### WINT TO AND A CHANNEL ROSSLAND WEEKLY MINER

### **Rossland Weekly Miner.** Published Every Thursday by the ROSSLAND MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO

LIMITED LIABILITY. ditor OHN B. KERR. ..... /ian

#### LONDON OFFICE.

J WALKER, 24 Coleman Street, London. TURUNTO OFFICE :

SS ACENCY, LD., 83 Yonge St. SPOKANE OFFICE:

ALEXANDER & Co., Advertising Agents, Room F First National Bank Building. BASTERN AGENT:

EMANUEL KATZ, 230 Temple Court, New York

THE SUBSCRIPTION PR CE of the WEEKLY ROSSLAND MINER for all points in the United Butes and Canada is Two Dollars a year or One Dollar and Twenty-five Cents for siz months; for all other countries Three Dollars a year-in wariably in advance. The subscription price of the Daily Miner is \$1 per month, \$5 for, siz mouths or \$10 for one year, foreign \$12.50 also in advance.

THE BOER WAR.

Two or three of the Boer commande, s have evidently made up their minds that they will wage a guerilla warfare against the British, and General Dewet's tactics are shaping themselves toward this end. What this shrewd leader and intelligen. man can possibly hope to obtain either for himself or for his countrymen by a campaign of this kind, it is difficult to, see. At the best he could not hold out

wages. longer than a year, and in the interval natures, imparts the decision of the he would be hounded from place to place, boards of directors of both companies, his followers continually decreasing, either by the bullets of his opponents or by and is conclusive. desertion, and his own life would be in

fluence in China.

constant jeopardy. The conclusion would be a humiliating surrender or voluntary exile from the country. While he was conducting this species of campaign his countrymen who have surrendered their matter further. arms and acknowledged their defeat. sult in a struggle disastrous to all conwould naturally be a constant source of cerned and especially injurious to this comsuspicion to the victors, and their peace

and happiness would be impaired by the know edge that they were under continnal surveillance. The Transvaal as a country under

Dutch government, has ceased to exist for all time. It is now British in name and in fact. This means that all citizens, whether of Anglo-Saxon origin or of whatever race or country they may be lieved that questions of difference tween them had been fully threshed out will be on an absolute equality so long and amicably settled and that this comas they declare themselves loval subjects of the Empire. The most fanatical munity might look forward to a long of the Boers, if he keeps himself free period of peaceful industry and prosfrom treasonable plots against the government and fulfills the duties which his cit-One cannot but sympathize with the desire of the muckers to have izenship requires, will have as assured a standing in the community as the most their wages increased but after the parpronounced Englishman. It will not be ties concerned have locked horns over very many years before this will readily this and all other issues and have come be perceived by the great mass of the people who are or lately have been fighting for a mere sentiment called the ina while dependence of their state, and they will then quietly settle down to the enjoyment of good laws and a peaceful rule. General Dewet must certainly foresee this and his present attitude of irreconcilable hostility is therefore hard to understand. It is, of course, a fine thing to fight when its people are certain to be more

casions, on one of which it was cap-grade ore that with transportation and solution of the question, too, is hardly profitable to bring concentrates from position, is best able to judge not only tured. It is overawed by the Chinese smelting rates at \$4.00 a ton, the exist possible before it has reached such a such a distance and at such a price as the what should be done but how it should forts and the lives of the citizens may be ence of the camp as a great ore producen critical stage that it will be absolutely long transportation entails opens up a be done, seems absurd. General Chaffee threatened at any moment. Among its is placed beyond a peradventure for gener- necessary for the whites to dominate the great future for our properties in the has, under very difficult and trying cirthreatened at any moment. Among its is placed beyond a peradventure for gener decessary for the whites to uphthate the great inture for our properties in the has, under very difficult and trying cir-residents are two that are there from tions to come. It is not on low grade ore however, of ten or even twenty dollar deal of bloodshed on both sides, and de in East Kootenay are so rich in lead that as a soldier but shrewd judgment as a in habitants have implored protection. Officials and merchants alike have asked In most of the fairly well developed-prop-Officials and merchants alike have asked In most of the fairly well developed-propfor a garrison and only fear that the erties ledges have been opened up which threats of Germany and France will de-ter the landing of the troops already some have been discovered in which sub-foresight on the part of the Republican of this experiment on the part of Gugenthere. Should an uprising occur the ter- stantial veins are found whose values go ror that the legations have suffered in up into the hundreds. The latest discovworld has suffered on their behalf will be intensified ten-fold in Shanghai. We reties-from which assay returns give as hardly think Lord Salisbury will hesi- high as 14 ounces in gold. It will prob. tate a moment to protect these lives and ably be said by those who wish to deinterests no matter if all the allied powers stood in his way under the pretented this camp that this is exceptional, and the minimating those of their own factor of a period of immense action of a territory which that there is no warrant that even in this who had fought such a gallant fight tivity. With East Kootenay, the Slocan, Ang'ophobic state of mind. France at ers stood in his way under the pretended they themselves have already recognized as lying within the British sphere of in-tect. however, that such are as this we have as this we have as this we have as this we have a this we h

