Printers' Material for Sale Cheap.

15 double and single racks.
1 imposing Stone.
16 pairs cases nonpareil type
12 pairs cases minion type.
Type 12½ cents a pound.
Must be taken away at once.

WORLD OFFICE

The Toronto World.

NO 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO
A One Cent Morning Paper.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Daily (without Sundays) by the year	$3 00
" " by the month	25
Sunday Edition, by the year	2 00
" " by the month	20
Daily (Sundays included) by the year	3 00
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A BIG FUTURE FOR TRUST COMPANIES.

It is only twelve years since the management of trusts in Canada has been undertaken by a corporate company. Previous to that time trusts of every nature were placed in the hands of private individuals. Twelve years' experience with corporate trustees has brought to light the many superior advantages they possess over individual trustees. A company that makes it its special business to look after estates, to administer wills, to invest trust moneys and the like is a great deal more competent to attend to such matters than is the ordinary individual. The company also ought to be able to administer these affairs more cheaply, handling as it does so many of them. A corporate trust company has this valuable feature, that it never dies, or gets sick, or is disabled through any circumstances, from attending to business. When the individual trustee dies the estate that he is managing is liable to get a severe wrench, much to the disadvantage of those concerned in the estate. In the case of a corporation individual officers disappear from the scene from time to time, but in an institution that has many shareholders and officers the changes in the personnel that are bound to occur from time to time do not in any way interfere with the company's affairs. This continuity of action is one of the causes that has tended to the large development of the business of the Canadian Trust Companies. Another advantage that the corporate trustee possesses over the individual is the security of the trust property. The company, as a rule, is composed of stockholders who are liable on their shares, and a reserve fund is set apart to add further security for the faithful discharge of matters entrusted to the company. These are among the reasons that account for the recent expansion of the business of trust companies, not only in Canada, but throughout the world.

AN OBJECT LESSON IN PROTECTION.

The output from Canadian paper mills will be much larger this year than ever. Many of the mills are introducing improved machinery. Prices generally rule low on account of this increased competition, but profits are nearly as broad as before. Disastrous cutting prevailed in previous years, but a sort of understanding among the manufacturers has prevented this feature in last year's business, or at least reduced it to a minimum. Few people have an adequate conception of the development of the paper trade and kindred industries in Canada during the past 12 or 14 years. In 1879 the present moderate protective tariff was adopted, with the specific object of encouraging home industries. The census of 1881 was no criterion of the benefits which had accrued from the change in the Government policy; the protective tariff had been adopted at too recent a date to show any appreciable increase in the different branches of industry.

The decennial enumeration of 1891, however, tells the story. So far as the actual number of paper mills in Canada is concerned, the increase is not very great, although the output shows a material advancement. In 1881 there were 36 of these establishments, and in 1891 37. The capital invested in the former year was $2,237,950, the number of hands employed 1520, the wages paid $444,756, the total value of raw material $1,409,427, and the total value of products $2,446,693. According to the last census the capital invested in paper mills in Canada had increased to $5,259,207, more than double what it was ten years before.—The Paper Mill (American).

The Globe of course will be sorry to learn that the paper industry in Canada has developed so extensively by reason of the National Policy. According to The Globe's idea of political economy, Canada would have been more prosperous to-day without this increased development in the paper business than with it. Canada would have been and would be more prosperous if it bought its paper from English or United States manufacturers instead of from Canadian producers. The price of paper in Canada is very little above the level of the price elsewhere. Few articles of commerce have fallen in price as paper has within 10 or 15 years. The material in the daily papers of not many years ago used to cost from 6 to 8 cents a pound. Now it sells at 3 and 3½ cents. Canada has in abundance the raw material from which paper is made. With a larger market she could beat the world in this industry. While we are shut out of the United States and other countries by adverse tariffs, it is satisfactory to realize that we have had the good sense to retain our own market at any rate for our own people. The Globe's theory is that Canada should abandon paper making if it is found to be a fact that the Americans can produce and sell paper for, say, half a cent less per pound than we can. If we pursue this argument to its logical conclusion we will arrive at many theoretical absurdities. On the same theory the farmer would never make for himself a sawhorse or a wagon-box, because if he reckoned his time as worth that of the ordinary laborer or mechanic, he would find his saw-horse and wagon-box costing him perhaps 50 per cent higher than the factory-made article. On the same theory the Canadian farmer should be advised not to grow wheat, because the people of Argentina or of Russia can produce it at less cost. The true theory is for Canada and every other country to do whatever their hands find to do. Let each country endeavor to find employment for its people, the same as a parent seeks employment for his children. It is surely an absurd proposition to say that Canada should not make paper because the Americans can produce it half a cent a pound cheaper. This comparison of our prices with those of other countries is a theoretical illusion. The object we should have in view is the affording of employment for our people. If the conditions of paper manufacture in Canada are such that we cannot pay the workmen engaged in it $12 a week, then let us give them $11 or even $10, no matter what they get in other countries. It is better that men should find work at small wages than that they should go without employment altogether.

"WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH THE TOWN?"

To-day another correspondent writes a letter to The World enquiring "What's the matter with the town?" It is admitted on all sides that Toronto is not only not progressing, but that her citizens are making no united effort to extend her industries. A few years ago it looked as if Toronto was an octopus that was destined to absorb the trade and industries of the provincial towns. To-day the tables seem to be turned. The provincial cities are both holding their own and creating new enterprises. As our correspondent points out, such towns as Cornwall, Galt, St. Catharines, Collingwood and other places are attracting new industries, while Toronto is stationary, if, indeed, the city is not losing ground. Self-interest ought to force our wealthy citizens into a united action of some kind for attracting new industries. As long as our population remains stationary there will be no market for the vacant land that abounds within and adjacent to the city. With no market in prospect for this property it becomes practically worthless, of little value, except for market garden purposes. With so many citizens interested in property of this kind it is strange to find so much indifference to the city's progress. A good deal of talk goes on about one thing and another, and when it comes to such a question as the running of the blameless street cars on Sunday, half the town gets into a turmoil, and works itself into a white heat in opposition to the project. But when a proposition is made to introduce a new enterprise into the city, or to extend the city's influence by the building of a new railway, or anything of a like nature, no enthusiasm whatever is manifested. Every such project dies (and is buried almost before its birth is announced. That is the most serious feature about the situation in Toronto to-day.

We are making no effort to better our condition. The Mayor's announcement yesterday in regard to the payment of the first instalment of taxes shows that the town is not so very hard up. There is no lack of capital that might be employed to set enterprises going. The only thing wanted to ensure a return of prosperity is enthusiasm and united action on the part of our influential citizens and business men. It would be a good thing for Toronto if the clamor that is raised for and against Sunday cars were directed towards the building of the Toronto and Hudson Bay Railway, or some such enterprise. That project seems to have promising things in store for Toronto. We do not see how we could fail to benefit by being put in railway communication with this district, and the great inland sea to the north of us. With Hudson Bay accessible in 15 hours from Toronto the aspect of affairs in Ontario would be materially changed for the better. The fisheries alone that await development would probably of themselves warrant the building of the railway. We have promise of coal deposits and minerals of different kinds. If Toronto to-day possessed a George Laidlaw it would not be long before the first sod would be turned in the construction of a railway between this city and James' Bay.

THE JUDGE'S STORY.

Hon. John M. Rice Tells How He Was Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism—Crippled For Six Years.

The Hon. John M. Rice, of Louisa, Lawrence County, Kentucky, has for many years served his native county and State in the Legislature at Frankfort and Washington, and until his retirement was a noted figure in political and judicial circles. A few days ago a Kentucky Post reporter called upon Judge Rice, who, in the following words, related the history of the causes that led to his retirement: "It is just about six years since I had an attck of rheumatism, slight at first, but soon developing into sciatic rheumatism, which began first with acute shooting pains in the hips, gradually extending downward to my feet. My condition became so bad that I eventually lost all power of my legs, and then the liver, kidneys and bladder, and in fact my whole system, became deranged. I tried the treatment of many physicians, but received no lasting benefit from them. I went to Hot Springs, Ark. I was not much benefited by some months' stay there, when I returned home. In 1891, I went to the Silurian Springs, Wakeshaw, Wis. I stayed there some time, but without improvement. Again I returned home, this time feeling no hopes of recovery. The muscles of my limbs were now reduced by atrophy to mere strings. Sciatic pains tortured me terribly, but it was the disordered condition of my liver that was I felt gradually wearing my life away. Doctors gave me up, all kinds of remedies had been tried without avail, and there was nothing more for me to do but resign myself to fate.

