ST. JOHN MARKETS

COUNTRY MARKET. Spring chickens 0.18
Lettuce, per doz 0.40 Turkey 0.20
Cucumbers, doz ... 0.00
New beets ... 0.00
New carrots 0.00
Tomatoes, lb ... 0.00 Tomatoes, th ... 0.00
Peas, per bushel ... 0.50
Cauliflower, doz ... 0.70
Beans, per bushel ... 0.50
Celery, native, dozen ... 0.00
Cabbage, per doz ... 0.00
Con ... 0.10
Squash ... 0.00
Turnips (bbl.) ... M 1 00 GROCERIES. Crea martar, pure, box 0.50
Bicarb soda, per keg. 2.10
Beans, hand picked ... 0.00
Beans, yellow eye ... 0.00
Split peas, per bag ... 3.75
Pot barley, bbls ... 6.95
Cornmeal, per bag ... 2.00
ex store ... 1.05 ex store 1.10 " 1.15 CANNED GOODS. The following are the wholesale que

 Oysters, 1s
 1,60
 4
 1,65

 Oysters, 2s
 2,50
 2,55

 Corned beef, 1s
 3,25
 3,30

 Peaches, 2s
 1,70
 1,75

 Peaches, 3s
 2,15
 2,20

 Pineapple, sliced
 2,02½
 2,05

 Pineapple, grated
 1,87½
 1,60

 Slagapore pineapples
 1,55
 1,85

 Lombard plums
 1,07
 1,10

 Raspberries
 2,02½
 2,05

 Corn, per doz
 1,00
 1,02½

 Peas
 0,95
 1,00

 Strawberries
 2,25
 2,30
 Pork, Canadian mess. 30.00 "30.00 Pork, American clear. 30.00 "32.75.

American plate beef . 28.25 "28.50

Lard, compound, tub. 0.11½ "0.11½ 0.11½

Molasses, fancy Barba-

Standard granulated .. 7.00
United Empire gran ... 6.90
Bright yellow 6.80
No. 1 yellow 6.80 ris lumps 0.00 FLOUR, ETC. Roller oatmeal 6.75 Standard oatmeal 7.40

GRAINS. Middlings, car lots ... 0.00 Mid., small lots, bag. 0.00 Bran, small lots, bag. 29.50 Pressed hay, car lots FRUITS.

Cocoanuts, per doz ... 0.60 Cocoanuts, per sack... 4.00

FISH.

 Small dry cod
 4.50
 "4.75

 Medium dry cod
 5.75
 6.00

 Pollock
 0.00
 "3.50

 Grand Manan herring, half-bbls
 3.00
 "3.35

 Smoked herring
 0.15
 "0.16

 Pickled shad, half-bbls
 8.00
 "12.00

 Press cod per like
 0.04
 "0.04

 Fresh cod, per lb ... 0.08½ ... 0.04
Bloaters, per box ... 0.80 ... 0.90
Hallbut ... 0.10 ... 0.15
Kippered herring, per
dozen ... 0.00 ... 0.90
Swordfish ... 0.12 ... 0.13
Salmon ... 0.18 ... 0.25

OILS. Palacine 0.00 0.20%
Royalite 0.00 0.18
Turpentine 0.00 0.66
Extra lard compound 0.00 0.91
Extra No. 1 lard compound 0.00 0.82%
'Premier's motor gasolene 0.00 0.21

JAPANESE SHELL **GERMAN BARRACKS:** LOSE SMALL BOAT

(Continued from page 1.)

Accompanying the Emden the Marco fannia then steemed towards Rangoon Sunday evening the Emden held up the

Sunday evening the Emden held up the Norwegian vessel, the Doore, at the mouth of the Rangoon river, and transferred the prisoners to the Doore, which brought them to Rangoon.

The British steamer Clan Matheson sailed from Liverpool July 22 for Calcutta, and was last reported as having passed Suez Aug. 5. She was of 4,775 tonnage, and was owned in Glasgow.

London, Sept. 21—The Holland American Line freight steamer Callisto and the Dutch oil tank steamer Chester, bound for Rotterdam from Savannah and New Orleans respectively, were diverted

The Senti-Meekly Telegraph

of The Rews

VOL. LIV.

ST. JOHN, N. B. SATURDAY. SEPTEMBER 26, 1914.

ARTILLERY BATTLE FIERCELY RAGING WITH ALLIES GAINING ON WESTERN WING; CANADIANS ON OCEAN

French Occupy Peronne After Stubborn Fight and Extend Line Westward to Noye, Also Driving in German Line Just West of Rheims--Germans Claim Capture of Varennes on Their Left and Success With Artillery--General French, in Story of Battle, Says It is Likely to Last Some Days Longer, and Expresses Great Confidence in His Troops--Canadian Stores and Men Crossing Atlantic for Week Under Protection of Warships--Russian Advance Guard Invests Cracow.

