HASZARD'S GAZETTE, OCTOBER 29

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

(From Willmer's European Times of Oct. 11.) The Crimean banquet in Dublin promises to be a very telling affair. It will be a monster dinner

-1000 soldiers and 2000 civilians. The tickets a gainea each will make the company somewhat exicusive, and it will take place on, Wednesday, the 22nd inst. The Lord-Licutenant will be present, and many of the nobles and gentry in Ireland. The subscriptions for the purpose are likely to reach £3000, so that as far as the mere feasting goes there will be nothing to desire. Turning to another and more permanent phase in the bistory of Ireland, the seventh report of the Encombered Estates Court shows that nearly twenty millions sterling have been obtained by the sales therein. The exact sum is £18,209,350 746, 90, but what is still more surprising is, that only a *minth* of this amount has been paid by English, Sotch, and foreign purchasers.— a re-form which the public on this side of the channed will hardly be prepared, recolleting how much we have heard of recent years respecting the in-troduction of British capital into Ireland. Never-theless, the country is progressing. Many of the a gaines each will make the company somewhat theless, the country is progressing. Many of the small farmere are making money, and the equalid misery of the peasantry is fast disappearing. In the South and West the wretched hovels, unfit for human habitations, are still numerous, but even in this sector. r human habitations, are still numerous, but en in this respect we are told the future is opeful, and when the soil gets into more energerhands this evil will be greatly diminished.

tic hands this evil will be greatly diminished. The interest of the week centres in France. The financial position of that country is alarming, and a belief current that the suspension of specie payments is inevitable. Public confidence is evidently shaken, and the habit of huarding has become general—the best proof of the unhealthy condition of society. The drain from the Bank of France serious, and much distress has arisen from the absence of a silver coinage to meet the the requirements of society. France is rapidly drifting towards a panic, and a financial writer of authority gives this gloomy view of things—'A few days will determine whether the evil is about to assume fatal proportions. Should the next week pass quietly over, so as to allow the more er, so as to allow the more eek pass quietly week pass quiety over, so as to allow the more favourable accounts from Germany and China to produce an effect, while the high rate of discount is elseking importations and inducing sales of produce and manufactures, the crisis will perhaps be found to have been surmounted. If this result should not be witnessed, and the people in blind confasion should still rush to the Bank, there can, of course, bu no termination other then a sure of course, be no termination other than a sus of course, to specie payments. At present Emperor is said to have an insurmountable aversion to a suspension of cash payments." The population of Paris is in a very feverish state. The artisans of the faubourgs are deeply state. The artisans of the faubourgs are deeply state. The artisans of the faubourge are deepty incensed against the Government. The high price of the necessaries of life, the pressure of house-rents, and the wast of employment, are producing dwep and general discontent. The Long absence of the Emperor from Paris has added to the complications, and as Louis Napoleon is considered to be himself the Government, this amfortunate condition of things sorely imperils his added to the complications, and as Louis Taipoten is of considered to be himself the Government, this anfortunate condition of things sorely imperile his popularity. In fact, matters appear to have that nothing which can possibly occur there will occasion surprise. Hitherto the genius of the funperor has proved strong enough for any emergency, and the present is the time for the strong the strongth of his resources. Never since the cosp de' stat was be in such peril. M. Magne, the French Minister of Finance, has submitted to the Emperor a statement in which he paints in very glowing colours the prosp-rive of the strongth of the resources the state submitted to the Emperor a statement in which he paints in very glowing colours the prosp-rive december of the country, and he shows of columities has not induced disorder, nor objected trade, nor led to a diminution of the state paper ought to set every thing right, but the difference batween the theoretical prosper-tions talle against the Minister's assumptions. The Respolitant question of France. Bomba, is in now wald, evinces a desire to trace his stoppes and has expressed a readiness to send a the submitted to the Paris Conference mark to the manified environ of France. Bomba, is in now wald, evinces a desire to trace his stoppes and has expressed a readiness to send a the submitted to the Paris Conference mark to not all the manified with reasons the stoppes and has expressed a readiness to send a the submitted to the Paris Conference mark and three others were immediately expected.

ris correspondent of the Times, " aturday evening, the 4th, says :-The P before last in the Rue Mouffetard re charged with bein rup by day, and par with to s obeap br

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angry ebullitions of popular feeling, occurring of Asam, and all the other neighbouring pour in from all quarters, and like all other at the moment when the working classes and states to the example of Japan, the returns, any with increase and multiple till the

