VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE ★ FREE FROM ALCOHOL

D. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.—The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelminitics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

The Best in the World.

To Housekeepers, Cooks, Electors, Members of Parliament, Politicians, and all others immediately interested, Greeting.

TRY the celebrated and only CREAM YEAST

BAKING BOWDER,

pronounced by M. Blot, the greatest living *Chef de Cuisine*, to be the best and most economical powder extant. It comes in packets. Ask for J. Munroe Taylor's CREAM YEAST BAKING POWDER, take no other and carefully follow the directions.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by
GEO. STEWART, JR.,
Chemist,
jan 21 24 King street.

G. W. DAY'S
Printing Establishment,
46 *CHARLOTTE STREET*

All Descriptions of Printing executed with despatch.
Orders left at the Counting Room of the DAILY TRIBUNE, No. 83 Prince William street, promptly attended to.
P. S.—A few copies of Henry More Smith, and the Munroe Trial.
G. W. DAY.

GEO. WOODS & CO'S.
ORGANS

ARE now acknowledged by all musicians who have examined them, to be far in advance of any other. Their

Combination Solo Stops!

AEOLINE, VOX HUMANA & PIANO,

The latter being a piano of exquisite quality of tone, which will never require tuning, give to them a wonderful capacity for

BEAUTIFUL MUSICAL EFFECTS,

While their extraordinary power, beauty of design and thoroughness of construction are surprising to all who are unacquainted with the degrees of perfection these instruments have attained.

Peiler, Sichel & Co., Halifax, Sichel & Co., Quebec, and E. Peiler & Brother, 64 Prince Wm. street, St. John, N. B., have secured the agency for them, and will be pleased to exhibit them to all interested in music. nov 5 w 3m

Sheriff's Sale!

Will be sold by Public Auction, at Chubb's Corner, Prince William street, City of Saint John, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of April, A. D., 1874, between the hours of twelve o'clock, noon, and 2 o'clock, P. M.:—

ALL the right, title and interest of ISAAC McKENZIE to that certain piece or parcel of LAND, situate in the Parish of Lancaster, County of Saint John, bounded northerly by lands owned by Humphrey Toomey; easterly by lands now or formerly owned by said Toomey or Charles A. Everitt; southerly by lands now or formerly owned by Martin Murphy and Caroline S. Trueman; and westerly by lands formerly owned by Israel and James I. Fellows; also, a piece of land north of the above, having said lands of Humphrey Toomey on the east; lands formerly owned by Israel and James I. Fellows on the west; and land conveyed by late Robert McKenzie to James Quinton, by way of mortgage, to the north, the said pieces of land containing, by estimation, one quarter of an acre, more or less; and also all the right, title and interest of the said Isaac McKenzie, in and to any lands owned by Robert McKenzie at the time of his decease; the said pieces of land subject, however, to any right of way of Caroline S. Trueman, Alfred H. DeMill and Humphrey Toomey; and subject, also, to the road or passage way owned by Martin Murphy, or his assigns, of the equal breadth of twenty feet, in a direct line to the public road from such part of said lands of Martin Murphy, or his assigns, as shall be most convenient to the said Martin Murphy, or his assigns; the same having been seized and taken under and by virtue of an execution, issued out of Saint John County Court, against the said Isaac McKenzie at the suit of Alfred H. DeMill.

Saint John, N. B., October 21st, A. D. 1873.
JAMES A. HARDING,
oct 24 11 w'kly tf sale. Sheriff.

1874.

The Weekly Tribune!
ONLY
ONE DOLLAR
The Cheapest and the Best
FAMILY NEWSPAPER!
Now is the Time to Subscribe.
NO ADVANCE
WILL BE MADE IN
The Subscription Price
ONE DOLLAR!
ONE DOLLAR!!
ONE DOLLAR!!!

