

## CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., SEPT. 13, 1888.

—The examination in the Quebec murder case has been further postponed to Monday, 17th inst.

—Hon. Edward Blake has given \$2,500 for scholarships in the Department of Political Science in Toronto University.

—The Sussex Record says it is rumored that the Freeze mine has been sold to a company for \$75,000 and that work will begin at once.

—The Dominion Artillery Competition opened on Monday at Isle d'Orleans, near Quebec city. New Brunswick artillery men are giving a good account of themselves.

—Maine on Monday elected its Republican state ticket by nearly 20,000 majority. All four Republican congressmen are re-elected by increased majorities over 1886 vote.

—The Government steamer Napoleon III. returned from a cruise, reports fishing at Belle Isle very poor, but herring beginning to come in. Fishing on the southern coast of Newfoundland is extremely good.

—What if Canada should retaliate and refuse the admission of absconding bank tellers? Transit in bond is not so much more than the transit of bonds over the Dominion border.—*Springfield Republican.*

—A report from Washington says that Secretary of the Navy Whitney intends to resign immediately after he submits his annual message. He says he has no political ambitions and that public office has no attractions for him.

—The argument in the celebrated case of *Comore and McLennan* versus the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, involving nearly half a million dollars, was commenced at Osgoode hall last Thursday.

—Nova Scotia has already begun to ship apples to Britain, and it is understood that the crop in England this season has been a comparative failure, it would seem as if Canadian apple growers would have a good chance.

—The Labor Congress, in session last week at London, Ont., passed a number of resolutions, among which was one pledging itself to support practical legislation designed to reduce the consumption of intoxicating liquors.

—The dory "Dark Secret" has been abandoned in mid-ocean, and it is to be hoped that all such useless and foolhardy attempts to cross the ocean will cease. People are getting tired of exhibitions which have not even the merit of originality.

—The total number of cases of yellow fever at Jacksonville up to the 11th inst. was 636; total deaths 89. This is not a very bad showing as compared with the record of other southern cities in other years; but it is quite bad enough to knock the bottom out of the Florida land boom for the time being.

—The Halifax Chronicle discussing the ways and means of meeting the \$7,000,000 revenue deficit that would be occasioned by the adoption of Unrestricted Reciprocity, says a reduction of \$5,000,000 could be made in expenditure while the remaining \$2,000,000 could be obtained with ease by a moderate duty upon tea and coffee. Just so!

—The Wilson Retaliatory bill passed the American House of Representatives at Washington last Saturday by a vote of 174 to 4. The remarks of Republican speakers in reference to Cleveland were of a very sarcastic character, and the speeches as a rule were remarkable for the large amount of ridiculous bluster they contained.

—The Toronto Globe's editorial on the passing of the Retaliatory bill says: "From the skulking conduct of the Republicans in the House, it may be surmised that the Senate will pass the measure, but we do not think that will happen. Surely public opinion in the States is not so degraded that the country can be carried into a course of wanton aggression by two sets of contemptible politicians, competing for the hoodlum vote."

—It is understood the Minister of Railways has under his consideration the propriety of going on with the construction of the missing link to connect the Windsor and Annapolis Railway to Annapolis with the Western Counties railway at Digby. A subsidy supposed to be sufficient to build the link was voted last session, and the Western Counties Railway, with the assistance of this subsidy, attempted to float their bonds on the London Market. This attempt having been unsuccessful it is now urged that the government should expend the subsidy and retain the constructed line.

—The letter of Gen. Harrison accepting the Republican nomination to the presidency was published Wednesday morning. He declares for a system of protection, and asserts that the tariff reform movement of the administration means ultimate free trade. He advocates a strict regulation of immigration; the exclusion of the Chinese; demands protection for colored voters in the exercise of their franchise, and charges the Democrats with suppressing the colored vote in the South, advocates national aid to education in the states, and favors the admission of all territories to statehood except where polygamy prevails. He also favors legislation against trusts; liberal pensions to soldiers; civil service reform; settlement of the fisheries dispute by a firm, dignified and consistent diplomacy.

## Albert Local Election.

The Transcript on Monday evening announced that Mr. Henry R. Emmerson, of Dorchester, has during the past week had under consideration a requisition from representatives of all classes of electors in Albert County to contest the constituency in the coming election for the Provincial Legislature, and intimated that the strong probabilities were that he would accept. The Transcript also announced that "Mr. Emmerson will run as a supporter of the Blair administration," and indulged in some reflections on the political situation in Albert County, intimating at the same time that Mr. Emmerson receives the favor and approval of the local Government.

