

CANADA MOTHERLAND.

Dominion Day Celebration a Notable Function.

Premier Laurier Telegraphs Warmest Greetings.

Question of Moment to Colonies and Empire Discussed.

London, July 1.—(C. A. P.)—The celebration of Dominion Day in London took the form of a banquet at the White City. Lord Strathcona presided over an unusually representative and distinguished gathering, including Prince Francis of Teck, the Duke of Argyll, Etrils Grey, Crewe and Aberdeen; Lords Milner and Northcliffe; Messrs. W. S. Fielding, F. Oliver, A. B. Aylesworth, R. L. Borden, T. J. Macnamara, Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty; the Norwegian Minister, Lieut. Shackleton and four members of his crew, and others.

Lord Strathcona and Hon. A. B. Aylesworth proposed loyal toasts, and the former as chairman for the fourteenth time consecutively proposed the toast to Canada. He eloquently dealt with Canada's future. "The Dominion's territory," he said, "could in every respect vie with that of the United States." "Canada's Potentialities" and "Canada's Certainties" were received with great applause.

Earl Grey responded and was enthusiastically received. He declared that although other Canadians might be more eloquent he would not allow a single one to claim a deeper affection for or greater belief in Canada than he himself possessed. (Cheers.) Referring to the American immigration, he declared that the Americans entering Canada became enthusiastic and patriotic Canadians. He anticipated with assurance the time when Canada would become the predominant factor in the Empire. "What Canadian can shrink from such a destiny?"

Hon. W. S. Fielding, in a speech full of national fervor, said as Earl Grey had done, that if Canada were true to herself and true to British traditions she would build up a nation whereof she would be proud, and the Empire could be proud as well. He echoed Earl Grey's remark, that an "American will make a good Canadian." Mr. Fielding claimed that Canada had made progress in wholesome Imperialism. "Good, enthusiastic friends will produce statistics showing how many shillings British citizens pay for the defence of the Empire, and how many pence Canadians pay. Before you enter into comparisons of that kind you must consider not only what we have to do for defence, but also for other things hardly less important than defence."

(Hear, hear.) Canada has a great continent to develop, and her development and means of communication nothing to the Empire, he did not say that Canada should do nothing more, but it was not necessary that everyone should think alike in these great movements that, coming upon us, grant us recognition of the fact that the maintenance and the upbuilding of the Empire is essential to the welfare of its people and the peace of the colonies to co-operate in working out the details. (Cheers.) When the honor of the Empire is called in question then the people of Canada will respond as they have done in the past."

Hon. F. Oliver proposed in eloquent terms the toasts to the guests, referring to their number, and distinguished positions, in the happiest fashion.

Mr. Borden followed, and referred to the harmonious relations between the Empire and the mother country. He said that the Dominion of Canada and Britain on the fisheries question wherein it was indeed necessary that the closest co-operation should exist. (Hear, hear.) He was glad to hear of the interest being taken in Imperial defence, and referring to the Defence Committee, he said we were not meeting together to tell each other what fine fellows we are. "It is our duty," he said, "to lay down principles, to make, as far as we can, positive proposals, but let me not be misunderstood. We do not desire to force upon any Dominion a system of defence or an amount of defence to which they are not absolutely prepared to agree. We could not, if we would, we would not, if we could; at the same time we are confident that out of this Conference some real results may be hoped for which will make the defence of the Empire a reality and will enable us in time of danger to face any risks we may be called on to meet."

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NEWS IN BRIEF

Mr. David White, B. A., was appointed science master at the Toronto Norman School.

In attempting a rescue in the Island lagoon at Toronto Bert Downs was drowned.

Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King and Dr. Grenfell received degrees from Harvard University.

Frederick Playter was upset from a rowboat on Toronto bay by a swimmer, and drowned.

Private Courtwright, of Moffat, died suddenly at Guelph after a lively ride with the 18th Battery.

Mr. J. K. Cornwall, Liberal, was elected to the Alberta Legislature for Peace River by acclamation.

The Mississippi Legislature took action against the Standard Oil Company under the anti-trust law.

The coroner's jury at Elmvale found that Michael Kelly was killed by a blow by William or James Smith.

Mr. Jules Fournier was given a reception by the Nationalists of Montreal to celebrate his release from jail.

A Toronto druggist charged with selling a cigar on Sunday defends himself on the ground that a cigar is a drug.

Premier Asquith received the Imperial Press Conference delegation and expressed himself in favor of cable rate reduction.

A witness before the Royal Commission at Montreal swore that he had paid \$300 for his appointment to the police force.

The State of Tennessee went dry at midnight last night. Bargain hunters, looking for cheap liquor, were very numerous.

The yacht Red Feather upset near Sorel, and Herbert Shaw and Archie Crossley, young men of Montreal, were drowned.