"I lingered on in this condition, sustained almost entirely by stimulants until April, 1893. One day I saw an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This was something new, and as one more drug after so many others could do no harm, I was prevailed upon to try the Pink Pills. The effect of the pills was marvelous, and I could soon eat heartily, a thing I had not done for years. The liver began to perform its functions, and has done so ever since. Without doubt the pills saved my life, and while I do not crave notoriety, I cannot refuse to testify to their worth."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post-paid, on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50), by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

Bear This In Mind.

That there will be a big rush for The Toronto Sunday World to-night. It will be a splendidly interesting paper, containing all the latest news, sporting, theatrical, home and foreign, as well as many special features, of which the following are a few:

Society at the summer resorts, and general society news and gossip.
The Women of the Abbey, illustrated.
The woman who drinks; valuable hints for lady lovers of the horse.
Women plungers at Brighton Beach.
The works of Helen, Lady Dufferin.
Curiosities of cricket.
Obsolete drinks, beverages our forefathers used to indulge in.
Horse news and notes, by Pop.
Hurdles and steeplechasers.
George DuMaurier's great work.
A page of fashion, illustrated.
Theatrical news and notes.
From Day to Day, by The Captious One.
Column of verse.
Monsignor Satolli's decree, and the Protestant Church.
Short stories, humor, poetry, etc.

The terms of subscription to The Toronto Sunday World, mailed or delivered free, are $2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months, 50c. for three months, 20c a month.

Grand Excursion to Atlantic City, Aug. 15

The picturesque Lehigh Valley route will run an excursion to Atlantic City and return, to leave Buffalo August 15. Tickets for the round trip only $10, good to return within ten days.

A grand opportunity to visit the seashore and to view the great scenic attractions of the popular Lehigh Valley route. 61

RECIPE

For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Adams' Root Beer Extract.....one bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast..one quarter to half a cake
Sugar.....two pounds
Lukewarm water.....two gallons

Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract and bottle, place in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice, when it will open sparkling and delicious. The root beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 20 cent bottles to make two and five gallons. 6

DIVIDENDS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.—Notice to Shareholders.—27th Semi Annual Dividend.

A dividend on the common stock of the company, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, has been declared for the half-year ending June 30th, 1894, payable 17th August next.

Warrants for this dividend will be mailed to shareholders on the New York and London registers respectively on or about that date.

The Common Stock Transfer Books of the company will close in Montreal and New York on Saturday, July 21st, and in London on Tuesday, July 10th, and will be re-opened on Saturday, August 18th. By order of the Board.

CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary.
Montreal, 26th June, 1894. 6060606

RUPTURE

Comfort and security assured So-called "Hopeless Cases" solicited. Children positively cured in a few weeks. If you get any appliances get the very best. Over twenty years in business in Toronto in this one line exclusively. J. Y. EGAN, Hernia Specialist, 266 West Queen-street, Toronto. 67

WORK STARTS AT THE FOUNDATION.

Does Not Give Temporary Relief, But Is an Assured System Builder—Indigestion and All Nervous Disorders Lastingty Cured—Mr. W. F. Bolger of Renfrew, Ont., Cured By South American Nervine When Everything Else Had Failed.

MR. W. F. BOLGER, RENFREW, ONT.

Many of the remedies now administered are simply appetizers. They are a stimulant for the time being. They give temporary strength, possibly, but are not system-builders. The constitution that has become run down through trouble, overwork, disease, or from whatever cause, can not become itself again except where the system of building up is begun at the foundation.

Here it is that marvelous results come from the use of South American Nervine Tonic. Starting from the established scientific fact that the life and healthfulness of every part and organ of the body has its origin in the nerve centres, which are located in the base of the brain, this great discovery, South American Nervine, acts at once upon the nerve centres. It does not serve simply as a soothing draught, or a temporary stimulus to the injured and diseased organs. It gives the needed strength at the nerve centres, and this done, the whole system is toned and built up.

Evidence on this point might be presented by the volume. The subjects of such a cure are found all over this fair Dominion. Mr. W. F. Bolger, of Renfrew, Ont., tells us in a letter over his own signature, and dated May 10th, that he has been troubled with indigestion of a most aggravated character. Terrible weakness, as well as agonizing suffering, followed. South American Nervine was brought under his notice, and he decided on giving it a trial. The result in his own words is this: "I found very great relief from the first couple of bottles; my appetite came back, and I soon became strong. I can honestly say that I consider South American Nervine a remarkable medicine. It cured me of my suffering, which seemed incurable, and had baffled all former methods and efforts."

