vo of a style; maorted Panamas. Fancy Tweeds: throughout with red, others with , fasten with two ts are the correct are navy, brown, small check efat \$15.00, \$18.50 bust measure; 11.95

es, of fine Broadet Weave Chevcoats are either s, lined throughbox backs; some uches of velvet; s; trimmed with fects; colors are er, castor, wood, : sizes are 34, 36 sell regularly at ednesday ... 17.95

cht-weight Black striped or plain her blue or tan styles, in either self strappings gularly at prices nesday 7.75

a great variety of red and cream; Worsteds: fine Silks and Stripdeffects. These rt Spring styles; ams, others with with fancy Oriart patch or flap ats from \$14.00 11.75

KIRTS.

- Of All-Wool nch Venetians; n, trimmed with ome are in plain ck, navy, brown, would sell regu-\$6.25. Wednes-3.75

number of this seaisp qualities of all-Trimmed with self silk; a few are These skirts would om \$7.50 to \$12.50.



ur Sixth Floor, nav be obtained.

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H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 38 King Street East.

Toronto World

For Rent

Tonge Street Store; best location above Bloor; former occupant did a high-class trade. Immediate possession.

H. H. WILLIAMS & CO. 38 King Street East,

VOL. XXXI.—No. 11,164

PROBS: Mostly fair, but some showers and turning colder at night; N.W. winds.

TWELVE PAGES_WEDNESDAY MORNING MARCH 15 1911 _TWELVE PAGES

HE SIMPLY CAN'T GET OVER IT.

MEMBERS SHY AT CONTROL OF

Major Beattie Makes Personal Onslaught on Member for S. York

RAILROAD CAPITALIZATION

Evident Intention of Legis. lators to Ignore the Issue-The Real Grievance of the West-If Stock Bonuses Went Into Treasury of Railway Public Would Benefit - Tendency of Over-capitalization to Inflate Dividends.

MAJOR BEATTIE CALLED TO ORDER BY SPEAKER

OTTAWA, March 14 .- (Special.)-The effort of W. F. Maclean (South York) to have the control of the capitalization of railways placed in the hands of night shortly after dinner hour. Only two members stood up with him to have the yeas and nays taken on his amendment. They were Dr. Sproule (East Grey) and Joseph Russell (East Toronto). But more than that, Major Beattle, the Conservative member for London, denounced Mr. Maclean as an said that if the Canadian Pacific had bought him with a small amount, he would never have made the motion, that he was the enemy of everything good and that the member for South

lic ownership.
Major Beattle said a lot of other things. He was repeatedly called to

Ignoring the Issue.
That was one episode. But the other

the house desires to express the opinion that the control of the capitaliza-tion of the railways of Canada should be within the jurisdiction of the board railway commissioners for Canada," Mr. Maclean said it had been repeat-edly stated that the tariff was the greatest grievance of the people of the separate schools for Manitoba was the grievance was of greater importance mental in having J. Ross Robertson than the tariff. Parliament could re-contest East Toronto, which he carried dress the railway grievance of the peoiress the railway grievance of the peo-ole of the west if it chose to do so. four sons, William H., auditor in the The money for the construction of a railway was raised in an extravagant ray and rates must accordingly be ple of the west if it chose to do so. railway was raised in an extravagant way, and rates must accordingly be higher than they otherwise would I or, if money was borrowed for the improvement of a railway when it was not necessary, the interest on that money would have to come out of the people who paid the rates. If railtalization to the railway commission

instead of parliament, a great reduction could be effected. How to Reduce the Rates. The doctrine had been preached at one time that the capitalization of a railway had nothing to do with its charges, but that had been abandoned, and "now it is admitted in all quar-

ters that the first thing to do in order to reduce railway rates is to reduce the capitalization of railways. "In this country the only regulation We have had is the promiscuous regulation of the railway committee, which large amount of stock and a small country,"

reverse, just as the question selzes the the best development of the mother-committee." To show what could be done in this that the only remedy was to appoint that the only remedy was to appoint more noticeable a trend of events that a public service commission to compel has been discoverable for the past three all railway companies who wanted to days.

