

formation on this important branch of law. The editor claims to refer to all cases that have been decided by the Canadian Courts, besides all rules and statutes which appear upon the text; as he says, this will be helpful in aiding in the assimilation of English and Canadian law, and "forging another link in the chain of common jurisprudence in the two countries." A glance at the preface to the first edition published in 1858 shews the development which has taken place since the time when the Proctors at Doctors Commons "made this part of their art a mysterious property, in the knowledge of which neither the public nor the general profession should participate."

An Epitome of Constitutional Law and Cases, by W. H. HASTINGS KEELKE, M.A., Barrister-at-law. London: Sweet & Maxwell, Limited, 3 Chancery Lane, 1907.

This little book of one hundred and ninety pages, is founded on Broom's Constitutional Law, and is in fact an elementary treatise giving a connected sketch of constitutional law as a whole, with occasional full abstracts of the leading cases. It may be looked upon as an introduction to the larger works of Dicey and Anson; compact and very readable.

Trades' Union Law, by HERMAN COHEN, Barrister-at-law. Second edition, London: Sweet & Maxwell, Limited, 3 Chancery Lane, 1907.

Trade unions have come to stay, and trade union law, as the author remarks, "is now mainly a code for the regulation or non-regulation of the internal affairs of the societies, and the Taff Vale controversy is becoming a thing of the past." The historical parts have therefore been eliminated from the present edition. The contents are the various acts affecting the subject matter with annotations and references to decided cases.

United States Decisions.

OPTION.—A broker who finds a person who takes an option upon the purchase of a certain mining property, which is never carried out, is held, in *Crowe v. Trickey*, Advance Sheets, U. S. (1906) 275, to have no right, where the owner dies before the