The Transcript's announcement appeared to be, as that paper said in its succeeding issue, "a surprise in some quarters," and strangely enough the most surprise was manifested among supporters of the Government. The Transcript, referring to the matter, says: "The Transcript has of late held a doubtful, if not hostile, attitude toward the leader of the government, and it may be a matter of surprise to some that under these circumstances the announcement should first appear in that quarter. No one will question the Transcript's right to speak for those with whom its editor has for some time been intimately associated—Mr. George F. Gregory or Mr. Emmerson, for instance—but it may be doubted whether either the attorney general or Hon. Mr. Turner, the resident member of the government in Albert, would choose to make known their wishes through that medium."

The Transcript's comments are rather remarkable in view of the Transcript's assertion that "the contest in Albert county will be a fair test of the Blair administration's strength and popularity," and it is noticeable that the Transcript, while devoting considerable attention to the remarks made by the *Sun* and *Times*, has nothing to say in reference to the Transcript's article. The natural inference is that the Transcript assumes to be the exponent and champion of the Blair Government as far as Albert county is concerned, and feels justified in ignoring the opinions and criticism of such a tried supporter of the Administration as the Transcript. It will also be noted that the Transcript makes no attempt to explain how it happens that a paper which has "held a doubtful, if not hostile, attitude towards the leader of the government" has suddenly become the mouthpiece of the government and its policy, and how it will bestow its favor and approval.

It is evident that there is no lack of candidates in Albert County, and consequently no necessity for importing a representative, but if the majority of the electors in that constituency desire the services of Mr. Emmerson, there is no apparent reason why they should not elect him, as he is a clever man and would no doubt make a good representative. The general public are not likely to take a very deep interest in the Albert contest, but there may be a mild curiosity to ascertain why the Transcript has been overlooked or ignored, and the Transcript selected to express the wishes and sentiments of the Government.

The annual report of the Fisheries Department for 1887 has just been published. The delay in its publication was caused by the difficulty in securing returns from the various officers connected with the Department. The total value of the fisheries for the year was \$18,400,000, of which Nova Scotia's share was \$8,300,000; New Brunswick \$3,500,000 and Prince Edward Island one million. The leading values are cod \$4,300,000; herring \$2,400,000; salmon \$2,000,000; lobsters \$1,800,000 and mackerel \$1,500,000. During the year an aggregate of \$161,000 was paid as bounty to near 15,000 vessels and boats. The value of vessels and boats engaged in the fisheries of Canada is estimated at \$60,750,000. Of the 60,000 Canadian fishermen, Nova Scotia claims 29,000, New Brunswick 11,000 and Prince Edward Island 4,000. The report contains most valuable comparative fishery statistics covering the past 19 years.

The Industrial exhibition at Kingston was formally opened by Sir John Macdonald on Tuesday. He made a happy address and, touching on retaliation, said that "it may be Canada would have to look to its own resources in view of the action of the United States. Canadians, he said, "are to be excluded for no act of theirs; well, if they will not allow us to trade with them we can trade with ourselves. We are not afraid or dismayed at any threatening attempt to hamper our commerce or cripple our resources. The effect will be the same as was shown after the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty of 1854. It showed that we could rely upon our own resources. While we should like to continue to trade with our neighbors in the freest manner, we can afford to do without it and can afford to wait with calm self-respect the outcome of the matter."

President Cleveland has at length publicly accepted the nomination of the Democratic party. His letter of acceptance is a lengthy explanation of the Democratic policy. It argues for a reduction of revenue by placing new duties on the free list, reducing the duties somewhat on necessities and to a less extent on whiskey and tobacco. He expresses the belief that such a revision of the tariff will not endanger the protection system but will increase manufactures by opening up new markets and furnishing free raw materials, and will greatly relieve the burdens of the laboring classes. Incidentally the president condemns trusts. He expresses the belief that a reduction of the tariff duties will furnish a remedy.

## Mr. Laurier's Blunder.

No one who has taken any interest in Hon. Wilfrid Laurier—either as a friend or as a political opponent—will be disposed to deny that he possesses certain qualifications for public life. He is well versed in the arts of rhetoric and is able to prepare a finished and pleasing speech, while his winning manners and courteous bearing have rendered him personally popular. But it must not be painfully evident to many of his friends that he lacks the qualifications which are requisite in the leader of a great party, and that when left to his own resources he is deficient in that quick grasp of public questions which is essential to success. Lacking these important qualifications, and being without reserve resources to aid him in an emergency, he committed a blunder in his speech which has ruined his political fortunes and inflicted an injury on his party from which it can never recover under his leadership. That Mr. Laurier was injurious to Canada is clearly shown by the use that has been made of it in the United States. That it is regarded as a serious blunder by his political friends is indicated by the following extracts from the Toronto *Globe* the leading Liberal paper in the Dominion:—