Language can not be too strong or positive when used in setting forth the merits of this remarkable scientific remedy. It has cured many of the most desperate cases of indigestion and nervous diseases in the Dominion.

DR. S. E. McCULLY, SPECIALIST.

CATARRH of Nose, Throat and Stomach; Dyspepsia, Piles treated successfully; cured without the knife or Ligature; patient can attend to business during treatment. Chronic Coughs, Diseases of Women, Tumors and Cancers. No Chloroform in operating. Cancers removed by plaster. Private diseases, Syphilis, &c., &c.

Nervous Debility, Follies of Youth.

A NEW TREATMENT.

Varicocele Treated Successfully without Knife or Ligature.

Patient can attend to business during treatment.
CONSULTATION FREE.
Offices 42 and 44 Yonge-street Arcade, opposite Temperance-street.
OFFICE HOURS: 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. and from 7 to 8 p. m.
CALL ON OR WRITE DR. McCULLY. 6

THE 'TREE OF LIFE' of British India

Furnishes a powerful vitalizing elixir which permanently cures

NERVOUS DEBILITY EXHAUSTION LOSS OF NERVE FORCE,

and all weakness of the generative organs in men and women. Mrs. Besant's elixir extracted from the roots and bark of the "Tree of Life" of British India has been made and sold by her for the past thirty years to sufferers in Europe and India where it is recognized by physicians as the only *permanent* cure known to the present day for all weakness of the generative organs of men and women, old and young. The use of this elixir means—*restoration of youth and beginning a new life with fresh rich blood.* It is also a permanent cure for chronic Constipation, Indigestion and Liver Complaints. Particulars *free.* Address confidentially, Mrs. Martha Besant, Toronto, Canada. *A word to the wise is sufficient.*

WE ARE SELLING
Gas Fixtures
AT
"Hot Weather"
"Out-of-Town"

Prices. Call in and see what we have. Ask for quotations. 246

R. H. Lear & Co.,
19-21 Richmond W.

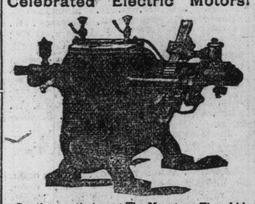
THE HANDSOMEST
BRASS BEDS
IN CANADA.

Furniture in Rare Woods to match
Iron Beds greatly reduced in price 36

THE SCHOMBERG FURNITURE CO.
Agents for the Largest English Houses.
649 and 651 Yonge-street.

Steam's Not In It.

Either as to cost or efficiency, with one of our
Celebrated Electric Motors!



See the one that runs The Monetary Times' big presses and freight elevator. Not the slightest jar and almost noiseless.
Write and we will call and see you. 246

KAY ELECTRIC WORKS
Hamilton, Ont.

Toronto Athletic Club, Limited.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

Take notice that a general meeting of the shareholders of the Toronto Athletic Club, Limited, will be held in the Club House, on College-street, in the City of Toronto, on Monday, the 27th day of August, 1894, at the hour of eight o'clock p.m., for the purpose of sanctioning a by-law which has been passed by the Board of Directors of above Club authorizing the issue of debentures to the amount of $15,000, and to authorize the execution of a mortgage upon the property and chattels of the said Toronto Athletic Club, Limited, as security for the said debentures.

Dated at Toronto this 9th day of August, 1894. By order.

C. GREVILLE HARSTON,
Secretary.

When depressed or suffering from brain fag, over-work or mental worry drink

SALVADOR

Bottles Only. 246

Reinhardt & Co.
Lager Brewers, Toronto.

FREE ART GALLERIES

The Society of Arts of Canada, Ltd., is an institution founded to create a more general interest in art. The Society has large galleries in Montreal and Toronto as well as Free Art Schools in both these cities. They have about 150 artist members, and 60 of these are exhibitors at the Paris Salon. The paintings in these galleries are sold at artists' prices, and the Society also holds a drawing weekly in which the public may take part on payment of 25 cents. Canada is too young a country to rely entirely upon sales of good paintings, and hence the privilege is given to this Society to hold distributions. If a painting is not drawn the sender has the satisfaction of knowing that the 25 cents will assist in maintaining the free galleries and free school. Scripholders are entitled to purchase the paintings of the Society at 5 per cent. reduction. A postal card sent to Mr. F. E. Galbraith, 108 King-street west, Toronto, will send you all information. 26

RIPPED PRICES IN CARPETS
BROKEN PRICES IN FURNITURE

During the month of August we are offering in Carpets and Furniture big reductions on our well-known low prices. Our stock is very complete, well assorted and of the latest designs. If you want anything in our line give us a call and you will not regret it. No trouble to show goods. Centrally situated.

