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ition to disseminate official news.**Subscription Rates.**One year..... \$2.00
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should be made payable to the CANA-
DIAN OFFICIAL RECORD.**EXTRACT FROM ORDER IN COUNCIL
No. 2206.**

"The Committee of the Privy Council further
observes that as this war is being waged by the
whole people of Canada, it is desirable that the
whole people should be kept as fully informed
as possible as to the acts of the Government
which are concerned with the conduct of the
war, as well as with the solution of our domestic
problems; and for this purpose an Official Record
should be instituted to be issued weekly for the
purpose of conveying information as to all Gov-
ernment measures in connection with the war
and as to the national war activities generally."

**BUSINESS PROFITS
TAX COLLECTIONS.**

In reply to a question asked
regarding collections from the
Business Profits Tax, Sir
Thomas White, Minister of
Finance, gave the following
figures in the House of Com-
mons on Monday, April 28:—
Fiscal year.

1916-1917	\$12,506,516 72
1917-1918	21,271,083 57
1918-1919	32,970,061 81

Information as to how much
remained for collection, the
minister explained, could not
be supplied, as a number of
returns are held for adjust-
ment.

**PAY BOND INTEREST
INTO W.S.S. FUND**

Over \$18,000,000 paid on
Victory Bonds should
be re-invested.

In a recent statement the National
War Savings organization says:—

May Day saw \$18,000,000 paid in in-
terest to the holders of Victory Bonds
issued in 1918. This was by far the
largest single interest payment ever
made in Canada. Incidentally, it is only
one of many, for Canadians will draw
over \$70,000,000 in war bonds' interest
this year.

The question arises, how much of this
money will be saved? Will the over
1,000,000 holders of Victory Bonds in
the Dominion become systematic savers,
thus helping themselves and the country,
or will they discontinue saving?

A large portion of these \$18,000,000
should be invested in War Savings
Stamps, which are Government bonds
and just as secure as Victory Bonds
are. Victory Bonds started hundreds of
thousands of people saving, who should
continue the practice, which is made
easy through War Savings and Thrift
Stamps.

Let Thrift Stamps take care of
your change.

**FULL TEXT AS ACCEPTED
BY PEACE CONFERENCE**

Canada, as well as other Self-Governing Dominions,
named in Important Annex to Document—Thirteen
Neutrals invited to join League.

[Continued from page 5.]

mandate, the mandatory shall render to
the Council an annual report in refer-
ence to the territory committed to its
charge.

The degree of authority, control or ad-
ministration to be exercised by the man-
datory shall, if not previously agreed
upon by the members of the League, be
explicitly defined in each case by the
Council.

A permanent commission shall be con-
stituted to receive and examine the
annual reports of the mandatories, and
to advise the Council on all matters re-
lating to the observance of the mandates.
(This is the original article 19, vir-
tually unchanged, except for the inser-
tion of the words "and who are willing
to accept," in describing nations to be
given mandatories.)

HUMANE PROVISIONS.

ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE.—Sub-
ject to and in accordance with the pro-
visions of international conventions ex-
isting or hereafter to be agreed upon, the
members of the League (a) will endeav-
our to secure and maintain fair and
humane conditions of labour for men,
women and children, both in their own
countries and in all countries to which
their commercial and industrial relations
extend, and for that purpose will estab-
lish and maintain the necessary inter-
national organizations; (b) undertake to
secure just treatment of the native
inhabitants of territories under their
control; (c) will entrust the League
with the general supervision over the
execution of agreements with regard to
the traffic in women and children, and
the traffic in opium and other danger-
ous drugs; (d) will entrust the League
with the general supervision of the
trade in arms and ammunition with
the countries in which the control of
their traffic is necessary in the common
interest; (e) will make provision to
secure and maintain freedom of com-
munication and of transit and equit-
able treatment for the commerce of all
members of the League, and in this
connection the special necessities of the
regions devastated during the war of
1914-1918 shall be kept in mind; (f)
will endeavour to take steps in matters
of international concern for the pre-
vention and control of disease.

(This replaces the original article 20,
and embodies part of the original
articles 18 and 21. It eliminates a
specific provision formerly made for a
bureau of labour and adds the clauses
(b) and (c).)

INTERNATIONAL BUREAUS.

ARTICLE TWENTY-FOUR.—There
shall be placed under the direction of
the League all international bureaus
already established by general treaties
if the parties to such treaties consent.
All such international bureaus and all
commissions for the regulation of
matters of international interest here-
after constituted shall be placed under
the direction of the League.

In all matters of international in-
terest which are regulated by general
conventions, but which are not placed
under the control of international
bureaus or commissions, the secretariat
of the League shall, subject to the con-
sent of the Council and if desired by
the parties, collect and distribute all
relevant information and shall render
any other assistance which may be
necessary or desirable.

The Council may include as part of
the expenses of the secretariat the ex-
penses of any bureau or commission
which is placed under the direction of
the League.

(Same as article 22, in the original,
with the matter after the first two
sentences added.)

ARTICLE TWENTY-FIVE.—The
members of the League agree to en-
courage and promote the establishment
and co-operation of duly authorized

voluntarily national Red Cross organ-
izations having as purposes improve-
ment of health, the prevention of
disease, and the mitigation of suffering
throughout the world.

(Entirely new.)

COVENANT AMENDMENTS.

ARTICLE TWENTY-SIX.—Amend-
ments to this covenant will take effect
when ratified by the members of the
League whose representatives compose
the Council and by a majority of the
members of the League whose repre-
sentatives compose the Assembly.