issued by public service corporations of importance not only to inves-

Tendency to Boost Dividends. "Unregulated public service corporations tend towards overcapitalization. and overcapitalization is apt to have a direct affect upon rates and service. Theoretically, if a company is earning 8 per cent. upon a certain capitalizat will not make any difference if the capitalization is doubled and the return is 4 per cent, upon the new capitalization. As a matter of fact, sides will make common cause against however, the tendency will be very

strong to boost the 4 per cent. return

railroad it requires on the issue of 4 presentations made to Mexico City that Continued on Page 7, Column 4.

Slugged Again

The attack of Major Beatty, the member for London, on W. F. The attack of Major Beatty, the member for London, on W. F. Maclean last night is just one more episode in the fight for public ownership, and especially that of public ownership in regard to electric energy in the cities of Ontario. Major Beatty resented the fact that some years ago Mr. Maclean had gone into a by-election in London, and had supported an independent labor candidate who professed public ownership, as against Major Beatty. For doing this Major Beatty took occasion last night to attack Mr. Maclean personally, and to declare that he was glad to vote against any measure proposed by him, and especially his amendment in favor of public control of the capitalization of railways.

Public ownership has little sympathy in the house at Ottawa at

Public ownership has little sympathy in the house at Ottawa at the present time, or any movement looking to any reduction of rail-

But the fight is only beginning. It will not be two years before the capitalization of railways will be under efficient public control, and not many days before the hydro-electric policy of the Ontario Government will have triumphed. In the meantime the unworthy member for South York is a fair subject of attack, and merits all the abuse that may be leveled at him.

London, denounced Mr. Maclean as an enemy of the Canadian Pacific and Had Record of 37 Years in City's Altho Nearing 90 Years His Men-Service -- Death Came Unexpectedly.

York had opposed him (Major Beattle) inent Orangemen in the city, and for York had opposed him (Major Beatt) in London in one of his elections and many years an official in the city had said that he was an enemy of pub- waterworks department, passed away suddenly last night at his home, 234

order by the Speaker, and was made to Mr. Hewitt has been in failing health withdraw his insinuations. But the for the past two years, but was able galiant major continued to hurl his to attend to his duties at the city hall. opinions of the member for South York, On reaching home about 10.30 last

failure was the cause of death. Born in Ireland 67 years ago, Mr. the end. and more significant fact was the evi-dent intention of many members to Hewitt came to Toronto at an early ignore the issue, and especially the age and had lived here practically all source of the amendment. Even those who may have had some sympathy for 37 years, and held the office of with the idea were determined to be chief clerk in the waterworks departout of the house when the line-up was ment. In Orange circles, his name was tic world for over half a century. As called. They, too, have no love for ing of Ontario West Grand Lodge, he canadian Century 11, this year, The the views or the personality of W. F. was re-elected treesurer at an increase. was re-elected treasurer at an increas-Maclean.

In introducing his amendment, That ed salary. He was a past county master and a past master of Royal Candemning the proposed trade root and adian L.O.L., 212. He was also a member of the Veterans of '66, and A.O.U. W., and attended Bond-st. Congrega-

tional Church. Altho a staunch Conservative, Mr. west. He contended that the railway question, and he was largely instrufor Orangeism. He leaves a widow and

WOULD MAKE COMMON CLUSE AGAINST ENEMY

If U. S. Intervention Came, Insurrecto Agent Says They Would Join in Resistance.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Before Senor de la Barra left for Washington this morning, he gave out here the proofs of an article which will appear to-morrow in The Independent, on "the situation in Mexico," urging all his sometimes allows a railway to issue countrymen, regardless of "ail divisions so much stock and so much bonds for of party, all differences between men," very large amount, sometimes a to recall the "sacred interests of our erge amount of stock and a small country," and "to work together for amount of bonds, and sometimes the the progress of true democracy and of

