four days from Sicomo, Cowana; his oxen were quite knocked up. They are doubtless by this time at Kuruman. The sad fate of this party ought to be a warning to other parties whose enthusiasm and earnestness in the "good cause" decide them to try and do good to the benighted Makololo. No party ought to attempt to penetrate those parts if without experience, or unaccompanied by men who know the country. There is far less danger in travelling from place to place than in settling on one spot. Mr. Helmore's mistake was in staying at the Linyante, a most unhealthy place; but unfortunately he did not know it. Tete is found to be very healthy, and Dr. Livingstone recommends it for a mission station.

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

Domestic

BOARD OF HEALTH —SMALL POX.—We learn from the *Sun* that there was a meeting of the Board of Health on Tuesday.

The Vaccination committee reported that 1500 persons had been vaccinated; and that over £300 had been expended for this service.

It was stated by the City Medical officer that the cases in the hospital had increased to forty-three, and that the type of the disease was more fatal than at any preceding period.

There have been two deaths at the hospital this week.

A tenement in Grafton-street, owned by Michael Burns, was reported as unfit for occupation.—*Colonist.*

The gold brought up from the eastward is pronounced by persons who have tested it as nearly pure.—*Sun.*

A gentleman from an interior part of this county informs us that freshets are becoming quite formidable. Injury has been done to bridges and other property, and the surface of some of the lakes has risen from twelve to fifteen feet.—*Ib.*

The Prince Alfred's own Riflemen held on Tuesday evening last a most spirited meeting, when matters of uniform and of interior economy were discussed, after which they proceeded to the election of 4 commissioned and 8 non-commissioned officers, leaving thus wisely the places for 2 commissioned and 2 non-commissioned officers open for young gentlemen who might join their ranks in future and be found fit for office. They are now 56 strong and will, as soon as their officers elect are commissioned by the Commander-in-chief, take the oath of allegiance and begin to drill most vigorously, so as to be able to acquit themselves well before His Royal Highness, the Prince, whose name they bear arrives.—*Ib.*

PHENOMENON.—In the poultry yard of Mr. Enoch Dodge of this town a hen, twelve years old, appears to have undergone a strange metamorphosis. Last autumn she was sickly, shed her feathers, and began to crow like a cock. Since then her legs have become armed with a pair of masculine spurs an inch long—and she has put out long tail-feathers exactly resembling in length and shape those of the opposite sex. The feathers, too, about the neck, are long and ornamental, like those of a full-grown cock.—This is a strange fact in natural history.—*Register.*

TEMPERATURE.—From the observations, and researches of Prof. J. D. Everett, of King's College, Windsor, it would appear that Windsor is warmer than Halifax from May to August, and colder in September and October. The mean temperature appears to be nearly the same in both places, being about 43 degrees, when corrected for biurmal range.—*Journal.*

STEAMERS IN THE GULF.—The Canadian Government is to put the steamers *Lady Head* and *Queen Victoria* on the route this summer, between Pictou and Quebec. The *Arabian* will continue on her old route from Quebec to Shediac, and the *Princess* will probably keep up the communication between Miramichi, Richibucto, Shediac, Bedeque, Cascumpec, and Charlottown.—*Ib.*

We learn that an Artilleryman hanged himself in one of the cells in the Park on Tuesday night. The unfortunate man was in liquor at the time. He made use of a leather strap to execute the deed.—*Express.*

The Directors of the Union Bank have purchased the lot of land on which stood the store of Messrs. W. M. Harrington & Co., at the corner of Hollis and Prince streets, and also the lot to the Eastward, where the Halifax Library was.—*Ib.*

Some fine specimens of gold have been received in this city from the Tangier and Liscomb gold diggings. A nugget weighing 2¾ ounces is said to have been found by a Frenchman, who declines to make known the locality.—*Colonist.*

RIGHTEOUS DECISION.—It has been decided by the United States Courts that the stoppage of a newspaper without the payment of arrearages, is *prima facie* evidence of fraud, and is a criminal offence.—*Bridgetown Register.*

New Brunswick.

MOUNT ALLISON ACADEMY.—A meeting of the Mount Allison Wesleyan Academy was held in the Institution on Tuesday evening, 2nd April, to consider what action should be taken by them in view of the bereavement to which their academic community had been that day subjected, in the death of Marmaduke Dodsworth. Jotham McC Fulton was appointed Chairman, and Alfred A. Stockton, Secretary. A committee consisting of Messrs. L. Hodgson, M. Perkin, J. Mosher, W. W. Heartz, and Howard Sprague, having been appointed to draft a suitable set of Resolutions the meeting adjourned to the next morning, when the committee reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:—

Whereas,—By a mysterious Providence our beloved brother, Marmaduke Dodsworth, has been suddenly removed from the scenes of earth, and as it is eminently proper that some expression be given to the emotions which fill our sorrowing and stricken hearts, we his associates in study, would Resolve.—

1st—That while we mourn the distressing event which has cast so dense a shadow over our Academic home, and would not attempt to fathom the deep design of the Supreme Ruler in its infliction we do rejoice in the assured conviction that our brother no longer, as we, "sees thro' a glass darkly," but is even now a sharer in the knowledge and the light of heaven.