The conviction of Dr. S. B. Pollard and Mrs. Timley at Toronto for performing an unlawful operation was quashed and a new trial ordered.

Orders have been issued to the military department of the Caucasus to prepare troops for the Russian expedition to Teheran, the capital of Persia.

A second plant for the electric smelting of ores is being erected in Sweden, and the matter is of great interest to Canada, where a similar enterprise may soon be undertaken.

The Rasleigh coin collection was sold by auction at Sotheby's in London on Thursday. A gold Patrick farthing brought £35. It is believed to be the only one extant.

At a special session of the Sons of Temperance held in Toronto, last night, steps were taken to start a sick and funeral benefit department in connection with the Grand Division of Ontario.

Notice has been posted up at the Grand Trunk's Point St. Charles shops that full time will begin to-day. This makes ten hours a week more to each man.

Traffic on the Erie Canal over the level 62 miles long from Brighton to Lockport is entirely suspended. There are about one hundred boats stranded, and no relief before Sunday is in sight.

The residence of Mr. John Bowers, of Gooderham, of the Laking Lumber Company, Haliburton, near Lindsay, was consumed by fire. His ten-year-old daughter was burned to death in her bed.

Paying \$100,000 for the license, for turnpikes a good will, a group of Toronto business men have secured the Grand Union Hotel there, and it is rumored that two other hotels, in London and Bradford, will also pass under their control.

Using her white apron as a danger signal, Mrs. W. S. Atkins wife of a farmer residing near Hastings, Mich., prevented a long freight train, from dashing at full speed into a washout, thereby saving the lives of the entire train crew.

At St. Vincent the B. W. I. Legislative Council unanimously passed a resolution introduced by an unofficial member of one per cent of the local revenues towards the maintenance of the Imperial navy.

Mrs. Elizabeth Conger, of Belleville, aged 64, died very suddenly on the train Wednesday morning about 6.30 o'clock. Mrs. Conger, who is the wife of Mr. H. Conger, a retired merchant of Belleville, was on her way to Chicago to spend the holiday with her daughter.

In a speech before the Yale alumni at New Haven, Conn., yesterday afternoon, President Taft issued a note of warning to Congress. He declared that if the Republican party failed to live up to its promises and what was expected of it, it would be relegated to "her majesty's Opposition."

Three young men by the names of Archie Bird, aged 20; Ed. McGuire, aged 22, and Robert Cruickshanks, aged 22, left Haliburton for camp, about 30 miles northwest of Haliburton, with two canoes two weeks ago and their bodies were washed ashore on the shore of Kenesse Lake last evening.

Mourning over the body of eight-year-old Viola Callon, who died on Tuesday from what is believed to have been ptomaine poisoning, caused by eating ice cream cones, Mrs. Mary Casswell, of 1,315 Dufferin street, Toronto, grandmother of the child, was stricken with apoplexy and expired immediately.

A despatch to the London Daily Mail from Salonica states that ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid has given the Government a cheque for \$5,000,000, in addition to the sums he has been forced to disgorge. He stipulated that \$300,000 of the \$5,000,000 should be used to purchase his present residence, the Villa Allatini.

A little amateur detective work on the part of Leo S. Tobin, a C. P. R. ticket clerk, and his brother, resulted in the arrest yesterday afternoon of Alexander Parowitz, of Centre avenue, Toronto, a cap maker, on a charge of obtaining a railway ticket to New York and \$82.51 in cash from the Canadian Pacific Railway.

As the result of a tail-end collision between a ballast train and a train of empty box cars on Wednesday afternoon, Conductor Fred Way, of Fort William, on the train of box cars, lost his life, and brakeman John Isaac sustained several injuries. The accident happened about 3.30, at a point twenty-nine miles west of Fort William.

The Grace Archbishop McEvoy is actively working for the erection of a new Our Lady of Lourdes Church, now at Sherbourne and Earl street, Toronto. In a statement to the congregation upon the need of a new church his Grace said he wanted an edifice that would cost at least \$100,000.

Emma Faubert, a young woman, was arrested in Detroit and brought back to Canada on a charge of defrauding a Maple City man out of \$90.

Protests against the election of Messrs. M. S. McCarthy, Calgary; John Herron, Macleod, and C. A. McGrath, Medicine Hat, members of Parliament, were dismissed at Calgary.

Detective Petrosino's assassin is said to have been captured in Mexico.

ITALY AGAIN IN TERROR.

Messina and Other Cities Shaken by Quake.

Several Persons Killed and Much Damage Done.

Panic in the South and Soldiers Sent to Keep Order.

