

O HEALTH! S PILLS. VER AND BAD DIGESTION

W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7 Presco ted 6th June, 1851.

VOL. 22.

able services thereto.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

Your zeal and devoted attachment to our beloved Order, as

Your zeal and devoted attachment to our beloved Order, as displayed in your untiling endeavors to advance its interests,— your labors to support the character of the Division, by the constant application of your knowledge of the Constitution and By-Laws,—and as Worthy Patriarch, the dignity with which the onerous duties of that office were conducted,—have all been noticed and appreciated by your brethren : and the considera-tion of your worth in these respects, will enhance our sorrow at your departure : whilst to some of us, who have enjoyed your personal acquaintance, your loss will be doubly severe. No doubt the moment of your departure from Prince Edward Island, will be to you one of various emotions. You go from

No doubt the moment of your departure from Prince Edward Island, will be to you one of various emotions. You go from a circle of friends and brothers here; but you go to rojoin your youthful associates, and to reunite with loved ones around your parental hearth, —among these the standard of Temperance has already been raised, and the principles of our beloved Order fully promulgated : and we feel assured that, on your arrival, you will be greeted by many warm-hearted Sons of Temper-anes among your carly friends—your reunion with whom will, indeed, be sweet. In conclusion, Brother, as circumstances require our separa-tion, we reluctantly bid you farewell ! To whatever Division you may hereafter connect yourself, we confidently promise the addition of an intelligent and constitutional member—one well qualified to aid and sesist in disseminating the glorious princi-

qualified to aid and assist in disseminating the glorious princi-

ples of Temperance. We beg you will accept this expression of our fraternal regard; and be assured that, wherever in the order of Providence your future lot may be cast, our best wisher

for your prosperity will attend you. Yours, in L. P. and F., (On behalf of the Division), THOMAS WILLIAMS, W. P.

emplated removal to Newfoundland :-

ave stood the highest on our mile no yours. A customer, to whom I ne to fet you know the particulars for years with a disordered liver, nion, however, the virubiane of the diammation set in so earcysely, that rang able to bear up under it i for-r Pills, and she informs me that dose, she had great relief. She ho she used only three Boars, she is ith. I could have sent join many he severity of the attack, and the favor of your astonishing Pills. W. KIKKUS.

OF RHEUMATIC FEVER, IN

N'S LAND. Is Hobert Town, Courier, of the by Major J. Walch. ears of age, residing as New Town, her of the most fairing a firm of the source of the ther of the smoot her timbs; during of the source environment medical men in was considered hopeles. A friend is celebrated Fills, which she con-hort space of time they effected

TNESS IN THE CHEST AND N 84 YEARS OF AGE. prielors of the Lynn Advertiser, og statement.--August 2, 1851.

Wm. JONES, Proprietor of Hura Herald, New South Wales PF HOLLOWAY'S FILLS IN DROPSY. either about the turn of life, or at a reconter to these Pills, as hundreds her use, of this direful complaint in team had failed.

fully efficacious in the following uints. Liver com-plaints Symptoms Lumbago Tic Douloureux Piles Tumors Retention of Venereal Affec urine tions, Scrofula or Worms of all King's Evil kinds Sore Throats Weakness,from Stomaand Gra whatevercause wel &c. &c.

BOT HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand,

I trust, profitable evenings. I remain, Brethren,

DIVISION ROOM, CHARLOTTETOWN, November 2, 1852. At a Social Meeting of Rising Sun Division, No. 2, held this evening. It was unanimously resolved, that the subjoined Address be forthwith presented to Bro. Duchemin, on his con-

Pastard's Sal

Address be for the ith presented to Bro. Duchemin, on his contemplated removal to Newfoundland: —
To Bro. Perra F. DUCHEMIN, P. W. P. of "Rising Sun" Division, and Member of the Grand Division, of Sons of Temperance, of Prince Edward Island.
Worthy Brother;
As you have expressed a wish to obtain a Withdrawal Card from this Division, to enable you to join another, in the land to which you are about repairing, we, the Officers and Members of "Rising Sun" Division, No. 2, cannot permit you to leave us without giving expression to the esteem which, as a private individual as well as a Son of Temperance, we entertain toward you, and the regret we feel at your departure from among us. Although the period which has elapsed since your connection with our Division has been comparatively short, yet you have been elected to the highest honors in its gift, —a circumstance which eas only be accounted for by a knowledge of your valuable services thereto.