2nd.—That his profound trust in Divine Providence, his abiding faith in Christ the Saviour, the abundant fruits of good living evinced in his daily life, and the calm heroism with which he triumphed over the "final foe," commend him to us as a high example of the true Christian character, while his amiability, his unostentatious kindness, and pure brotherly sympathy, have endeared him to us as a friend.

3rd.—To those—his parent and relations, who are called upon more directly to suffer by this painful event—we tender this expression of our warmest sympathy, and unite in praying that all the unspeakable consolations of the Gospel may rest with healing influence upon their grieving hearts.

4th.—That our beloved Principal be respectfully invited to deliver a discourse, commemorative of the sad event, and embodying the lessons which it teaches.

5th.—That we wear the customary badge of mourning for the remainder of the year.

6th.—That copies be sent to the family of deceased, and also to the *Borderer* and *Wesleyan* newspapers, with a request for their public.

J. McC. FULTON, Chair.
ALFRED A. STOCKTON, Sec.

A rumor has got abroad, and into the columns of some of the newspapers—how propagated we know not—that Professor Jack had resigned his chair in the University, and that Dr. Jacob had been dismissed for incompetency. There is no truth in either rumor.—*Fredericton Head Quarters.*

KENT COUNTY.—A correspondent of the St. John *Freeman* writing from Kent County, says there is no sign of Spring as yet, and that the cattle are suffering severely for want of fodder. Similar intelligence reaches us from all parts of the Lower Provinces.

A ship called the *Thalaba*, was launched from the shipyard of Messrs. Ruddick, St. John a few days ago. This vessel is 940 tons register, and is said to be one of the finest vessels ever built there.

A fire occurred in Westmorland street, Fredericton, a few days ago, which destroyed two dwelling houses owned respectively by Mr. Lee and Mr. Charles L. Hart.

Canada

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—From the Postmaster General's Report we obtain some very interesting particulars. The number of Post Offices is 1698; and 69 have been added during the year. The miles of Post Route are 14,202, in 1852 it wae 8,618. The number of letters in 1852 was 3,700,000, in 1860 it was 9,000,000. The Revenue in 1852 was $230,649, in 1860 it was $658,451, of this $50,422 was for carrying Canadian newspapers, and $15,000 for American newspapers. The expenditure of the Department was $655,000, so that it is self-sustaining. It is expected that it will be practicable soon to reduce the postage on letters to three cents. In March 1860 the Postmaster General issued an order relieving postmasters from Sunday labour. Of 480,000 Registered letters the Department holds receipts for the delivery of all but twenty. Money Orders have been given amounting to $1,096,462 and no losses have taken place. The use of postage stamps increases enormously, but the stamped envelopes have not yet come into much use.

The United States letters to and from Europe by the Canadian packets were 620,000:—United Kingdom 500,000; France and Belgium 70,000; Prussia 50,000; under this head Canada has gained by the late arrangement $219,641, or more than half the provincial subsidy. The postage on the Correspondence between Canada and the United States was $178,132.

Mr. Reuben Traveller, a well known citizen of Ottawa, Upper Canada, died last week, in the eighty-first year of his age. He passed through an eventful life, among other circumstances having been present at several of the great naval battles of Nelson, and being also one of those venturous spirits accompanying Mungo Park in his African exploration. Mr. Traveller was a native of England. He was crier of the courts of Carleton county, Upper Canada, since the country was first formed.—*Exp.*

West Indies.

PRINCE ALFRED AT MARTINIQUE.—Letters and journals have arrived from Martinique and Guadaloupe, bringing intelligence to the 13th ult.

Public opinion at Martinique was occupied with the choice of a delegate to represent the colony at Paris, in the place of M. de Fougainville, recently deceased, and the council general was to meet on the 21st to select his successor.

The *Antilles* states that very few vessels had arrived at Martinique during the preceding fortnight, and that those in the roadstead had nearly secured full cargoes, so that it was feared freight would be very high.