CARD.
F. A. CHAPMAN & CO.,
Rockland, Dorchester, N. B.,
SHIP-BUILDERS,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Cordage, Canvass, Ship Stores, Flour and Meal, Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, &c., &c.
☞ Vessels supplied at lowest rates and most liberal terms.
R. A. CHAPMAN. D. E. TAYLOR.
feb 6 d1 w tf

OSBORN
Awarded the First Prize in 1873
SUCCESS THE TEST OF MERIT.
OSBORN
Sewing Machine
VICTORIOUS EVERYWHERE.
Gold Medal at Lyons, France, and First Prizes at Hamilton, Provincial and Guelph Exhibitions for the best Family SEWING MACHINES.

At each competition the contests were keen, the leading Machines of Canada and the States being represented. The

OSBORN

LOCK STITCH challenges the world for its equal. Is warranted for three years, to do every variety of sewing, and the fact that it has carried off the highest awards at the Provincial, Central, Western, and other leading Exhibitions, which no other Machine in Canada has yet done, attests its superiority over all competitors.

Give THE OSBORN a trial before purchasing any other; you are certain to be pleased with its work.

☞ Machines given against easy terms of payment.

AGENTS and others will do well to give us a call. We give good reliable Agents the very best terms. Apply either personally or by letter.

WM. CRAWFORD,
General Agent for N. B. and P. E. I.,
Young Men's Christian Association Building,
Charlotte street,
St. John, N. B.

Also—Agent for the MARITIME KNITTING MACHINE apr 30 m w f wky

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

AMONG the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption,** cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs,** the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attack of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tenderlungs need this defence; and it is unwise to do without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centered on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis,** when they know how easily they can be cured. Prepared by

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.
H. L. SPENCER,
20 Nelson Street, St. John,
Sole Agent for Maritime Provinces.
oct 30 m w f w wky

Circuit Court.

January 30.

The court was occupied this morning with the special dockets. The causes of this docket are all disposed of. The court adjourned until to-morrow at 12 o'clock, when His Honor will announce whether he will hold an adjourned session in March or not. The Supreme Court in Fredericton next Tuesday requires Judge Wetmore's presence.

Queen's County Court.

January 30.

This Court opened at Gagetown on the 27th inst. the Hon. Judge Steadman presiding. The following cases were entered for trial:

Edward Simpson and Charles Simpson vs. William H. Worden, W. H. Needham, Esq., Attorney for Plaintiff. Damages assessed, no defence being offered.

Mary Ann Briggs vs. David Lawson, W. H. Needham and C. A. Harding, Esqs., Attorneys for Plaintiff, and James R. Currey and Richard B. Weldon, Esqs., Attorneys for Defendant. This is an action brought to recover for board provided for paupers by plaintiff at the request of defendant as overseer of the poor for the Parish of Gagetown.

Edward M. Dickie vs. David W. McDonald. R. Chipman Skinner, Esq., Attorney for plaintiff and R. B. Weldon and J. R. Currey, Esqrs., Attorneys for defendant. This was an action brought in trover to recover the value of certain articles lent by Dickie to McDonald. A verdict was given for the plaintiff for $32.50.

Shipping Notes.

The schooner Alexandria, at Vineyard Haven 27th inst. from this port, reports having experienced heavy weather and lost portion of deckload of laths.

Ashore and bilged.—Telegraphic advices received here this morning report the brig Rover, McKay master, from Portland for this port, ashore near Money Cove, on the north side of Grand Manan, vessel bilged and cargo damaged. She has on board 1700 barrels of flour, 100 barrels oats, 500 barrels corn, and 226 bags of feed, which is being discharged.

The brig Willie Mawl, from Parrsboro, N. S., for Barbados with lumber, is also ashore at the same place and bilged. The crews of both vessels are saved.

Rescue of the Jessie's Crew.—The crew of the bark Jessie, Robinson, master, from Limerick for this port in ballast, before reported abandoned, were rescued by the ship Tyro, of Yarmouth, N. S., Robbins, master.

