Of Immense Importance to the

PUBLIC.

GREAT RETRENCHMENT IN

PRICES.

Just opening at the *Great Western Depot*, a Large and well-assorted NEW STOCK of

CLOTHING & DRY GOODS ! !

At No. 11, North Side of Dundas Street, opposite the Robinson Hall, London.

LAWSON & BURGESS

ARE now opening a Splendid Assortment of FALL and winter CLOTHING made from the Newest Styles of Material, of French, English, American, and Canadian Cloths, manufactured by first-class workmen, under their own superintendance. We call the attention of the Public to the following LIST OF PRICES of Goods in the Clothing and Dry Goods Departments:

COATS.

	£ s d	£ s d
English and French Broadcloth Coats, all colours and styles,	1 15 0	to 2 10 0
English, French and American Beaver Coats,	1 15 0	to 2 10 0
English, French, American and Canadian Doeskin, Tweed and Satinet Sporting Coats and Taglionies,	1 15 0	to 2 10 0

VESTS.

Cloth, Cassimere, Tweed and Doeskin,	0 7 6	to 0 12 6
French and English, Plain and Fancy Plush, Satin and Velvet Vests,	0 8 9	to 0 15 0
A large Stock of Plaid, (every variety,)	0 5 0	to 0 10 0

PANTS.

English, French, American, Plain and Fancy Doeskin Pants,	0 12 6	to 2 0 0
Canadian, American and English Tweed, Satinet and Full Cloth,	0 10 0	to 0 17 6

A large Stock, (every variety,) constantly on hand or made to order.

HATS, CAPS, SHIRTS, &c., &c.

American, French and English Hats, (Newest Styles.)

English, American, California, Monterey, Hungarian and Wide-awake Felt Hats, all colours. Fur Cloth and Glazed Caps—White and Coloured Shirts, Newest Styles and Patterns, *all prices.*

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT WILL CONSIST OF

French and English Broadcloths and Beavers,	7s 6d to 25s
French, English, and American Doeskins,	5s to 10s
English, American, French, and Canadian Tweeds, Satinetts, &c.,	3s 9d to 6s 3d
Striped Shirtings,	7½d to 10d
Factory Cottons,	2½d to 7½d
Printed Calicoes [all widths,]	5d to 11d
Muslin de Laines, Plaids, Merinoes, Cobargs, Orleans and Alpaccas of every style,	1s to 3s
Ticking, [English and American]	10 to 18 3d
Blankets,	11s 3d to 25s
Red and White Flannel,	1s 3d to 3s
Silk and Velvet Bonnets,	6s 3d to 12s 6d
Cloaks and Visites,	15s to 25s

Woolen Shaws, all prices. A Splendid Stock of Furs, consisting of Stone Martin, Mink, Squirrel and Sable Muffs and Boas. Also Victorines, all prices.

☞ The Reason Why we can and will SELL CHEAP is as follows: We are determined to sell for *Ready Money*, therefore have no Bad Debts to make up, by putting on Large Profits. Our goods are New—we have not to put on extra Profits to pay for Remnants and Old Stock. And last but not least, we have determined to sell at *One Price*,—our Goods are *All Marked in Plain Figures*, and *No Abatement* will be made. We have put on so slight a profit, that we cannot, if we would, take off a Farthing, even for our warmest friends.

And now, Ladies and Gentlemen, we respectfully solicit you to *Call and Examine* our Stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to sell at the very lowest Prices.

☞ *Garments made to order in the most Fashionable Styles, and on the Shortest Notice.*

LAWSON & BURGESS.

No. 11, North side Dundas Street, opposite Robinson Hall.

London, October 30, 1850. v3-n46

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Subsriber having been appointed Agent of the "CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.," is prepared to receive proposals for Assurance, and will be happy to afford to any person the necessary information, as to the principles of the Institution.

JAMES WATSON.