mother's tender warnings, had served groutly to deepen and fority is good resolutions.
So have provide the store, serveral years may can be up to have, and sets of the server of the store, serveral years mene, and goos with them to a certain place, which they deerbed of the server of the store, serveral years mene, and goos with them to a certain place, which they deerbed of the server of the store, serveral years mene, and goos with the server of the store of the store of the server of the store of the server of the store of the server of the store of the store of the store of the server of the store of the sto

Miscellancous.

THOMAS WILLIAMS, W. P. [and other Officers.] [REFLY :] CHARLOTTETOWN, Nov. 2, 1852. Brethren ; I thank you sincerely for the very kind Address with which you have been pleased to honor me. During my connexion with the "Rising San" Division, I have ever made it my study to perform to the best of my ability the various duies devolving on the incompetence of the total state of the skin, and and the skin and tot the large. That a warm elime is tot in itself baseficial. Is shall always endeavour to perform, to the tutinost of my ability, my duty as a Son of Temperanee-to pro-mote the harmony, advance the interests, and preserve usual-lid the reputation of the Sons of Temperanee-to pro-mote the harmony, advance the interests, and preserve usual-lid the reputation of the Sons of Temperanee-to pro-mote the harmony, advance the interests, and preserve usual-lid the reputation of the Sons of Temperanee-to pro-mote the harmony, advance the interests, and preserve usual-lid the reputation of the prosperity of the "Rising Sun" Division, in which I have spend so many pleasant, and I trust, profitable geneming. I remain. Brethren. EFFECT OF CLIMATE ON CONSUMPTION .- The Medical Montpelior are no better, it not worse. Pisa is worse than all; so that Italian climate for consumption-sure, is pronounced an arrant 'humbug.' Changy of air, in the same climate, is the sanative theory of Dr. Bargess, deduced from the most expansive observa-tions and industrious experiments in 'climatology.' 'Give me Italy, or I perish,' give us a warm climate, which is now the fashionable cry of rich pattents, will soon be changed 'to change of air at home,' in the opinion of Dr. Bargess, whose new theory will bring consolution, if not cree, to every poor person who labours under this afflictive malady and cannot take a voyage to Italy. HART IN AMPLITY PARAGE AND TAKE A VOYAGE 10 Italy. FFFECT OF THE EARTH'S ROTATION ON LACOMOTION. -Mr. Uriah Clarke, of Leienster, has called our attention to an article in the McChanic's Mogracine, by himself, on the influence of the earth's rotation on locomotion. It is well known, that as the earth revolves on its axis once in the twenty-four heurs, from west to east, the velocity of any point on its rurface is greater nearer the equator and less further from it in the ratio of the cosine of the latitude. Mr. Clarke says - 'S kome rather important concellasions in relation to railway travelling arise out of the view now taken. The difference between the rotative velocity of the earth on surface motion at London and Liverpool is about twenty-eight miles per hour; and this amount of lateral movement has to be gained or lest, as respects the locomotive in each journey, according to the direc-tion we are travelling in from the one place to the other; and in pro-portion to the speed, will be the pressure agains the ride of the rails, which at a high velocity, will give an engine the tendency to elimb the right-hand rail in each direction. Could the journey be performed in two hours between London and Liverpool, this lateral movement or rotative velocity of the locomotive would have to be increased or diminished at the rate of nearly one quarter of a mile per minute, and that entirely by side pressure on the rail, which, if not sufficient to cause the engine to leave the line, would be quite sufficient to cause the engine to leave the line, would be quite sufficient to cause the engine to leave the line, would be intrase for than all high releave and may cause oscillation. It may be observed, in conclusion, that as the cause above alleded to will be imperative while we travel along the parallels of latitude, it clearly follows, that a higher degree of apeed may be attained with safety on the railway running east and west, than on one which runs north and south.' There is no doubt of EFFECT OF THE EARTH'S ROTATION ON LOCOMOTION.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1852.

