Translate into Latin:

1. The general was taking possession of the islands for the purpose of investigating the matter. 2. Dumnorix was making preparations for war with a view to seizing the erown. 3. To pacify the islanders the sailors were throwing the plunder overboard. 4. The seamen carry water from the woods into the town. 5. The senate is put to death by those who dwell on the island. 6. The mariners were entering the forest to investigate the matter. 7. Cacsar enters the harbour with his forces and puts the islanders to flight. 8. Because of the flight of the sailors Caesar does not take his army over to the island. 9. On account of the searcity1 of water Caesar does not spend2 the winter on the island. 10. Dumnorix incites the islanders to war with the intention of getting possession of the throne. 11. As water was searce Caesar evacuated the island3 and earried his troops over to Gaul.

¹ inopia.

^{2&}quot; spends," "is spending" and "does spend" are all expressed by the Present Indicative in Latin.

³How much of this may be omitted if the context has made it clear that Cæsar is on the island? Detached sentences have little meaning.

N.B.—To the teacher.—Give your pupils the context when necessary. For example, in dealing with 2 state a few facts about Dumnorix; in 3 manufacture an intelligible context.