Goderich, 3th June, 1849. v2n 9t

STRATFORD Iron Foundry.—The subscriber having purchased the interest of Mr. C. J. Wilson in the above Establishment, is about to continue the Business on his own responsibility. In returning thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement received by Orr & Wilson, he begs to intimate that he will constantly keep on hand an assortment of Superior Castings, consisting of *COOKING*, Parlour, and Box Stoves; American, Scotch & Canadian Ploughs of the most Improved Moulds,—*MILT ROLLERS, Turning Lathes, Smith's Rollers, &c.* THRASHING MACHINES of a superior description to any hitherto introduced, and better adapted to this country from their lightness of draught, and strength of construction. A call from intending purchasers is requested before purchasing elsewhere. The above will be sold at Low Rates for *Cash* or Trade, or at corresponding rates on approved credit.

A. B. ORR.

Stratford, 20th June, 1850. 2v-n20

FARMER'S HOTEL,—MITCHELL.

FRANCIS FISHLEIGH begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has established himself in the above Village, and hopes by strict attention to the comfort and convenience of Travellers, to merit a share of their patronage. Good Stabling and an attentive Groom in attendance.

Mitchell, May 15th, 1850. 3v-n15

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

MOFFAT'S

VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

AND

PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and envied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of puffing not only unnecessary, but unworthy of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credulous.

IN ALL CASES

Of ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, AFFECTIONS of the BLADDER and KIDNEYS.

BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—In the south and west, where these diseases prevail, they will be found invaluable. Planters, farmers, and others, who once use these Medicines, will never afterwards be without them.

BILIOUS CHOLIC, and SEROUS Looseness, BILES, COSTIVENESS, COLDS & COUGHS, *CHOLIC,* CONSUMPTION. Used with great success in this disease.

CORRUPT HUMORS, DROPSIES.

DYSPEPSIA. No person with this distressing disease, should delay using these medicines immediately.

ERUPTIONS of the Skin, ERYSIPELAS, FLATULENCY,

FEVER and AGUE. For this scourge of the western country these medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

FOULNESS of COMPLEXION.

GENERAL DEBILITY,

GOUT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHES, of every kind, INWARD FEVER, INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of APPETITE.

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

LEPROSY, LOOSENESS,

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Never fails to eradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all kinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S CHOLIC,

PILES. The original proprietor of these medicines was cured of Piles of 26 years standing by the use of these Life Medicines alone.

PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs.

RHEUMATISM. Those afflicted with this terrible disease, will be sure of relief by the Life Medicines.

RUSH of BLOOD to the HEAD, *SCURVY, SALTRHEUM, SWELLINGS,*

SCROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL, in its worst forms. *ULCERS, of every description.*

WORMS, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by these Medicines. Parents will do well to administer them whenever their existence is suspected. Relief will be certain.

THE LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

And thus remove all disease from the system.

A single trial will place the LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

The genuine of these medicines are now put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a pamphlet, called "Moffat's Good Samaritan," containing the directions, &c, on which is a drawing of Broadway from Wall street to our Office, by which strangers visiting the city can very easily find us. The wrappers and Samaritans are copyrighted, therefore those who procure them with white wrappers can be assured that they are genuine. Be careful, and do not buy those with *yellow* wrappers; but if you do, be satisfied that they come direct from us, or dont touch them.

☞ Prepared and sold by

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,

335 Broadway, corner of Anthony street, New York.

For Sale by

BENJ. PARSONS,

Sole Agent.

Goderich, Jan. 28 1848.

WATSON & WILLIAMS,

DIXIE WATSON of Goderich,

BARRISTER AT LAW, &c. &c. and *GEORGE WILLIAMS, of Stratford,* late of the firm of Hector, Weller and Williams, Barristers, &c. Toronto, having this day entered into co-partnership, in the Practice, and Profession of Law, Chancery and Conveyancing, will in future keep their Offices at Goderich and Stratford, respectively, under the name, style and firm of Watson and Williams.

DIXIE WATSON, Goderich, }
GEORGE WILLIAMS, Stratford, }

24th December, 1849. 2v-n17tf

STOVES.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Goderich and its vicinity, that he has received a Large Supply of the LATEST IMPROVED PATTERNS of

COOKING, BOX, AND PARLOUR STOVES,

which he offers for SALE at very REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH.