Sazette.

RICHES FOR CHILDREN.—The late Post Master General of the United States was once a very poor boy, so poor that he could scarcely afford a pair of shees, without which 'the master would not allow him to come to school.'' Our boyhood was passed in the village in which were spent his earlier professional years. We remember once being in his company after he had been elevated to the supreme bench in his native State, and hearing him make, in substance, the following statements :— I remember, said he, the first time I visited Burlington as Judge of the Supreme Court.—I had left it many years before a poor boy. At the time I left, there were two families of special note for their standing and wealth. Each of them had a son about my own age. I was very poor, and these two boys were very rich. During the long years of hard toil which passed before my return, I had almost forgotten them. They had long ago forgotten me. Approaching the Court House for the first time, in company with several gentlemen of the Bench and Bar, I noticed in the Court House yard a large pile of old furniture about to be sold at vendue. The seene of early boyhood with which I was now surrounded, prompted us to ask whose it was. I was told it belonged to Mr. A. (we use fictitous initials.) '' Mr. A. 'I remember a family of that name very wealthy, there was a son, too, can it be he ?'' I was told it was even so. He was the son of one of the families already alleded to. He had inherited more than I had ever carred, and his very familtra was that day to be sold for debt. I went into the Court-room suddenly, yet alongs that had come up on appen], but which (if we remember right) originated in a low dranken querrel. Mr. B., thought I, that is a familiar name. Can it be ?' I was soon absorbed in the business before me. One of the first cases celled was that of B. rz, C., a case that had come up on appen], but which (if we remember right) originated in a low dranken querrel. Mr. B., thought I, that is a familiar name. Can it be ? I n stort. I found that

ings, and thanksgiving that I was not born to inherit wealth without out.
Indeed, all my experience has taught me, that those fathers provide best for their children who leave them with the highest edges.
The shaft was 60 feet in depth, and as four tons of gunpowder were set, the parent morels, and the least money. *Gambier Obs.*Nww Mortyr Powra.—Mr. Millard, nautcal engineer, is stated to be highest temperature. His model is to be submitted to the Translatic Steam Packet Company, abset to be established at Galvay, to whom Mr. Millard proposes to give, for a certain number of years, a monopoly of his invention for the propulsion of ocean steamboats. Se far a relates to machinery, the invention, it is aidd, will reduce the working expenses of the company of the sime spower, will occupy only four cubic feet.—Mobile Register. feet.—Mobile Register.
NEW AGRICULTURAL MACRINE.—The Albany Argus describes an invention which is designed to supersole like plough, the harrow, the roller and the man who sows the sock. 'I mays:
'' Yesterday we were shown the model of a new, and what parports to be a valuable improvement in one of the laborious department of the agricultariest, and for which the inventor procenced a patent in April of the present year. It embodies in one implement the ensative for ploughing with four ploughs, scattering the seed in the furrows, harrowing and rolling. The ploughs are ranged at suitable distances, in front of the carts, and the number can be diminished at pleasure or the four rased. Immediately following and attached to the ploughs, are the buckets for the reception of the seed.—corn included — and from which it is distributed. The harrows follow behind the wheels of the cart, and the rollers bring up the rear. On the platform of the seed, to spain of the seed to fall, in suitable quantities, in the buckets below. The platform is large enough to the driver, and will also accommedate several bage of grains. The harrows are also the width of the cart, in two pieces, as are also the order will be accommedate several bage of grains. The barrows are also the width of the cart, in two pieces, as are also the order is for more work with ease, and the cart used in any other capacity about the form. The inventor is Mr. Henry Deele, a young mechanic of this city. While is appears to be a valuable improvement, and has received the approbation of many distinguished agricultarists, its utility remains to be tested."