Insurrecto leaders to whom the paradirection Mr. Maclean reviewed the graph was shown to-night, said they legislation of the State of New York considered it an invitation to come on the question, where the people saw into camp, and its issuance makes

increase their capital to obtain the After the first shock of surprise in the U.S. and of alarm and distrust in Continuing, Mr. Maclean said that Mexico, caused by the despatch of 20,000 governmental supervision of securities American troops to the frontier, there began on the one side, a series of formal diplomatic exchanges between tor, but to shipper, passenger and con-the two powers and on the other a sumer. Quoting from a New York re-series of carefully weighed interviews and authorized publications in the daily press. Underneath this current ran a deeper tide of sympathy between countrymen who might be at odds, but were still countrymen. "Intervention means war," said Senor Limautour in so many words. "Intervention?" echoed Dr. F. Vasquez Gomez, the insurrecto agent at Washington, who has been here for the last three days: "The moment there is intervention, there will cease to b an insurrection. Both

a common enemy." In his morning statement, Senor Limautour warned Americans to-day The result of this legislation had been that if they took part in the insurrecthe appointment of a United States tion and fell captives, they might expect federal commission to enquire into the the same justice as meted out to other entire question of railroad and indus- prisoners. In view of the suspension of constitutional guarantees recently an-"My contention is that a great cornounced, this means death, and the
poration like the C. P. R. to-day can
finance itself, and build every mile of
known to have followed diplomatic recaptured Americans be treated lenient-

FIRM PROHIBITIONIST G. D. GRIFFIN PASSES

tal Powers Were Remarkable-Wrote With Knowledge,

G. D. Griffin, Canada's veteran protectionist, died suddenly yesterday afnue, in his 87th year. Senile weakness was the cause.

mentally and physically up until a few months ago, but in the past several weeks showed signs of rapidly maturand when the member for London resumed his seat, he called down, "I've sumed his seat, he called down, "I've got even with you at last, Billy Mac-Dr. J. C. Carlyle was summoned, but weeks showed signs of rapidly maturing feebleness. Yesterday he returned from a walk, quite fatigued, and Mr. Hewitt failed to rally. Heart died in his arm chair shortly afterward. His faculties were clear up to New Measure Will Appar-

> demning the proposed trade pact and citing the evil effects of the old reciprocity treaty.

> In those early days, being heavily interested in large flour and woolen mills at Waterdown, which his father had founded, he suffered, along with other manufacturers, as a result of the compact. In 1855 he began writing on the issue in The Hamilton Spectator, and for three or four years, in the early sixtles, he published a journal called The Quarterly Review, whose sole polcy was protection.

> In 1861 he started a temperance paper in Hamilton called "The Herald of Truth," but was a short-lived pub-His articles and letters on protection

have appeared in many Canadian newspapers. The World and The Star contained some of the more recent. Sketch of Career.

Mr. Griffin was born in Waterdown Aug. 11, 1824, and was the second son of Ebenezer C. Griffin, founder of the ancient flour and woolen mills of Waterdown. It was Ebenezer Griffin who first supplied the Village of Waterdown, and he opened the first general store the place had. The father Ebenezer Griffin was one of the U. E. Loyalists who settled in Grimsby Township, Lincoln County, at the close

of the American revolution. G. D. Griffin lived in Toronto for the past 26 years. He is survived by a The children are: Justus A. Griffin of ton: H. M. Griffin of the Beaver Manufacturing Co., Galt; Watson Griffin, editor-in-chief of The Canadian Century Magazine; Miss Ida Griffin, Toronto; Geo. Griffin, Calgary, and Al-

Rev. W. S. Griffin, general secretary of the Methodist superannuation bureau, and Watson Griffin, Eureka, Nevada, are the only surviving brothers of deceased, while Mrs. John Nellis, Mount Clemens, Mich., and Mrs. Wes-Spohn, Ancaster, Ont., are sisters. Deceased was one of the founders of Dunn-avenue Methodist Church, and all his life was a strong temperance

A WASHINGTON CONFERENCE U. S. Wants to Treat on Preservation of Seal and Sea Otter in Pacific.

