Chicago, Oct. 29.-With a large basting needle, such as is used by tailors, David Bernstein, aged 13 years, stabbed 17-year-old Harry Himmelfard to death last night The younger brothers of the boys had had a childish quarrel. When the older boys met on the street near their homes they took up the quarrel of the little fellows. Himmelfard, who is a coatmaker's helper, pulled from a half-finished coat he was carrying home a big basting needle. He plunged it into young Bernstein's thigh, and ran. Bernstein, mad with pain, pursued him, and drawing the needle from his leg as he overtook his adversary he held Himmelfard with one hand, while with the other he drove the long needle into his heart, the boy dropping dead where he stood. Bernstein then fled to his home, where he was shortly afterwards arrested by the police.

A Dust Expio-ton. the older boys met on the street near

A Dust Expiosion. A Dust Expiosion.

Pittsburg, Oct. 29.—By the explosion of gas in the dust catcher of furnace No. 1 of the Carnegie furnaces of the Carnegie Steel Co., at Rankine, Penn., early this morning, four men were badly injured. Their names are John McAllister, Harry Evy, Daniel McCarthy and John Mecarish. The injured will all recovcarish. The injured will all recover. The property damage is about \$30,000. The furnace was wrecked, the dust catcher ruined, a big gas tank destroyed and part of the boiler house demolished.

Yellow Fever Epidemic. New York, Oct. 29.-According to the Herald advices from the Pacific Coast of South America, yellow fever is epidemic in Buenaventura. Aspires to be a Duchess.

Parls, Oct. 29.—Count Boson de Per-lgord, who recently married Miss Helen Morton, daughter of Mr. Levi Helen Morton, daughter of Mr. Levi P. Morton, former Vice-President of the United States, has purchas-ed the Chateau of Valencay for 2, 718,365 francs. The owner of the domain of Valencay, if a member of the family, is entitled to assume the dukedom. The Gaulois expresses the belief that Count Boson de Per-igord will claim his rights; and the former Miss Morton will thus be-come Duchess of Valencay.

That Canal Matter. New York, Oct. 29.—The London Times, in its editorial articles as cabled to the New York Times, says it has reason to believe that the basis of a new arrangement re-garding the Isthmian Canal has been settled in principle by the British and United States Govern-

GEN. BULLER'S DISMISSAL.

A Good Deal of Feeling Over

DID THE KING INTERFERE?

London, Oct. 29.—The leaders of the Liberal organization deny that any meeting of the Liberal leaders has been called, as cabled to the United States by a news agency, to consider the advisability of issuing manifesto to the country calling a manifesto to the country caring on the government to resign or call a special session of Parliament to discuss the Boer war, the dismissal of Gen. Buller and other matters.

The efforts made by several of the

London dully newspapers to create a feeling in General Buller's favor are patently due to their desire to make party capital, as these papers, be-fore the action of the War Office could scarcely say anything bad enough about the general, for whom they have now taken up the cudgels. They have succeeded, however, in working up a certain amount of po-pular enthusiasm which finds vent in hall demonstrations wherever

music hall demonstrations wherever Gen. Buller's name is mentioned. A great meeting of sympathy in Hyde Park is now under considera-tion, and there is talk of the pre-sentation to the general of a sword honor as a national tribute. In west of England, where General Buller's home is situated, the feel-ling runs high. Frequent meetings have been held to denounce the Government's action.

An Unlikely Story. representative of the Associat-A representative of the Associated Press learns that General Buller, first of all, after delivering the speech (at the luncheon given by the Queen's Westminster Rifle Volunteers, at their headquarters in unteers, at their headquarters in Westminster, to those of their regi-Westminster, to those of their regiment, who had taken part in the war in South Africa), which resulted in his retirement, received a personal letter from King Edward, disapproving of his utterances, and clearly intimating that His Majosty would be glad if Gen. Buller would resign. Then the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, summoned Gea. Buller and point blank demanded his reignation. It was a stormy into view, ending in Gen. Buller's fit refusal to resign. It is said to the leve that the War Office would utre to retire him. After the Aylew Brodrick went we that the War Office Could nture to retire him. Aft the view Brodrick went I night Edward in Scotland and the

visit was the s

action

coun-

MISS STONE PROBABLY SAFE.

plicated in Plot.

Belief That They Would Surrender to Bulgaria, But if Attacked by Turkish Troops Would Fight and Probably Murder Their Captives.

New York, Oct. 29.—From the fact that the brigands that kidnapped Miss Stone have permitted communication with her, it is believed that Miss Stone is alive and safe from horm, for the present at least, says a Sofia, Buigarla, correspondent.

