NE WEST

don and intermediate 05 a.m .- For Buffale o p.m.-For Buffale

stations.
5 p.m.—For Godend Hamilton

RAILWAY OUND t Sunday-For Ham-e points, Toronto, at Sunday, for Ham

OUND cept Sunday—From mediate points, for mediate points, St.

58, 7.58, 10.22 p.m. .21, 8.52, 10.18 a.m., .18, 8.18, 10.42 p.m. .12, 10.31 a.m., 12.81, 31, 10.55 p.m. .50, 9.30, 10.50 a.m., AND NORTH
0 a.m. — For Galt,
d all points north; 40 a.m.—For and St. Thomas.

For Tille

rantford 6.30 a. rantford 2.16 a.m.; 52 p m.; 6.52 p.m.;

Goderich Branftord —10.00 Brantford - 0.53

1, 10.28 p.m. 1, 10.28 p.m. 1, 10.31, 11.38 a.m., 31, 8.31, 10.41 p.m. alt, 8.48, 10.48 a.m., 1.32, 6.48, 8.48, 11.00 1.30 a.m. 1.30, 8.80, 11.55, a.m., 1.55, 3 a.m., 12.03, 2.06, led to leave Brant-i.m. and 5.85 p.m., Brantford 9.00 m.; 8.40 p.m.

Railway

10 s,m., 12.10, 2.16, 0 6.33, 10.33 a.m. 9.40 p.m. 8.00, 9.42, 11.48

9.12 p.m. 7.26, 9.26 p.m. 2, 9.46, 10.38, 11.46 7.46, 9.46 p.m. 8.59, 10.50, 11.50 8.758, 9.86 p.m.

Violent Infantry Efforts Follow Bombardment

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR

furnace, elec-Georgia pine

Price \$2,400,

HER & SON T STREET and Auctioneer riage Licenses.

nk Railway

ph. Palmerston and Hamilton, Niagara

rture troit, Port Huron ndon, Detroit. Port

45 a.m -For Gode-Railway

> "The hostile artillery has also shown great activity during the night from the River Scarpe to Lens and between thereby and the forest of

"By a successful or terror, carried out by us last night, the post in the neighborhood

By Courier Leased Wire

veloped shortly afterwards.

The statement reads:

"The hostile atfack develop-

ing yesterday afternoon in the neighborhood of Locre, was re-

pulsed by rifle and machine

"A heavy bombardment with heavy explosive and gas shells was opened by the enemy this morning on the whole front from Meteren to Vormezelle

and infantry attacks are now

west of Mont Kemmel, was repulsed.

south side of the Lys battle front.

of Festubert, captured by the enemy on the night of April 26-27, was re-taken by us, together with over fifty prison-

mezeele Was Subjected to Bombard-

ment With High Explosive and Cas

Shells--Enemy Attempts Against the

London, April 29.—The Germans this morning opened a heavy bombardment with

An enemy attack which developed yesterday afternoon in the vicinity of Locre,

The post near Festubert, north of Givenchy, taken by the Germans last week, was

high explosive and gas shells on the entire front between Meteren and Vormezeelee,

south and southwest of Ypres, the war of-fice announced to-day. Infantry attacks de-

There was great activity by the hostile artillery during last night from the River Scarpe, opposite Arras, north of Lens, and between Givenchy and Nieppe wood, on the

recaptured by British last night. More than 50 prisoners were taken here and other

prisoners and machine guns were brought in as a rsult of raiding operations in sectors

French Lines Vain

"A number of prisoners and four machine guns were also secured by us in several raids south of Albert and in the neighborhood of Neuville Vit-

REPULSED IN WOOD. Bulletin, Paris, April 29.—
The Germans made several attempts last night to advance on French positions in Hangard wood, on the front before Amiens, but were checked by the French fire, the war office annuances. to attack the French positions in Hangard wood. Our fire checked all their efforts. There was great activity of the artil-lery on both sides between Villers-Bretonneux and the Luce River and in the region between Lassigny and Noyon.
"A German raid north of

mans attempted several times

Grivemer without result. French detachments penetrated the German lines in the vicinity of Corbeny, near Courcy, on the right bank of the Meuse and in Upper Alsace, bringing back prisoners. There was very heavy artillery fighting at Fosses wood, and Caurieres wood (Verdun front).

"On the remainder of the

The statement follows: "During the night the Ger-AMERICANS IN FIGHTING

with the American army in France. Sunday, April 28—(By the Garman Section 1) and the Germans began (a heavy barrage against part of our line, This was accompanied by intermitted naching cannot be settly is settly in the mean that he is striving to keep the Americans busy so they cannot be sent nortin.

The enemy's activity is taken to mean that he is striving to keep the Americans busy so they cannot be sent nortin.

Washington, April 29—Formal announcement: that American troops, sent to reinforce the Allicd armies, have taken part in the fighting, is made to-day by the war department in its weekly review of the situation.

