

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1909

5

Two Big Sales for Today

News of Interest to All Desirous of Procuring a First-Class Trunk at Small Cost

It is not often there is such a bargain as we now offer in first-class Trunks. But we have some

37 TRUNKS

delivered to us from a manufacturer by freight train, which in the course of transportation got slightly marked through careless packing. The marking being solely on the canvas will in no way detract from the durability of the trunks.

We therefore offer this splendid range of Steamer and Large Size Traveling Trunks at a marvellous reduction in price.

SALE COMMENCES TODAY (TUESDAY) at 9.30

Come promptly to this sale and procure a good, useful trunk for an unusually small price.

Excellent Values in Gloves

Our mammoth sale of Ladies' French Kid Gloves in all the season's newest shades for fall and winter wear will be a special feature of today's shopping. Usual \$1.10 quality gloves—special sale price for all sizes, 5% to 7%—75c a pair.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

MINK SKINS FOR MILLINERY PURPOSES

Mink Toppings and Mink Trimmed Hats will be used a great deal this season, so we have procured a lot of skins in various grades suitable for millinery use. They are large, medium and small sizes, and vary in color so that mink sets of any set may be matched. They sell at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$8.00 each.

D. MAGEE'S SONS, MANUFACTURING FURRIERS, 63 KING STREET

The Very Latest and Best in Rings, Brooches, Sprays, Bowpins and Necklets and in All Lines of Good Reliable Watches Chains and Bracelets

Just Opening and Ready for the Fall Trade. Don't Fail to Call and See the Beautiful Arrangements. Get the Prices and Select

W. Tremaine Gard, Goldsmith and Jeweler No. 77 Charlotte St.

SITE FOR THE SUGAR REFINERY RECOMMENDED

Harbor Board Sends it Alone to Council—Harbor Commission Bill

The civic harbor board at a private meeting held yesterday afternoon, decided to recommend the council to grant the Lower Cove site to F. C. Durant for his projected sugar refinery. A recommendation from the board of trade approving of the grant was read and caused considerable discussion.

Ald. Lively moved that the board should recommend the council to grant the site to Mr. Durant for the purpose of constructing a sugar refinery to cost not less than \$2,000,000, and to employ not less than 200 men, work to be commenced within a reasonable time, and the grant to be made on the following terms:

The plant to pay in civic taxes \$2,000 per year for the first term of ten years, \$4,000 per year for the second term of ten years, and \$6,000 per year for the third term of ten years, and thereafter the plant to be assessed at \$100,000 or half its value, at the rate which shall then be current. The city agrees to supply 750,000 to 1,500,000 gallons of water per day for which he is to pay \$2.50 per year, and to construct a water main from the Marsh bridge to the plant, and to have the use of the main for fire protection purposes. Mr. Durant is also to allow the I. C. R. to put a track down the wharf to be constructed there.

An amendment was moved placing the rate of assessment at \$5,000 per year for the first ten years, and \$10,000 per year for the second ten years, and thereafter at half the valuation. The motion, however, was carried by a majority of one. Mr. Durant's representative, Fred R. Taylor, was present, but the board's decision will be transmitted to Mr. Durant before being



When women have backache they often attribute their suffering to other disorders and do not realize that the kidneys are diseased.

Neglect usually means the development of Bright's disease. You know how dreadfully painful and fatal that is.

There is quick relief from backache and thorough cure for kidney disease in the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney & Liver Pills

This medicine has a truly wonderful record of cures and is known in nearly every home as the most effective treatment obtainable for liver complaint, biliousness, constipation, backache and kidney disease.

One pill a dose, 25 cts. a box, at all dealers or by mail, \$2.00. Dr. A. W. Chase, Boston, Mass.

Look out for imitations and substitutes.

Troubled With Backache For Years.

Now Completely Cured by the Use of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Thousands of women suffer untold misery every day with aching backs that really have no other cause. Backache is largely a result of kidney trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills will cure you in the same way they have cured thousands of others. Write for a free trial. Mrs. W. C. Doer, of Bridge St., London, Ont., writes: "I write to you to say that I am cured of my backache. I have been troubled with backache for years. Nothing helped me until a friend brought me a box of your Kidney Pills. I began to take them and took four boxes, and an angel came to me. I feel as good as I used to before taken sick. I am positive Doan's Kidney Pills are all you claim them to be, and I advise all kidney sufferers to give them a fair trial."

