aberrations, including two European, one Asiatic, and three North American; viz:

"americana.—Fore wing rather more orange-red. Eastern States and Canada.

interoceanica.—Fore wing browner. Western Canada. pacifica.—Fore wing grayer, California." This latter is not in accord with Smith's diagnosis.

367. H. pallescens Smith.—The male and female types in the Washington Museum are from Calgary. They differ from medialis from Colorado in lacking the reddish tints, and in having the entire ground colour washed with white. Some Calgary specimens are a good deal darker than the type, but scarcely reddish. The form was not even recognised as a variety in Dyar's catalogue, though the difference in colour is somewhat striking. Hampson treats them as species. I think it likely that the differences are merely varietal, but have not seen enough Colarado material to enable me to form a fair judgment, and have none from there in my collection. Mr. Baird has taken pallescens at High River, and I have it from Cranbrook. B.C.

368. Papaipema sp.? The type of impecuniosa is a male from Massachusetts, and is in the British Museum. Sir George Hampson figures a specimen like it. There are two Red Deer River specimens from me in the same series. But, like the rest I have seen from that locality, they differ from impecuniosa in the form and course of the central shade, which is more like that in purpurifascia, rigida and verona, the latter being a much paler thing from Winnipeg. The form of the t.p. line is something between that in impecuniosa and purpurifascia. The colour and maculation otherwise is much like that of impecuniosa, but the orbicular and claviform may be either yellow or white. Unfortunately I have only three specimens now left in my collection, not having visited the locality for some years.

## (To be continued.)

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