NEW PROCESS OF COUNTERACTING POISON.—On Tusyday Harylebone, before Mr. Broughton, charged with having stampted to commit suicide by swallowing a quantity of ell of bitter almonds. It appeared, that the prisoner swallowed the poison in the New-road, and immediately fell down insensible. She wassfummediately arried to the infirmary of Marylebone workhouse, whare a new process of relieving the stomsch of its contents by means of a shock of magelvanic battery was resorted to. It was stated by the re-lieving officer, that the shock causes the stomach to resume its muscular action, when the patient vomits the whole of the soison. It was considered a more efficacious application than the stomach-pump, and it was the first time it had been used in the infirmary. When brought in, the prisoner was in a state of paralysis, and she would have died, but for the prompt attention of the two medical officers, who successed in restoring her consciousness. It ap-peared that the woman had a misunderstanding about mosey-mat-ter with her having. from whom she lived separately, which had caused her to take the poison. At the conclusion of the evidence, her brother, having agreed to take her to his house, she was dis-charged.—London Paper.

NO. 1184.

BRITIST ARMY.—The standing army of Great Britain now consists of 129,625 mea, of whom 54,527 are stationed in Great Britain and Ireland, 27,370 in the East Indies, and 25,232 in the colonies. For the last ten years, there has been but little variation in its numerical strength.

GREAT BRITAIN IN 1800 AND IN 1850.—According to the Leeds Mercury, the population of Great Britain has nearly doubled between 1800 and 1850; at the beginning of the century it was below 11,000,000, and it is now upwards of 20,000,000. Adding the population of Ireland, the United Kingdom will number upwards of 23,000,000 inhabitants.

WAS THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON EVER WOUNDED?-In 'Resh's Residence at the Court of London,' the following anec-dote is recorded : 'Until this occasion, I was under the impression that the Duke of Wellington never was wounded; but Sir George Walker said, that not long after the storming of Badajos, he was struck by a random musket-ball in the side in an affair with the French on the borders of France. It was merely a slight wound, and was dressed on the spot. The Duke on receiving it, asclaimed, 'Hit at last,' and seemed much pleased.'

SCIENTED, THE AT INST, ' and seemed much pleased.' SINGULAR RESULTS.—Professor Oimstead of New Haven-has discovered, that one pound of roin and three pounds of lard, when stirred together, become semi-fluid at 62 degrees Fahrenheit. The mass melts at 90 degrees, and will remain transparent and limpid at that temperature. For lard lamps, the hard is rendered more fluid by the rosin, and its power of illumination is increased two-fifths. It is a singular fact, that although the mixture melts at 90 degrees, the rosin alone requires 300 degrees to melt it, and the lard 97 degrees.

On the occasion of the late catastrophe on Lake Erie, a young married couple stood together, calculating the chances of the wreck sinking before the propeller reached it. 'If it dees, James,' said the young wife, unconsions of any other ear, 'be sure to keep fast hold of me, so that we shall go down together.'

A MONSTER BLAST.—A great blast of gunpowder took place at the Granite Querry, at Furness, mear inversry, on Wednesday. The shaft was 60 feet in depth, and as four tons of gunpowder were used, the explosion was the most tremendous that had ever taken place in Scotland.—Glasgow Daily Mail.

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WM. R. WATSON. Street, ?

d Liver Oil Candy, r Coughs, Common Colds, Cold in onchilts, Asthma, Tickling in the Lungs and Bronchal Affections. ad of Pure Cod Liver Oil, coments, which completely disguise the detracting from its medicinal vir-hich it can be administered to the I detracting from its medicinal vir-hich it can be advantistered to the ouvenience. The medicinal influ-act tract of the inflammatory ac-hing the organs of the voice, its se-the mucous lining of the windpipe movary irritation, giving ease and e voice to its accustomed elearness Arrimony in the Fluids, and Ob-ity and safely discharged by easy eas with the stomach, a common i in a few hours, and when reported anced, all danger of CONSUMPTION

ced, all danger of CONSUMPTION at the Drag Store of M. W.

every town on the Island to cell ny of the Druggists in Charlottetown OVAL. ELDON to inform them, that she has remov-opposite the Ngw TEXPERANCE ening on hand a supply of the best *LEMON SYRUP*, §c., their favors. Families, Picnie by quesnity. A few respectable ated.

any at his Office, Queen Square 1012.10

CALFMS.