C. M. Diekinson, the diplomatio agent or envoy of the United States in Bulgarla, as well as Consul-General at Constantinople, in an interview said: "I have absolute proof of the completty in the crime of some members of the Macedonian Committee, The brigands who attacked Miss Stone's party were disculsed in Turkish fez and cloak. But two of them therw back their cloaks during the attack, thus revealing the uniform of the Macedonian Committee. They were recognized, too, as Bulgarians, the Macedonian Committee. They were recognized, too, as Bulgarians, Moreover, they spoke poor Turkish, but good Bulgarian, and ate ham and

bacon.

The leading members of the Bulgarian Government agree, I believe, that the brigant's are willing to surrender to the Bulgarian troops, and in this case there would be no danger to the captives. If they should be attacked by Turkish troops the brigands would fight to the last and then kill the captives. The Turkish troops are under orders not to attroops are under orders not to attack the brigands, even if they are fired upon." Dipromat Fears the Worst.

Diplomat Fears the Worst.

New York, Oct. 29.—Discussing the case of Miss Stone with a Sofia correspondent, the Russian diplomatic agent Bakhneteff made the following statement: "I have sent a man on my own responsibility, and at my own expense, to try to open communication with the brigands, though I fear it is too late, for a woman of Miss Stone's age can hardly have survived the hardships, hunger, cold, exposure and being rushed from place to place. Valuable time has been lost in discussing all possible side issues, while the manner of rescue of the hapess victim stupid diplomacy has neglected. The thing to do is first to get the captive back by paying the ransom, and then recover the amount from the responsible government: government:

TWO ATROCIOUS CRIMES.

Two Men Convicted of Attempted Murder.

DYNAMITER AND CREMATER.

At the Cornwall Fall Assizes two At the Cornwait Fall Assizes wery bad men were put out of the way for terms of seven and five years. The first was Luther Hall, the head of a gang which has terrorized the neighborhood of Williams-

one of the geng was brought to trial for stealing harness, and a con-viction was registered against him. Evidence against him was given, de-Evidence against him was given, despite threats, by a farmer named McPhee and members of his family. The night after the trial McPhee, his wife, his daughter and her husband were disturbed by a noise in an outhouse between 11.30 and 12 o'clock. On forcing the door they found a man, who, they said, was Luther Hall, carrying off a crock of butter, while a second thief, said to be Melville Hall, his brother, was stealing other things. McPhee shouted to them that they had stolen from him long enough, and he proposed to denounce them.

them.

About an hour later McPhee, who was on guard, fearing an attack, was on guard, learing an attack, saw from an upstairs window the two brothers light a fuse attached to a stick of dynamite and place it against the house. The explosion that followed broke the windows; shook the house and stunned a child who was in it. The men escaped, and the local constables attempted to arrest them at their homes. Melville asked to be allowed to put on his coat, but threw a large fur coat over the head of the constable stand-ing nearest him and jumped from the window. This was the last seen of him. When they reached Luther's house and forced open the door they found that he had jumped from an upper window scantily clad, and joined his brother among the tall timber. This occurred in November last. Chief Inspector Murray, of the Provincial force, went down, and learning that the men had left the country took out extradition papers. Nothing further was done at that time, but Luther returned to Canada, thinking the storm had blown over, and Inspector Murray had him ar-

rested At the trial no fewer than fourteen witnesses swore that on the night of the outrage Hall was seventeen miles away from the stick of dyna-mite. The Crown, however, proved mite. The Crown, however, proved that these witnesses were utterly unworthy of credence, and to the general satisfaction of the community. Hall was sent to Kingston Pententiary for seven years.

Another atrocious case tried at the same Assistes was that

same Assizes was that of Arthur Cooper. Cooper and his wife had had some differences and lived apart. He became insanely jealous, and buying half a gallon of coal oil poured it on a part of the house in Lan-caster, where his wife and four chil-dren were living, and made a deliberate attempt to burn the house and its inmates. He was sent to Kingston for five years.

OVER THE FALLS

Chicago Boy Stabbed With Macedonian Committee Im- Mrs. Annie Edson Taylor's Daring Feat.

KIDNAPPERS BULGARIANS. CAME OUT OF IT ALIVE.