The Subscriber also keeps on hand, as usual, at his OLD STAND, a LARGE and very Superior assortment of

TINWARE of every description.

The subscriber takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the Public for the very liberal patronage he has received since he has been in business in Goderich, and hopes by strict attention to business, and moderate prices, to continue to receive a share of the public patronage.

N. B.—GRAINING, PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER and BELL HANGING carried on as heretofore. WILLIAM STORY.

Goderich, 6th Sept. 1849. 2v-n31tf

NEW LINE OF STAGES

BETWEEN

GALT AND GODERICH!

THROUGH IN 18 HOURS!

In connection with the Stages from Hamilton.

COMMENCING on TUESDAY 1st of October, a Stage will leave the Union Hotel, Galt, at 5 o'clock, a. m., and the British Hotel, Goderich, at 5 o'clock, a. m., every day (Sundays excepted,) arriving at each of the above Towns at early bedtime, and will continue to run for the Accommodation of Travellers, starting punctually at 5 o'clock in the morning. The subscribers hope by paying strict attention to the comforts of the Travelling Public to receive a share of their support. Buffalo Robes, &c., furnished.

Any complaints made of Drivers will receive immediate attention, and will be at once redressed as far as redress is practicable.

Parcels sent by this Line will be conveyed with care and punctuality, and delivered at moderate charges.

Persons travelling by this Line will not be deprived of rest as on the Route from Goderich to Hamilton, they arrive in Galt between 10 and 11 o'clock at night, and leave in the morning for Hamilton at 5 o'clock—and on the Route from Hamilton to Goderich the Passengers arrive in Galt as they choose, at 2 o'clock in the Afternoon or 12 o'clock at night, and leave for Goderich at 5 in the morning.

T. M. DALY, Proprietor.

Stratford, Sept. 26, 1850. 3v-n33tf

NOTICE.

I BEG to intimate to the inhabitants of the Townships of Goderich, Stanley and Colborne, that under a power of Attorney from the BARON DE TUYLE, dated the 25th April, 1849, I am authorized to dispose of his LANDS in these Townships, and to grant Title Deed for the same—and also to collect all Monies due him, and to grant Discharges for the same.—And I hereby request all persons indebted to the said Baron de Tuyle forthwith to settle up their respective debts.

THOS. MERCER JONES.

Goderich, 8th May, 1850. 3v-n15tf

TWO GOOD FARMS FOR SALE.

ONE within 2 miles, and the other within about 3 miles of Goderich Town Plot. The first is LOT 10 in 1st Concession, Township of Goderich,

CONTAINING 164 ACRES,

Is bounded at the one end by Lake Huron, and at the other by a Public Road,—and the second is LOT 8 in 8th Concession, Colborne, W. Division,

CONTAINING 100 ACRES,

and is situated at the Junction of two Public Roads.

For Particulars apply to

JNO. McDONALD, Esq.

Goderich, 12th June, 1849. n9-tf

A VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE!!

THE subscriber offers for SALE his GRIST and SAW MILL, situated in the Township of McGillivray, on the Big Sable, within three miles of Flanagan's Corner. The Mills are now in operation, and newly built. The Privilege is the best on the River, and situated in the best Township in the County of Huron—well settled, and Roads opened in all directions to favour it. The Machinery and materials are of the very best quality, and put up by the very best Machinists. For Particulars inquire of James Crumbie, Esq., Galt, or apply to the subscriber.

PATRICK FLANAGAN, Proprietor.

McGillivray, 15th January, 1850. 2v50tf

☞ The Galt Reporter will insert the above until forbid.

TO BE SOLD.—An Excellent FARM, being LOT No. 12, MAITLAND CONCESSION, Township of Goderich, containing 100 acres—30 of which is cleared. The land is of a superior quality, and well watered. It is situated exactly nine miles from the town of Goderich on the Huron Road, and at the junction of six different roads; and as it is in the centre of a populous and prosperous locality, it is excellently adapted for a Tavern stand or a Store. This farm is well entitled to the attention of persons desirous of an eligible situation for business, and will be sold on very reasonable terms. For particulars apply to D. H. LIZARS, Land Agent.