Price 50 cents per box or 3 for \$1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When ordering specify "Doan's."

punishment under the Dominion Act. The new Cobalt hospital made application to the provincial secretary's department to adopt the title of "Red Cross Hospital." Investigation showed that under the treaty of Geneva, confirmed by a subsequent act of the Canadian parliament, the use of the words "Red Cross" was prohibited except by organizations under the official Red Cross Society. As hundreds of members of the title, the discovery is a significant one and may lead to complications and legal action.

PLANS FOR THE PORT OF MONTREAL

Big Equipment Scheme Submitted—Firm Killed—Canadian News

Ottawa, Nov. 8.—Plans designed to make Montreal one of the best equipped ports on the continent have been prepared by a board of engineers and are before the Canadian government for approval. The plans contemplate doubling the wharves and other facilities of the port. The building programme will take twelve years at most to complete, but if the demands of commerce require it may be accomplished in a shorter time. The expenditure will be about \$18,000,000.

So far some \$14,000,000 have been spent on Montreal harbor. This with the deepening of the St. Lawrence to thirty-five feet, has diverted much trade from American routes until this year Montreal leads as the grain port of the continent.

In conjunction with the extension of shipping facilities at Montreal, the Canadian government will next year begin the work of deepening the St. Lawrence to thirty-five feet. This will enable vessels of greater capacity than at present to reach Montreal. The work of deepening the river will be pushed with all possible speed.

St. Catharines, Ont., Nov. 8.—(Special).—The men killed in the railway accident last night were this morning identified as three Merriton men—John Dundas, aged forty; Thomas Wright, twenty-six; and Edward Hurston, thirty-one, all unmarried.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 8.—White settlers on the Skeena River are sending their families into Hazelton because of a rising of the Indians along the river. The redskins are angered at the arrest of their leaders who were taken in an attempt to raid the government stores.

Toronto, Nov. 8.—It is learned by the provincial government that the general use of the title "Red Cross" on remedies, drug stores, etc., is illegal, and subject

LABOR FEDERATION MEETING IN TORONTO

Gompers Discusses His Sentence—His Review of Conditions

Toronto, Nov. 8.—Representatives of labor from all over the continent and some from beyond the seas filled the body of Massey hall this morning, when Samuel Gompers opened the twenty-ninth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. Mayor Oliver welcomed the delegates to the city, while Hon. Dr. Reaume extended the freedom of the province to them. Hon. W. L. M. King telegraphed his regrets. There was an attempt to form a great labor parade, but bad weather made it a failure.

President Gompers, in his address, which took some two hours to deliver, dwelt at considerable length on the recent decision of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia sustaining the judgment of the lower court by which Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison were sentenced to prison for contempt of court. Referring directly to this decision, he said:

"Some have always had to suffer that people might obtain some modicum of freedom, while others have now live are no exception to that rule. Tyranny exercised by no matter whom or from what source must be resisted at all hazards. The labor movement, which is the defender, protector and promoter of the rights and interests of the people, must be carried forward, its rapacious, ignorant opponents to the contrary notwithstanding. We should not, and must not, surrender the rights which we have achieved for the toilers. We do not permit the workers to become the victims of the tender mercies of their exploiters."

"What are the offences for which Mitchell, Morrison and I are sentenced to long months of imprisonment and ignominy of the courts?" he asked.

"We have dared to defend our constitutional rights as men and as citizens, despite the injunction of the court which sought to invade the rights of free speech and free press secured to Anglo-Saxon people centuries ago by the magna charta. Mr. Gompers criticized harshly the manner in which the case had been dealt with by the courts, the contempt charges having been disposed of while the appeal against the injunction was pending.