London, Sept. 24, 9.30 p. m.—The heavy artillery continuous to play a leading part in the battle of the Aisne, which has now been in progress close on to a fortnight, but, up to the present, without reaching any decision.

Almost without a lull great shells are being hurled across the rivers, valleys and plains, stretching from the River Oise in the west to the Meuse in the east, and thence southward along the whole France-German border, while the lighter guns play on the infantry lying in the trenches, awaiting an opportunity to deliver attacks and counter-attacks, with, as the French official communication says, "alternate retirement on certain points, and advance on others."

The battle line has stretched out further to the westward, the French left wing having made some progress in the direction of Noye, which lies to the northwest of Noyon. A detachment has occupied Peronne, which is still further north.

The French also claim to have made an advance to the northwest of Barry-Au-Back, which is about the point where the German line crosses the Alsne, continuing southeast to Brimont, which has been made the centre of many

Along the rest of the line, although there have been fleres a which both sides claim victory, the situation is unchanged excepting to German reports, the German process have re-captured Vasthe French took

tories and the defeat of Gen. Danki's army. The Austrian forces, the report says, "have been concentrated in a new position for several days, but have walted in vain for any serious Russian attack."

RUSSIANS CLEANING UP SMALLER TOWNS.

From other sources, however, it is reported that the Russians have surrounded Przemysl, and have got between that fortress and Cracow. It may be some days before another big battle takes place here, as one Austrian army is behind the forts of Przemysl, and the other is making its way to the rem

It is considered probable that the fall of Jaroslau and the isolation of Przemysl has compelled the Germans to look more closely to the protection of their line drawn from Thorn to Kalise, which guards Posen, as the Russians are wable to release a large number of men for the invasion of that part of Ger-

The Servian and Montenegrin armies, composed largely of veterans of the Balkan battlefields, are before Sarayevo, capital of Bosnia, flushed with victory, and preparing to take this latest acquisition of the dual monarchy, the possession of which by Austria has been such a thorn in the side of the southern

GENERAL FRENCH'S TRIBUTE TO TROOPS.

Sir John French, in a comprehensive review of the operations from Thursday until Saturday last, gives the greatest credit to the British soldiers for their conduct under fire, particularly in maintaining the best of spirits under nerve-wracking artillery fire, the shells from which were sufficient when they struck to dig a grave for five horses. General French pays some attention to the condition of the German army which is now filled up with reserves, not encoun-

Italian paper and later issued by the official press bureau, which is expected to have tremendous effect on the feeling in Italy, referring as it does to settlement after the war of the map of Europe on national lines, restoring to Italy her

steamers have been engaged during the last week moving stores and Canadian troops across the Atlantic under convoy of a fleet of Warships. PERONNE OCCUPIED BY ALLIES.

At the Battlefront, Sept. 24, via Paris, 5.16 p. m.—The German offensive was extremely vigorous today at the western end of the long line stretching along the Rivers Oose, Aisne and Woeve.

The allied troops, whose gaps had been filled with freshly arrived reinforcements, not only repeatedly pushed back the masses of Germans thrown against them, but eventually carried out a successful counter-attack, which resulted in the gaining of considerable ground and the definite capture of Peronne, about which town the fiercest engagements occurred. FIGHTING ONLY ON LEFT WING.

Paris, Sept. 24—11.40 p. m.—The brief official communication issued tonight announces that on the left wing the battle continues to develop; that a full has occurred in the fighting in the centre and that on the right wing the German attacks apparently have been checked.

GERMANS SAY NO DECISIVE BATTLES.

DECISIVE BATTLES.

London, Sept. 24—2 p. m.—The correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Coat Berlin, in a despatch reaching here by way of Amsterdam, transmits an official report given out at army headquarters. This announcement is dated Sept. 23, and is as follows:

This announcement is dated Sept. 28, and is as follows:

"The right wing of the German west army, beyond the River Oise, has been engaged in battle with the French, who tried unsuccessfully to envelop it.

"Eastward, as far as the Argonne forest, there were no important engagements today.

"To the east of the Argonne region, Varennes was captured in the course of the day, and the attack is proceeding.