Goderich, June 20, 1850. 2v-n20

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the PROVINCIAL MUTUAL AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, hereby intimates, that he is prepared to receive Subscriptions for Stock in the Proprietary Branch, and applications for Insurances in the Mutual Branch, and to give such information on the subject as may be required.

JOHN CLARK.

Goderich, 25th Sept. 1849. 2v-n34tf

NOTICE.

TO

Country Merchants,

AND OTHERS.

THE Subscriber has received for SALE on COMMISSION, Twenty-five Chests

YOUNG HYSON TEA

Of various grades. Also an excellent article of

HONEY DEW CAVINDISH

TOBACCO!

Which will be Sold at a small advance on New York Prices.

Potash, Cherry Lumber and Wheat taken in Exchange.

HORACE HORTON.

N.B. SADDLES, HARNESS and everything in the Line, constantly on hand, cheap for cash or Merchantable Produce.

H. H.

Goderich, Nov. 25, 1850. 3vno41-3m

CASH for WHEAT

AT the Goderich Mills.

by WILLIAM PIPER.

Goderich Mills, 5th December, 1849. 46-tf

100 1-4 ACRE LOTS

FOR SALE in the Town of Stratford. Apply to D. HOME LIZARS, Stratford, 18th Nov. 1850. 3vn46

Goderich, 20th Nov. 1850

"TO EMIGRANTS"

AND OTHERS, WANTING

CLEARED FARMS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER

FOR SALE,

THE following LOTS OF LAND in the Township of STANLEY—

Lot 21, 2nd Con.

Consisting of 100 Acres, 60 Cleared.

Lot 21, 3rd Concession, consisting of 100 Acres, 40 cleared, being one and a half miles from the

VILLAGE of BRUCEFIELD.

On the latter Lot, there is a GOOD LOG HOUSE, BARN, &c. &c., with a creek flowing through the Farm. There is also some ten acres of

FALL WHEAT SOWN,

which can be had at a moderate value. The Lots will be sold together or separately, as may be desired. On the Lot in the 2nd concession there are Potash Works in excellent order.

3vn41tf M. B. SEYMOUR & Co.

☞ NOTICE ☜

To the Clerks and Bailiff's of the Division Courts.

THE increased demand for SUMMONSES and other BLANK WRITS, in connection with the business of the several Division Courts in the District, has warranted us in printing them in much larger quantities than heretofore, and consequently enables us to sell them much cheaper—therefore we intimate to the several Officers requiring these Blank Forms, that from this date, Summonses and all other Writs belonging to the Division Court, will be Sold at the *Signal Office* at the reduced price of

☞ TWO SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE PER HUNDRED. ☜

Cards.

DR. P. A. McDOUGALL,

CAN be consulted at all hours, at *Mrs. Wm. F. Gooding's, Front-St.*

Goderich, Sept. 13th, 1848. 33 –

JOHN STRACHAN,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, has his office in West-street, Goderich. n49v2

ALFRED W. OTTER,

GENERAL AGENT & CONVEYANCER, Collector of Accounts, &c. &c.

Goderich, Oct. 1, 1849. 2vn25

IRA LEWIS,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c. West-street, Goderich.

June 1848. 2vn25

DANIEL HOME LIZARS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Conveyancer, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. has his office as formerly in Stratford.

Stratford, 2nd Jan. 1850. 2vn49

DANIEL GORDON,

CABINET MAKER, Three doors East of the Canada Company's office, West-street, Goderich.

August 27th, 1849. 2vn30

R. YOUNG,

BOOT and SHOE Maker, one door West of Mr. George Videan's, Blacksmith, Front street, Goderich.

April 26th, 1850. v3n 3

THE OLD BAKERY.