 Mori due propriedres, "and other specin ener of the same kind. The Government is, as usual, the due constable; and the rapacity of the projectors, as the failure of harvests and incluse is a submitted to bring in a bylaw for that purpose. The Charlotter was monoid in the Uwmon Council, and after an animate in the Charlotter was appointed to bring in a sylaw for that purpose. The Charlotter was appointed to bring in any law for that purpose. The Charlotter was appointed to bring in any law for that purpose. The Charlotter was appointed to bring in any law for that purpose. The Charlotter was appointed to bring in any law for that purpose. The Charlotter was appointed to bring in any law for that purpose. The Charlotter was appointed to bring in any law for the value for the use of them, and hat has a charge in the whole, of the government is a failer on any reasons that it would be after the set of the set. There is, howver, much more in it has a the failer of the set of the any of haves a set of the Sale of PROPERTY towned to ta

pour in from all quarters, and like all other in the series of the series and multiply, till it will be difficult, if not impossible, to eradicate them. Nor do we despise the luxury of a well lighted street. It is one of the nobler triumphs of civilisation. Look into any book of travels, and how often do you meet with expressions like the following: "The streets are badly made, the side waks wretched and unsafe, and above all the place destitute of lamps or gas, renders walking efter dark often unsafe and always disagreeable." On the other hand, "The streets are badly made, lighted up with brilliant gas and the ilde walks of conve-nient breadth, neatly kept and free from dan-gerous obstructions, we were enabled to pursue our way with equal facility and comfort by night as in the day." Who would not some from each individual, ought we to grugge them to attain it ? A beginning will have to be made, and the sconer, we think, the better. Cities as with the laster, the carlier in youth good habits are formed in. The Sronz.—We are beginping to hear sof the

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The STORM.—We are beginning to hear of the effects of the storm of last week. We have had no communication with Nova Scotia since Wednesday, until yesterday, when a schooner came in from Pictou. The Lady Le Marchent broke her shaft after leaving Pictou, and was obliged to put back, since which time she has been lying there, putting in a new shaft, which was telegraphed for and sent down from Richi-bucto.

been lying there, putting in a new shaft, which was telegraphed for and sent down from Richi-bucto. On Tuesday evening the Schr. Lucy Ann brought the British Mails and part of the pas-segners from ship Mujestic, Michael Welsh, master, which vessel was reported, stranded near Pictou Lighthouse. We have gleaned the following particulars from Capt. Jordan, a passenger who came out in the Majestic. She left Liverpool on the 16th September, and ex-perionced head winds and heavy weather get-ting down the British Channel. On Wednes-day last she came through the Gut of Canso with a fair wind, but off Cape George the wind came ahead and on Friday morning passed Georgetown light and stood up the Gulf to-wards River John; the wind being heavy with thick snow, the vessel bore up for Pictou roads and came to anchor about 4 o'clock half a mile from the Lighthouse, in about eight fathoms water, during the night the ship dragged both anchors and about 2 o'clock commenced strik-ing on the beach, but made no water until Sunday moraing. When the passegres left on Monday she had nine feet of water in the hold. Messrs. Crerar, took charge of the Ves-sel and had a steamer alongide to render as-sistance, and after the wind moderated two schooners were employed taking of Goods. The Majestic is owned by W. W. Lord & Co., and had a valuable cargo of Goods for mer-hants in the City, of not less value than £36, 000 Sterling.

The Scr. Lilly left this Morning with the Mails for Pictou, but returned again at 2 o'clock, being unable to make headway against the gale.

A Barque from Quebec bound for Grenock was cast away at East Point, and the Master, Mate and two of the crew lost, particulars had not come to hand.

Arrivals in Europe from Aence. Coax, Sept. 30—Alma, Taylor. Gaavaasso, Sept. 30—Boser, Lang. 29—Pan-hee, Salmon. DUBLIN, Sept. 39—J. M. Ternan, May. PURATIN, Sept. 32—Marcella, Fox. Luvanpost, Oct 1—Margaret, _____ 3—Velly, Camp. 3—Polly, Campbell. Salied.—Campure, Oct. 6—Caroline, Harris.

Ship News.

Ship News, The American Sching schencer Reindeer, of New-buryport, United States, Capt. Rundall, dove ashore on Thursday afternoon at Malpaque Bay, and now lies high and dry under Montgemery's Point. Coux, Sept 28.—The Alms, Taylor, from Bus-teache, which arrived at Queenstown 24th Sept., had hot bulkurste and dockload doring a gale 25ad Sept., in lat. 52 N., Ion. 14 W.

Died, At York Lodge, on 20th instant, after a per libres, Christiana, eldest daughter of Mr. Watte, in the 41st year of her age. Francel piece to-morrow 30th inst., at 2 o'clock, when

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