The Martinique journals give detailed account of the reception of Prince Alfred at Fort de France and St. Pierre, where he arrived on the 7th on board the St. George. As the Prince was on board as a midshipman, serving like others of the same rank, the commander of the St. Geo. was obliged to refuse any personal invitation to his royal highness, whose incognito was to be strictly observed. But in order to have the honour of his company at dinner, Admiral de Mausion de Cande, the governor, addressed a personal invitation to Captain Egerton, accompanied by blank invitations for him to fill up as he pleased. On landing, the whole party accompanied the governor on horseback to the St. Louis and Desaix, where they found the garrison drawn up in line at exercise. As if surprised by the unexpected arrival of the governor, the troops presented arms and rendered military honour. On Captain Egerton's complaining of this apparent infringement of the incognito, the governor replied that, being under arms, the troops could not omit rendering the military honours due to himself. A salute of 21 guns was also fired as the Prince entered each of the forts, and for this also a similar excuse was offered. The public rejoicings on the occasion of the Prince's visit were most brilliant. There were a dinner a ball, an illumination, and fireworks. One of the rockets unfortunately set fire to the canes in a field near, and about five hectares were burned. The St. George left Martinique on the 10th, for Dominica and Guadaloupe.

Latest from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE R. M. S. NIAGARA, AND FREIGHT STEAMER KEDAR.

By the arrival of these Steamers we are in possession of English news up to the 6th inst.

The Ionian Islands are in a state of chronic revolt against Britain. Their parliament assembled lately but to be immediately prorogued owing to the bad conduct of some of the representatives. The Ionians seek to be united to Greece.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer was to submit the Budget to the House of Commons on the 15th of this month.

A resolution against the Maynooth Grant is to be moved by Mr. Whalley.

The Royal Commission appointed to inquire into the management of the dockyards recommend the appointment of a Naval Minister, to be responsible for their management and superintendence in every department.

In the House of Commons a new writ was ordered for Tiverton, Lord Palmerston having assumed the Lord Wardenship of the Cinque Ports and Governorship of Dover Castle. He has been elected without opposition.

Hungary and Poland are greatly disturbed. The Emperor of Russia is making concessions to the latter. The Austrian Government is prosecuting M. Kossuth in an English court of law for issuing Hungarian paper money.

France has agreed to evacuate Syria on or before the 5th of June. There is a talk that conferences will shortly be summoned at Constantinople, at which a plan will be submitted, with the support of France, Russsia, and Turkey, for the creation of an independent State in the Lebanon, to be governed by Abd-el-Kader, under the protectorate of France.

The Austrian Envoy in Paris having assured the French Government that no Austrian aggression against Piedmont was intended, and that the Austrians would not be the first to attack, the reinforcements proposed to be sent to Rome from France were deemed unnecessary.

It is said that, by way of a compromise, Florence is to be declared provisionally the capital of the new Kingdom of Italy until such time as the Roman difficulty is arranged.

The French Emperor's civil list is said to be indebted to the extent of 3½ millions sterling.

There are indications of a speedy collision between the Austrians and Piedmontese.

Victor Emmanuel is acknowledged now by Great Britain as King of Italy!

Great military preparations are being made in France, it is supposed in reference to affairs in Italy.

Advices from Rome speak of the illness of the Pope.

The following resolution was passed in the Italian Chamber of Deputies:—"The Chamber having heard the declaration of the Ministry, and being confident that, after having insured the dignity and independence of the Pope; and the complete freedom of the Church, the principle of non-intervention will, in concert with France, be applied to Rome, and that it will be made the capital of Italy, passes to order the day." Several speakers of the left proposed the simple proclamation of Rome as the capital of Italy, and called upon Napoleon III. to withdraw his troops. Ferrari said, "Our only political system is alliance with France,"

In an article on recent affairs in the United States, the *Times* says: "As far as concerns the intention and immediate operation of the two proposed Tariffs, they cut us both ways, and chastise us both in our imports and our exports. On the chief part of our imports we shall have to pay a duty to the Southern States, and on the chief part of our exports increased duties on the Northern,—and upon us, therefore, will devolve the pleasant office of paying the piper while the dissevered States are at their own dance."

ASIA.—The Chinese mail brings a report from Japan that the American Secretary of Legation had been murdered at Yeddo, and that the British and French Ministers had fled.

There is great activity in India to promote the growth of Cotton. The famine rages terribly. At least five hundred perish daily of hunger! Funds are being raised in England to relieve the distress; but thousands must perish before such relief can reach them.

It is said that the Duke of Newcastle is to be next Governor General of India.—*Pres. Wit.*

United (?) States.

[By telegraph to the Colonist.]

BOSTON, April 19th.—The Banks in this City have voted a loan to the State of Three Millions of Dollars for War purposes.

Major Anderson arrived at New York to-day.

It has been ascertained that 49 were killed and 139 wounded at Fort Moultrie during the late bombardment.