J. & J. L. O'MALLEY
160 QUEEN-STREET WEST. 14

DOMINION BREWING CO., Ltd.

ROBERT DAVIES, Manager,
QUEEN-STREET EAST, TORONTO

When ordering your Ale and Porter ask for the Dominion Brewery Brands of 6

INDIA PALE ALE,
AMBER ALE
AND XXX PORTER

Which were awarded Gold Medals at the North, Central and South American Exposition, New Orleans, La., '88 and '89.

JOHN LABATT'S
LONDON BREWERY.

Pure Ale and Stout

On sale at all Leading Grocers, Wine Merchants, Hotels, Restaurants, etc., etc.

JAMES GOOD & CO., SOLE AGENTS
220 YONGE-ST., TORONTO. 6

YOU CAN'T DO BETTER

Than pay for and secure your supply of Lehigh Coal while the price is down. The wise heads are doing it. 136

WHY NOT YOU?

OFFICE: KING and BERKELEY.
DOCKS: ESPLANADE. PHONE 812.
REID & CO

CLIPS Hair, but this is about Eclipse Soap — the very best value you can get in soap—patriotism, like charity, begins at home—then buy a home brand of soap—one bar of Eclipse will prove to you its superiority over all others, local or imported.

JOHN TAYLOR & CO.,
TORONTO.

THE WARDENSHIP.

Why It Is Desirable That Mr. Stephenson's Successor Should Be Chosen.

Dissatisfaction has been expressed in some quarters that the County Council has been called to meet for the election of a warden before the village of East Toronto has elected a reeve.

"There should be no dissatisfaction on this account," said a prominent member of the County Council yesterday, "as the village of East Toronto has had as much time to elect a reeve as the County Council has had in which to elect a warden. The county must have a head, and the as soon as possible, and so soon County Clerk Eakin was made aware of Warden Stephenson's assignment, he took the proper steps to comply with the statutes. The whole question is, should the county be without a head to suit the convenience of East Toronto?

"The County Council will meet on Tuesday next at 1.30 to elect a warden and the right of the presiding officer of East Toronto village, Mr. John Richardson, to sit as a member of the County Council is of much less importance than that the county should have a head."

Railway Officers at Niagara Falls on the Whirlpool Route.

The following railway officers were taken over the Niagara Falls Park and River Electric road on Tuesday last in a private car by Mr. Ross Mackenzie, the popular manager: James Charlton, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago and Alton Railway; A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., L. S. and M. S. Railway; J. C. Anderson, G. P. and T. A., N. Y. O. and W. Railway; Mr. Willard, counsel Pennsylvania Railway, west of Pittsburg; Mr. Cochran, counsel, L. S. and W. Railway; F. C. Daley, G. P. and T. A., L. E. and W. Railway; N. Weatherston, W. F. and P. A. Intercolonial Railway of Canada; Mr. Bryson, Chicago and Alton Railroad; Mrs. Bryson, A. Drydale, Frank Bowman, Chicago and Alton Railroad; F. Van Duson, Mr. Brannan, Pennsylvania Railway; Mr. Timson, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway.

When the party returned to the Clifton House Station Mr. J. C. Anderson was made chairman and Mr. James Charlton moved that the grateful and enthusiastic thanks of this company are hereby tendered to Mr. Ross Mackenzie for the courtesies extended. Mr. Charlton said: "It has been conceded that neither pen of artist, pen or poet or prose-writer nor tongue of orator can adequately portray or describe the marvelous scenery we have looked upon to-day. It is not possible to put on canvas or words written or spoken an adequate description of the magnificence, sublimity and awful beauty of those scenic wonders.

"If it is impossible for even genius to describe this wonderland it is still more impossible to a man like me to express to Mr. Mackenzie how fervently and gratefully we all thank him for the opportunity he has afforded us to-day to view the indescribable scenery of the Niagara River and Falls and surroundings under circumstances favorable to be simply unparalleled. It is not too much to say that it is only from the car on his unique railway that this scenery can be seen in all its beauty, majesty and power. I will have to ask Mr. Mackenzie to imagine our thanks if he can. He can give full reins to his imagination and he will not even then imagine high enough, and what I am utterly unable to convey to him in words."