The schooner Adelia.—The schooner Freddie L. Porter, from Boston for Philadelphia, at Vineyard Haven on the 27th inst., reports that on the morning of the 25th, while at anchor off Chatham, was run into by schooner Adelia (of St. John, N. B.), from Windsor, N. S., for New York, with a cargo of potatoes, and had jibboom and head gear carried away and cutwater started. The Adelia had bowsprit, foremast and main topmast carried away. She immediately anchored, but the collision caused her to leak so badly that she filled in about four hours and rolled over on her side, in which condition she was when last seen. The Captain and crew succeeded in getting on board the Freddie L. Porter with great difficulty and were taken to Vineyard Haven. Four of the crew, colored men, reached this port Friday and were forwarded to their homes in Nova Scotia per steamer Scud this morning.

The schooner Mary Jane, Greenwood, master, from Clyde River, N. S., for West Indies, put into Liverpool, N. S., 15th inst., leaky; would repair and proceed.

The bark Wabash, Graham, master, from Fernandina for Montevideo, before reported at Bermuda in distress, remained in port 19th inst.; would proceed for destination in a few days.

Put back Leaky.—The bark Jane Pardew, Chambers, master, which sailed hence 24th inst. for Liverpool with deals, put back to this port to-day with six feet of water in her hold, all iced. She got as far as Seal Island. Captain Chambers reports having experienced very heavy weather. The vessel now lies at Walker's wharf, a portion of her cargo will probably have to be discharged to repair the leak.

Death in the Hospital.

John McRory, who had his leg broken last week during a scuffle in a house in Sheffield street, died in the Public Hospital Thursday. While in the hospital he became delirious and jumped from his bed, refracturing his leg and rendering his recovery impossible. McRory has always borne a hard name, and his untimely end is a lesson to his many companions in vice. The boy given in charge and fined for drunkenness, at the same time the accident occurred, was released from gaol, his fine having been paid.

AHEAD OF ALL COMPETITORS.—We are determined to achieve success by deserving it. The WEEKLY TRIBUNE is rapidly increasing its circulation—we shall surpass all competitors.

Court of Sessions.

The Sessions met Friday morning at 11 o'clock in the Common Council Chamber. His Worship the Mayor presided, and about a dozen of the Magistrates were at the opening.

His Worship mentioned that since their last meeting they had lost an old and respected member of the Board, and suspended business while Justice Gilbert moved the following resolution, which was seconded by Justice Marshall, and passed unanimously:

Resolved, That the Justices of the City and County of St. John, in special session assembled, unanimously desire to take the first opportunity of meeting since the death of the late James Dunn, Esq., one of the oldest members of the Board to record their sense of the loss sustained both by the Sessions and the City and County of St. John by the removal of one who for so many years has taken a constant and active part in the deliberations and acts of this Board, as also in the public business of the city of St. John, and the City and County generally, and whose long, upright and successful career as a merchant has contributed to the prosperity and welfare of the community at large.

The Justices also desire to express their sympathy with the family of deceased, in their sudden bereavement, and direct that a copy of this Resolution be furnished to his son, James L. Dunn, Esq.

The Clerk read the resolution passed on the 2nd of December in regard to assessment, under which resolution the Committee were now prepared to report.

Justice Gilbert reported verbally and submitted the bill. They had not altered the general assessment laws except in the particular points relative to what proportion of property should pay taxes. The bill submitted proposed to relieve the poor man, and make the income tax less then at present.

The Clerk then read the bill as proposed by the Committee.

Justice Gilbert moved that the bill be taken up section by section.

Justice Elder thought the notice was not sufficient, and wanted it published and sent to the Magistrates.

Justice Gilbert, after a short discussion, withdrew his motion and made one to have it printed, a copy sent to each Justice, notice given in the papers that such a bill will be presented to the Legislature, and the discussion thereon adjourned until a meeting to be held on Monday week. This motion was approved by most of the Justices, but several wished more information on the subject.