Jefferson Davis has issued a general invitation to ship-masters to apply for letters of marque, and every facility will be afforded in the way of arming and equipping.

On the other hand, the Confederacy are fully as active in their warlike preparations.

The City of Charleston has voted a loan of two millions of dollars.

New Orleans has voted a loan of three millions of dollars.

And Mobile has voted two millions of dollars to the confederacy.

It was reported and the report was generally believed, that the arsenal at Harper's Ferry, with fifteen thousand stand of arms, had been seized by the Virginia Troops.

The Rails of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway have been torn up to prevent the passage of the Northern troops to Washington.

The Harbor of Norfolk has been obstructed by order of the Governor of Virginia, to prevent vessels from leaving.

Late determined proceedings by the Confederacy have heightened the excitement in the North to a most intense degree.

LATER.

[By telegraph to the Halifax Reporter.]

WASHINGTON, April 20.—Lincoln has proclaimed the seceded ports blockaded.

Harper's Ferry and arms were destroyed by the Lieutenant in charge, being about to be overpowered by the Virginia troops.

The attack on Washington is expected momentarily.

Jefferson Davis, the President of the Southern Confederacy, was reported as within a few hours' march of the City of Washington.

There is a great insufficiency of small arms here and at Philadelphia.

All the Telegraph lines south of Baltimore are in the hands of the Southern Confederacy.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The fleet has been ordered to Washington.

BALTIMORE, April 20.—Northern, Central and Philadelphia Railroads and Bridges are destroyed and the troops from the North are seeking conveyance by water to Washington.

Only one regiment (the sixth Massachusetts) got through.

All mail communication between the North and South is interrupted.

STILL LATER.

NEW YORK, April 22,—A special messenger from Washington, who passed through Baltimore on Saturday night reports that the excitement in that City is fearful:—

Union men are driven from the City.

The streets are barricaded, and loopholes are made in the buildings for the use of musketry.

No attack has yet been made on Fort McHenry.

Washington is considered perfectly safe against any force the rebels can bring against it.

Wm B. Astor, of New York, has placed at the disposal of the Government four million dollars as a gift; and loans it ten millions for War purposes.

Great excitement prevails, and the intelligence of an engagement is hourly looked for.

THE INUNDATION AT MONTREAL.—GREAT DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

MONTREAL, April 17.—The St. Lawrence is full of ice, which is fast four miles below the City, a perfect jam, causing a terrible inundation.

The loss of property is already estimated at over a million of dollars; it is impossible to give an idea of the damage.

Thousands of the people are suffering, but fortunately there has been no loss of life.

Great numbers of horses and cattle have been drowned.

The Gasometers, and Gas Works, have been destroyed, and the City is without gas.

TORONTO, April 17.—The deficiency of the Revenue for the past year amounts to $760,000.

The Southern markets are depressed by was news, and there is difficulty there in negotiating exchange.

Freights dull at all Southern ports.

FAITHFUL MINISTERS OF HEALTH.—In examining the vessels at the various wharves we find among the curiosities of our commerce the brig Miranda, just in from Truxillo with a cargo of Honduras Sarsaparilla for Dr J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell. So particular are this firm as to the articles used in compounding their various remedies, that they have this drug, like some others they consume, gathered for them by a skilful agent of their own in the tropical regions of its growth. He informs us that there are many species of this plant, but two of which are really valuable in medicine; the qualities of these are also affected by the time of gathering, mode of curing, etc., operations which in that region of unreliable workman imposes a heavy labor upon him. One of the inert varieties of Sarsaparilla grows wild in our own forests, while several others, nearly worthless, abound in Central and South America. The intelligent agent assured us that the virtues of this drug had never been fully told, and that the reason of the low esteem in which many hold it is mainly due to the importation of such immense quantities of the worthless varieties. His accounts of his trips to Honduras and his business excursions along the Gulf of Dulce and the river of Montague and Satiago and among the adjacent mountain were of intense interest. We can but commend and honor his employers for the faithfulness and energy with which they execute their trust as ministers to the public health, and we suspect that this course is at least one of the reasons why their medicines are held in such extraordinary favor throughout the civilized world.—*New York City News.*

April 3. 1m.

Among the many restoratives which nature has supplied to relieve the afflictions of humanity, there is no more favorite one for a certain class of disease than the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree; but however valuable it is, its power to heal, to soothe, to relieve, and to cure, is enhanced ten fold by scientific and judicious combination with other ingredients, in themselves of equal worth. This happy mingling exists in that "Combination and a form indeed" Of medicine known as *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.*—Whose value in curing Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Pulmonary Affection, and Incipient, Consumption is inestimable.

