That good faith to existing industries requires the continuance of the fifteen per cent. tariff, whether needed for revenue purposes or not.

2. That when an increased revenue is required, as it will be almost immediately, the tariff will be so arranged as to favor home manufactures.

3. That our immediate neighborhood to the United States may compel us sometimes (when they use Canada as a "slaughter" market) for our own protection to adopt measures not in accordance with what may be deemed correct commercial principles.

Here the continuance of the fifteen per cent. incidentally protective tariff; its increase (when the increase is required for revenue purposes) in a protective direction; and special tariff arrangements to meet illegitimate action on the part of the United States manufacturers, are promised as part of the policy of the present Government. Nothing more frank, honest and straightforward was ever announced by any leader of the Tories.—*Hamilton Times*.

Boys of England, Young Men of Great Britain, for February, at Anderson's cheap Bookstore.

A Mr. Dahm runs a large store up at Eagle Harbor, and the Marquette Journal says: "He must have an extensive trade, for we have heard his name mentioned in connection with all the stoves and stovepipe we ever put together, here or elsewhere."

A man in Hartford has stopped his paper because his name was printed in a list of advertised letters, and his wife happening to see it first, went and got for him and found it was from a young lady, who complained that he didn't meet her at Worcester as he promised.

Lapeer, Mich., has had a dramatic entertainment. The "Union Spy" was produced, and the local editor's ecstatic feelings on the occasion may be inferred from his allusion to "a billowy ocean of foaming skirts, which in their virgin and uncontaminated purity, rolled and surged and puff'd in the gale air."

Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon the earth is ignorant of many things, inasmuch that what he knows a mere nothing in comparison to what he does not know. But we apprehend very few are ignorant of the wonderful effects of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer"; it's a most sure and rapid cure for colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, cholera morbus, and all summer complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Coughs and Colds, when left to themselves, frequently bring on pulmonary complaints which lead to that distressing and fatal disease, consumption; but if attended to in time "Bryan's Pulmonic Waters" are a certain remedy. They stop the irritating cough, and soothe and strengthen the bronchial tubes, allaying all irritations and inflammation. They are also particularly adapted for the use of singers and public speakers. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Price 25 cents per box.

**THE HORSE.**—Of the great number of animals under the control of man the horse is unquestionably the most serviceable; it is not strange that so many who own horses, and are dependent on their labor for a living, should neither give them that care and attention which their own interest no less than the comfort and safety of the horse demands. The best medicine for horses is "Darby's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy"; of this there can be no doubt—it is safe and easily given. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.