Yours fraternally PETER F. DUCHEMIN. To the Officers and Brethren of Rising Sun Division, No. 2, S. of T.

THE TWO STUDENTS;

OR, DECISION AND INDECISION.

OR, DECISION AND INDECISION. Moral decision is the result of a clear perception and earnest pre-ference of the ight, and a concentrated energy of will to do it. Without a principle of this kind, we can attain to no consistency or firmness of character. We shall be unstable in our principles, un-settled in our views and judgments, the sport of diverse and casual impaises — The mind that is wholly devoid of this spirit, is feelol and vacilitating.— apitiable atom, floating at random on the ocean of uncertainty. It has no opinions, but such as chance bestows; no standard of right and wrong, but the uncertain and variable one derived from the world around it. Such a mind can hardly be called a *mind*. Having no principle of resistance, no self-guiding, self-governing power in its own inward life, it becomes just what acci-dent happens to make it.— Nothing traly great con ever be accom-plished by it. Unsertueld in plans, fickle in perposes, unstable in all uhings—it can never excel.

dent happens to make it.—Nothing truly great conver be accomplished by it. Unsettled in plans, fickle in purposes, unstable in all things—it can never excel. Many years ago, I knew two young men, who entered an academy together. and became class-mates. They were nearly of the same age, and not very different, perhaps, in mental endowments. One of them started with a fixed determination of getting an education, and prepairing himself for the legal profession. Steady to his purpose, he studied hard, surmounted werey obstacle, cleared his way before him with the resistless energy of one who had a raling passion and a single aim, wrestling himself into strength by grapping with difficulties.—Without halting, or wavering, he pressed on to the goal, straining all his energies to rench-it. That goal has long since been reached. He has already achieved an envirable reputation, and risen to influence, wealth, and distinguished usefulness. The other, though irregular and intermittent in his application to study was not destitute of ambition. He would be and do somethally on the surface would be and do somethally since what. At one time, he talked of going to college; at amother time, he talked not going to college; at another time, he talked he and then a hwyer, an editor; a politician,—framing a thousand achemes, but never applying himself, with energy and perseverance, to the means by which any one of them could be real states of the subscel, to consider him; and es he went on, without any definite plans or fixed ains, till the best portion of his life was frittered a away; and now he has such the subscelle.

The other, though irregular and intermittent in his application to the study, was obtained of something on the sould be and to something in the world; but he hardly knew what. At one time, he hought he should be and to something in the world; but he hardly knew what. At one time, he hought he should be and to something in the world; but he hardly knew what. At one time, he hought he should be and the hardly knew what. At one time, he hought he should be and the something and the lawyer, as either a politician. For the some could interpose, the countes had find the test portion of his life was finiteed away; and now he hard be and the something. They different form that which females of any class are some to extend with dolleary and consideration, but always as if the same down to fiss the way is interest of any time and the stream of and precision fiss was the way in the something. They are solid that, or the consideration of the subject, to consider the politions in return, so that by the angle laws the something of any class is interpose. If we want and a press to make, and the stream to a state of mention and press around the path of the subject, to consider the politions in return, so that by the angle laws the something of the subject, to consider the polition of the subject, to consider the politions in return, so that by the angle laws the something of the subject is the base to be something of the subject in the solid streng and the subject is the second the polition of the subject is the base in the solid streng and the subject is constrained to the something of the subject is the second the politic po