Justice Marshall asked Justice Gilbert if he would allow by his bill the income tax of the city of St. John to be assessed on $130,000, when real estate and personal property only paid on $70,000.

Justice Gilbert made a lengthy explanation of his bill. Income from property or otherwise under $1,000 will be taxed according to a graduated scale submitted, and over $1,000 will be taxed on one half. It proposes that income will pay a tax of $20, while property will pay $40. By the present law the proportion is $20 to $67, and his bill proposed to equalize it by making large incomes pay more than at present. The men with comfortable incomes were to take part of the burden with the rich property holder. He had not done this for popularity. There were men there "who had known him ever since he was a pup," and knew he wouldn't seek popularity. He did not propose to run for either the Local or Dominion Government, and did not do this to receive votes.

After some further talk on the subject the motion passed.

Justice Keans called attention to the death of the late Arthur McDonald, and moved a similar resolution of sympathy as that passed to Mr. Dunn's family.

The idea of the assessment scheme is simply to relieve to a certain extent incomes under $1000, and to so assess personal property and real estate that incomes over $1000 will pay a large proportion of the taxes taken from small incomes.

Now is the time to subscribe for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE

The County Court.

January 30.

The cases in the court are being rapidly disposed of. In the first case, Crane vs. Connors, a verdict was returned for the plaintiff of $16.

M. Dalton vs. Jeremiah Ells was next on the docket. An action to recover the amount of an account. The defendant plead statute limitations, but the plea was overruled and a verdict for the plaintiff returned of $96.53. W. Pugsley, Esq., for plaintiff, and W. B. Wallace, Esq., for defendant.

W. H. Paterson vs. C. E. Stockford, an action to recover an account. Silas Alward, Esq., appeared for the plaintiff, and there being no defence the jury assessed damages at $187.37.

John Kerr, Esq., gentleman, vs. Wm. Quinn came on next. This was an action to recover the amount of legal fees charged by Mr. Kerr. D. S. Kerr, Esq., appeared for plaintiff, and C. N. Skinner, Esq., for defendant. A verdict of $93 was returned for the plaintiff, being the amount claimed.

Hanington et al vs. W. D. Knapp, the next case, was an action on an account. A. H. Hanington, Esq., conducted the case for the plaintiff. There was no defence and damages were assessed at $50.68.

January 31.

The cases of Brown Smith, purchaser, vs. Geo. Legere, B. Smith, purchaser, vs. D. J. Cormea, T. R. Jones et al vs. W. D. Coleman, came on yesterday afternoon. F. A. Morrison, Esq., moved for side bar rule directed to Sheriff of Kent, which was granted; and in the latter the Sheriff of the same County was directed to make return within ten days.

A. L. Palmer vs. Thomas Wasson and Alfred Day was next taken up. It was an action of assumpsit to recover amount of a promissory note given by the defendants to Mr. S. Thomas, and sold to Mr. Palmer. Thomas solicitated orders for agricultural implements in Sunbury County in 1872, and the defendants supposing they were merely giving an order, signed a note, or blanks were filled up after they signed that made the documents a note. His Honor directed the jury if they were satisfied that the defendant signed the note, and that Mr. Palmer was an innocent purchaser and holder, they should find for the plaintiff. The jury returned a verdict for the amount of note with interest—$135.

The Court adjourned until Monday.

Mr. William Sommerville, Upper Jemseg, is authorized to act as GENERAL AGENT for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE in Queen's County.

Election Notes.

Mr. Ferris has been returned for Queens.

Mr. Anglin was elected by acclamation in Gloucester.

Mr. Burpee's election is to be contested on the ground of bribery.

Dropped Dead.

Mr. Patrick Duffy, driver of a pony cart, dropped dead in King street, Friday evening, in front of the dead house. He lived in Carmarthen street, and was a man of about forty-five years of age. An inquest will be held.

Election Returns.