LET US HAVE PEACE. gives reasonable hope that it will be dis The announcement made by the managers of the large mining companies of Rossiand, appearing in today's issue, states in no uncertain terms the position producers like the Le Roi, the War Eagle of the companies with regard to the reand the Centre Star, that within a radius cent agitation for an increase of muckers of a dozen miles of the town other, as This statement over the managers' sig. yet unfouched mines, may exist, in which containing very much higher values in minetals. 'The fact of the matter is that as yet we do not know what we possess proved a distinct failure so that it would little if any less than that of the great allow her frothy rival to expend her malice are determined to resist any attempt to are determined to resist any attempt to increase wages. In view of this fact the question then arises as to whether it is wise for the Miners' union to press the yet known in British Columbia. The district adjoining those properties which Such action is apparently certain to reare now undergoing partial development just north of the town, and yet we have capital daily going past us for the openmunity. Have we not had enough of coning up of properties in the Boundary flict? Who amongst the merchants and country and in the Similkameen district. business men of the town can forget the which are probably no better, if as good long period of apprehension last year, the as those a, our very hand. In saying ominous lock-out this spring and the rethis, we do not wish to depreciate in any lief felt by all when a peaceful and honorway the rat: of that great western counable settlement was reached between the ry which is bound to be one of the richcompanies and the men. It was then beest producers in the world, but would it not be wise for the enterprising searcher he-

> very door? THE BOER PLOT.

a glance at that country which is at our

Through the long continuance of the conict in South Africa the Boers were guilty of many infringements of the ethics of civilized warfare. The charges, strento a decision upon them, is it not wise uously denied by their leaders, that they to let these questions rest at least for knowingly and intentionally fired on the Red Cross flag, thereby impairing the How can the community prosper unless efficiency of that agency for the relief of there is peace and hearty co-operation the wounded and suffering, which is al

between employer and employee? And ways regarded as sacred on the field of how can there be peace if old is use are battle, and that they used dumdum bulconstantly being stirred up? We be lets and other atrocious kinds of ammu lieve that every citizen of Rossland joins in the feeling that for the present we tive in the destruction of their enemies. the end in defence of one's country; to have had enough of conflict, and of the but which entailed much more agony to shed one's blood, if need be, but when suffering which results from it. What those whom they might strike, have be that country has ceased to exist, and we need now is quiet and industrious proved beyond possibility of dispute when its people are certain to be more prosperous and happy under the new her old state of prosperity. Let us have and in view of the half-civilized charac-