(Canadian, Associated Press Cable). LONDON, March 14.-Sir Edward Grev, replying to H. Staveley Hill, M.P., said he was unable to give any information regarding the intentions of the Russian Government in introducing a bill connected with the 12mile zone regarding the East Siberian fisheries, but that enquiry was being made as to the effect of such measure upon Canadian fishing interests. The Vashington ambassador had notified the government of the receipt of an avitation from the United States to a ofference on the preservation of seal and sea otter in the Pacific. The government was communicating with the Canadian Government in regard to at the Princess, is one of the most enaccepting the invitation.

LEGISLATION CURTAILS POWER OF HYDRO COMMISSION

Arbitration Not Required

There will be little satisfac-tion among the municipalities over the change in the Mc-

Naught Bill dealing with elec-

trical equipment. As between

board of arbitration and the

Ontario Railway Commission

there is little to choose, with the odds in favor of the board.

It is not arbitration that is re-

quired, but the determination of matters of fact. Under pro-

posals of arbitration munici-

palities can be put to all kinds of expense and delay. How will Toronto like an arbitration on

damages sustained by the stringing of wires and such matters in dispute between the

Flectric Light Co. and the city? The new bill looks like a dis-

tinct concession to the corpora-

tions and a throw-down of the

Strung on Private Poles But

While W. K. McNaught, M.L.A., re

marized the situation in an interview

"The commission," he stated, "had

to make the commission's power more

"While all matters in dispute are

Authority Will Cease Then.

municipalities.

ently Allow Private Companiesto Draw Competing Municipalities Into Prolonged Wrangles Over Compensation For Privileges - Legislation Will Apply to Whole Province.

W. K. McNaught's bill placing electric power companies competing with municipal enterprises under the control of the hydro-electric commission, which was shelved a few days ago.

will be formally withdrawn. It will be replaced by a new bill, of which Mr. McNaught gave notice yesterday, and will probably be fully explained to the Ontario Legislature this afternoon.

This bill is more comprehensive than the former bill. It will have the status of a government bill and will be carried thru the house with the full strength of Sir James Whitney's influence and that of his colleagues in the cabinet behind it.

The new bill is made provincial in

While the original bill applied only to companies entering into competition with municipal power systems, the new served for the legislature a full ex-measure gives the hydro-electric power planation of the purport of the modicommission power over all electrical power companies.

In case of disputes over questions of last night. damages, the jurisdiction is placed The new bill gives the cofmission first was led to consider the question under the Municipal Arbitration Act. absolute control over all power and of regulating municipal and private absolute control over all power and plants by the case at Gravenhurst, electric companies in the province. The where a boy was injured by defective commission will have supervision over municipal equipment, and the town the plant, equipment, operation, erecthe plant, equipment, operation, erect ages. Last year's clause had been tion of poles, stringing of wires and found to be too general, and the pres-

Disputes arising between municipal on the bill was being introduced in order laying of conduits. and private electric light companies, other than claims for damages, will in "While future be settled by the commission, to be settled finally by the commission, and all business carried on by any the question of damages will be set-electric company will be done under the direction and supervision of the mission is a partner with many municommission.

Debate on Reciprocity.

The reciprocity debate was resumed by W. Proudfoot (Lib.), Centre Huron, who declared the Liberal party to be sion is made that a board of arbitra-equally as loyal and patriotic Cana-dians as the Conservatives. He be-cide all questions of damages. If the lieved the opposition of the farmers commission orders that wires are to be of the United States to the agreement strung on the poles of an existing commission orders that wires are to be of the United States to the agreement strung on the poles of an existing commission orders will be final, but the able market to the Canadian farmers. question of how much the municipal-His experience in talking with Am-ericans during numerous visits to the be decided by the board of arbitration. United States was that they believed It will thus be seen that the new form Canada would be benefited by becom- of the bill will greatly widen the powing a part of the United States, but no ers of the commission, but at the same desire to annex Canada was ever expressed. It had been stated that if by private electrical companies. the Canadian farmers made more

Continued on Page 7, Column 3.