The following is the result of the polling Wednesday throughout the County:

Wards.	*Burpee.*	*Palmer.*	*Ellis.*
Kings	156	122	170
Wellington	230	201	127
Prince	209	193	141
Queens, No. 1	231	201	138
Queens, No. 2	158	145	80
Dukes	237	180	106
Sydney	65	72	58
Carleton	241	198	141
Portland, No. 1	180	196	76
do No. 2	148	132	84
do No. 3	169	118	77
do No. 4	134	81	35
Simonds, No. 1	50	42	44
" No. 2	35	25	22
" No. 3	90	35	36
Lancaster, No. 1	123	77	152
" No. 2	74	39	91
" No. 3	94	64	26
St. Martins	192	140	30
Totals,	2826	2261	1574

The vote polled in 1872 was—

Isaac Burpee	3249
A. L. Palmer	2204
W. Elder	1771
D. S. Kerr	486

Asthmatic Bronchitis of Nine Years' Standing Cured by the Syrup.

ST. JOHN, N. B., August 11, 1869.

MR. JAMES I. FELLOWS.—*Dear Sir*:—I consider it my duty to inform you of the great benefit I have received from the use of your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites. I have been, for the last nine years, a great sufferer from Bronchitis and Asthma, at times so ill that for weeks I could neither lie down or take any nourishment of consequence, and during the time suffering intensely. I have had, at different times, the advice of twenty-two physicians. * * * *

The least exposure to either damp or draught was sure to result in a severe attack of my disease. Finding no relief from all the medicines I had taken, I concluded to try your Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, and have great reason to thank God for the result. I have, in all, taken twelve bottles, and now I feel as strong and well as ever I felt in my life, and for the last year have had not one moment's sickness, and neither does dampness or draught have the least effect upon me. Were I to write on the subject for hours, I could not say enough in praise of your invaluable Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, or give an adequate idea of my sufferings.

You are at liberty to make what use you please of this letter, because I hope its publicity may be the means of benefitting other sufferers as much as it has me.

I remain, yours respectfully,
MRS. HIPWELL, Exmouth street.

Address of Mr. Disraeli—Criticism on Mr. Gladstone's Administration—The Question of Extending Suffrage.

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Mr. Benjamin Disraeli has issued an address to his constituents in Buckinghamshire, asking for a re-election to Parliament. He says:

It is not necessary to consider whether the dissolution of Parliament was resorted to for the purpose of avoiding the humbling confession that the Premier has violated the constitutional law by persisting, for several months, in the occupation of a seat to which he was no longer entitled, or whether it was to evade the day of reckoning for a war conducted without communication with Parliament. It suffices to point out that if the unprecedented course of summoning and subsequently dissolving Parliament could be justified, there is no reason why it was not adopted six weeks earlier. The Premier has addressed a prolix narrative to his constituents in which I find nothing definite regarding the policy of the Government except that it intends to apply a large surplus to the remission of taxation, which would be the course of any party or any ministry. What is remarkable is the disquieting information that this surplus must be made adequate by adjustment, which must mean an increase in the existing taxes. The principal measures of relief promised by Mr. Gladstone—disinfranchisement of local taxation and the abolition of the income tax—are measures which the Conservative party has always favored, and the Premier and his friends opposed. I will support all measures for the improvement of the condition of the people; but this end cannot be attained by incessant harassing legislation. The English are governed by custom as much as by laws, and dislike unnecessary interference by a meddling Administration. It would have been better for the country if, during the last five years, the foreign policy of the Government had been a little more energetic and its domestic policy a little less so. By an act of folly and ignorance rarely equaled, the Government has relinquished the treaty granting the freedom of the Straits of Malacca to our commerce, and has involved us in the Ashantee war. Honor requires the vigorous prosecution of the latter, but it will be the duty of Parliament hereafter to inquire into the origin of this costly and destructive contest. The argument for the extension of household suffrage to the counties is fallacious, and no one has argued more strongly against the contemplated assimilation of the franchise than the Premier. Such a measure will involve the disfranchisement of the smaller boroughs. The impending elections are most important for the future of the kingdom. Though there is reason to hope that the Premier is not at present opposed to the National institutions, yet his adherents include the assailants of the monarchy, those opposed to the independence of the House of Lords, and the partisans of Home Rule. Some even urge the disestablishment of the English Church. His most trusted colleagues openly concur in the desire to thrust religion from National education.