any use the edition attine of Matheman, of Archenance Kunney in

THE DEAF MOTHER .- The following curious anecdote is re-Inte Orker Morrisch. - The following contous anecode is re-bited of the Countess of Orkney, who died in 1790, aged 76 :--" Her ladyship was deaf and dumb, and married in 1753 by signs; she lived with her hushand, Murrough, first Mar;uis of Thomond, who was also her first cousin, at his seat-Rostellan, on the harbor of Cork. Shortly after the birth of her first I nomena, who was also be first cousin, at mis seat-roosenial, on the harbor of Cork. Shortly after the birth of her first child, the nurse, with considerable astonishment, saw the mo-ther cautiously approach the cradle in which the infant was sleeping, evidently full of some deep design. The countees, having perfectly assured herself, that the child really slept, took out a large stone, which she had concealed under her shawl, and to the horror of the nurse, who like all persons of the lowest order in her country—indeed, in most countries, was fully impressed with an idea of the peculiar conning and malig-nity of dumbies,' seized it with an intent to fing it down vehe-mently. Before the nurse could interpose, the countes had flung the stone—not, however, as the servant had apprehended, at the child, but on the floor, where of course it made a great noise. The child immediately awoke, and cried. The coun-tces, who had looked with maternal exgences to the result of her experiment, fell on her knees in a transport of joy. She had discovered, that her child possessed the sense which was wanting in herself." She exhibited on many other occasions similar proofs of intelligence, but none so interesting.

odw ... tom)

count Nelson, £11,605 lis. 64. For the funeral of Ni-count Nelson, £11,605 lis. 64. For the funeral of Nir. Pitt, $\mathcal{L}6,015$ 2s. 64. The cost of the funerals of statemen may be nearly calculated by reference to the above estimate. It is probable, that the cost of the funeral of the Duke of Wellington will exceed that of the great Nelson.

MAGNIFCENT YACHT.— / n iron yacht, of 2200 tons, and 318 feel long, intended for the Patha of Egypt, is fitting out upon the Thames. She is decorated in the most magnificent style, and will cost from £160,000.

FIFTEEN HUNDTED MILES IN & THOUSAND HOURS .- The astonishing feat of walking 1500 miles in 1000 hours—com-mencing each mile and a half with each successive hour—was completed at the Borough Gardens, Salford, England, last month, by James Jones.

Her Majesty's Ship, Duke of Wellington,-(late Windsor Castle) has been brought round to Portsmouth from Pembroke. This ship is the greatest, and is destined to be the most power ful in the world.

Quarterly return of British Devenue to 15th inst., shows an inerease on quarter of £28,929, but decrease on whole year of £437,337, attributable, however, to abolition of certain taxe. Seven thousand persons have left Scotland for Australia within a month.

within a month. Last week the number of rabbits imported into London from Ostend amounted to 23,600. A joiner at Redear, a few days ngo, twenty minutes after measuring a deceased female for her coffin, was himself a corpac.

The number of thips despatched by the government officials from the Mersey during the month was 62, containing in all 23,280 passengers, including 1770 emigrants, principally Scotch, from the depot at Birkenhead, all of whom are bound for Austalia.

Mr. Nosfin a young German, worth twenty thousand dollars, committed suicide at Milwaukie, the other night, because he committed suicide at Milw had been crossed in love.

REMEDY FOR CHOLERA.-Sea Captains who sail out of Li-REMEDY FOR CHOLERA.—Sea Captains who sail out of Liverpool now-a-days assert, that they care no more for Asiatic Cholers, than for any ordinary cholic or siskness of the sto-mach. They have a remedy which they pronounce infallible and so accessible and simple, as to relive all apprehension of fatal results. We shall probably tell many of our readers nothing new when we state the prescription —Common salt, one table-spoonful : red pepper, one tea-spoonful, in a half pint of hot water. The New Kork Times has heard innumerable instances of its use, and not one of its failure ? The New York Herald states, that, taking the last year throughout, it appears that the proportion of British subjects to other foreigners, becoming eitizens of the United States, was three to one.

REMEMBER that though the realm of death seems a country's REMEMER has though the realm of death seems a country's enemy to most men, on whose shore they are leathly driven by stress of weather, to the wise man it is the desired port where he moors his bark gladly, as in some quiet haven of the Fortunes less; it is the golden west into which his som sinks, and sinking, ests back a glory on the laden cloud which had darkly besieged his day.

SERVED MIM RIGHT.—A drankard in Cincinnati attempted to whip his wife; she proved the strongest, tied him, and marched him off to the watch house.

To Parswart focur. -Squeeze the wrist, preferably that of the right bend, with the fore-fuger and thumb.

and i will be