"In the whole history of our movement," he said, "no greater struggle has taken place than that for the preservation and the maintenance of the right of free press and free speech. The people of our country have, with the men of labor, made it clear to the whole world that no curtailment of the rights of a free press and free speech will be tolerated. I enter a most strenuous protest against the action of the courts in which the case had been dealt with by the courts, the contempt charges having been disposed of while the appeal against the injunction was pending.

"The present strength of the American Federation of Labor is almost a high water mark. The result of the recent prosecutions of labor leaders in the United States has been to result in greater power for the federation.

"That the campaign for a universal eight-hour day should be perpetually prosecuted, in regard to legislation to further lessen child labor is still apparent. That the system of schools for industrial education should be greatly extended.

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FEW DOSES END KIDNEY TROUBLE

Lame Back, Bladder Misery or Any Other Kidney Disorder Vanishes

Usually suffers from backache, bladder trouble or out-of-order kidneys, feel relieved after several doses of Page's Dietetic.

Misery in the back, sides, or loins, sick headache, inflamed or swollen eyelids, nervousness, rheumatism and darting pains, heart palpitations, dizziness, sleeplessness, listless, worn-out feeling, and other symptoms of inactive, sluggish kidneys simply vanish.

Uncontrollable urination (especially at night) smarting, discolored water and all bladder misery ends.

Feeling miserable and worried is needless because this unusual preparation goes at once to the out-of-order kidneys and bladder, cleanses and cleanses, healing and restores the influence directly upon the organs and glands affected, and completes the cure without any realization of the most violent of poisons.

Urinary hesitations, or feel rheumatic pains, back taking this harmless medicine, which has been tried by thousands of men and women, and which is no other remedy, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which will effect a cure of the most stubborn cases of kidney trouble, and which is a dietetic, which any druggist can supply.

Your physician, pharmacist, druggist or any mercantile agency will tell you that Page, Thompson & Co., of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Only curative results can come from taking Page's Dietetic, and a few days' treatment will make any one feel better. Accept only Page's Dietetic—fifty-cent treatment—from any drug store—anywhere in the world.

HAZEN ON THE I.C.R. MONK ON THE NAVY

Both in Montreal Yesterday and Discuss Matters of Political Nature

Montreal, Nov. 8.—At the Windsor hotel today the spectacle might have been witnessed of an exchange of greetings between two provincial premiers who are usually separated about 3,000 miles, namely, Premier Scott, of Saskatchewan, and Premier Hazen, of New Brunswick. They are in Montreal today on provincial business, but neither of them will even as much as mention what that business is.

"It's all crop, crop, crop with us in the west," said Premier Scott, in the course of a short chat, "and I expect you people in the east have heard enough about that during the past few weeks." On no other subject would he say a word. "Between you and me, I don't want to be doing any talking just now," he said.

Premier Hazen chattered on a variety of topics relating to New Brunswick. "We have all been much interested," he remarked, "at the criticisms which Lord Northcliffe passed on the Intercolonial. I see that the minister of railways can't believe that Lord Northcliffe was properly reported. That the criticisms have considerably stirred up those connected with the management. I am not brought in as an enemy, but the Intercolonial railway to say anything in regard to it myself, but I do know that considerable dissatisfaction is being expressed among many people in the maritime provinces. Whether that dissatisfaction is justified or not, I can't say, but that it exists there is no doubt. The railway is a very important one. Mr. Emerson the other day about voices the attitude of a certain section of the people in regard to this railway. Mr. Emerson is in pretty close touch with the Intercolonial, and what he says exactly coincides with the opinion I have heard from others."

Montreal, Nov. 8.—In a speech tonight at Lachine, F. D. Monk, M. P., for Quebec, carried with him French-Canadian leader for the province of Quebec, made an announcement on the question of naval defence, which will undoubtedly be the government's policy for the construction of a Canadian navy.

"This is a Canadian question," said Mr. Monk. "We must view it from a Canadian standpoint primarily. To entertain any other view is to forget one's duty to one's own country. I state a moment ago that the question of a Canadian navy was new, that it had never been submitted to or discussed before. The fact is, however, that it would be manifestly unjust to finally settle such a question without submitting it to the judgment of the electors."