question in its present somewhat acute of those southern countries. It is more during the rest of the campaign. leaders in the late civil war. These so- heim & Sons the attention of other smeltcalled statesmen, who bequeathed to fu- ers in various mining regions where the ture generations more than one difficulty ore is of the same dry nature as it is in mitted slave on the neck of his former There is little doubt that with all the master, and they rejoiced in the thought present indications British Co'umbia is lish or Chinese duplicity is the most to this camp that this is exceptional, and of humiliating those of their own race on the eve of a period of immense ac- be feared, is very characteristic of their case the ledge will prove continuous. The sound into retreat the bullying hosts of ilkameen, all possessing proved properties, the North. The pit which they then dug and with immense areas, all of which tound in one pla : is sufficient justification for their neighbor they have fallen into give promise of possessing great richness, obtain the prizes which he coveted. On themselves because it is not the South the future of this country is unquestiongives reasonable hope that it will be dis covered. The development in the camp only which feels the evil of this action ably bright. The amount of capital which years France has had the mortification of covered. The development in the camp has so far been comparatively slight and has been confined to a very limited area. has been confined to a very limited area. It is not unreasonable to say when we have in existence on Red Mountain great ago in New York, and which it required of business after it has been examined of business after it has been examined which have never entirely died out. She the presence of the militia to qu.li. It is estimated now that there are and we may expect before many years of balking England on Chinese soil and over 7,000,000 negroes in the States, and if the present rate of increase is kept nized as among the best, if not the very influence in the valley of the Yang-tzeup another decade will see this number best, mining field in the world for the kiang, where British interests are more doubled. The effort to expatriate them investment of capital. It cannot be a than double those of all other European mating or rather repatriate them in Africa has great while before our production will be nations. It is probable that England will

> condition of bondage such as they were released from by the act of emancipation. This sentiment may not be a very Chris-

tian one and would be violently opposed every effort to extend a cordial we'come she so badly stands in need ot. by millions of silly sentimentalists all over the continent, but there is an ele to Lord and Lady Minto on their arrival

which has been strongly approved of by some of the ablest thinkers in the United States who have given this question much the citizens and should not be left simply anese people, and the singular facility serious consideration. At any rate, it to a few. It is most desirous that the mem- which they have shown in adapting themis utterly impossible that with a popur bers of the various labor unions, as this is selves to western ideas and in making use lation of fifteen or twenty million the essentially a workingman's camp, should of European agencies, is shown in a renegroes of the republic should continue take a prominent fart in the proceedings. markable degree by their conduct during after good investments to take at least with any safety to the state to exer. The parade which it is proposed to hold the present trouble in China. The Japcise the franchise. They have demon- on the day of their arrival ought to be anese soldiers, who formed part of the strated wherever they have been found marked by the presence in it of large allied forces, not only exhibited a gallantry in large numbers that they are an infe numbers of representatives from the var- and skill comparable to that displayed by rior race without the capacity to become ious organized bodies, and the those of any other nation, but they dis really good citizens. They have never banquet which is to be extend played as well a grasp of the situation, produced any man either in the United ed to the Governor should be in its entirety, which certainly did not States or elsewhere who could be re- largely attended by all classes of citizens. mark the action of the representatives of garded as possessing those qualities For this reason the price of tickets some of the other nation who were engagwhich are necessary towards the up should not be made proh bitive, and the ed. The Japanese apparently did not conbuilding of a state. Speakers they have dinner should be held in some hall large sider that the fight on the part of the had, such as Frederick Douglas, but the enough to accommodate several hundred. allied troops was preliminary to a divi-ability to put words together is not It is unfortunate that there is no hotel sion of spoil, but was undertaken for the uncommon to lower grades of intelligence. here which can furnish this required ac- purpose of rescuing those who were incommodation, and if the suggestion here jeopardy, and it seems to have been from made should be entertained, the Miners' them more than from any others that A CHINESE CRITICISM. Union Hall seems to be the most suitable came the demand that prior to any nego-

An educated Chinaman, the minister place for it. We are very certain that tiations for an armistice the safety of the to Washington, who has studied Euro- the Governor-General wou'd or more de- native Christians in Pekin should be aslighted with a general expression of good- sured. They fought side by side with the pean history with much care, and given will by the people and a less elaborate Russians, with whom they are not on the tical side, has contributed an sole article menu card than would be met by a ten most friendly terms, without the slightest to the Christian commonwealth, in which dollar a plate dinner, which would neces- display of enmity or of riva'ry, save in to the contrastan commonwearth, in which he contrasts the religious persecutions and sarily exclude a great many who wou'd the common cause, and they gave evidence the different Christian sects, otherwise attend. If the tickets were of possessing a high sense of humanity

THURSDAY ...... August 23, 1900

FRENCH ANGLOPHOBIA.

The French press, which voices the

sentiment of a great portion of the

Dr. H. W. C. Jackson Which the Boards had With the Gov Been Promised by

THURSDAY .....