Rome, July 1.—Information has reached here that Messina, Rigo and other places in Southern Italy have been wiped out by earthquake. There have been thirteen shocks there, varying in intensity, but mostly slight, during the past twenty-four hours, in the earthquake area, Reggio, Villa San Giovanni, Mileto and some other towns feeling them equally with Messina. It is officially announced that the total casualties at Messina were ten killed and seven injured, including a lieutenant, two carabinieri and two soldiers, who were hurt while engaged in rescue work. A mother and child were also slain. The woman was standing at a door when a quake occurred. She ran into the house to get her child, when the walls fell. When the bodies were found the mother's arms were round the child, whose face was crushed.

The usual panic prevails at Messina, and the people are abandoning their temporary shelters among the partly standing masonry of buildings. They have invaded the ruins that were built of American lumber, which had not been assigned. The soldiers have been ordered not to oppose any invasion lest rioting occur, and they are assisting the people to take possession of the ruins.

The earthquake would doubtless have had a sensational effect at Messina if the original town had been standing. The results, perhaps, would have equalled the shock of December. The director of the local observatory says if the town had been rebuilt of stone it would have been destroyed again. As it was there was nothing to destroy but ruins. The collapse of the half-demolished walls raised huge clouds of dust, which temporarily hid the place from the ships in the harbor. The sea was greatly agitated. The quays sank considerably, and are now in some places two feet lower than their previous depressed level.

The earth shocks have been becoming more intense recently, and last night they were sufficiently severe to cause a sensational alarm. The shocks of this morning were accompanied by deep roaring sounds. The first one was followed by an explosion like the roar of cannon and lasted between eight and ten seconds, which seemed an eternity to the terrified population. It is said that this quake was of greater severity than the fatal one of the night of Dec. 28. The wooden houses and huts erected for the accommodation of the people seemed to be thrown from one side to another. Cries filled the air as the people fled in horror.

As on the night of Dec. 28, the first shock was followed by a circular movement of the ground. Five minutes later there came another quake, accompanied by further roaring sounds. This completed the destruction. The remains of the devastated houses collapsed, and the entire district was covered by a dense cloud of dust.

News that has reached Messina from the provinces shows that damage has been wrought there, but it is as yet impossible to estimate the extent of the disaster. Sailors, soldiers and policemen have been sent out through the district to prevent looting and give courage to the people.

A strong earth shock was experienced at Reggio. Many walls were thrown down, but up to the present time no casualties have been reported.

King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena were deeply grieved to learn of the second earthquake at Messina, and they were anxious for details. Her Majesty was gratified to estimate the village of Reggio Elena, built on the outskirts of Messina, under her auspices, had escaped uninjured. The houses in this village are all of wood.

BANK MANAGER.

Oshawa Excited Over His Disappearance—May Be Dead.

Oshawa, Ont., July 1.—Mr. Larry G. Cassels, manager of the Dominion Bank here, has disappeared. He has been missing since last Friday, and a new officer has been temporarily placed in charge of the bank.

On Wednesday evening of last week Mr. Cassels went out in his canoe, and when some distance from shore the canoe overturned. His cries attracted the people on land and they rescued him. Later they found his paddle floating in the lake. He was taken home and placed in bed, where he remained all next day. The following morning Mr. Cassels left town and his present whereabouts are unknown to his Oshawa friends. His wife and two children have departed for Montreal.

While all sorts of rumors are in circulation, it is generally believed that the bank will not sustain loss as the result of his disappearance.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Sore, Aching Feet.

Are made comfortable by using Japanese Army Foot Powder. It dispels offensive odors and stops excessive perspiration. It makes corns and bunions less painful. No better Foot Powder sold. In 25c tins, at Gerrie's Drug Store, 32 James street north.

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AMONG THE JEWS

The Austrian Government has granted the Jews of Bosnia and Herzegovina the same right of suffrage as is enjoyed by the Catholics or the Mohammedans.

The mournful events which recently took place in Anatolia have gravely affected the Jews in that region. In several localities, notably Adana, Antioch, Marach and Van, the Jewish population has been reduced to misery in consequence of the cessation of business.

A committee has been formed at Aleppo under the presidency of the French Consul, and numbering among its members leading men of the Jewish community. The "Alliance Israelite" has remitted \$5,000 francs by telegraph to the director of its school in Aleppo to be handed over to the relief committee.

The ninth annual meeting of the Associated Jewish Charities of Chicago was held in Sinai Temple. Three hundred interested in the work attended and listened to reports showing that during the year \$250,000 had been raised by subscription and spent for charity.

A large publishing house in Copenhagen is issuing the collected works of Meyer Aron Goldschmidt, the father of Danish romance and author of Jewish novels.

During the past few weeks, fifty-eight Jews from various parts of Russia, including forty-five men and thirteen women, emigrated to Palestine. One of these emigrants had a capital of 40,000 roubles, another 10,000, three 6,000 each and one 5,000, four 3,000 each and two 2,000 each. Of these, eleven were workmen, two agriculturists, and the rest merchants.