"It would be, to my mind, an outrage, a flagrant outrage, to see a free institution, which we owe to the heroic efforts of our forebears and to the British policy of colonial conquests. Such a policy would be subversive of popular government. The democracy of our country cannot admit that the people should not control their own destiny. We should not be bound before we have been consulted and have manifested our wishes."

As to the actual merits of the question Mr. Monk said that from a financial view alone Canada cannot at present undertake to build a navy, that the expense of such an undertaking is quite beyond our resources and means.

Mr. Monk estimated the maintenance of a navy would cost \$20,000,000 a year. He also maintained that Canada needed no navy at the present time and that the project, as far as being of any use to the mother country, in order to hold up her naval supremacy, would be useless; that such an obligation did not exist for Canada, its national obligation as an autonomous, self-governing country being a duty of defence for our own commonwealth.

The manufacture of fine rubber goods has been going on for some time, but the most expert rubber manufacturers never turned out a Hot Water Bottle of absolutely one piece of rubber until Mr. F. J. Glasco, Vice-President of the Hot Water Bottle Co., of Montreal, Quebec, began to manufacture them.

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COLD WAVE COMING

LADIES and GENTS Suits and Top Coats

At extra low prices.

WILCOX BROS.

Dock Street and Market Square.

Cash Fur Sale

ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES IS MINK MUFFS

REGULAR PRICE	SALE PRICE
\$35.00	\$25.00
40.00	32.50
45.00	37.50
65.00	50.00

F. S. THOMAS

539 to 547 Main Street Open evenings till 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE Large Office SAFE At a Bargain

APPLY TO LOCKHART & RITCHIE 114 Prince Wm. St.

LACE CURTAIN ENDS

15c, 20c, 25c and 35c each, great values.

Special Bargain in HAND BAGS,

Large size, 35c each.

Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear Everything in smallwares cheapest at

ARNOLD'S DEPARTMENT STORE Tel. 1765. 83-85 Charlotte St.

Insure Your Automobile

WITH Jarvis & Whittaker

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FREE

TON OF COAL, any kind you wish, to the person who guesses nearest to the correct number of pieces of coal in the scuttle displayed in the window of THE DRUG STORE, 100 KING ST. Every person who buys a 25c bottle of 108 NOX-A-COLD is entitled to one guess. NOX-A-COLD is the best remedy for Coughs and Colds sold. Buy a bottle now. You will need it.

DOCTORS RISKING LIVES FOR SCIENCE

London Physicians Make Daring Experiments Under Air Pressure

London, Nov. 8.—Some interesting and valuable experiments for the purpose of obtaining data with regard to the causes of the many deaths which occur among caisson workers, are being carried out at the London Hospital by Dr. M. Greenwood, well known as an authority on oxygen. In America the chief cause of death among such workers is known as the "bends," and many lives were lost from this cause during the construction of the tunnels under the North and East rivers in New York.

Dr. Greenwood's experiments take place in an oven of 422 cubic feet capacity, within which the experimenters install themselves while the air pressure is being gradually decreased. Describing his sensations while being experimented upon in this manner, Dr. Greenwood said that as the pressure increases at first, no actual sense of pressure is noticed.

"I recently went under a pressure of 100 pounds per square inch," he said, "which represents a pressure of seven atmospheres, equivalent to a water depth of 210 feet, and it was no joke. At present the greatest depth being 230 feet, and yet I only noticed two radical changes, the first being an alteration in

the quality of the voice, and the second an inability to whistle. The lips appeared to me annealed, the sensation being similar to that following an application of cocaine, and a direct sensitivity to stimulation is unaltered."

Dr. Greenwood said that to escape the "bends," and other terrors of the caisson it is very necessary while in the "bomb" to move about in order to promote circulation. "On the last occasion I was in the oven," he said, "I forgot to keep my knees in motion, with the result that for several days afterward they were partly paralyzed."

The experiments are attended by the utmost risk of the lives of those taking part in them, but Dr. Greenwood and his colleagues take little stock in this, in their efforts to further science and ascertain the effect of this atmospheric pressures on the human system.

A woman makes as much fuss about getting her complexion spoiled on a caisson as a man does about getting his hair cut.

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