Result of the Dele

THE KOOTENAY

GOOD

W

French people, has never anything good Mr. H. W. C. J to say of the English nation, and the the Ross'and Board latest cry which they have given utterance Monday from Vict to, that it is questionable whether Eng. junction with Mr. J represented Rossla of the Associated Eastern British Co tion consisted of M spoiled boy who is dying for a fight beson of Nelson, Mr. cause he has not been clever enough to Forks, Mr. C. F. Steele, Mr. H. G. and President Ho. Forks Board of Tia of Rossland joined toria, and was with the executive coun week. All the min this meeting except Mr. Robertson was man of the delega different resolution to the attention of With regard to kiang, where British interests are more assurances were giv that a l of the suge with at the earlie Wells, the chief and works, under name "Boundary Il mays of the p McBride, the min that the departm whether any of the other powers would range for the regu ernment bu let n interfere on behalf of France, and if they with regard to the did n t it would not be leng before that the province, etc., have those bullet country would be taught the lesson which With regard to the try office, Mr. To the estimates whice the house the eve JAPANESE SOLDIERS grant for the furn also for salaries The matter of p city additions will partment of lands mediate future, as

trict maps show copies of which w exhibition in the each district and date. With regard to improvement of

intment of a the interior, the Crow's Nest Rail the further prote try by an in factured product took to indorse sociated Boards government to tak The chief comm works said that he better preservation province under that the suggest resolutions were

ideas. The various remining industry, s the surface rights amendment of the wagon road ques on mineral claims sideration of the its appointment. the govornment bill practically o suggested by the with defaulting

that the resolution school of mines

limits would ha

of the executive.

bition was brou able discussion

move for an ap

the supplement

liminary expense all the minister

that a special e

teresting exhibit

be continued as exhibit in the O

The matters

normal school a

to be considered a view to their

next session. The estimates

ner pointed out, 000 for the agen

don. The executive way at this tim

ing them in the amount to \$25,00 The matter of

would have to

them before an be returned, but

with the Assoc Boundary counts arate memeber reasonable prosp passed for this

One of the

drawn to their ing with freigh but the ministe out that probal

cure the trade

the farming dis to construct a

Penticton, and policy would be terprise. The suggester panies act was general for his the companies

the companies the house last an amendment resolution, whi ation on Satur

The attention of lands and w

of lands and w ers and streat been dealing of been applied for This dispose the delegation provincial exe ly compliment than one of ion that in t

ment.

a railway throu

daries, railway

have a thoro

When the subj

The citizens of Rossland should make

## seem if the increase during the next 20 years is as great as it has been in the ore and better facilities for working it is down to business and takes exactly what last 20 years that some means will have to be taken to reduce them again to a Rand. RECEPTION TO LORD MINTO.

order of things, after that country as a separate state is no more, it is not patriotism, but insane refusal to accept the inevitable which counsels men to 'continus the struggle.

SHANGHAI.

# AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

The timidity of the Eastern Canadian capitalist, as illustrated by his refusal during the last few months to look to-

