## CITIES.

Cholera Infantum	296 4 57	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \\ 2 \\ 17 \end{array}$	3 13 13
Dysentery Hydrocephalus	4 17	6	7 2 5
Tabes Phthisis Other tubercular diseases	176	31	2 6

## GRAND TOTAL.

Cholera Infantum Cholera Morbus Diarrhea	758	138	160
Dysentery Tabes Phthisis Hydrocephalus Other tubercular diseases	283 62 1	78 26	2,231 9 16
	1,101	242	2,416

From this table a result comparable to that in England and some States of the Union is obtainable.

## DEATHS PER 1,000 FROM TUBERCULOSIS IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.

Country.	Phthisis.			Other Tubercular Diseases.				
England	1885 1880 1881	1.75 $1.8$ $1.2$	1886 1890 1891	$1.71 \\ 1.6 \\ 1.17$	1885 1890 1881	0.65	1886 1891	0.72 9.17

But if we apply the results of the accurate post morten studies, whether in Germany, Holland or England, we find that the percentage of persons affected with tuberculosis must be greatly increased.

Correcting the Ontario tables so as to make them comparable with others, we obtain the following results:

According to English tables  $12\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. of the total population is of 0 to 5 years, or, with an estimated population in Ontario of 2,146,020 in 1892, this equals 268,250, of which 1.5 per cent., or 32,190, are under one year of age. The population then of 5 years and over remaining is 1,877,750.