Such amendment shall (the word
"not" apparently omitted in cable
transmission) bind any member of the
League which signifies its dissent there-
from, but in that case it shall cease to
be a member of the League.

(Same as the original, except that a
majority of the League instead of three-
fourths is required for ratification of
amendments, with the last sentence
added.)

ANNEX TO THE COVENANT.

ONE.—Original members of the
League of Nations—Signatories of the
Treaty of Peace—United States of
America, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil,
British Empire, Canada, Australia,
South Africa, New South Wales, India,
China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ecuador,
France, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti,
Hedjaz, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Li-
beria, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru,
Poland, Portugal, Rumania, Servia,
Siam, Uruguay.

States invited to accede to the coven-
ant—Argentina Republic, Chile, Colom-
bia, Denmark, Netherlands, Norway,
Paraguay, Persia, Salvador, Spain,
Sweden, Switzerland, Venezuela.

TWO.—First secretary-general of the
League of Nations (blank).

(The annex was not published with
the original draft of the covenant.)

**POSITIONS VACANT IN
THE CIVIL SERVICE**

Superintendent of Forest
Product Laboratories for
Montreal wanted.

The Civil Service Commission of
Canada give notice that applica-
tions will be received from persons
qualified to fill the following posi-
tions in the Civil Service of Canada:

A Superintendent of Forest Products
Laboratories; Salary \$3,500 per
annum.

1. A Superintendent of the Forest
Products Laboratories of Canada,
Montreal, P.Q., Department of the In-
terior, at a salary of \$3,500 per an-
num. Applicants must be university
graduates in forestry, chemistry or en-
gineering, and must have had at least
three years' experience since gradua-
tion in (a) research laboratory work
in one of the above lines of study; (b)
practical work in some industry or
work in which wood is used as the
chief raw material, e.g., lumbering,
pulp and paper manufacture, wood dis-
tillation, etc.; or (c) practical ex-
perience in forestry administration or
research. Applicants must possess a
high grade of scientific ability, and
capacity for research work, a broad
knowledge of the technical characteris-
tics and uses of Canadian woods, and
initiative and ability in organization
and administration.

A Live Stock Assistant at Winnipeg;
Salary \$2,000 per annum.

2. A Permanent Officer in the Out-
side Service of the Live Stock Branch,
Department of Agriculture, to assist
the officer-in-charge at the Winnipeg

Stock Yards at an initial salary of
\$2,000 per annum. Candidates must be
competent judges of live stock and have
a working knowledge of marketing live
stock. They must have the training
and education necessary to keep ac-
curate records, prepare news articles,
handle correspondence and the general
work of an office.

Two Superintendents of Construction;
Salaries \$350 per month.

3. Two Superintendents of Construc-
tion, one for the Toronto Public Build-
ing and one for the Federal Building,
Montreal, at salaries of \$350 per
month, Department of Public Works.
Applicants should be thoroughly com-
petent architects with from eight to
ten years' experience as principal of an
architectural firm, or have practised
for themselves for a similar period, and
should be accustomed to superinten-
dence of construction. The persons ap-
pointed to these positions will be re-
quired to devote the whole of their time
to this work.

A Superintendent of Construction;
Salary \$250 per month.

4. A Superintendent of Construction
for the Hamilton Public Building, De-
partment of Public Works, at a salary
of \$250 per month. Applicants should
be thoroughly competent architects
with from 6 to 8 years' experience as
principal of an architectural firm, or
have practised for themselves for a
similar period, and should be accus-
tomed to superintendence of construc-
tion. The person appointed to this
position will be required to devote the
whole of his time to this work.

A Superintendent of Construction;
Salary \$200 to \$250 per month.

5. A Superintendent of Construction
for the Educational Block, Royal Mil-
itary College, Kingston, Department of
Public Works, at a salary of \$200 to
\$250 per month. Candidates must be
thoroughly competent and experienced
in reinforced concrete construction and
stone work.

Selections for eligible lists of appli-
cants qualified to fill similar vacancies
which may occur in future may be
made from applications for these posi-
tions.

According to law, preference is given
to returned soldier applicants, possess-
ing the minimum qualifications. Re-
turned soldier applicants should furnish
a certified copy of their discharge cer-
tificates. Preference will also be given
to bona fide residents of the provinces
in which the vacancies occur.

For positions numbers 3, 4 and 5,
applications by letter stating age and
qualifications must reach the office of
the Secretary of the Civil Service Com-
mission not later than May the 10th.
For positions numbers 1 and 2, appli-
cation forms, properly filled in, must be
filed in the office of the Civil Service
Commission not later than May the
20th. Application forms may be ob-
tained from the Dominion Provincial
Employment Offices or the Secretary of
the Civil Service Commission, Ottawa.

By order of the Commission.

WM. FORAN,

Ottawa, April 24, 1919. Secretary.

Canada's Coal Consumption.

As shown in the report on the Coal
Trade of Canada prepared by the Dom-
inion Statistician for the year ended
March 31, 1918, the total consumption
of coal and coke by the industries of
the country, during that period,
amounted to 6,446,445 tons of bitumin-
ous, 439,804 tons of anthracite and
2,061,792 tons of coke.

Increased Export Needed.

Imports in the last analysis can only
be paid for by exports. The Dominion
war debt has grown so that an increased
export trade is imperative, according to
the advisors of the Canadian Trade Com-
mission.

Canada's National Debt.

The Canadian national debt in 1914
totalled \$46 a head. It is now over \$270.
Increased trade only, says the Canadian
Trade Commission can help us to carry
the new burden.

\$4.01 buys a War Savings
Stamp.