The following Certificate from a respectable Lady of Halifax, exhibits the remarkable virtue of this renowned Lung Remedy:

HALIFAX, N. S., June 16, 1860.

Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.—Being requested by your Agent to state the benefit I have derived from the use of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, I have no hesitancy in saying that I have found it to give great relief of cough and pulmonary disease, of which I was some twelve years since so sorely afflicted as to be codsidered beyond recovery. I therefore take occasion to say that I consider it to be a valuable remedy for coughs and consumptive complaints. Your respectfully,

MRS. J. WEST.

(Highly Respectable Authority.)

CITY OF CHARLOTTETOWN,
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

I do hereby certify that my mother, the late Ann MacGowan, during the last few years of her life, was in the continual habits of using *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, and that she frequently expressed her high opinion at the benefit she derived in the promotion of her general health. She died in the 92nd year of her age.

Dated at the City Hall, this 21st day of June, 1860.

PETER MACGOWAN,
J. P. and City Clark.

☞ Caution to Purchasers.—The only genuine Wistar's has the written signature of "I. BUTTS" and the printed one of the Proprietors on the outer warpper; all other is vile and worthless.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & CO., Boston, and for sale by Cogswell & Forsyth, and G. E. Morton & Co., wholesale agents Halifax, and retailed by all Druggists.

April 17. 1m.

A TRAVELLING COMPANION.—If the lady reader is about travelling or wishes to make a most acceptable gift to a friend about doing so—if she proposes visiting a watering place, or would like "something nice to have in the country," let her try one of Burnett's Toilet Companions, containing a bottle of his Cocoaine, which dresses the hair perfectly, without greasing, drying, or stiffening it—a flacon of Florimel, one drop of which perfumes the handkerchief deliciously—one of Kalliston, the best cosmetic in the world, and one of the Orientol Tooth Wash. These preparations are of approved usefulness and all that they profess to be.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

April 3. 1m.

Editor's Table.

The April Steamer brings to us from Rev. J. Mason, with his customary kindness and promptitude,

The Wesleyan Methodist Magazine for April.
The Christian Miscellany " "
The S. S. Teachers " "
And Early Days " "

The circulation of all these valuable serials has been very largely increased, and they are deserving of the widest distribution. We shall insert in our next from the Magazine a very valuable article on Society Meetings, which will be read with interest and profit.

The same hand has sent to us two of his latest publications, both of which will be deservedly popular. They are entitled, respectively,

CLIMBING, a manual for the young, who desire to rise in both worlds: by Benjamin Smith: and

PENTECOST, and the founding of the Church; by Frederick W. Briggs.

☞ We have received from Mr. R. Swales, the publisher, a two guinea proof of the new engraving, lately advertised by us, of Rev. J. Wesley preaching on his fathers tomb, at Epworth.

The countenance of Mr. Wesley is youthful; the grouping of the figures is excellent, and the execution unexceptionable. We have no doubt many a Methodist drawing-room will gladly add this to its embellishments.

The engraving may be seen at the Wesleyan Book Room, and orders taken at the following prices:

Artists Proof,	$10.00.
Lettered Proof,	6.00.
Subscribers print,	3.00.

We have to acknowledge also a beautiful engraving of the late Rev. Dr. Newton, and one of the late Rev. R. Watson—nearly full lengths and of good size; the price of these is $2 each, n all cases we have placed them below the published prices.

☞ Two more melodeons from the manufactory of S. D and H. W. Smith, of Boston, have just been received at the Book Room, and are now for sale, price respectively $60 & $75.—Boston prices.

☞ We have been requested to call the attention of our readers in Town and Country to the advertisement of Messrs. J. B. Bennett & Co. in another column; and while doing this feel disposed to say a little in favour of the enterprize and spirit which our Halifax Merchants' are shewing in the matters of their public buildings. On the site of the late fire in Granville Street are rows of substantial and elegant stores which, we may venture to say without fear of contradiction, are not only unsurpassed but unequalled in any town or city in England as a whole. Finer buildings there are, and warehouses like palaces; but retail stores as elegant and numerous within the same limit are not to be found. We have seen and admired many of them, but have examined the internal arrangements of only a few; last week, however, we went over Mr. Joseph Bennetts' new building, and have no hesitancy in saying, that for elegance of design, and beauty of finish, with a perfect adaptation to its intended use, we have not seen its equal. Intended for wholesale as well as retail trade, its arrangements free the front store from the unsightliness and inconvenience of large packages going in and out—running through the block from Granville to Hollis St., it has an entrance on the latter which is a great advantage. The retail Shop is beautifully finished and is worthy of a visit; but the warerooms above extending from street to street in length 114 feet are the finest we have yet seen.