Should Washington strike at Canada, international relations will be severely strained and considerable loss suffered by both countries, even if the worst does not come about. With so dark a prospect some Canadians naturally impress upon the Ottawa Government the duty of acting, as far as possible, in a conciliatory spirit. It is course that is good advice. But how far is it possible for Ottawa to go in conciliation? The mere continuance of privileges granted to American fishermen by the *modus vivendi* will not satisfy the Washington claim that the privileges of transshipment in bond should be freely accorded to American fish cargoes. We fail to see how that privilege can be permanently accorded gratis by Canada. To yield it, and what would logically and inevitably have to be given in return, would be to make the paper of the country a source of revenue for the United States. Till Mr. Laurier disposes of the arguments by which we yesterday maintained this opinion, we must, with all deference and good will to him, maintain that he is wrong in deploring the fisheries policy of Canada. Obviously it was, as he says, vexatious to Americans, but what option did they leave Canada except strict protection of her full rights according to her interpretation of the convention of 1818? They refused to negotiate, they gave them in 1885 a season's free fishing by way of showing our friendly spirit. It is, we think, true that the Ottawa Government officials were occasionally rather eager to make seizures when they might judiciously have waited for the seizure of the *Albatross*, which was really compelled by the aggressive American attitude to issue orders strictly guarding the entire Canadian coast. All its points are bound up together. No one will accuse the *Globe* of wishing to defend John A. Macdonald's but we think that the policy in a general way of his Fisheries policy as one forced on Canada by the American attitude, and we still think that the Liberals, had they been in power at Ottawa, would have been compelled by the circumstances to take very much the same line. The Government displayed great wisdom, it was one in which there was only one course to take. What could Ministers do but stand on the convention of 1818. There was no other guide for them after the Americans had announced the fisheries claims of the Treaty of Washington, and had refused to negotiate.

—Messrs. Symmes and Usher, of the firm of Dawson, Symmes & Usher, contractors for the Ship Railway, arrived at New York from England on Tuesday and may be expected here at an early date. This firm has already had a large vessel engaged in the construction of important public works, for in addition to the building of the Poughkeepsie bridge, mentioned last week, the firm did a large amount of work on the construction of the Welland Canal, and were employed in building the Milwaukee and Northern Railway. They were also the builders of the Northern Pacific Junction Railway which now forms a part of the Grand Trunk system, and they built the cantilever bridge at Niagara Falls. One of their latest works was the construction of a large bridge over the Rio Grande, in Mexico. The work of building shanties for the laborers on the Ship Railway will be commenced immediately.

—The Dartmouth N. S. Ropewalk Company gave its employees a free trip to New Glasgow over the Intercolonial Railway. The rope-makers and their families paid a visit to the iron workers and glass blowers of Trenton, and returned safely to their homes, gratified by the evidence of good-will shown by their employers. Such occasions betoken an evidence of commendable harmony between masters and servants, and are of too infrequent occurrence in these days of trades unionism and greed.

—The Great Eastern has been beached at Transcona, and the armament ship, which accomplished one great thing, the laying of the Atlantic cable, will be broken up. Her present owners paid \$200,000 for her, but they will get more than this out of her.

—Messrs. Duddy & Jolly, of Yorkmouth, have a knitting factory giving employment to twenty-five hands and they expect to double that number by this time next year.

—Gen. Laurier has been unseated in Shelburne for alleged violation of the election law by an agent. It is said that an appeal will be made from the decision of Judge Smith.

## PERSONAL.

S. S. B. Smith, one of the wealthiest citizens of Halifax, died in that city on Monday at a ripe old age.

Lieut. Gen. Sir John Ross was thrown from his horse at Halifax on Friday last, but was not seriously injured.

Rev. James Cleary, of Wisconsin, has delivered 174 lectures and administered the pledge to 100,000 persons during the last year.

Col. Duncan, M. P. for Finsbury, England, is on a visit to Halifax. He formerly commanded the Royal Artillery on the station.

C. Benoit, of Charlottetown, convicted of a third offence under the C. T. Act, was on Friday sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, who is in her 77th year, is seriously ill at her summer residence at Sag Harbor. She is suffering from cerebral affection, and no hope is entertained of her recovery.

Mr. J. A. Gillies, barrister, Sydney, C. B., has entered up an action for \$50,000 against Mr. Sam of the Brooman, a cotton-wool of the supreme and county courts, for damages resulting from an assault made on him some weeks ago.