The review in emphasizing the immediate need of fresh mon to withstand the German nonlanght. The review in emphasizing the firm the fighting, is made to-day by the war department in its weekly review of the situation.

The review in emphasizing the immediate need of fresh mon to withstand the German nonlanght. Adds that America's imperative duty add by the enemy and though and the firm the fighting, is made to-day by the war department in its weekly review of the situation.

The review in emphasizing the immediate need of fresh mon to withstand the German nonlanght. Adds that America's imperative duty and the german nonlanght. Adds that America's imperative duty and the german nonlanght. Adds that America's imperative duty and the german nonlanght. Adds that America's imperative duty and the german nonlanght. Adds that America's imperative duty is to provide replacement units for the French front.

The outcome of the present The Courier some time ago referred to the fact that before the burial of the late Alfred Isaacs, done to death by ex-Constable Duncan, the head was removed from the body. Major Smith, Superintendent of the Six Nations Indians.

"The outcome of the present operations in the West depends on man power," the statement de-

decision can only be arrived at by the destruction of the Allied forces Locre and Voormezeele the Scene of Tremendous Battle, British Hanging to Latter and

to turn the German successes to de-

With the British Army in France, "Curs is the imperative duty of providing replacement units for the armies in France. We must be able to put fresh men in the field thoroughly and methodically trained. In addition to those already selected for service, very large quotas will be required in the immediate future to fill the gaps."

With the British Army in France, April 28.—Hard fighting continued about Locre and Voormezeele, but elsewhere thus far to-day has been took the hamlet last night, but were able to hold it only a short time, for the British in a brilliant counterattack stormed their way through the place and ejected the enemy.

Another will be gaps."

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Situation—

April 28.—Hard fighting continued about Locre and Voormezeele, but elsewhere thus far to-day has been down the last took the hamlet last night. But were able to hold it only a short time, for the British arm in the past took the hamlet last night. But were able to hold it only a short time, for the British Army in France.

A similar fight had been waged for Voormezeele. The Germans retook the hamlet last night. But were able to hold it only a short time, for the British Army in France.

A similar fight had been waged for Voormezeele. The Germans retook the hamlet last night. But were able to hold it only a short time,

It is not known yet whether civil or criminal action will be entered. Will Return to Work Tem-

mediafe future to fill the gas mediafe future which the fill the fi

A split in the cabinet over the suffrage reform bill caused the resignation of the Wekerle ministry on April 17. Efforts to form a new cabinet failed owing to the demands of the Karolyi and Socialist parties. A despatch from Amsterdam on April 26 indicated that Dr. Wekerle again would be asked to take the helm. since negotiations were first pend-ing. It has been laid over until an agreement had been reached be-tween the men and the company.

BRANTFORD DAILY COURIER.

WEKERELE UNDERTAKES

Amsterdam, April 29.—Dr. Alexander Wekerle, according to a Budapest despatch to the Lokal Auzeiger of Berlin, has accepted the invitation of Emperor Charles to form a cabinet in succession to the one under his premiership, which he resigned recently. He conferred for two hours Saturday with Count Tisza, former premier. Dr. Wekerle plans a coalition cabinet on the basis of a compromise regarding

TO FORM NEW CABINET

THE COURIER, BRANTFORD, CANADA, MONDAY, APRIL 29, 1918

Entire Front Between Meteren and Vor. Overthrow of Bolsheviki

the suffrage reform bill

DUTCH YIELD

TO DEMANDS

OF GERMANY

Sand and Gravel Through

Holland

The controversy between Holland and Germany, it is reported unofficially in despatch to London, has been settled by Holland acreeing to the transport of sand and gravel through Dutch territory from Germany to Belgium. In yielding to Berlin's demands the Putch Government is understood to have stipulated that the amount of sand and gravel, used in making concrete, must be limited and cannot be used for military purposes. Rumors in The Hagne are that For-

By Courier Leased Wire

Agree to Allow Transport of SITUATION

Week-end Reports Are Encouraging; Foe Advance Once More Halted

By Courier Leased Wire London, April 29.—(Via Renter's Ottawa Agency).—Week-end reports from the front are distinctly heartening, showing that the Germans have been prevented from exploiting the Kemmel success, thanks to the stout Anglo-French resistance. On the whole, indeed, the Germans have been pushed back somewhat, losing even heavier than they did in the storming of Mount Kemmel. The French at Lore and the British at Voormezeele, two local points of fighting, fought, with the most furious tenacity. Though neither place can be called vital to any line of defence, yet the resistance has hampered progress of the enveloping movement which the enemy now seems to be directing against the next chain of heights. Little doubt is entertained that the enemy, having failed to roll up the British army from Givenchy to Arras, has decided to strike northward for the coast with all his weight.