But Badly Bruised and Shocked Got a Severe Scalp Wound-Doctors Think She Will Live-Her Life Story-She Needed Money.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Oct. 24.-One

of the greatest as well as most darng feats ever attempted was accomplished here to-day, and that by a woman, when Mrs. Anna Edson Taylor, in her barrel, navigated the Upper Canadian Rapids, and plunged over the Horseshoe Falls into gorge beneath, a distance of 165 feet, and lives to tell the tale of her remarkable trip. Mrs. Taylor has the distinction of being the only human being who has successfully gone over the falls of the Niagara and lived. She had a well-made barrel, padded with cushions, and equipped with a harness of straps to assist her in making her trip in safety, and some degree of comfort. She arrived here some ten days ago with her manager, Frank M. Russell, from Bay City, Mich., where she had been engaged in teaching. The barrel came with them. They secured a cat, and sent it over in the barrel came with them. They secured a cat, and sent it over in the barrel. The cat lived, and Mrs. They are lived, and Mrs. They be seen service in South Africa are getting preference in these contingents, and the Imperial Government is anxious that Hon. Dr. Borden, the Canadian Minister of Militia, should have picked men in the contingent from the Dominion. the distinction of being the only

blood was dripping down her jacket. She was also bruised and suffering from shock. A boat was secured, and she was placed in it and rowed to the Mald of the Mist landing, where a carriage took her to her boarding-

Dr. W. H. Hodge, the leading physician and surgeon of the city, was summoned and dressed Mrs. Taylor's injuries. He announced that she was in pretty bad shape, but thought she would pull through Mrs. Taylor was asked to give an account of her trip, but all she could say was:

"I was whirled around at lightning speed, and then I crashed into the rocks three times—oh. my head, my head."

The woman cannot give any clear statement, and probably never will. The trip was a wild and dangerous one from beginning to end, and the terrible drop of 163 feet is probably what occasioned the shock. The concuston threw her against the barrel and produced the cut in the head despite the cushions and straps.

Mrs. Taylor states that she is 43 years of age, was born at Auburn, N. Y. She was educated in the Common schools, was maried at nineteen to a doctor, who died a year later, leaving her with a child. The child died later, and since then Mrs. Taylor has earned her livelihood by teaching, having taken a course in the State Normal School at Albany, N. Y.

When asked why a woman of her Likely to Live.

the State Normal School at Albany, N. Y.
When asked why a woman of her education and attainments should seek such notoriety she said she had not made any money and thought if she could accomplish some such act as this she could make a lot of money and be forever independent. She, however, took the precaution to leave the address of a sister, Mrs. Jane M. Kendall, of Eddytown, N. Y., to be notified.



MRS. ANNIE EDSON TAYLOR. o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Taylor stepped into a rowboat to which the barrel had been attached, and manned by Fred Truesdale and Hollaran, started for the head of Grass Island, Another boat with Rufus Robinson and Fred Evans followed in case of assistance. All were expert river men, and knew lowa Girl to Wed a Petroleum Magna'e.

erican bride, has just arrived here

on the Deutschland. Parvianan's

father was the controlling spirit of the petroleum trade in Finland, He

mony the young people will go to the bridegroom's home at Helsing-fors, Finland.

ARM CAUGHT IN BELT.

Young Man Meets With Probably

Fatal Accident Near Georgetown.

Georgetown, Oct. 25 .- An accident

occurred about five miles from here

yesterday, as a result of which

Robert Swackhammer, a young man

he can recover.

Taylor slipped off her outer clothes, and clad in a jacket and short skirt she squeezed into the barrel, the top was put on, and air was pumped into the barrel with a bicycle A TOUCH OF REAL ROMANCE. New York, Oct. 29 .- Oscar Parviaed into the parrel with a bicycle pump. The boat with the barrel in tow left the island at 3.50 p. m., and the men rowed over towards the Canadian shore. After going down as far as they nan, the young son of the Petroleum Queen of Finland, who has come nearly 1,000 miles to claim an Am-

After going down as far as they dared, the men cast the barrel loose at 4.05 p. m. It started slowly on its voyage down the river. Before reaching the brink of the Horseshoe it had nearly a mile of wild tempestuous rapids to navigate. These rapids tronsist of a series of cascades, and by some are considered more dangerous and picturesque than the Whirlpool Rapids. The barrel while going down this long stretch of tossing waters was watched by thousands of people who had come down from Buffalo and other neighboring towns.

Plunged Over the Falls.

Plunged Over the Falls. It was just 4.23 p.m. when the bar-rel plunged over the Horseshoe Falls, having taken nearly twenty minutes to make the trip down. Many bets vere made that the woman was dead before she reached the falls. The were made that the woman was dead before she reached the falls. The barrel reappeared inside of a minute in the bolling waters below, and then it commenced to circle around and gradually came nearer the shore, until it was caught in an eddy and until it was caught in an eddy and whirled up towards some rocks, on which a party of four men—John Ross, engineer of the Maid of the Mist; Kid Brady, Carlisle D. Graham Mist; Kid Brady, Carlisle D. Graham and Harry Williams—were waiting for it. They seized the barrel at 4.40 p.m., pulled it out of the water, and ripped off the cover to the manhole. They saw Mrs. Taylor move and speak, and waved their hands to the crowd above. That was the signal that the woman was alive

to the crowd above. That was the signal that the woman was alive, and a big shout went up from the crowds on the banks.