Dr. McKay, M. P. P., Cape Breton, was struck by lightning last week while visiting his home in the vicinity of a small brook near his house, and all the other inmates of the house were prostrated by the shock, but were not so seriously affected.

The body of Thomas O. Arnold, aged and highly respected inhabitant of Sussex, was found last Friday evening lying in a small brook near his residence. Mr. Arnold had been seriously ill for some time, and it is supposed that he drowned himself in a fit of temporary derangement.

William Wallace, of Moncton, was last week fined \$100 and costs for \$50,000 damages in connection with the forcible entrance of his property on Telegraph street for the seizure of liquor some months ago, were on Saturday served on Stipendiary Warrant, Marshal Thibodeau and policeman Foster. The writs in the similar suit of Jas. A. Purdy were served on Marshal Thibodeau and policeman Foster about a fortnight ago.

The wedding tour of A. Shirley Bann, of Mobile, Alabama, was cut short Tuesday when he was arrested on a charge of drunkenness at the "Cape" at the Centennial hotel, Montreal. The capias was issued at the instance of Hon. Peter Mitchell, who alleges that Bann is indebted to him in the amount of \$600 which he lent him in St. John, N. B., some years ago, and for which he held a draft until last August when it was destroyed in the *Herald* building fire.

The *Summerside Pioneer* says the export from that port last week netted \$11,704. The most important shipments were 1049 sheep and lambs, 459 cases eggs, 1803 bush. oats and 36 horses. It also states that the brig, *Hattie Louise*, now ready for sea, is loaded with 2,000 sacks white oats, 25 tons hay, 16 horses and 100 sheep, by A. M. Wright, and will proceed to Barbadoes for orders.

Reports to the fisheries department show that fourteen million salmon fry have been distributed from Dominion hatcheries during the year. Of this amount three millions were supplied from Bedford and Sydney, and two millions from the Miramichi, Restigouche and St. John river hatcheries.

At the W. C. T. U. Convention at Halifax last week, Mrs. Harvey Atkinson, of Moncton, was elected superintendent of Juvenile work for Maritime W. C. T. U. Convention. The Sackville delegates to the Halifax Convention were Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Harrison, Miss Trueman and Miss Stewart.

The farmers at and near St. Justine, Que., are very disconsolate since the last gale which has caused a loss that will aggregate about \$60,000. They are beginning to sell their cattle and buy their winter provisions. The crops are really not worth harvesting.

It is expected that about twenty students will present themselves this year for matriculation into the N. B. University. The senior class will resume work on the 20th inst. The term does not open for the juniors and freshmen until October.

A Fort Fairfield, Me., dealer has bought and shipped from Edmundston, N. B., three hundred and twenty-seven tons of strawberries, blueberries, and raspberries this season, paying therefore the round sum of \$30,000.

On Friday morning the Charlottetown police forcibly entered the store of Connelly Bros., and carried off 160 cases and 11 cases of liquor. They had a warrant for John Connelly, but failed to find him.

## Crop Report.

(Summer Bulletin.)

Mr. Chas. H. Lugin, Secretary of the Department of Agriculture, has issued under date of Sept. 2 a Summer Bulletin containing crop reports from all parts of the Province. The following estimate of the hay crop of the Province for the current year by the Counties is given, 100 being taken to express an average crop:—

Albert County, 80 per cent; Carleton, 92.5; Charlotte, 79.3; Gloucester, 81; Kent, 77.9; Kings, 75; Madawaska, 75; Northumberland, 76.5; Queens, 82.1; Restigouche, 65.6; St. John, 87.5; Sunbury, 85.5; Victoria, 88.7; Westmorland, 83.8; York, 86.9.

A calculation based upon the hay production of each County places the approximate yield of hay for the current year at 78.7 per cent. of an average crop. The Province therefore has a great amount of injury to late crops of hay, and the hay crop of the Province is a whole, says Mr. Lugin, the indications for grain were very favorable on September 1st; but it is greatly to be feared that the frost of last night and the previous night (Sept. 5 and 6) have done a great amount of injury to late crops of hay, and the hay crop of the Province is a whole, says Mr. Lugin, the indications for grain were very favorable on September 1st; but it is greatly to be feared that the frost of last night and the previous night (Sept. 5 and 6) have done a great amount of injury to late crops of hay, and the hay crop of the Province is a whole, says Mr. Lugin, the indications for grain were very favorable on September 1st; but it is greatly to be feared that the frost of last night and the previous night (Sept. 5 and 6) have done a great amount of injury to late crops of hay, and the hay crop of the Province is a whole, says Mr. Lugin, the indications for grain were very favorable on September 1st; 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