Had we an architects' pen in our hand we might tell of its cast iron front and its freestone superstructure with its columns, pilasters, cornices, columns, architraves all beautifully carved; but we have neither ability nor space for it; we recommend our friends to await the opening, and go and see for themselves.

To the Editor of the Provincial Wesleyan:

DEAR SIR,—The Superintendent and Teachers of Brunswick Street Sabbath School wish me to request the favour of your inserting in the *Wesleyan* the following resolution unanimously passed at a meeting on 16th inst:—

Resolved, that the thanks of this meeting be presented to the numerous friends of the School who so bountifully provided supplies for the tables at our festival on 12th inst., and who, in various other ways, cheerfully afforded valuable assistance on the occasion.

J. BELL, Sec'y. *pro. tem.*

April 17th, 1861.

☞ We regret to notice in the New Brunswick papers the death of an eminent citizen of St. John, whom to know was to respect and esteem; we allude to the late Dr. SAMUEL BAYARD. We know that his piety was of no common order, and that he occupied a distinguished position in the profession to which he belonged, but we expected that we should have been furnished with a suitable notice from some of our correspondents in the city, and from whom we still hope that an obituary notice will be shortly written and sent. We wish we could quicken into action the pens of our friends in that same city, we hear casually of a blessed revival of the work of God in Carlton and Portland, but we have not a line respecting it to publish, although such desirable information would quicken the pulse of Methodism through the bounds of our whole Conference.

Let our ministerial brethren take the hint—let the first and earliest intelligence of revivals come to notice in the columns of your official organ,—no news will be more highly prized or more eagerly read—*Verbum sat.*

GRAFTON STREET CHURCH.—We are requested to state that in consequence of being under repair, there will be no service in this church nex Sabbath, April 28th.

Preaching at Argyle Street at 11 A. M., 3 P. M., and 7 P. M.

☞ At the Poultry and Flower Exhibition held at Mason Hall on Friday last, a very interesting address was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Brewster, which we should have great pleasure in publishing if our limits would allow it.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is a plesant remedy for every kind of cough, cold and irritation of the breathing apparatus; it is a safe remedy; it is a powerful remedy; it is a speedy remedy; it is a remedy that cures.

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

(The current volume is from No. 521 to 573).

Rev. J. L. Sponagle ($6 for P. W., for Mrs. James Morton $1, Jesse Harrison $2, Stephen Knowlton $1, Joseph Elderkin $4), Rev. Chas. DeWolf ($2 for P.W. for John Harris), Rev. W. McCarty ($8 for P.W., for W. B. Bent $2, Thomas Holdsworth $4, George Sulis $1, G. M. Durland $1—Capt. McK. has left—that paper is stopt—please send again that order for Hymn Books, it is mislaid—the B. of H. will be sent when received), Rev. A. B. Black, Rev. J Buckley ($4 for John Bennett for P.W.), Rev. H. Pope ($9 for P.W., for N. Lockhart $2, Isaac Carver, jr., $2, Theo. Cowen $1, John Card $2, Alfred Smith $2,) Rev. R. E. Crane ($3 for B. R., $1 for P.W., for David R. Smith, new sub. in adv.)—Rev. W. Smithson ($8 for P. W. for Nathan Woodworth $4, James Brown $2, Samuel Lowden $2.

TIME the true Test, EXPERIENCE the best Guide.

An Old Standard Remedy,

For COUGHS, COLDS, and CONSUMPTION, and all Pulmonary Complaints, use the

VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM,

Which has maintained its high reputation for nearly forty years, and is recommended by many of the most eminent physicians and gentlemen in the country, among whom are Revd. Josiah Litch, Phila.; Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher, New York; the late Prof. Leonard Woods, Andover Theological Seminary; L. P. Thompson, former Secretary of State, Vt.; Drs. Merrill, Perry, Abell Parker, Barry, and many others; by the Press, and by the largest and oldest dealers in drugs and medicines in the United States and Canada.

Extracts from Letters received from Physicians.

"I with confidence recommend it as superior to any other preparation for the above complaints."

"It has a superiority over every kind of medicine used, and has been used for lung complaints with wonderful success." "I am satisfied it is a valuable medicine." "It is a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine." "To my knowledge, it has never disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it." "I confidently recommend its use in all complaints of the chest, as equal, if not superior, to any other medicine within my knowledge." "Of all the principal remedies used for coughs, I am satisfied yours is the best, and hope it will be better known and more generally used." "I have prescribed your balsam, and regard it as the most valuable and effective remedy within my knowledge."