Raffies, the Amateur Cracksman. The play that Eugene Presbrey has made from E. W. Hornning's thrilling story, "Raffles." in which the clever story, Kyrle Bellew is appearing this week tertaining ever seen in this city.

BRANTFORD BOARD OF

ANADA FOR AMERICANS

Passes Resolution Condemning Re-

solution condemning the reciprocity pact with the United States, protesting of the maximum from \$950 to \$1050. against the ratification of the proposed treaty. The vote was taken after an acrimonious debate, in which several manufacturers took part, and was confined to the members of the board, altho the hall was packed by a large

gathering.
The resolution, which was moved by Mr. Harry Cockshutt, seconded by Mr. F. D. Reville, was as follows: "That whereas the conditions at pre-sent prevailing in our Dominion are

"And whereas interprovincial and interimperial trade are on a fairly prosperous and developing foundation, under existing fiscal arrangements; "Therefore, be it resolved: That in the opinion of the Brantford Board of To Arbitration Board To Arbitration Board

the opinion of the Brantford Board of Trade, our material, national and empire interests will be best served by keeping entirely free of reciprocity takers, from \$600 to \$750; telephone operanglements with the United States of the present time. We therefore the commission can order wires at the present time. We therefore ers, from \$550 to \$700; clerk, from \$650

in favor of reciprocity.

Many well-known Liberals, including C. H. Waterous, C. A. Waterous, J. B. Detwiler, F. Chalcraft, C. J. Harfications in the proposed power legis-lation made in his new bill, he sum-

ris, C. Cook, George Weblake and others, recorded their vote in protest An interesting feature of the debate not been guided in the matter by the Harry Cockshutt, mover of the reso-Company of Buffalo, he had been inat Walkerville, but as soon as the trade agreement was announced, negotiations were called off at once.

MINE MANAGER DEAD Milton T. Culbert Succumbs to Attack of Appendicitis.

Milton T. Culbert, manager of the cipalities taking power, it was decided O'Brien mine. Cobalt. Ont., died at St. that it should not be in a position to Michael's Hospital at 8.45 last night, state what the municipalities or com-panies should pay under the commis-sion's orders. In the new bill provifollowing an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Culbert, who was 30 years of age, was brought to the city Satur-day from Cobalt. He was operated on on Sunday. His wife and brother were with him when he died. He leaves one son, 3 years of age.

FRED'S NEW LID.

It used to be the top barrel, but yes-terday it was Fred Mossop's new lid, which Charlie Norris says he will imitate to-day.

Men's Hats.

At the time of the action by the To-ronto Electric Light Co. against the gentler sex. The English designs cover At the time of the action by the Tocity, Mr. Justice Middleton stated that a broad field extending from the s'arp sooner or later a situation would arise cut narrow brim to the flat shape with sooner or later a situation would arise which would call for the active intervention of the legislature, by the establishment of a commission which would have the right to deal with the entire that you cannot find beyond its doors, have the right to deal with the entire that you cannot find beyond its doors, matter. It is along that line that the government now is acting for Mr. Mc-Naught's is a government bill.

Naught's is a government bill.

Aldermen More Generous Than Chief Thompson in Proposing Increases -Minimum of \$750.

Possible increases to the salaries of the members of the city fire department were discussed at length yesterday afternoon by the civic fire and light committee. The subject was incommittee, consisting of Ald. Maguire and Ald. Sweeny, and Chief Thompson brought in a report on the same subject which did not call for so many or such large increases as that of the special committee. Ald. Dunn fought to have the chief's report go thru as the official recommendation of the committee, but the outcome was that the report of the special committee was sent on, with that of the chief accompanying it for information.