H. NEWMAN, BREAD, CAKE, CRACKER and PASTRY BAKER, first door East of the Canada Company's Office, West-street, Goderich.

Goderich, September 24, 1850. 3v32

JOHN J. E. LINTON,

NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner Q.B., and Conveyancer, Stratford.

WILLIAM REED,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, &c., Lighthouse-street, Goderich.

October 25, 1849. 2vn38

DAVID H. LIZARS,

AUCTIONEER, Is prepared to attend Sales in any part of the United Counties on the most reasonable terms. Apply at the Registry office, Lighthouse-street.

Goderich, April 11, 1850. v3-n 0

STOKES,

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, West-street, Goderich.

July 1850. 20-3

W. STOTTS,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER, Nearly opposite George Vidian's Blacksmith Shop, West-street, Goderich.

Goderich, Nov. 27 1850. v3n41-1y

HURON HOTEL,

BY JAMES GENTLES, Goderich.—Attentive Hostlers always on hand.

Goderich, Sept. 12 1850. v3-n30

DAVID H. LIZARS,

LAND AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND AUCTIONEER, STRATFORD.

WILL attend sales in any part of the United Counties on the most liberal terms. Apply to John Galt, Esq., Goderich, or to the subscriber, Stratford.

All letters must be pre paid.

Goderich, Dec. 4th, 1850. v3n42

VICTORIA HOTEL,

WEST STREET, GODERICH,

(Near the Market Square,)

BY MESSRS. JOHN & ROBT. DONOGH

GOOD Accommodations for Travellers, and an attentive Hostler at all times, to take charge of Teams.

Goderich, Dec. 6, 1850. 43—tf

WASHINGTON

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co.,

CAPITAL $1,000,000.

EZRA HOPKINS, Hamilton, Agent for the Counties of Waterloo and Huron.

August 27, 1850. 3v15

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having RENTED the WAREHOUSE and WHARF belonging to the Messrs. Davenport, of this place has established himself as a

FORWARDER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Any orders or commission from the Merchants of Goderich, will receive prompt attention. JOHN McEWAN.

Windsor, March, 1849. 2v-7ntf

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of the District of Huron, and the neighboring Districts, that he has

Established himself in Stratford,

and is prepard to give Plans and Specifications of Public or Private Buildings, Bridges, Mill Dams, &c. &c. &c., and will take the superintendence of such Erections, on the most reasonable terms.

His thorough knowledge of his profession and his practice as Builder, qualifies him for any undertaking in the line. Address post paid,

PETER FERGUSON,

Builder, &c. &c. Stratford. C. W.

Stratford, March 6th, 1849. 2v-n7tf

STRAYED from the enclosure of the subscriber on the Bayfield Road, near the Town of Goderich, a Large Red and White Spotted STEER. Any one giving information will be suitably rewarded.

EDWARD YEAMANT.

August 14th, 1850. v3n31

TRAVELLER'S HOME,

STRASBURG, WATERLOO,

28th February, 1849.

THE Subscriber hereby intimates to his friends and the Travelling Public generally, that he has removed from New Aberdeen to the Village of Strasburgh, and will now be found in that well-known house formerly occupied by Mr. Jones,—where he will be ready and able to conduce to the comfort of those who may honor him with their patronage. And while he returns thanks for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to the wants and wishes of his customers, still to merit a continuance of their patronage.

JOHN ABEL.

N. B.—Good STABLES and attentive Grooms. v2-n4tf

JOB PRINTING of every description, neatly and promptly executed at this office.

December 20,

Poetry.

THE OMNIPOTENT.

BY BENJAMIN GOUGH.

He sits throned on the rolling cloud,
Athwart the studded vault of Heaven,
The mist of glory is his shroud,
Or Gabriel' piercing eye were riven.
Stars sparkle in his glowing crown,
Or pour their softer beams inverse,
While in his hand he grasps his own—
The sceptre of the Universe!

He rises: "mute is every lyre,"—
Deep silence hangs on every tongue;
Past are the notes of holy fire,
Ceased is the melody of song.
They look in reverence and love,—
Works cannot utter how intense;
And all the waiting hosts above,
Stand gazing on Omipotence.