wards British Columbia's mineral dis-Some very bellicose utterances have been made with regard to the landing of trict, as a safe field for investment, has British troops in Shanghai and it is like- given more enterprising and, for that ly that this city, if the trouble in China matter, richer foreigners the opportunity is not finished with the rescue of the which he might just as well have had. legations in Pekin, will become a bone Syndicates of American moneyed men of contention with the powers. Now have, during that period, kept agents there are two cities of Shanghai, the employed in the Boundary and Similkanative city of over a million inhabitants meen countries hunting up valuable surrounded by a formidable wall crested claims and purchasing them for purposes with guns that command the foreign city of future development. Rockefeller, the built upon what used to be a marsh lying oil magnate, and his associates, are not immediately next to it further down the the least of those who have found thi Woosung river. This river is a tributary a good field for the placing of their surof the Vantze, joining that magnificent plus funds, and recently other New York, stream about 14 miles below. The en- Boston and Philadelphia corporations trance is guarded by Chinese forts. The have despatched agents to that district. foreign city is divided into the Anglo- on whose reports, if favorable, mining American settlement, whose foreign in- engineers will be sent out for purposes of habitants govern themselves under their examination. Were there not every reaown laws, and the French city, whose sonable assurance of the excellence of people have not coalesced with their that district, from a mining standpoint, Anglo-Saxon fellow residents, but have a these shrewd men of business would hard separate municipality of their own. Many ly be tempted to go to this initial ex-Chinese live in the foreign settlement, pense. When our own moneyed countrybut the resident foreign population does men finally waken up to a realization o not exceed 5,000, of which not many the richnes of this country, they will find more than 600 comprise the total French that it has been largely occupied by forand German element. The Anglo-Ameri- eigners and that the undeveloped wealth. can settlement is wealthy. The assessed which ought to go to the future building value of realty there is over \$50,000,000. up of our own country, has been diverted The trade amounts to \$200,000,000 an- elsewhere. There will be numerous repenually. More than three-fourths of this titions of Rossland's history whose great is British and American, the latter, how- wealth made wealthy numerous people; ever, not representing more than one- in Spokane, in fact made that city what tenth of this amount. The yearly ship- it is today-and other places in Washingping tonnage is over 6,000,000 tons, of ton. We suppose, however, that it is which the British Empire represents the only right that men of courage and enlarger half. The total German trade terprise should enojy the fruits of those tonnage is less than half a million tons industries which they have made profit and is next in amount to the British. able and that the slothful or cowardly

The French is considerably less. There should be left to ponder over what they are many silk, cotton and paper mills. have lost. There are four docks and three daily newspapers. The capital invested is al-

HIGH GRADE ORES.

that there are large interests to protect. properties in this camp is that the assur Canadian interests alone show \$2,000,000 ances of their value is becoming daily will occur in many of the Southern and Canada will be demanding the products through Minister Conger to the man,

ter of the soldiery in the Boer ranks. with the toleration and harmony which these offences might be condoned if not has always distinguished the people of all the misdeeds which they committed his own country in regard to the matter during the heat of the conflict there has of belief In the course of nis article he been revealed a signal act of treachery, says:

"I have read the history of Europe born of inherent perfidiousness .of naduring the middle ages," says Wu Ting ture, which calls for the extremity of punishment. The conspiracy, organized in Fang, the Chinese minister to Washingcold blood and which was intended to ton, in the Christian Commonwealth, stop at no half measure, having for its "and the account there given of presecutions caused by difference in religious beobject the kidnapping of the commanderlief has filled me with horror. We have in-chief of the British forces and the no such records in China. Jews, Mohamchief officers of his army and their wholemedans, and Buddhists have lived there sale massacre is something unprecedented in the anna's of modern watfare. That peaceably side by side. It is only when it would have achieved its purpose and indiscreet Christian missionaries go to have regained for the Transvaal its in- extremes and excite the people that they dependence is absurd to appose. The ever have any trouble. Christianity owes British people with the concurrence of most of its converts in China to the fact the outraged sense of the civiliezd world that it is more alluring than any religion would have regeneralled its forces and we have there. The idea of a future life stamped this people of assassians into ex and rewards for the righteous is tempt-tinction. But the very fact that such ing to many. Confucius teaches no such a plot should have been not only plan- doctrine. He was once asked if he believned with the connivance of a great num ed in a future life, and he answered: 'If ber of the intelligent and better class I don't know what will take place toof the defeated people but should even morrow, how can I know anything about have been entertained by a considerable a more remote future ?' He exhorted portion of the more fanatical among men to do their best today with no thought of reward. That seems to me them showing the irreconcilable character

of their minds and the strange obliquity the higher view." Why is it that with their superior civof moral vision which they possess. It proves, too, that nothing but the most ilization and their higher form of religisevere measures calculated to teach them ous worship the Christian people of the that only good citizenship will give them world should have such a history of given an example of good judgment and even a right to exist on the conquered bloodshed arising out of differences re- a disinterested desire for a sett'ement of soil will prove effective in the settlement garding particulars of faith that the the present difficulty on a proper and proved guilty of having been actively though these differences are scarcely less and to the proposed division of the Emconcerned in this dastardly conspiracy pronounced than they were in the middle should be treated with the utmost rigor ages they yet, in place of trying to reof martial law, not as a means of restore peace and harmony among themrenge but as the offly measure which selves, seek to spread their warring creeds among the barbarians. vill bring future peace and order.