"German troops attacking the French forts south of Verdun victoriously repulsed a violent counter-attack made from Verdun, Toul, and across the River Meuse. The heavy artillery used against

REPORT LOSS OF

Rome Hears Two Torpedo Boats and Destroyer Went Down Off Dalmatian

Captain Kendall Again at Helm-Battle Between Carmania and Cap groups. Dresden Chases British Steamer,

Paris, Sept. 24, 8 p. m.—The cor ondent of the Italian newspaper Con ere Della Sera telegraphs from ast two Austrian torpedo boats

Bari, Italy, via Paris, Sept. 24, 9.41 p.
n.—Vessels which have arrived from
the Dalmatian coast report that the bombardment of Cattaro by the French ships
and by the guns on Mount Lovchen has

n is the ill-fated H. G. Kendall, who is in command of the Empress of Ireind when she was run down and sunk the lower St. Lawrence last May with loss of more than 1,000 lives. After ing cleared by a government inquiry responsibility for this disaster. Capin Kendall was sent back to the Mont-

The Montrose, it is supposed, was i rench waters as a military transpo-ther with British or Canadian troops.

Buenos Aires, Sept. 24—News received for any serious Russian re today from Punta Arenas, on the for any serious Russian NO ENGAGEMENTS LAST FEW DAYS.

Vienna, Sept. 24, via London, Sept. 24, via London, Sept. 24, 6 p. re tega, however escaped and arrival

Major Portion of Contingent Has Salled from Quebec Under Strong Convoy - Remainder to Follow Quickly.

(Canadian Press).

Valeartier Camp, Sept. 24—The ajor part of Canada's contingent for service in Europe is already on its way to the front, in transports heavily armed and guarded by British men-of-war, in sufficient force to prevent any attack by German cruisers.

A fleet of war vessels, consisting of battleships, cruisers and de-stroyers, had been gathered at Quebec by Admiral Weymss, and other warships collected at conenient points. More than a week ago the transports at Quebec com-menced taking on war stores, and

ON RIVER LOIRE they steamed eastwards, and the nvoying war vessels picked them up, forming a sufficiently strong protective force for the various

Trafalgar Lasted Two Hours After All the transports carry heavy Germans Used Despicable Ruse- guns. A large proportion of the nfantry and all the artillery, with much of the equipment, have al-eady departed. The departure of the remainder will quickly follow.

Vienna Reports Make Light of Diplomat Killed Before Tsing-Tau.

London, Sept. 24, 5.48 p. m.—A Petro grad despatch forwarded to London by the Rome correspondent of the Centra News, says that the Russian advance mards already have arrived before the

London, Sept. 24, 8.45 p. m.—An offi-cial German despatch received this even-ing by the Marconi Wireless Company

Vienna, Sept. 24, via Amsterdam, condon, Sept. 24, 6 p. m.—An offic announcement issued at noon too

Peking, Sept. 25, 1.10 a m—A let received here from a German in Tsi Tau says that Baron Von Eisenbaformer second secretary of the Germ legation at Peking, was killed by a Je anese patrol dressed in Chinese cloth A despatch from Peking sent Septe ber 19 said Baron Von Eisenbach h

UNDER SHELL FIRE

Sir John French in Striking Tribute to His Soldiers Says "They Are Diffcult Fellows to Impress or Depress"

Messengers of Death From German Howitzers Hailed Jokingly as "Black Marias" or "Jack Johnsons" and When Infantry Charges Follow Bombardment They Are Received With Relief Rather Than With Panic—Conglomerate Army Now Facing Allies Instead of Fine Fighting Machine of Regulars of Month Ago-Captured Letters Reveal Looked For Eight or Nine Months Be-Staggering German Losses.

London, Sept. 24, 9,15 p. m.—The official press bureau tonight issued a report from Field Marshal Sir John French's headquarters, supplementing the despatch of September 22 on the British operations in France. The text fol-

to do so is throwing into the fight detachments composed of units from very different formations, the active army, reserve and landwehr, as is shown by the uniforms of the prisoners recently captured.

"Our progress, although slow on account of the strength of the defensive positions, against which we are pressing, has in certain directions been continuous, but the present battle may well last for some days before a decision is reached; since it now approximates somewhat to discovered.

nineteenth and twentieth, cannot better be summarized than as expressed recontly by a neighboring French commander to his corps: 'Having repulsed repeated and violent counter-attacks made by the enemy, we have a feeling that we have been victorious.'

GERMAN AEROPLANE BROUGHT DOWN BY GUNS.

ERMAN AEROPLANE BROUGHT DOWN BY GUNS.

"So far as the British are concerned the course of events during these I have been here and we have always ree days can be described in a few words. During Friday the 18th, artiflery acted on the certainty that Italy will be "So far as the British are concerned the course of events during these three days can be described in a few words. During Friday the 18th, artillery fire was kept up intermittently by both sides during daylight. At night the German counter attacked certain portions of our line, supporting the advance of their infantry, as always, by a heavy bombardment. But the strokes were delivered with great vigor and ceased about 2 a. m. During the day's fighting an air craft gun of the third army corps succeeded in bringing down a German aeroplane.