He flies:—His chariot is the wind,
And worlds give way as he goes:
Angels before, the suns behind
The cavalcade of splendor close!
He halts:—the rainbow is his seat,
While lightnings at his presence fly;
Heaven lies far-seen beneath his feet,
And thunders are his melody.

He speaks;—earth trembles to her base,
And vengeance mounts her blood stain'd car,
And urges on her awful race,
Waking the loud, shrill blast of war.
'Twas such a day of terror burst,
And bade the fire of fury flame,
On thee, O Laproudest, deepest curst—
Mighty, yet lost Jerusalem!

And such a day again shall come,
In tenfold terror clad: when Time
Shall sink beneath her final doom,
And set in solitude sublime!
When suns, and stars, and seas, and earth,
Shall travail in a second birth;
Angels and men, in dread amaze,
Fixing their undivided gaze,
Shall hear the mighty crash, and see the quenchless blaze!

From Hunting Adventures in S. Africa.

FEARFUL TRAGEDY — MAN-EATING LION.

On the 29th we arrived at a small village of Bakalahari. The natives told me that elephants were abundant on the opposite side of the river. Accordingly resolved to halt there and hunt, and draw my wagons up on the river's bank, within thirty yards of the water, and about one hundred yards from the native village. Having outspanned, we at once set about making for the cattle a kraal of the worst description of thorn-trees. Of this I had now become very particular, since my severe loss by lions on the first of this month, and my cattle were, at night, secured by a strong kraal, which inclosed my two wagons, the horses being made fast to a trek-tow stretched between the hind wheels of the wagons. I had yet, however, a fearful lesson to learn as to the nature and character of the lion, of which I had at one time entertained so little fear; and on this night a horrible tragedy was to be acted in my little lonely camp, of so very awful and appalling a nature as to make the blood curdle in our veins. I worked till near sundown at one side of the kraal with Hendric, my first wagon-driver—I cutting down the trees with my axe, and he dragging them to the kraal.—When the kraal for the cattle was finished, I turned my attention to making a pot of batley-broth, and lighted a fire between the wagons and the water, close on the river's bank, under a dense grove of shady trees, making no sort of kraal around our sitting-place for the evening.

The Hottentots, without any reason, made their fire at not fifty yards from mine; they, according to their usual custom, being satisfied with the shelter of a large dense bush. The evening passed away cheerfully. Soon after it was dark we heard elephants breaking the trees in the forest across the river, and once or twice I strode away into the darkness some distance from the fireside to stand and listen to them. Little, at that moment, deemed of the imminent peril to which I was exposing my life, nor thought that a bloodthirsty man-eater lion was crouching near, and only watching his opportunity to spring into the kraal, and consign one of us to a most horrible death. About three hours after the sun went down I called to my men to come and take their coffee and supper, which was ready for them at my fire: and after supper three of them returned before their comrades, to their own fireside, and lay down: these were John Stofolus, Hendric, and Ruyter. In a few minutes an ox came out by the gate of the kraal and walked round the back of it. Hendric got up and drove him in again, and then went back to his fireside and lay down. Hendric and Ruyter lay on one side of the fire under one blanket, and John Stofolus lay on the other. At this moment I was sitting taking some barley-broth; our fire was very small, and the night was pitch-dark and windy. Owing to our proximity to the native village the wood was very scarce, the Bakalahari having burnied it all in their fires.