Mr. Disraeli concludes as follows:

These are solemn issues, claiming a discussion when Europe is more deeply stirred than since the Reformation, when civil and religious liberty mainly depend upon the strength and stability of England. I ask a re-election to resist the impairment of her strength, and to support her imperial sway.

Mr. Foster has issued an address to his constituents. He upholds the existing education act. Mr. Lowe, in a similar address, replies categorically to Disraeli's criticism. He shows how that which was characterized as "unenergetic administration" has carried the country through the crisis of a European war without compromising its dignity or giving offence to either party. The Government trusts and believes that it has established permanent relations of friendship and good will with the United States. Mr. Bright's address is expected to-morrow.

Parepa-Rosa.

American papers pay merited tributes to the character of Madame Parepa-Rosa, the deceased prima donna. Her marriage with Mr. Rosa was one of love on both sides, and the mutual respect and frank affection which always subsisted between husband and wife were charming to witness. The most affectionate relations generally prevailed between her and the members of her company. Almost any of the subordinate singers of the opera troupe would work all day for the chance to be of service to "Madame," and the chorus singers often took a few dollars out of their earnings to buy flowers on special gala occasions for the prima donna who always had a kind word for them and a gracious smile. With the principal artists, also, despite the proverbial jealousies of the profession, her intercourse was usually cordial and agreeable. Her best friends, however, were chosen from private life, and in their society she was always one of the most charming of companions. She was constantly doing little acts of kindness in unexpected ways—singing to the servants at the hotels in her travels, or helping some broken down musician. On one occasion she attended a benefit performance at a theatre when one of the principal attractions advertised did not appear. She promptly came forward from the audience, and relieved the beneficiary's distress by going upon the stage dressed as she was and volunteering a song. She owned a pleasant house in London, to which it was her purpose to retire some day for the enjoyment of that quiet domestic life for which she always had a longing. Probably no opera singer who ever visited America was more universally respected by musicians, and it is gratifying to note that a movement is making among the profession to testify the general appreciation of her character and services by a musical memorial service.

The Communists of New York.

A New York letter writer says: Our officials are disposed to make short work with these imported desperadoes. It is well that they showed their hands early. These men had an idea that the police would fraternize with them. They were greatly astonished and chagrined when the locusts of the police broke open their heads. On ordinary occasions the police carry clubs, not very formidable, but sufficient for ordinary emergencies. These are generally worn in the belts, and under the coats, out of sight. The "locusts" are different affairs. These are genuine clubs, the size of a man's wrist, three feet long, turned out of seasoned hickory, with a leather strap at the end by which the police secure it. When employed to break up a mob these clubs are used double handed, after the method of Richard's sword—he of the Lion Heart. An effort was made yesterday on the part of the Communists to assemble in the City Hall Park. They were together at different points and then marched down separately, as if they were small squads of men, and form a conjunction in the lower part of the city. But the police were too much for them. These squads were all turned back with the threat of an arrest if they tried that little game over again. Several of the rioters will be sent to prison. One has already been sentenced.

NOTES AND NEWS.

Now is Stanley's chance. He can place the world under obligation if he will now go in search of Dr. Livingstone and not come back until he finds him.

"Seventeen thousand people in this city are living on charity," says a Chicago paper. In this city they are living on pork, potatoes, flour, etc.

Peter Van Pelt, aged 65 and crazy, deliberately sat naked on a red hot stove in Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday, until roasted to death.

