House or Assembly, Wednesday, April 19. Mr. Macowan was happy to find himself placed in a position, that day, to give his cordial support to the important measure then under the consideration of the Committee. He was quite prepared to go as far, or even still farther, if necessary, to accomplish so wise and beneficial an object as was recommended in the Resolution before them. The sooner the traffic in intoxicating liquors was put a stop to the better would it be for all classes of the inhabitants. Of this he had, for many years, been most thoroughly convinced. He looked upon the Temperance question as the greatest and noblest cause that ever engaged the attention of any Country, and he would, therefore, give the Resolution before them bis most cordial and hearty support.

doubt this would ultimately be accomplished, and that the time would arrive when the parties to whom he had just alluded would be obliged to earn a living in such ways and by such means as nature intended them to do. Postponing this matter would, therefore, only have the effect of deceiving these parties, by leading them to believe that they might still farther prosecute their pernicious business with impunity. As to compensation, all he had said on that subject, he was perfectly willing to repeat, namely, that he was quite prepared to enter upon a calm and dispassionate consideration of all claims thereto, whensoever and by whomsoever brought under the consideration of the House. He hoped the Resolution would pass in its original shape.

Mr. Besn saw no necessity for postponing, the operation of the contemplated law to so distant a period as that proposed by some hon. members, and should therefore oppose its. If, however, nine months were not deemed sufficient, he had no objection to extend the time a few months longer. Into the merits of the question it was not his intention, just then, to enter, further than to remark, that he viewed the measure before them as involving one of the greatest and most important Reforms that could possibly engage the attention of the Legislature. He (Mr. Beer) was not afraid of any reaction taking place, at least for any length of time, in consequence of the sort—the State of New York—had passed a Maine, where the experiment had been fully tosted, no reaction of the passage of the law in question. In the State of Maine, where the experiment had been fully tosted, no reaction of the passage of the law in question. In the State of Maine, where the experiment had been fully tosted, no reaction of the passage of the law in question. In the State of Maine, where the experiment had been fully tosted, no reaction of the passage of the law in question. In the State of Maine, where the experiment had been fully tosted, no reaction of the passage of the law in question. In the State of Ma

he thought, that the Traffic in intoxicating liquor would speedily be prohibited throughout the Continent of America, and possibly, ere long, throughout the Continent of Europe also.

Mr. Moosur gave the hos. Colonial Secretary (Mr. Longworth) great credit for his frankness and sincerity, in stating that the time for the adoption of a measure of this nature had not, in his opinion, yet arrived, and at the same time declaring, that if was his intention, in deference are time declaring, that if was his intention, in deference or even men or anomary in remove, again 18.

The company is a second or any oreason or any ore

In reference to the Assembly's Address of the 7th April, the Lieutenant Governor has, as yet, received no legal opinions from England, on the Fishery Reserve question, but he will give instructions to furnish the Clerk of the House with such parts of the Correspondence that has taken place with Her Majesty's Government as he thinks at present proper to lay before the House, in order that it may appear in the Appendix to the Journal of this Session.

May 8th, 1854.

No important actions have occurred on the Danube.

The London Times of the 17th says: "We have received from our correspondent at Copenhagen a despatch dated yesterday, with the following gratifying and important intelligence: 'The Tribune frigate has just arrived from Admiral Plumridge's squadron, having taken five Russians prizes, and a number of prisoners.'"

Russian advices state that additional reserves are called out to the extent of 125,000 men, and that a

A. Bannerman, Licut. Governor.

In reference to the Address of the House of Assembly relative to the Report of the Committee on the Public Accounts, and an alleged illegal charge of £21, paid to the Sheriff of Queen's County, for Candidates' Clerks, which had been audited and reported correct by Capt. Rice and the late Colonial Secretary, the Lieut. Governor transmits Mr. Warburton's explanation of that transaction, and he will instruct the Attorney General to take such steps as he may deem necessary to have the £21 returned, should he be of opinion that the money was illegally exacted.

