## From the Halifax Guardian.

## THE PROFLIGATE'S DREAM.

* God apeakethonec, yea twice, yet man perceiveth it not. In a dresm, in a rision of the night, when deep sleep falleth upon men, in slumbering upon the bed: then he openeth the cars of men, and sealeth the ir instruction, that he may withdraw inan from bis purpose."
Jr is not our purpose at present to shew the wisdonn or folly of putting implicit confidence in al the dreans and visions with which our minds may be occupied during the slumbers of the midnight hour, but only to give the subscance of a dream of most thrilling interest, which we have lately read in the pages of a popular Gaelic Journal, published at Glasgow. Phe feclings which we experienced and which were excited within us while perusigg the following simple, and unrarnished narrative, we find ourselvesiutterly at a loss to describe, and we deem that man to haremade most fearful adrances in the path Which leads down to the chambers of death, who can rise from its perusal without feeling simila emotions excited within his own beart.
Some ycars ago, there was formed in Glasgow a Society of wealthy young men, of the most dis colute and depraved habits, who assembled reritharls once a week in the dead hour of the night to a certain house, where gambling, drinking, and similar vicious practices formed their principal pastime, and the horrible name with which they designated themselves was "The Infernal Society."
They exulted and boasted in this awful designation. None could be admitted as a member of this Society unless he rendered himself celebrated for the commission of every sort of crime and profligacy, and excelled in giving utteranice to the most horrible blasphemies.
In this profigate assembly there was one young man who ontstripped all his compeers in every thing that was vicious and criminal. In his younger days he dístinguished himself for talent and Parning,-Hís personal appearance was commanding and propossessing, and he stood connected vith one of the wealthicst and most respectable families in Glasgow. This abandoned youth was nursed and cducated by a fond and doating mother. She seldom could feel inclined to oppose the will of her wayward boy, far less could she think of rebuking or punishing him when she saw him err from the path of duty. Ere he attained his five and twentieth year, there existed not his equal throughout the whole extent of his native country, in crery specics of iniquity and crime What was heaven, or hell, or cternity to him? words, in his cstimation, without meaning-matlets of sport and derision.
One night after the ycung man returned from the Society', where he had passed the night in the manner above described, he retired to his bed with his mind full of the scencs he had left: and having fallen asleep, he dreamed that he was riding as usual on his farourite black steed-that he was cturning to his home, now called Blythwood, in the neighbourhood of Glasgow, a place surrounded with most delightful sicenery. He thought that some one whom he could not recornise in the ourrounding darkness, approached, and seiz.ing the horse by the bridle, with a commanding voice ordered him " instantly to follow." "And who aro yon ?" said the youth, uttering the most horrid and fearful oaths, as was his usual practice. "Let go the bridle, or I will find means to compel you," fiercely insisted the youth. "You will too aoon learn who am," replied this strange unknown. "Follow me instantly," said he with a roice which filled the mind of this infatnated youth with an overwholming thrill of horror, The youth applied the whip and spur to his horse with all his might to drive him onwards. The high mettled charger rearin.r, and suddenly starting, gallopped as on the wings of the wind. It uras with difficulty he could keep the saddle; yet though the horse fed with the speed of lightning, the "6 terrible unknown" krpt close by his side, and he found it impossihle to leave. him behind! The rider was horror struck. He plunged the spurg into his charger's side, with the view of outspeeding this mysterious person, and leaving him behind, but his high, spirited horse suddenly eprung to the other side of the road and again reared. The rider now lost his scat, and in his fall anticipated that he would be crushed in a thousand pieces to the earth; but no earth nonderneath him could he feel, but he found himself descend-
ing with fearful rapidly to an inconccivable
depth. At length he stopped his downward depth. At length he stopped his downward
career, and to his tnntterable amazement he frund standin. before him the same "unknown individual" who had before seized his hurse by he bridle, and said to him, "Follow me instanty." A suxdden thrill of horror and dread came over him. "Whither dost thou lead me ?" said the youth. "Who art thou? Wilt thou not speak? Whither art thou leading me ?" "To Hell," said the other, with an unearthly yell! 0! how often was this word and place the butt of his scorn and ridicule, but now a rush of the most horrible emotions overwhelmed his soul. "Onward" replied bis mysterious guide, "Onward to the lowesi Hell." A liood of the brightest light suddenly burst upon his astonisheris vision, and afterwards appeared a stream of liquid fire wbich illuminated the place whither he wis conducted by his strange and mysterious guide; but instead of hearing the groans and cries of the damned, he could only perceive dancing, and merriment, and every demonstration of joy on every side.
At length he arrived at the door of the most maynificent palace he ever beheld upon earth, and within this stately fabric he witnessed sights which filled him with astonishment. Every species of gambling, of mirth, and of revelry, which take place on carth, were conducted here with tentold ardour and intensity, Here might be seen the imprudent and unwary youth, the votaries of pleasure and vice, some riding their fiery steens alons wide extenided plains- some quailing th. 9 madilening cup with horrid imprecations bursting rom their blasphemous tongues-while others vere amassing riches and wealth with the same unquenchable ardour as characterised them upon carth. He saw others staking with maddened infatuation their all of earthly fortune at the fa(al gambling board: He soon found himself surrounded with a circle of persons who were atione time his boon companions, but whom he remembered 10 have been consigned years before to the silent tomb; but all were now apparently in the eager pursuit of that which occupied their time while upon carth.
The mysterious guide who conducted him to this place, now left him. He saw a lady of grea pride and wealth, with whom he was but too intimately acquainted at one period, but whom he at once remembered to have left the world some years beforc. He advanced to where she stood and salnited her. "Do you know,"" said he "that the person who condocted me to this ptace this night has informed me that this is Hell? If this be hell, I would not desire to be in a happier place. Accompany me, and let us travel over these beautiful plains which extend before us as far as the eye can see. Rest from your sport and gambling, for a little while, I beseech you, and accompany me." "Rest," she replied, with a yell which penetrated his inmost soul-" Rest! there is no rest in hell! Behold," sain she, drawing aside the fold of a rich robe, and disclosing to his horrified gaze a number of tiery serpents encircling her heart; "Behold the worm that never dies, and the fire that oball never be quenclied." Within and around her hicart these were incessantly employing their poisonous fangs on her very vitals. He shrunk back with horror, and turning from the loathsome sight, found himself ainong a dense assemblage of people, whose exposed bosoms presented the same revolting spec-tacle.-There were unnumbered thousands, and each was enduring his allotted punishment. The hearts of some were bared before bis eyc; and he could see showers of liquid fire descending upon them "hurning and yet not consumed" through an unending eternity. From the excruciating pains which they endured they writhed and struggled on the earth with fearful agony, which evinced its intensty by "weeping and gnashing of teeth." In every bosom be witnessed spectacles of misery and torture, and anguish Which it is not in the power of human language these unceasing torments to conceive and all these unceasing torments the sad and baneful efiects of a mispent life, the fruits arising from on egratitication of their evil passions, while up-
"s This,'" said an unearthly voice which addressed him as with the noise of ten thöosand Whandert, "this is the joy und happiness of Hell." While te withdrew from these gloomy mansions of eternal woe, he met with unnumbered multitudes who were crowding thither. Some of them,
as already stated, he recollected to have left the world years before, and cager in the commission of every iniquity. As this was their delight upon earth, so now it has become their doom and pun slıment in Hell.
He saw among the rest one who was his intimate associate in this world, riding on a fiery steed, which flew by him swift as the wind of heavon, pursuing the fleet slag in the never en ding chace. "Stay, stay!" said he "O! canst thou not stay for one moment and speak ?"' Scarcely had he spoken, when he again heard the awiul words, and the same unearthly yell responded to, as with ten thousand voices as the sound of thunder. "Rest! there is no rest in Hell !"
He endeavoured to shut his eyes; but this was impossible. He threw himself uponhell's. burning pavement, but even that seemed to reject him, and he was again thrown with violence upon his feet; and could not for ene moment turn away his eyes from the unceasing fiery flood of everlasting vengeance which was poured upon the wretched inmates of the place of torment. And this place was hell-the sport of the unwise一the derision of the ungodly and profane.
He now perceived that his onearthly and mysterious guide who conducted him to this place was again at his side. "O take me from this place !" cried the miserable youth. "Let me ont of this place !-for the sake of that Grea God whom I had so often blasphemed, and whom 1 had so often contcmned and despised-for bis sake let me quit this awful place."