"News was received also that a body of French cavalry had demolished past of the railway to the north, so, cutting, at least temporarily, one line of communication which is of particular 'nportance to the enemy.

"On Saturday, the 19th, the bombardment was resumed by the Germans at an early hour and continued intermittently under reply from our guns. Some at an early hour and continued intermittently with the intention of attack-

at an early hour and continued intermittently under reply from our guns. Some their infantry advanced from cover, apparently with the intention of attacking, but on coming under fire they retired. Otherwise, the day was uneventiful, except for the activity of the artillery, which is a matter of normal routine, the

rather than an event. EVIDENCES OF HURRIED RETREAT.

"Another hostile aeroplane was brought down by us, and one of our aviators succeeded in dropping several bombs over the German line, one incendiary bomb falling with considerable effect on a transport park near La Fere. A buried store of the enemy's munitions of war was also found, not far from the Aisne, ten wagon loads of live shells and two wagon loads of cable being dug up. Traces were discovered of large quantities of stores having been burned, all tending to show that as far back as the Aisne the German retirement.

"On argument constantly constantly by German distance in the constantly and the store in the constantly by German distance in the store in t

ed, all tending to show that as far back as the Aisne the German retirement was hurried.

"There was a strong wind during the day accompanied by a driving rain. This militated against the aerial reconnaisance.

"On Sunday, the 20th, nothing of importance occurred until the afternoon, when there was a break in the clouds and an interval of feeble sunshine which was hardly powerful enough to warm the soaking troops. The Germans took advantage of this brief spell of fine weather to make several counter-attacks against different points. These were all repulsed with loss to the enemy, but the casualties incurred by us were by no means light.

"In one section of our firing line the occupants of the trenches were under the impression that they heard a military band in the enemy's lines just before the attack developed. It is now known that the German infantry started their advance with bands playing.

"THE OFFENSIVE AGAINST ONE OR TWO POINTS WAS RENEWED AT DUSK, WITH NO GREATOR SUCCESS. THE BRUNT OF THE RESISTANCE HAS NATURALLY FALLEN UPON THE INFANTRY. IN SPITE OF THE FACT THAT THEY HAVE BEEN DRENCH.

ED TO THE SKIN FOR SOME DAYS AND THEIR TRENCHES HAVE

ED TO THE SKIN FOR SOME DAYS AND THEIR TRENCHES HAVE HAVE ON EVERY OCCASION BEEN READY FOR THE ENEMY'S IN-FANTRY WHEN THE LATTER ATTEMPTED TO ASSAULT AND THAN HE EXPECTED.

THEY HAVE BEATEN THEM BACK WITH GREAT LOSS. "INDEED, THE SIGHT OF THE PICKELHAUBEN COMING UP about winning the war. We have made up our minds to win if it costs the last sovereign and the last man in the British Empire. Time is on our side. Personally, I never expected to see the campanguage of the GREMANS EMPLOY IS TO BEAT DOWN THE RESISTANCE OF THEIR ENEMY BY CONCENTRATED AND PROLONGED FIRE. To DEED, THE SIGHT OF THE PICKELHAUBEN COMING UP

THE GERMANS EMPLOY IS TO BEAT DOWN THE RESISTANCE OF THEIR ENEMY BY CONCENTRATED AND PROLONGED FIRE, TO SHATTER THEIR NERVE WITH HIGH EXPLOSIVES, BEFORE THE INFANTRY ATTACK IS LAUNCHED. THEY SEEM TO HAVE RE-LIED ON DOING THIS WITH US, BUT THEY HAVE NOT DONE SO, THOUGH IT HAS TAKEN THEM SEVERAL COSTLY EXPERIMENTS

TO DISCOVER THIS FACT.

"FROM STATEMENTS OF PRISONERS IT APPEARS THAT THEY HAVE BEEN GREATLY DISAPPOINTED BY THE MORAL EFFECT PRODUCED BY THEIR HEAVY GUNS, WHICH, DESPITE THE ACTUAL LOSSES INFLICTED, HAVE NOT BEEN AT ALL COMMENSURATE WITH THE COLOSSAL EXPENDITURE, WHICH HAS REALLY BEEN WASTED. BY THIS IT IS NOT IMPLIED THAT

NATIONAL LINES

Winston Churchill Gives Remarkable Interview to Italian Paper on Wisdom of Neutrality.

WAR GOING BETTER THAN HE EXPECTED

fore Any Decisive Result But French Gallantry and Russian Power Has Made Possible Much More Favorable Outlook-Premise to Italy Her Rightful Territory Under Austrian

(Special Cable to Daily Telegraph and Montreal Gazette.)

London, Sept. 24-Considers

of the war as our most difficult and most critical month from the naval point of view, and we have nothing to complain of now that this month has