2. The following benefits and privileges are now available for the Indians governed by treaty No. 6:

- (a) The use of reserve land set apart for the Indians.
- (b) Schools.
- (c) Hunting and fishing for food on reserves and unoccupied crown lands to which Indians have right of access subject to federal laws and regulations.
- (d) An annuity of \$5 a year to each Indian.
- (e) An annual salary of \$25 to each chief and \$15 to each subordinate officer (councillor).
- (f) A suitable suit of clothes every three years to each chief and subordinate officer (councillor).
- (g) Ammunition, nets and twine in the amount stipulated.

In addition to the benefits and privileges accruing to the Indians under the terms of the treaty, the Indians are eligible to receive benefits under social legislation, such as, the Family Allowances Act, Old Age Security Act, Old Age Assistance Act, Blind Persons Act, Disabled Persons Act, Veterans' Land Act, and other legislation respecting veterans for which they qualify. Assistance in housing construction and repairs is provided for the aged and the destitute on the basis of need, and relief and special welfare assistance is also provided when necessary. Seed is distributed, livestock improved, and related assistance given where necessary to help the Indians become established in agriculture.

Questions

The Indians may apply for revolving fund loans for the purposes provided by section 69 of the Indian Act. In accordance with the provisions of the Indian Act, the Indians are exempt from taxation on real and personal property situated on a reserve, and their real and personal property on the reserve is not subject to seizure.

RADIO RECEIVING SETS

Question No. 451-Mr. Brown (Essex West):

1. How many radio receiving sets are there in Canada at the present time, by provinces?

2. How many radio receiving sets were in Canada in the years 1941 and 1951?

3. How many radio receiving sets have been manufactured in Canada in each of the years 1941 to 1955 inclusive?

4. How many radio receiving sets have been sold by manufacturers in Canada in each of the years 1941 to 1955 inclusive?

5. How many radio receiving sets have been imported into Canada in each of the years 1941 to 1955 inclusive?

6. How many households in Canada have at least one radio receiving set, by provinces?

Answer by: Mr. Dickey, Parliamentary Assistant, for the Minister of Trade and Commerce:

1. Information not available. Number of households with one or more radios as of September, 1955—3,712,000. Distribution is as follows:

Number of households in Canada with at least one radio and showing number with one, two, three, and four or more, by provinces, September, 1955 (not including automobile radios).

Number of households with:

Province	House- holds with radios	One radio	Two radios	Three radios	More than three radios
	(estimates in thousands)				
Canada	3,712	2,713	751	179	69
Newfoundland	76	66	9	*	*
Prince Edward Island	22	18	*	*	sje
Nova Scotia	156	119	28	7	sje
New Brunswick	117	93	18	4	*
Quebec	969	786	144	30	9
Ontario	1,288	833	332	86	37
Manitoba	217	158	42	11	6
Saskatchewan	227	182	35	7	*
Alberta	278	210	51	13	4
British Columbia	362	248	89	19	6

* Less than 4,000. 67509—2441