Suddenly the appalling and murderous voice of an angry, bloodthirsty lion burst upon my ear, within a few yards of us, followed by the shrieking of the Hottentots. Again and again the murderous roar of attack was repeated. We heard John and Buyter shriek "The lion! the lion!" still, for a few moments, we thought he was but chasing one of the dogs round the kraal; but, next instant, John Stofolus rushed into the midst of us almost speechless with terror, his eyes bursting from their sockets, and shrieked out, "The lion! the lion. He has got Hendric: he dragged him away from the fire beside me. I struck him with the burning brand upon his head, but he would not let go his hold. Hendric is dead! Let us take fire and seek him." The rest of my people rushed about, shrieking and yelling as if they were mad. I was at once angry with them for their folly, and told them that if they did not stand still and keep quiet, the lion would have another of us; and that very likely there was a troop of them. I ordered the dogs, which were nearly all fast, to be made loose, and the fire to be increased as far as could be. I then shouted Hendric's name, but all was still. I told my men that Hendric was dead, and that a regiment of soldiers could not now help him, and hunting my dogs forward, I had every thing brought within the cattle-kraal, when we lighted our fire and closed the entrance as well as we could.

My terrified people sat round the fire with guns in their hands till the day broke, still fancying that every moment the lion would return and spring again into the midst of us. When the dogs were first let go, the stupid brutes, as dogs often prove when most required, instead of going at the lion, rushed fiercely on one another, and fought desperately for some minutes. After this they got his wind, and, going at him, disclosed to us his position: they kept up a continued barking until the day dawned, the lion occasionally springing after them and driving them in upon the kraal. The horrible monster lay all night within forty yards of us, consuming the wretched man whom he had chosen for his prey. He had dragged him into a little hollow at the back of the thick bush beside which the fire was kindled, and there he remained till the day dawned, careless of our proximity.

It appeared that when the unfortunate Hendric rose to drive in the ox, the lion had watched him to his fireside, and had scarcely laid down when the brute sprang upon him and Ruyter (for both lay under one blanket), with his appalling, murderous roar, and, roaring as he lay, grappled him with his fearful claws, and kept biting him on the breast and shoulder, all the while feeling for his neck: having got hold of which, he at once dragged him away backward round the bush into the dense shade.

As the lion lay upon the unfortunate man, he faintly cried, "Help me, help me! O God! men, help me!" After which the fearful beast got a hold of his neck, and then all was still, except that his comrades heard the bones of his neck cracking between the teeth of the lion.—John Stofolus had lain with his back to the fire on the opposite side, and on hearing the lion he sprang up, and, seizing a large flaming brand, he belaboured him on the head with the burning wood; but the brute did not take any notice of him. The Bushman had a narrow escape, he was not altogether scatheless, the lion having inflicted two gashes in his seat with his claws.

The next morning, just as the day began to dawn, we heard the lion dragging something up the river side, under cover of the bank. We drove the cattle out of the kraal, and then proceeded to inspect the scene of the night's awful tragedy. In the hollow, where the lion had lain consuming his prey, we found one leg of the unfortunate Hendric, bitten off below the knee, the shoe still on his foot: the grass and bushes were all stained with his blood, and fragments of his pea-coat lay around. Poor Hendric! I knew the fragments of that old coat, and had often marked them hanging in the dense covers where the elephant had charged after my unfortunate after-rider. Hendric was by far the best man I had about my wagons, of a most cheerful disposition, a first-rate wagon-driver, fearless in the field, ever active, willing, and obliging: his loss to us all was very serious. I felt confounded and utterly sick in my heart; I could not remain at the wagons, so I resolved to go after elephants to divert my mind. I had that morning heard them breaking the trees on the opposite side of the river. I accordingly told the natives of the village of my intentions, and having ordered my people to devote the day to fortifying the kraal, started with Piet and Ruyter as my after-riders. It was a very cool day. We crossed the river, and at once took up the fresh spoor of a troop of bull elephants. These bulls unfortunately joined a troop of cows, and when we came on them the dogs attacked the cows, and the bulls were off in a moment, before we could even see them. One remarkably fine old cow charged the dogs. I hunting this cow, and finished her with two shots from the saddle. Being anxious to return to my people before night, I did not attempt to follow the troop. My followers were not a little gratified to see me returning, for terror had taken hold of their minds, and they expected that the lion would return, and emboldened by the success of the preceding night, would prove still more daring in his attack. The lion would most certainly have returned, but fate had otherwise ordained. My health had been better in the last three days: my fever was leaving me, but I was, of course, still very weak. It would still be two hours before the sun would set, and feeling refreshed by a little rest, and able for further work, I ordered the steeds to be saddled, and went in search of the lion.

