

garded rather as the results of mechanical effects than of any specific action of alcohol on the nerve tissue. This was confirmed by another observer who obtained similar results in a small series of cases by the injection in the same manner of small quantities of Schleich's solution. The method of Schlosser, viz. of introducing his solutions (for trigeminal neuralgia) by means of a curved needle directly into the main roots of the nerve close to important vital structures and large vessels, seemed an undertaking of considerable risk, though in only one out of 80 cases did he experience serious results, viz: a temporary paralysis of the oculo-motorius. Krause of Berlin in the course of the discussion still maintained that many cases were refractory to all forms of treatment and in such instances, surgical removal of the ganglion was the only worthy procedure. The operation which he considers as the most difficult in surgery, almost invariably gives relief and to those of us who had the pleasure of seeing his skilled performance, it would be with no hesitation that we would recommend patients to undertake the risk. Shortly before the meeting he performed, here in Berlin, his 57th successful removal of the ganglion, the operation taking little more than half an hour.

The treatment of sciatica was discussed at great length no special points being developed other than the successful results in some instances by injections of Stovain into the spinal canal. In a series of experiments made by Finkelberg, where injections of fluids were made directly *into* the nerves of rabbits, paralysis almost invariably followed leading him to the conclusion that Schlosser and others obtained their results rather by the pressure effects of the fluids around the nerves than by any direct or specific action on the nerve fibres.

Brieger again, whose work on Hydro therapeutics is well known, claims for his methods of treatment cures in 80% of sciatic cases, and urges in addition the regulation of the Diet, the diminution in meats, especially for those whose diathesis is uratic.

In several communications on *the prevalence of Tuberculosis* it was agreed that Nagele's former contention that