A case of linked law long drawn out is reported from Greenboro', Vt., where a writ six feet in length by actual measurement was served the other day. It is not mentioned how many officers it took to serve it.

Gerald Massey seems to have accurately gauged and reached the Bostonian heart. He concluded his course of lectures there Saturday with every sign of popular approval, and with an audience of two thousand people.

Mr. Fenelon Hubbell of Bridgeport, Conn., is not a bit like the elder Mr Weller. Having built a nice new house, to the warming thereof he summoned all the widows in the town who belonged to the M. E. Church. There were 20 of them, but then the sale average age was 66.

A sarcastic gentleman was Mr. Van Dyke of New Hampshire, who, leaving $140,000 to his heirs, hoped none of them "would snuffle and shed crocodile tears at his funeral." "Cover me up," said this dying legator, "and then hurry home to fight over my money."

We are willing to believe that a California miner fond of whiskey took a drink by mistake of quick-silver, but we are not willing to believe in the accompanying statement, that "the miner has been kept busy ever since breathing on panes of glass to convert them into mirrors."

Much excitement was caused in Jersey City Tuesday night by the announcement that City Treasurer Alexander D. Hamilton had decamped with several thousand dollars of the city's money. At the meeting of the Board of Finance it was found that over $400,000 of water bonds were missing, and also Hamilton's official bond.

A fact is a fact, and all facts are worthy of attention. The Rev. Thomas Hill, D. D., ex-President of Harvard College, stated at a recent temperance meeting in Portland, Me., that, in the experience of fifty years in various places he had never seen so many young men intoxicated and staggering through the streets as he had seen in Portland during the last six months.

Eleven frame buildings in Brooklyn, disgusted with the miserable way in which the contractor was putting them together, and wooed overmuch by gentle zephyrs, concluded not to stand it any longer. Six of them fell flat and the rest, like Jill, will probably come tumbling after. But, isn't there a building inspector there?

A former cook of the Stiner family, four members of which were burned to death with their house two weeks ago, in New York, has been arrested, pending the inquest of the Coroner. Silver plate, known to have been in the house, and jewelry belonging to the dead, cannot be found since the fire, and robbery and murder are now insinuated in connection with the terrible affair.

A well-to-do pauper, Mrs. Christiana Mahair, has been detected and brought to grief in Bridgeport, Conn. She has, while receiving public relief, been, all the time, owner of a house and lot worth $1,900, and she has also $500 in a savings bank. The selectmen have already attached her property in a suit to recover $400—the amount she has received from the town.

A correspondent of the Woodstock (Vt.) *Spirit* protests against the people of Waterbury being taxed for the support of the State Reform School, which he styles a louse arbor. He charges that "some of them public lice up there are great fat fellows, as big as a good large tom cat, and some of the nits are as big as a chipmunk squirrel."

Artificial or natural flowers fastened to the muff carried by the fashionable *demoiselle* of the period is quite the correct thing, providing, however, that the muff is of cloth and velvet—*not* fur.

The varnish applied by the Chinese to tea chests is made of freshly drawn blood, a little alum, and four parts of powdered slaked lime. One, two, or three coats of this mixture applied while viscid, make the packages impervious to moisture, rendering tinfoil unnecessary.

Some of the new collars intended for young ladies who are weary of the Elizabethan ruff fasten at the throat by a small gold link with ball pendants. We have no reason to anticipate that these new affairs will attain any very great popularity.

Election expenses are light, sometimes and in some places, in England, it seems; for John Bright only had to disburse $145 to become member of Parliament for Birmingham. That was cheap enough to satisfy both the elect and the electors, certainly.

In relation to Dr. Livingstone's death, his brother, John Livingstone, who resides in Listowell, Ont., says: "I have had no direct intelligence from the Doctor since Stanley's return. The last letter which reached friends in England from my brother was dated August, 1872, from Ungangembe, on the eve of his leaving for the interior."