Mr. Mackenzie made a suitable reply in well-chosen words, expressing his gratification at having had the opportunity of showing so many distinguished railway representatives the grandest scenic spectacle in the world from the private car of the finest electric railway that has yet been built. The occasion of the railway meeting at the Falls was an arbitration L. E. & W. v. Pennsylvania Co., west of Pittsburg for violation of contract. The arbitrators were Messrs. Charlton, Smith and Anderson.

A Fashionable Resort.

It is evident from the flow of tourists north that the Muskoka and Georgian Bay districts have become very popular. Below is a partial list of prominent tourists whom we have observed passing over the Grand Trunk Railway during the past few days: Sir Oliver Mowat, K.C., John Thompson, Judge Green, New York, Lieut.-Gov. Kirkpatrick, Mr. A. E. Dodge, New York; Hon. A. S. Hardy, Mr. Thomas Tait, assistant general manager C. P. R.; Senator Sanford, Hamilton; Mr. W. B. McMurrich, Q.C., Mr. Christopher Robinson, Q.C., Mr. B. E. Chanton, ex-Mayor of Hamilton; Mr. S. Barker and family, formerly general manager Northern and Northwestern Railway, Hamilton; Mr. A. McKay, M. P. Hamilton; Messrs. Cockburn, Denison and Marten, all M. P.'s for Toronto; Mr. Eaton, Toronto; Mr. C. W. Taylor, Globe, Toronto; Mr. J. Donaldson, general superintendent C. A. Railway, Ottawa; Mr. A. F. Webster, steamship agent, Toronto; the family of Mr. Massey, Toronto; the Solid Compact Fishing Party from Pennsylvania; Iron City Fishing Club, Pittsburg, Pa.; another from Hamilton, Ohio.

An Enterprising Firm of Dyers and Cleaners.

Stockwell, Henderson & Co., the well-known dyers and cleaners of 103 King-street west, having been assured that many people would patronize this reputable house if they had receiving offices in the centre and northern part of the city have opened two first-class branch stores on Yonge-street. One at 259 Yonge-street, just below Wilton avenue, and the other is at 773 Yonge-street just below Bloor-street. Each store has its telephone, so that all work will receive the same attention and be done as promptly as if sent to the head office. This firm have been in the business 25 years, and they are thoroughly conversant with it in all its details. All work is done under the personal supervision of the proprietors, who make it a point to attend to business. That is the reason why they have the reputation of doing the best work of any house in Toronto. The class of customers who every day enter their store on King-street is proof of the above statement. They do the work of nearly all the first-class tailors in the city, which speaks for itself. Note their telephone numbers, 1258, 1368, 3572. Ring up any of these and your goods will be called for. "Head office and works 103 King-street west."

For Liverpool.

The Allan Royal mail steamship Sardinian leaves Montreal on Saturday, Aug. 18, at daylight. Steerage passengers are furnished with bed, bedding, etc., free of charge. The low rates are still in force. The Numidian will leave Montreal on the 25th, and the Parisian will leave on Sept. 1. All the steamships of the Allan Line have electric lights.

Death of Mrs. Kilgour.

Mrs. Kilgour, mother of Messrs. Kilgour Bros., this city, died at her home in Beauharnois, Que., Thursday night at the advanced age of 84. Mrs. Kilgour had been affected for some time with the weakness of old age and her death was not unexpected. Mr. Robert Kilgour, senior member of the firm in this city, was with her during the last week of her illness. Mr. Kilgour, sr., died some nine years ago. Four sons and three daughters survive them. Messrs. Robert and Joseph Kilgour of Toronto, Messrs. J. W. and William Kilgour of Beauharnois, Mrs. J. C. Wilson, Montreal, Mrs. Coulthard, Toronto, and Miss Maggie Kilgour, Beauharnois. The funeral takes place in Beauharnois this afternoon.

Skepticism—This is unhappily an age of skepticism, but there is one point upon which persons acquainted with the subject agree, namely, that Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is a medicine which can be relied upon to cure a cough, remove pain, heal sores of various kinds, and benefit any inflamed portion of the body to which it is applied.

An Idyll of Balmy Beach.

Alexander Blake and D. Blake were before Squire Wingfield yesterday, charged with assaulting an old man named John Grad. All are residents of Balmy Beach. Grad is suffering from a black eye and some bruises. The case was adjourned until Tuesday next.