Reuter correspondent at British headquarters says if the enemy attempts to carry the strongly defended hills by frontal attack or reduce them by a converging movement, he will find the operation of the costliest kind. There is abundance of evidence that the hardest struggle is in prospect in this area. The Germans are bringing up new divisions, while the enormous gunpower accumulated on both sides is shelling the roads, towns and hills in the rear continuously and Ypres has been drenched with gas shells.

Writers in London discuss the regretful possibility of the abandonment of Ypres, so long the northern buttress of the Allied line, drenched with British blood as no battlefield, but they emphasize that it is for Foch to decide whether it is too costly to hold or so vital that every effort must be made to recover the positions whence the Germans are now threatening it. The conclusion drawn from the course of events is that Germany is far from achieving a quick decision and that we must expect heavy and continuous fighting all summer.

The Times, which has not been unduly optimistic, save there is a from the front are distinctly heart-ening, showing that the Germans

ing all summer.

The Times, which has not been unduly optimistic, save there is a growing conviction that the first swift German advances wont recur.

Rumors of Revolution by Which Grand Duke Alexis Was Placed on Throne, are Prevalent; New Government Will Not Recognize Germano-Bolshevik Peace Treaty

Despatches from Petrograd and Moscow, dated Tuesday last, give no indications of the reported revolt in Petrograd on behalf of the former Grand Duke Alexis Nikola ievitch. Swedish newspapers continue to report that Alexis has be en proclaimed Emperor and that the new Government will not be bound by the German-Bolsheviki peace treaty. It is declared disorders were reported in Russia Thursday.

Meanwhile the Germans and White Guards are rapidly approaching the Russian border north of Petrograd and the dissolution of the Red Guad revolt is said not to be far off.

The two largest Red Guard forces have been cut off from each other and the capture of Viborg, 75 miles northwest of Petrograd, by the Germans is expected short by. Communication between Viborg and Petrograd has been severed.

In Trancaucasia the Turks continue their forced occupation of territory ceded in the Brest-Litovsk treaty and report the capture of Kars. Guns to the number of 860 were taken, Constantinople

London, April 29.—The newest Russian Government in Petrograd, according to The Aftonbladet of Copenhagen, says an Exchange Telegraph despatch, has denounced the Brest-Litovsk treaty with Germany. It calls for a new treaty with Esthonia under

An Associated Press despatch from Stockholm Saturday reporting rumors that former Grand Duke Alexis has been declared Emperor of Russia in a counter-revolution, added that the new Government would refuse to recognize the new treaty with Germany. Esthonia borders on the countern coast of the Gulf of Finland and extends from the Gulf of Riga to near Petrograd. It has been reported that Emperor William was to become Duke of Esthonia and that Esthonia was to be closely allied to Germany.

ARMISTICE.

London, April 29.—The Finnish Red Guard leaders, headed by their Premier, at noon on Sunday asked the White Guards, or Government troops, for an armistice, according to

Rule in Russia Reported

Guards, or Government troops, for an armistice, according to an official announcement made at Vasa and transmitted by the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company. The White Guards refused the rebel offer.

The Germans and White Guards, it is added, are closing in on Viborg on three sides, NET CLOSING.

Stockholm, April 29.—Latest reports from Finland indicate that the net is closing rapidly on the Red Guards and that the Finnish rebellion is likely to end in a few days. The Red Guards in southwestern Finland have been surrounded between Tevastehus and Helsingfors and the last Red Guards in eastern Finland have been surrounded and cut off from communication with Russia. Viborg is expected to fall shortly.

A delegation from the two Swedish Socialist parties appealed to Finnish Minister Grippenberg to transmit to General Mannerheim, commander of the Finnish Government forces, a protest against the treatment of Red Guards by White Guards. Minister Grippenberg refused on the ground that it was an unjustifiable attempt to interfere in the affairs of another government. The Attonbladet of Tammerfors accuses the Red Guards of atrocities against the Whites.

TROUBLE IN SIBERIA.

Harbin, Sunday, April 21.—

ties against the Whites.

TROUBLE IN SIBERIA.
Harbin, Sunday, April 21.—
The political situation in Siberia
has been complicated during
the past week by claims for
recognition by the Allies made
by rival Russian factions, each
to the exclusion of the others.

The departure for Peking of
Lieut.-General Horvath, military commander here, has caus,
ed alarm in Siberian Government circles, representative and
Socialist groups, who fear that
he intends to ask for allied assistance in support of a dictator,
ship.

tendent of the Six Nations Indians, authorized the exhuming of the remains in the Sour Springs cemetery where he was interred, and on examination it was found that the body was naked and the arms tied together, although they had not been in that condition when the relatives last saw the body. The Major reported these facts to the Department at Ottawa, and he has received word authorizing him is Waged With Bitterness mind that the enemy is seeking a decision that will end the war. This

tributed, from additional levies in Holding Along Canal

With the British Army in France, it was being hotly contested by the poilus.

With the British Army in france, it was being hotly contested by the poilus.

Brewster, K.C., have been retained. France and Great Britain as well as by our own troops, can take up their position in sufficient numbers