I took John and Carey as after-riders, armed, and a party of the natives followed up the spoor and led the dogs. The lion had dragged the remains of poor Hendric along a native footpath that led up the river side. We found fragments of his coat along the spoor, and at last the mangled coat itself. About six hundred yards from our camp a dry river's course joined the Limpopo. At this spot was much shade, cover, and heaps of dry reeds and trees deposited by the Limpopo in some great flood. The lion had left the footpath and entered this secluded spot. I at once felt convinced that we were upon him, and ordered the natives to make loose the dogs. These walked suspiciously forward on the spoor, and next minute began to spring about, barking angrily, with all their hair bristling on their backs: a crash upon the dry reeds immediately followed—it was the lion bounding away.

Several of the dogs were extremely afraid of him, and kept rushing continually backward and springing aloft to obtain a view. I now pressed forward and urged them on: old Argell and Bles took up his spoor in gallant style, and led on the other dogs. Then commenced a short but lively and glorious chase, whose conclusion was the only small satisfaction that I could obtain to answer for the horrors of the preceding evening. The lion held up the river's bank for a short distance, and took away through some wait-a-bit thorn cover, the best he could find, but nevertheless open. Here, in two minutes, the dogs were up with him, and he turned and stood at bay.—As I approached, he stood, his horrid head right to me, with open jaws, growling fiercely, his tail waving from side to side.

On beholding him my blood boiled with rage. I wished that I could take him alive and torture him, settling my teeth. I dashed my steed forward within thirty yards of him and shouted, "Your time is up, old fellow." I halted my horse, and, placing my rifle to my shoulder, waited for a broadside. This the next moment he exposed, when I sent a bullet through his shoulder and droped on the spot. He rose, however, again, when I finished him with a second in the breast. The Bakalahari now came up in wonder and delight. I ordered John to cut off his head and forepaws and bring them to the wagons, and mounting my horse, galloped home, having been absent about fifteen minutes. When the Bakalahari women heard that the man-eater was dead, they all commenced dancing about with joy, calling me *their father.*

AN ITEM FOR ENGLISHMEN.—There are seven beef packing establishments, in Chicago, employing a capital of $700,000 and four hundred men. The number of cattle annually packed is 27,000, valued at $651,000. The great majority of the cattle slaughtered at Chicago are fatted in Illinois, but a portion of them are brought from Indiana and Iowa. The principal markets for the beef are Boston, New Bedford, and New York.—*Illinois Journal.*

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—In the case of the steamer *Niagara*, which was formally libelled and seized by the U. S. Marshal on Saturday, bonds have been given for her appraised value, and she will sail on Wednesday as usual. Robt, Brownlow, butcher of the ship has absconded, and a reward of $200 is offered by the agent of the vessel for his arrest. He is supposed to be implicated in the transaction.

A lady found some difficulty in making a couple of children walk home from the church in a becoming manner, and said to them—"If you behave so, see if you don't have to take some castor oil as soon as you get home. Now take my word for it, just as sure as you are alive."

Old bachelors do not live as long as other men. They have nobody to mend their clothes and darn their stockings. They catch cold, and there is nobody to make them peppermint tea, consequently they drop off.

A proper catalogue for the Great Exhibition will reach twenty-two volumes. A pleasant pocket library for visitors to the great show.

An Auctioneer had lately an estate under the hammer, and after enumerating its qualities for agricultural purposes, he added—"It presents its fertile bosom to the orb of day, and drinks up the solar fire."

We saw a man out in the rain the other day, without his umbrella. He said the only one he had was new, and he was'nt going to soil it by getting it wet! A prudent man!

A Yankee paper says in an obituary notice, that, "the deceased had been for several years a bank director, notwithstanding which he died a christian, and universally respected."

Never undertake to drive a girl. They can be easily coaxed, but you might as well pull a whole brigade of cats up a chimney by the tail as to make one of them go under whip and spur.