The committee recommended that the salaries of the firemen should start at \$750 and increase at the rate of \$100 per year until \$1000 per year was reached. The chief wanted it to start at \$600 per year, with the same maxiat \$600 per year, with the same maximum at the end of the sixth year. The committee favored a \$1100 mini-mum for lieutenants, with a maximum of \$1300 arrived at by annual increases of \$50. The chief, would raise the

of \$50. The chief, would raise the maximum from \$\$975 to \$1050.

The amount recommended by the committee for captains was \$1400 for the minimum and \$1600 for the maximum. The chief would advance the maximum from \$1100 to \$1200.

All agreed on \$1700 to start district chiefs, with a maximum of \$2000.

Deputy-Chief to Get \$3000.

The deputy chief will start on \$2500 and increase to \$3000 if the committee have their way, and this meets with the approval of the chief.

The committee made the same recommendation for the secretary, while the chief would raise his present salary of \$2300 at the rate of \$100 per year until the same maximum was

year until the same maximum was

reached.

The committee recommended that the salary of the chief be raised from \$3500 to \$4000 per year, and the chief had no recommendation in regard to

ciprocity After an Acrimonious fire alarm and telegraph recommended by the committee was \$1200, with a maximum of \$1500, reached by increases of \$75 per annum. The chief BRANTFORD, March 14—(Special.)

—By a vote of 53 to 49, the Brantford

Board of Trade to-night favored a re
respectively.

Board of Trade to-night favored a re
respectively.

Board of Trade to-night favored a re
respectively.

Brantford from \$1500, reached by increases of \$75 per annum. The chief would like to see the maximum raised from \$1400 to \$1600 per annum.

The assistant superintendent of this department is recommended by the committee for a start at \$900 and a really increase of \$75 per annum.

For a start the committee would give the junior assistant of this department \$850 and raise him to \$1000 by \$50 stages. This met with the approval of the chief.

Engineers' Increases.

The chief engineer of engines was recommended by the committee to start at \$1400 and attain \$1600 by \$50 instalments. The chief asked that the minimum be raised from \$1100 to \$1200. minimum be raised from the first the engineers of engines be started at \$1100 and reach \$1300, was sent prevailing in our Dominion are started at \$1100 and reach \$1000, satisfactory, in so far as agriculture, the advice of the committee. The chief commerce, industry and transportation asked that the maximum be made \$1000 instead of \$925.

The chief asked that the assistant engineers of engines have the maximum raised from \$875 to \$950, and the committee favored placing them on the same standing as ordinary firemen. strongly protest against the ratification of the proposed agreement."

An amendment was moved by E. L. Goold, seconded by Frank Cockshutt, in favor of reciprocity.

The present time. We therefore ets, took 3500; storekeeper, from \$925 to \$1100.

Before either the recommendations of the chief or the special committee can go thru, it will be necessary to take the department out of the juristhe increases of all the city depart-ments are made. This is what both are

anxious to do. Controller Church introduced a deputation consisting of Dr. Barton, secreof the University Athletic Association lution, that the Pratt and Letchford quested permission to build a stadium on the athletic field of cement, wood Company of Buffalo, he had been in-formed by Mr. Sherman, a member of the company, present in the hall, had been about to establish a large plant necessary to have the bylaw amended to take the place where the stadium is to be built out of the brick area before permission can be granted for the construction calling for other than fire-proof material. A bylaw to amend the bylaw for this purpose will be intro-duced at the next meeting of the council and permission for the erection of the stand will follow as a matter of course, as the chief of the fire department stated that there would be no danger from fire.

Ald. Maguire stated that he had been informed that the hydrant on King-st. adjacent to the fire yesterday morning was frozen and that the fire gained considerable headway as a result. The chief, who will report on the matter at the next meeting, ex-plained that the hydrants were looked As the secretary reported that he was unable to learn from the city electrical department when hydro-power would be available for street hanting or what the charges would be available. or what the charges would be, the or what the charges would be, the street lighting and park lighting estimates based on last year's expenditures, were passed. They call for an expenditure of \$164,391.45, as compared with \$149.548.47 last year.

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