### THE BACE QUESTION.

Of the many questions with which the future statesmen of the United States will have to wrestle the final disposition in its final stages in the legis concentrates from the St. Eugene mine of the forces should be the chief repre- The applicants include Hon, J. R. of the negro race is that which proba-bly promises the greatest amount of smelter at Autofagasta in Chili, which has the disturbance has subsided, and P. Coffee, general manager of the trouble. The present threat of a pitched just been made, is an indication that be- that he should be in direct Guarantee her colonies. It will readily be seen The result of the development of the battle between the whites and blacks fore long other markets than that in the touch with the authorities at land of Grand Forks. Surveying parties battle between the whites and blacks fore long other markets than that in the touch with the authorities are will begin work as soon as the in Georgia is only an indication of what United States and our own market in home. That instructions should come comes law.

worth of imports yearly. The city has been attacked by the Chinese on several tedly, such an immense amount of low, a great many years have gone by. The smelter in South America should find it their carrying out, and who, from his of the C. P. R., is in the city.

laced at. sav. \$3 each, a cod o much in contras properly served and taken part in by which d'stinguished the conduct of the representatives of every class in the city Czar's soldiery.

would answer the purpose in every possible respect. We think that this suggestion will commend itself to the good Hon. James Martin has returned from judgment of those having the affair in a visit to Wilson creek, in the Slocan, where he has been for the past five weeks. hand. Mr. Martin and associates own four claims at the head of the third east fork of Wil-

## WORK OF THE DELEGATES.

sor creek. While there he superintended the si'k ng of a shaft to a depth of 15 complished by the delegates of the Boards fert This was sunk on t' a depth of 15 of Trade of the Kootenays in their recent The ledge is four and a half feet wide, of Irade of the Kootenays in their recent and the ray shoot, of solid galena, runs trip to Victoria is shown in the interview from ten to 14 inches in width and is with H. W. C. Jackson, which appears in this morning's issue. The representations of the delegates were placed before the cabinet so vigorously and were so reason-that is almost avery instance they able that in almost every instance they were either granted or promises were given which were practically equivalent with compliance. This proves clearly the length could be cut down three or four miles. Since his return to Rossland Mr. Martin has had an assay made from the ore taken from the shaft, and it went value of personal interviews with the gov-1 value of personal interviews with the gov. miles. s ernment, by representatives of such bodies Martin as the Boards of Trade, when demands ore taken from the are to be made for grants to the district. something over \$73 to the ton in silver and lead. Messrs. Libby, Lawry, Brew-

THE ACTION OF THE U. S.

The United States government has shown a proper appreciation of affairs in China by their action throughout the

whole period of the troub'e. They have heathens stand agast at it? And al- permanent basis by their attitude in re-

ster and a number of others ow properties along Wilson creek, and Mr. Martin says it is certain to become a large and important mining district, but it must have transportation facilities be fore it will assume it proper status.

A High Grade Proposition.

PASSED THE COMMITTEE. Bill to Incorporate the Kettle Ever and

Grand Forks Railway 10

Grand Forks, B. C., Aug. 20. -(Special.) gard to the proposed division of the Em- -A private despatch from Victoria, B pire and by their refusal to be gulled by C, states that the railway con mittee of pire and by their refusal to be guided by \*, states that the railway con mittee of Chinese mendacity and cunning. Their the provincial legislature today passed latest action in placing the interests of the Republic, as far as they are concern-pany, which seeks to build a une four and ed in China, in the hands of General a half miles long from Grand rorks to Chaffee instead of in those of Minister Carson, B. C., a point on the internation-Conger shows that they are keenly alive al boundary. The proposed lne will con-Conger shows that they are keenly alive al boundary. The proposed hne will con-to the fact that under such circumstances as exist in China it is necessary, or at least advisable, that the officer in charge intimated will not the international sector with a railway from Republic. The route will be through the Sanpoil and The shipment of 1,500 tons of lead ore least advisable, that the officer in charge intimated, will not meet with any oppo-R. Strat-(Intario:

A NEW MARKET.