In regard to Mr. Williams case, the Lieut. Governor finds that the Chairman of the Committee was in possession of a Letter from that individual, stating that his Accounts and Vouchers had been referred to the Council, and by them to the public auditors, and found to be correct. The Lieut. Governor is surprised that no notice is taken of the letter in question in the Committee's Report, which passed so sincere a censure on the conduct of a public officer, apparenty undesigned.

May 7th 1854.

The expulsion of the Greeks from the Turkish territory is going on; but a private despatch states that the Greek subjects who profess the Latin faith will be allowed to remain.

Athens, 7th.—The insurgents have been tremend-ously beaton near Arts.

VIENNA, 13th.—The lete accounts atte that numerous skirmishes of a very sanguinary character took place as immancuring for the double purpose of covering Silistria and the Wall of Trajan.

Luders only advances very slowly in Dobrudscha, and with the greatest precaution.

Two thousand four hundred of our countrymen were at Gallipoli at the beginning of this month, and with them the vanguard of the French troops under Captain Excelmans. According to the correspondent of the Wanderer, General Canrobert will remain for a time at Gallipoli, but General Bosquet, with staff, will at once go to the Danube.

Varna, vich varna private despatch states that the firetistory is going on: but a private despatch

called out to the extent of 125,000 men, and that a curps of Russian troops in two divisions is to be sta-tioned on the Prussian frontier between Memel and Suwaki.

One mode of defending the entrance of Cror new and dangerous. Strong iron chests charged with powder and other combustible materials are sunk in the channel and connected by wires to a galsunk in the channel and connected by wires to a galvanic battery. Above the chests is some machinery,
which, on being touched by the keel of a vessel completes the galvanic circuit and explodes the mines.
190 of these dangerous inventions are sunk in the
narrow entrance to Cronstadt.

The vessels stated to have been captured by Sir C.
Napier's fleet are said to have been laden with sulphur and other articles contraband of war. They
had been under surveillance for some time past, and
were last from Lubec, and on their way towards a
Russian port in the gulf of Finland.

The expulsion of the Greeks from the Turkish

at Gallipoli will, it is said, be ordered there.

A Worthy Deed.—The Rev. W. H. Cooper, who, with his family embarked on board the steamship "San Francisco," on his way to Rio Janeuro, as a Missionary of our Church, lost nearly all his effects in consequence of the wreck of that vessel. We are glad to learn by an acknowledgment published in the Spirit of Missions, that our brother has received from parishes in New York and Philadelphia, the sum of upwards of three thousand dollars. This is as it should be.

The Rev. Mr. Cooper, referred to in the above paragraph, was recently laboring in Prince Edward Island, and is known to many of our readers. We are truly glad that our brother churchmen in New York and Philadelphia acted so liberally towards him.

IS Excellency the Licut. Governor has been pleased to appoint the following persons to serve as HOG REEVES, for one year, in terms of the Act of 10th Victoria, esp. 7:

CHARLOTTETOWN.

William below:

William Ladeer, Henry B. Smith. Charlottetetown Con Charlottetetown Common, and Royalty.
Timothy Carey,
John Woods,
William Prouse, Jun.
John Hobbs, (hatter)
John Hewit,
John Lowry,
John Low

Colonial Secretary.

Council Orrice, 4th May, 1854.

HIS Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint the following persons Collectors of Impost and Excise, for the undermentioned Ports in this Island—and also to nominate the said Collectors of Impost and Excise Controllers of Navigation Laws, subject to the approval of the Honorable the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Customs:

Ma. John Jarrage, L.

Majesty's Customs:

MR. JOHN JARDINE, Junior, for St. Peter's Bay, in the place of the Hon. John Jardine.

BENJAMN BEARISTO, Esquire, for Malpeque, in the place of William E. Clark, Require.

JOHN C. SINENS, Esquire, for New London, in the place of Mr. Dunoau Melntyre.

EDWARD GOFF, Esquire, for Grand River and Bay Fortune, in the place of Mr. John E. McDonald.

MR. DAVID CRICHTON, for Murray Harbour, in the place of James Richards, Esquire.