Mr. Ruskin thus wrote to an Aberdeen Sunday school teacher: "I should much like to send your class some message, but have no time for anything I like. My own constant cry to Bible readers is a very simple one: 'Don't think that Nature (human or other) is corrupt; don't think that you yourself are elect out of it; and don't think to serve God by praying instead or obeying.'"

Mr. Krupp, proprietor of the great iron works at Essen in Prussia, has issued a notice to the effect that no discrimination must be made in regard to the race, religion, or politics of any of his workpeople, and that any one attempting to influence a fellow-workman or injure him because of his politics or religion, will be dismissed, even if a branch of the business has to be suspended.

Arnold Horton, a carpenter in the employ of the American Screw Company in Providence, R. I., was engaged in making repairs in the forging room on Saturday, when his jacket was caught in the shafting, whirling him around at the rate of sixty revolutions per minute. He was released as speedily as possible, but died in about twenty minutes. He was forty-five years old, and leaves a widow and two or three children.

Speaking of law as at present violated the Rev. T. K. Beecher says: "It is extremely difficult to commit the crime of murder in such an accurate and honest way that it shall satisfy the specifications of the statute. Unless the would-be murderer takes legal council beforehand and follows instructions minutely, he will fail nine times in ten, however sincerely he may try. Anybody can kill a man, but he cannot do it in first degree murder style without counsel and care."

At Pittsburg, Penn., Dr. Wm. Smith was arrested Tuesday night, charged with poisoning several members of the family of J. McDonald. Dr. Smith has been McDonald's family physician for some years. A few years ago he was convicted of passing counterfeit money and sentenced to the Penitentiary for five years, but was subsequently pardoned and resumed the practice of medicine. The case created considerable excitement, and a number of sudden deaths which have occurred recently among his patients are thought to be the result of poisoning. A stomach was analyzed and arsenic found there.

A large meeting at which many women were present was held in Fall River, Mass., Tuesday night in favor of the ten hour law. Resolves embodying the spirit of the gathering were adopted, one of which says: "We demand a ten hour law of the Legislature and pronounce any member of that body that opposes, unfit for his place." While the meeting was in progress some one, probably for deviltry, gave an alarm of fire that caused a terrible commotion in the audience. Several windows were broken by men a tempting to jump through. The women rushed to the platform and for a few minutes imminent danger threatened the crowd from the fright, but a strong voice called that there was no fire and after a stirring appeal from the Secretary the commotion subsided.

The Papal bull, signed May 28, 1873, for regulating the next Papal election, provides for the suspension of all those laws relating to the place where the election is to be held—that is, in the place where the Roman Pontiff may have died—and also those laws regarding the ceremonies, which by no means constitute the character of a canonical election. The Cardinals are absolved from their oaths to observe the constitutions with these provisions, and are permitted to fix the day of the future election; but they are forbidden to discuss the subject of the successor as long as the present Pope lives. The reason for these provisions is because "circumstances have so changed that everything is to be feared from crafty men who only call themselves Catholics, as well as from those belonging to the bands of heretics."

A despatch from Fulton, N. Y., on the Oswego river, says the most extensive flood known there for 20 years is now devastating the lower portions of the village, occasioned by high water in the river and the damming up of a large quantity of ice on both sides of the island channel for about half a mile and all west of the canals water covered the ground from two to seven feet deep. Sunday evening about 30 families were obliged to leave their homes and many more next morning were carried from the second story of their houses, where they had taken refuge, by boats. One instance is related where a whole family were taken from their up-stairs retreat and among them a very sick mother carrying a tiny baby. Men were seen wading in the water to their waists, carrying the women of their households on their backs to a place of safety. A number of families have been cared for by the Poor Master. Some are being looked after by charitable citizens, and many are still in need of assistance. The damage done to business is already great. The gas works are below water and there is no gas. Some of the flour mills are unable to run and there is danger of work in all of them being stopped.

PRINTED BY
GEO. W. DAY.
Book, Card and Job Printer
CHARLOTTE STREET.