Can you, dare you still take that name in your unhallowed lips ?" said the wicked spirit who stood before him, with a fiendish grin of mockery and contempt. "Mark me," said he, "Iou may depart for the present, but twelve months from this day, you and I shall meet never to part."

The young man awakened, and these last words which the opirit of darkness had spoken he felt es if impressed by living fire on his heart and brain.

To be continued.

PRESSURE OF THE ATMOSPHERE.
THE weight of the atmosphese is: near fiftecrs pounds on every square inch, so that if we conld entirely squee.ce out the air between our hands, they would clintre together with a force equal to he pressure of double this weight, because the air would press upon both hands ; and if we could contrive to suck or squeeze out the air between one hand and the wall, it would be pressed on i with the weight of abore two hundred ponnds near fifteen pounds on every square inch of the hand ! Now by a late most curious discovery of Everard Home, the distingurshed anatomist, it is found that this is the $v \in r y$ process by which flies and other insects of a similar description are enabled to walk upon perpendicular surfaces, bowever smooth, as the sides of walls and panes of glass in windows, and to ivalk as easily along the ceiling of rooms with their bodies downwards and their feet overhead. Their feet, when examined by a microscope, are found to have flat skins or flaps, like the feet of web footed animals as ducks and geese ; and they have, by means of strong folds, the power of drawing the flap close down upon the glass or wall the fly walks on, and thus squeczing out the air completely, so as to make a vacunm between the foot and the glass or wall. The consequence of this is, that the air presses the foot on the wall with a very considerable force compared to the weight of the fly tor ifits fect are to its hody in the same proportion as ours are to our bodies, since we could support by a single hand on the ceiling of the room (provided it made a racuum) more than ou whole weight of two hundred pounds, the Hy can easily move on four feet, in the same man ner, by help of the vacuum made under its feet And it has likewise been found that some of the larger sea animals are, by the same construction, enabled to climb the perpendicalar and smooth surfaces of the ice hills among which they live. Some kinds of lizards have the same pow er of climbing and of creeping with their bodies downurards along the ceiling of the room, and the means by which the Fare enabled to do so are
the same. And in the large feet of those animals the contrivance is easily observed, of the locs and muscile, by which the skia of she foot