Price,—Small size, 50 cts.; Large size, $1. Be careful to get the genuine, which is prepared only by REED, CUTLER & Co., Boston, and sold by AVERY, BROWN & Co. Wholesale Agents, and by dealers generally. 6m. Dec. 5.

MAYORS OF THE GREAT CITIES.—We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries and Physicians, of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us, that the Remedies of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell, (Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Pills Ague Cure and Cherry Pectoral) have been found to be medicines of great excellence and worthy the confidence of the community:

James Cook, Mayor of Lowell Mass; A. H. Bullock, Mayor of Worcester, Mass; Nath. Silsbee, Mayor of Salem, Mass; F. W. Lincoln, Mayor of Boston, Mass; Willard Nye, Mayor of New Bedford, Mass; J. C. Blaisdell, Mayor of Fall River; Alvin Beard, Mayor of Nashua, N. H; E. W. Harrington, Mayor of Manchester N. H; John Abbott, Mayor of Concord, N. H; Wm. M. Rodman; Mayor of Providence, R. I; Wm. H. Cranston, Mayor of Newport, R. I; Amos W. Prentice, Mayor of Norwich, Ct; J. N. Harris, Mayor of New London, Ct; D. F. Tiemann, Mayor of New York; R. M. Bishop, Mayor of Cincinnati, Ohio; S. H. Crawford, Mayor of Louisville, Ky; Chas. S. Rodier, Mayor of Montreal, C. E; H. McKinstrey, Mayor of Hamilton, C. W; Adam Wilson, Mayor of Toronto, C. W; James W. North, Mayor of Augusta, Me; Henry Cooper, Jr., Mayor of Hallowell, Me; J. S. Beck, Mayor of Fredericton, N. B; John Sloan, Mayor of Lyons, Iowa; Jno. Hodgden, Mayor of Dubuque, Iowa; Fred. Stahl, Mayor of Galena, Ill; J. I. Lyndes, Mayor of La Cross, Wis; Sr. Don Antonio Echeveria, Mayor of Havana, Cuba.

The mayors of the Chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact of almost all cities on this continent have signed this document to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space here will not admit any considerable portion of them, and we only publish those in this more immediate vicinity.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Pills and Ayer's Ague Cure, prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.

January 9. 4m.

NEW BRITISH PUBLICATIONS.

All Round the World—monthly,
Beeton's Christmas Annual and Key,
Cassell's Illustrated Bible and History,
Doctor Scoresby's Greenland,
Entertaining Things—monthly parts,
Family Herald—weekly and monthly,
Great Sermons of Great Preachers
Hudson's Bay, or Wilds of North America,
Illustrated London News Almanac, 1861,
Kane's Arctic Explorations,
Ladies' Magazine of Fashions—monthly,
MacMillan's Cambridge Magazine,
News of the World—illustrated,
Round the World—a Book for Boys
Scenery of the Route to India and China,
Temple Bar Magazine—monthly,
Views in Europe and America—Nelson's
Weldon's Register of Facts in Science, &c.,
Young Woman's Companion,

With all the British Magazines, &c., at the News Agency of G. E. Morton, & Co., opposite the Province Building, Halifax.

GIFT FOR THE SEASON.—A beautiful and seasonable gift in Rimmel's Perfumed Almana for 1861—so portable as to be readily enclosed in a letter. 6d stg. or free by mail for three stamps.

G. E. Morton & Co, Agents, Halifax.

Dyer's Healing Embocation destroys pain, external and internal. Reader, don't be without it. If you become cut or bruised use it; if you suffer lom pain, rheumatism, sprains, stiff joints, &c., try it, and it will truly affect a cure.

trAgents in Halifax, G. E. Morton & Co.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE.—*It soothes, heals, and cures.*—In all cases of Inflammation of the skin, Swollen Joints, Eruptions, Burns, Scalds, Flesh Wounds, etc., this vegetable ointment effects certain cures by its emollient and penetrating qualities. It is an universal remedy, applicable to all classes of society, and should be found in every home, for where do not accidents occur? Climate does not affect it—it retains its virtues for any length of time, and nothing but good can possibly follow its use, as it contains no noxious ingredients. Price 25 cents per box. Sold everywhere.

REDDING & Co., Proprietors, 8 State Street, Boston; Barnes & Park, Wholesale Agents, New York.

Redding's Russia Salve is sold Everywhere.—Price, 25 cts. per Box.

March. 27. 1m.

MRS. WINSLOW VS. CRYING CHILDREN.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who had ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the description of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25 cents. Office 13 Cedar-street, New York. Sold everywhere.