CHARLES DESBRISAY, C.E.O.

CHARLES DESBRISAY, C.E.C.

COUNCIL OFFICE, MAY 4, 1884.

LIS Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments, vis: Mr. JORPH BELL, to be Clerk of the Flour Market in Charlottetown—Mr. Hugh McKenna having declined to accept that Office.

Messrs. Archibald Binns and John McKinnon, of Charlottetown, to be Preventive Officers and Land Waiters—in the torms of the Act of 14th Victoria, cap. 8.

Mr. Kenneyh McKenzie to be a Guager for the Port of Charlottetown; also Warehouse Keeper, in the place of Mr. Cornellius Little, resigned.

Mr. Archibald McGougan, (Stone house), to be Hatbour Master and Collector of Anchorage Dues at Richmond Bay—in the place of Mr. William H. McKay; also Wharfinger for the Public Wharf at Princetown.

Mr. Hurber Goder, sen., to be Protector of Alewiwes' Fishery at Tignish—in the place of Mr. Cornelius McCarthy.

Mr. John Trionson, of Georgetown, to be Preventive Officer and Collector of Anchorage Dues, also Wharfinger for the Public Wharf, Georgetown—in the place of Mr. John Kearney.

Mr. Junn Layers, Senior, to be Clerk of the Georgetown.

Kearney.
Mr. John Lavers, Senior, to be Clerk of the Georgetown

Market.
Mr. John McIsaac, of Souris, Mr. Henry Williams, of
Little River, and Mr. John McCallum, North side of Bay
Fortune, to be Surveyors of Lumber—in the terms of the
Act of 12th Victoria, cap. 19.
Mrs. — Egan, to be Postmistress at Mount Pleasant, Towntress at Mount Pleasant, Town

ship No. Thirty-seven—in the place of Mi CHARLES DESBRISAY, C.E.C.

BEGGETARY'S C
to order the names of
Mr. John Dalziel, Murray Harbou
Lemuel Owen, Georgetown,
William Watson, Montague,
Daniel Gordon, Georgetown,
James McFarlanc, Souris, SECRETARY'S OFFICE, May 4, 1854.

of the Peace for King's

Jounty.

His Excellency has also been pleased to Mr. John Clark, Cape Traverse,

"Cornelius Howat, Tryon,

"Donald Montgomery, Lot 19,

"Donald Ramsay, Beech Point,

"Edwin Parker, Traveller's Res

unty.

FRANCIS LONGWORTH, Colonial Se

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, May 4, 1854.

IN IS Excellency, the Lieut. Governor, has been please to appoint William Douss, Peres Maccowan as Charles Stewart, Esquines, as Road Justices for Chalottetown, in terms of the Act 12th Vic. cap. 2.

FRANCIS LONGWORTH,

NOVA

"By the mid May five miles located, with we be put under co at farthest, a fu miles, which it season's operatio ing work, may employ in the at remanerating contracting for depend upon beit opportunities for The present de down ten miles force and the works fore will at all justif, learn have been ing of the work partment, it is a comparison wit roads even in St markable in the BRITISH NORTH

Parliament for pany, with a cap located in the Pictou.—Eastern

In Russia, Russian peasar

HASZAR

His Excellence day, at 4 p. m., ing, as usual, by proceeded to the to command the the House of As Queen's sanction that had been p gislature; afte pleased to make Mr. President, Legislative

Mr. Speaker, an sembly; The time has n be terminated, an from your Legis you, Hon. Gentler presented to me, presented to me, I on; and I assure y understanding on the Legislature, a lation, and facili Mr. Speaker, as sembly; I have to than have considered t

and they shall be

have granted then
Mr. President,
Legislative
Mr. Speaker, as I observe, with been made for the such a measure Grace the Duke indispensible tov decision of Her to the withdraws I find by your jor Force in Charle Assembly, but sanction of both Should the Tre

Should the Tri confidence to the gency that may a for such a Police large a Populatie Although far-which our Sovers I am sure that ye Edward Island as cause in which