modestly stated that the poems were the production of a youth of seventeen, published for the purpose of facilitating his future studies, and enabling him "to pursue those inclinations seciety." A disklet to the drudgery of an atompty office, and a deafness which threatened to rander him useless as a lavger, had induced him to make the above declaration, and which should have disarmed the severity of criticism; but the volume was most unfavourably actived in the Monthly Review, and young White felt the most exquisite mental pain core, the volume had been read by Southey, who immediately wrote him a letter of encouragement; and other friends springing up, he was enabled to achieve the darling object of his ambition—admission to the University of Cambridge Poetry was now abundoned for severer studies; and so well did he apply himself to learning that at the end of the Crut canning time the studies of the contraction of the contracti



BIRTH-PLACE OF HENRY KILKE WHITE.

stitution, and it was seen that Death had set his mark upon him. He went to London in the hope that a change of scene might recruit his shattered nerves and spirits, but on his return to college, he was so completely prostrated that it was not of the power of medical skill to save him, and his exhausted nature sank beneath incessant toll and anxiety, on the 18th of clother, 1800.

Southey continued his regard for the memory of White after his untimely death. He wrote a sketch of his life, and edited his Remains, which passed through several edition. He considered that his early death was to be lamented as a loss to English literature.—Byron, in his English Bards and Sootok Reviewers, has also consecrated some beautiful lines to the memory of White.

A table to White's memory, with a medallion by Chantrey, was placed in Ali Saints' Church, Cambridge, by a young American gentleman, Mr. Boot, and bearing the following expressive and tender inscription by Professor Smyth:—

"Warm with fond hope and learning's sacred flame, To Granta's bowers the youthful poet came; Unconquered powers the immortal mind displayed, But worn with anxious thought, the frame decayed. Pale o'er his lamp, and in his cell retired, The martyr student faded and expired. Oh! genius, taste, and piety sincere, Too early lost midst studies too severe! Foremost to mourn was generous Southey seen, He told the tale, and showed what White had been; Nor told in vain. Far o'er the Atlantic wave A wanderer came, and sought the poet's grave;

White was the author of the well-known Hymn for Family orship, beginning:-

"O Lord! another day is flown, And we, a lonely band,
Are met once more before thy throne.
To bless thy fostering hand."

And also of the Star of Bethlehem, commencing-"When marshalled on the nightly plain. The glittering host bestud the sky; One star alone, of all the train, Can fix the sinner's wandering eye."

A SEVERE REPROOF.

(21.)—THE following anecdote is related of the REV. ROBERT HALL (the celebrated Baptist preacher and

ROBERT HALL (the celebrated Baptist preacher and theological writer):—

On one occasion Mr. Hall visited Lemion for the purpose of hearing Dr. Mason, of New York, deliver a discourse before the London Missionary Society. The extraordinary effect which the masterly address of Mason had produced was the theme, for the time, of general observation; and Mr. Hall was among the most enthissatic of its admirers. Soon after his return to Leicester, a certain reverted gentleman paid preach for him that evening, assigning, as a reason, that he had just returned from London, oppressed with a sense of the wonderful eloquence of Dr. Mason, of New York. The visitor affected great desire to be excused preaching before so distinguished a scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would traguished a scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would read the scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would read the scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would read a scholar to the scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would read a scholar to the scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would read a scholar to the scholar as Mr. Hall. The latter, however, would have no sermon that evening. The clerical read—a little, pompous, yet withat very stone person—a man of great verbosity and paucity of thought—at length overcame his scrupies, and ascended the pulpit. At the close of the services, Mr. Hall thanked him very heartly for his services, Mr. Hall thanked him very heartly for his suppression, and the other heart may be a suppression of the other. The former, unable to conceal the satisfaction he felt, urged Mr. Hall to state what there was in the sermon of the other. The former, unable to conceal the satisfaction he felt, urged Mr. Hall to state what there was in the sermon has afforded him so much pleasure. Mr. Hall replied, "Sir, of New York. Why, sir, he is my very besu-dical of a minister; the reminish me more than any other of our day of what one might suppose strongly the apostle Paul to have been. Sent for the reminish

It must not, however, "rom the foregoing, be inferred that Mr. Hall was accustomed to indulge in such severe sarcasms, excepting when he saw the weakness of the man usurping the place of his sacred vocation.

The history of this celebrated preacher's marriage was a very singular one, and is thus related :

was a very singular one, and is thus related:—

"One day, whilst dining with a friend, he was joked on his life of single-hiessedness. He said nothing, but after dinner, as he was eliting alone in the study, a young woman who had made to the was eliting alone in the study, a young woman who had Mr. Hall, who in her eyes was scarcely less than a king, said to her, 'Betty, do you love the Lord Jesus Christ' The girl replied that sie spoed she did, taking the question merely as an accustomed one from a minister. To her utter surprise, however, Mr. Hall immediately followed it up by falling on his knees, and exclaiming—'Then, Betty, you must love me; and asked her to marry him. In her astonishment she ran away and sold the family she believed Mr. Hall had gone herself, was surprised, and on his speaking with Mr. Hall on the subject, the latter declared his intention of marrying the gir—and married they were, and lived happily together, she making him a very good wife."

A WONDERFUL MEMORY.

(25).—Professor Porson (who became so famous as a classical scholar) when a boy at Eton, displayed the most astonishing powers of memory, of which the following instance is given:—

following instance is given:—
"In going up to a lesson one day, he was accosted by a boy in the same form, with—Porson, what have you got there?"
'Horoze. 'I the me look at it. 'Porson handed the book to his comrade; who, pretending to return it, dexterously substituded another in its place, with which Porson proceeded. Being called on by the master, he read and construed the technique of the master, he read and construed the the class laughed, the master said, 'Porson, you seem to me to be reading on one side of the page, while I am looking at the other; pray whose edition have you?" Porson hesitated. Let me see it, 'rejoined the master, when, to his great surprise, found it to be an English of the Torson measurements of the Old, easily, correctly, and promptly, to the said of the Old of the one of the Porson engineed the proposition of heine one of the

the Ode."

Porson enjoyed the reputation of being one of the best Greek scholars and critics of the age in England, notwithstanding which he experienced little patronage—a circumstance partly attributable to his intemperate habits.—He was the son of the parish clerk of East Ruston, Norfolk—the vicar of which, noticing his great aptitude for learning, sent him to school—and hence his advancement.