April 3. 4w.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Let facts speak for themselves.—Practice vs. Theory.—To mystify the nature and treatment of disease is the unswerving maxim of the medical profession. To familiarize all classes with its cause and effect, and enable them to subdue it by two essential remedies—Pills and Ointment—has been the unceasing effort of Holloway; now mark the result—the public mind is daily losing confidence in the pretensions of the faculty, on account of its late theoretical dissensions; while on the other hand, Holloway's Pills and Ointment have found "a local habitation and a name" in every nation of the earth. In rheumatism and all its phases, in neuralgia, swellings, scalds, burns chilblains, frostbites, &c., the effect of the Ointment is truly marvellous; while in coughs, colds, sore-throats, asthma, bronchitis and consumption the cures by the united action of the Pills and Ointment are unquestionable.

MRS. WINSLOW.—An experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Prefectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

Sept. 5. 1y.

Marriages.

At Yarmouth, on the 9th inst, by Rev. Wm. Burton, Mr. Wm. L. Chittick, formerly of Halifax, to Miss Mary E., third daughter of Captain Kendal Holmes, of Hantsport.

At Sackville, N. S., on the 20th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Cochran, Mr. Walter W. Blackett, of Sydney, to Miss Frances E., fourth daughter of Mr. John Ellis, of Sackville.

Deaths.

On the 19th inst., Edward Allison, aged 39 years, leaving a wife and five children to mourn their loss.

On the 17th inst., at Athens, Tenn., in the 23rd year of his age, T. M. Crow, Jr., son of Thos. M. Crow, of Truro, N. S.

At Dartmouth, on the 18th inst., Jacob Richards, aged 44 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

THURSDAY, April 18.

Steamer Kedar, Little, Liverpool.
Brigt Stanley, Davidson, Mayaguez.
Schrs Brunette, Arnold, Ponce.
Louisa, Seabover, Cienfuegos.
Richard O'Bryan, Hartigan, Phildadlphia.

FRIDAY, April 19.

Steamers America, McCaulay, Boston.
Niagara, Moodie, Liverpool via Queenstown.
Brigt Minna, Comeau, Portland—bound to Quebec.
Schrs Lady Mulgrave, Crowell, Inagua.
Phantom, Flint, St Thomas.
Lucy White, Avery, New York.
Chieftan, Forrest, Portland.

SATURDAY, April 20.

Schrs Emery, King, Richmond.
Ryder, Provincetown.

MONDAY, April 22.

Brigts Mary Ann, Balcom, New York.
Standard, Card, New York.
John Smith, Barlow, Turks Island.
Irene, Leonard, Boston.
Schrs Franklin, Small, New York.
Jonn Gilpin, Hall, Sheet, Harbour.
Alma, McDermott, Annapolis.
Sir C Campbell, Vigus, New York.
James McNab, Hyson, Newfld.
Curaso, Davidson, New York.
Julia, Simpson, St John, N. B.
John Q Adams, McLearn, Gloucester.
Sabine, Holmes, Provincetown.

CLEARED.

April 18—Steamer Osprey, Guilliford, St Johns, Nfld; schrs Alma, Hatfield, Yarmouth; Arrow, Wilson, Barrington; Adino, Scott, Pictou; Vilette, Maxner, Bay of Islands.

April 19—Steamers America, McCauley, Liverpool; Niagara, Moodie, Boston; Kedar, Little, Boston; barque Halifax, OBrien, Boston; schrs G J Z, Rood, Labrador; Idalia, Walsh, Cape Canso; Mary Ann, Collett, P E Island; Adelaide, Swain, do; Coronella, Sulis, Annapolis; Annabella, Smith, Barrington; Greenwood, Greenwood, Shelburne; Elvienta, Martell, Sydney.

MEMORANDA.

Mayaguez, April 5—Sld bark Rambler, McKenzie, New York.

Liverpool, G B, March 30—Sld Burmah, Victoria, and Wm Woodbury, Halifax. 31st—Island Home, Amalie, and Squando, do. April 4—Arbuts, do. 6th—Cld; J & R Young, and W Merritt, do; Idg—Alexander, Aldanah, Thames, Rover's Bride, Arabian and Tiger, do.

Gravesend, March 31—Sld J C Lockhart, Lockhart, Halifax.

Mauritius, Feb 9—Arrd Pioneer, Yarmouth; 21—Hound, Anderson, Halifax.

The brigt Linnett, of Halifax, from Jamaica bound to Cuba, lost on Cayman.

The Margaret, of Windsor, N S, from New York for Dublin, with main and mizen masts gone close to the deck, and loss of rudder, on the 19th March. The Margaret had been dismasted a fortnight previous, when spoken she was steering E under foresail and foretopsail.

INLAND ROUTE,
VIA
WINDSOR, ST. JOHN & PORTLAND.

THE STEAMER "EMPEROR"

WILL leave Wind