M. Joseph Reinach, deputy for the Lower Alps, has been elected president of the group of members of the Chamber of Deputies formed to combat alcoholism.

The city of Hamburg has seldom witnessed a more imposing procession than that which followed the remains of the late Chief Rabbi, Dr. Markus A. Hirsch, to their last resting place. It was a wonderful demonstration on the part of Hamburg Jewry and of the numerous admirers, who had flocked to the northern port to show their sympathy.

Ahmed Riza, president of the Turkish Parliament, has visited the Hanoum Bafshi, the spiritual head of the Jews in Turkey, and on behalf of the government extended an invitation to the Jews of Russia and Rumania to emigrate to Turkey. As proof that Turkey was acting in good faith, Ahmed Riza informed the Bashi that the government would abolish all restrictions against Jewish immigration, and what is still more significant, would confer full citizenship upon Jewish immigrants immediately upon their arrival in Turkey.

"The Synagogue and the Church," by Mr. Paul Goodman, has been included by the Jewish Chautauque Society of America among the works recommended to the members of their reading circles dealing with the rise of Christianity.

M. Reginald Kann has received the Cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. He is the military editor of the Paris Temps.

The Russian Government has legalized the emigration bureau, which has had charge of the emigrant to Galveston, and it is now permitted to do its work unhindered.

Boston's Federated Jewish Charities made \$100,000 a year. It has a shortage of \$15,000 this year.

The French Minister for Foreign Affairs has brought in a bill authorizing Tunisian subjects to enter as volunteers for the French Home and Colonial Army and the Navy. Hitherto, Mohammedan Tunisians only have served in that section of the Army which is stationed in Tunis.

A Jewish Press Club was organized at a meeting in Clinton Hall, New York. Dr. Joseph Jacobs was called to the chair and Dr. M. Fishberg acted as secretary. About fifty members were enrolled.

The will of Mrs. Margaret J. P. Graves, who prior to her marriage to Mr. Graves was the widow of Henry B. Plant, disposed of an estate of about \$8,000,000. Although an Roman Catholic, Mrs. Graves willed over \$1,000,000 to non-sectarian charities, among the beneficiaries being the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum, \$10,000; Mount Sinai Hospital, \$10,000; and the Hebrew Technical School for Girls, \$10,000.

MORE DROWNINGS.

Dingey Upset on Lake St. Louis Cost Two Lives.

Montreal, July 1.—Mrs. Fred Devinish, wife of a Witness reporter, and Mr. John Cain, aged twenty, of Dorval, were drowned this afternoon when a dingey in which they were sailing on Lake St. Joseph was upset by a squall. Devinish and his eighteen-year-old daughter were saved by a passing motor boat. Cain was a noted swimmer, and lost his life endeavoring to save that of Mrs. Devinish.

Kenora, July 1.—Frank Bury, aged twenty-two, was seized with a sudden fainting fit while aboard a barge near one of the docks here to-day, and falling overboard, was drowned before assistance could be given.

Kingston, July 1.—Fred Cattemole, a gardener, living on King street east, met his death while bathing. He had just partaken of a hearty meal at a picnic, which several Americans, as well as two Englishmen, lost their lives through the verdict ascribing the disaster to the oppressive weather. No body was recoverable.

A coroner's jury which has been investigating an accident on one of the Lakes of Killarney, last Thursday, by which several Americans, as well as two Englishmen, lost their lives, brought in a verdict ascribing the disaster to the oppressive weather. No body was recoverable.

LARGE PAY FOR GERMAN COMIC ARTISTS.

The pay sheet of Simplicissimus is a very convincing argument that Germany wants good humor and brilliant drawings. Its yearly salaries make it not only possible but essential that their artists do little else besides the work for them. And they have the names of some of Germany's most talented men—men who have it in them to become great painters, but are too well paid by them to risk the madness of more dignified distinction in exchange for the comfortable assured life of making coarse, though brilliant, drawings for Germany's greatest comic journal.

Occasionally one comes upon a fine landscape or genre picture in the Munich art galleries bearing the name of some artist familiar to the public as a line man on Simplicissimus, and when questioned he merely smiles somewhat cynically and says: "I must live, and this sort of thing does not pay while the other does, and pays well." So it is that many of Germany's most talented men gradually come to forget their early dreams and passions for "Art for Art's sake," and go down beneath the modern Juggernaut of comic journalism. From "The Comic Journals of Europe" in the July Bohemian.

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COMING

PROF. DORENWEND
OF TORONTO
the well-known Hair Goods
Artist will visit
HAMILTON
AT HOTEL WALDORF
on SATURDAY, JULY 3rd

During this visit he will be showing the latest Parisian and New York styles. You