It was impossible to get Mrs. Taylor out in her exhausted condition. Part of the top of the barrel was sawed off and the woman lifted out. Then it was discovered that she had. Then it was discovered that she had sustained a severe scalp wound

Nine-story Factory Turned Into a Furnace.

MANY JUMP TO DEATH.

umber of Victims Not Yet Know But Eleven Bodies Had Early Been Recovered - Building Full of Inflammable Material.

Philadelphia, Oct. 29.-A fierce fire feared heavy loss of life is involved.

The fire started at 10.30 a. m. n the nine-story building owned by Hunt, Wilkinson & Co., furniture and upholstering manufacturers Although the structure was fireproof, it was filled from cellar to roof with highly inflammable ma terial, and in a few minutes flames were bursting from every window making it impossible for the fire men to assist those in the burning building.

Hundreds of men and women were employed by the firm, and a great employed by the firm, and a great many were killed and injured. Up to 11 o'clock 11 bodies have been re-moved to the morgue, and it is cer-tain that others were killed. Shocking Scenes.

The flames spread so quickly that The flames spread so quickly that nearly everybody who could get out was compened to jump from the fire escapes in the rear, which fronts on a narrow street. When the liremen reagned the scene this street was literally pined up with the bodies of people who had jumped. Some were dead, others were dying. Lying on the fire escape at the fifth story in full view of thousands of spectators was a body roasted to a cinder, and other objects on the fire escape higher up were believed to be bodies.

A Fire Irap.

Eye-witnesses say the flames spread with remarkable rep.dity. This they say was due to the fact that much naphtha, varnish, excisior and other highly inflammable material were used by the firm. Employees who started down the lire escape in the rear of the building before the flames were visible from the street were compelled to jump before they had travelled two stories, because of the flames breaking through A Fire I'mp. of the flames breaking through

Jumping for Life.

Jumping for Life.

The first firemen who arrived onthe scene devoted their energies entirely to the work of rescue. Nets were spread in the front and rear of the building, and some who jumped were saved in this way. One woman jumped from one of the windows of the market street front, but the smoke blinded her and she missed the net striking the nevement and smoke blinded her and she missed the net, striking the pavement and dying instantly. In the rear, a young girl who jumped from one of the top stories caught on the fire escape at the third story, and the flames bursting from the window, burned her body to a crisp in almost no time. Two men, one white and one colored, emerged from the fourth story, stood on the fire escape with the flames all around them. The white man danced up and down and appeared to be bereft of down and appeared to be bereft of his reason. The colored man stood for a few seconds and then jumped

Under Control.

At about 11.30 o'clock the walls of the Hunt-Wilkinson building fe.l. This gave the firemen an opportunity to work on the other buildings that were ablaze, and at 12 o'clock the fire was believed to be under

Stories conflict as to the num-ber of persons killed. Hunt, Wilkinton & Co., employed 300 persons, mostly girls. The lire is believed to have started on the

second floor of their building, where second floor of their building, where 15 persons were at work. It is not known whother any of these es-caped. When the rear wall of the building fell a number of bodies were lying in the small street in were lying in the small street in the rear, variously estimated at from six to thirty, and they were covered with hundreds of tons of brick and twisted iron. The police say that twelve are known to have been killed. The white man stood on the fire escape until he was over-come, and then fell to his death in the small street. There was no fire the small street. There was no fire escape on the front of the building, and all employees rushed mady to

the rear. sons are known to have perished and many more have been injured. The money loss is half a million.

the petroleum trade in Finland. He died several years ago and the business is now carried on by the young man's mother.

Five months ago, while studying art in Paris, Parvianan met as a fellow student Miss Kristina Siewers, daughter of Lyder Siewers, professor of a college in Iowa. Miss Kristina had been taught by her parents to speak both French and Russian. The two fell in love and became engaged after a short friendship. Miss Siewers came home from Paris two months ago to prepare for her wedding, which will take place on Oct. 30th. After the ceremony the young people will go to BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Awful Punishment Visited on a Louisiana Ravisher.

HIS VICTIM MAY RECOVER. New Orleans, La., Oct. 29.- Bill Morris, a negro, who committed criminal assault on Mrs. John Ball at Balltown, La., yesterday, was burned to death to-day near the scene

of 20 years, lies at death's door. Threshers were working at Malcolm McPherson's, lot 13. con. 5. Esquesing, when one of the belts on the separator flew off. Swackhammer went to adjust it without the ment the meaning and in so do ed to death to-day near the scene, of his crime by a mob of 200 men. Morris was captured soon after the outrage. He confessed his crime at once and tried to implicate a number of other negroes in it, but they were, fortunately, able to prove their innocence. He was taken to Balltown, tied to a pine sapling with chains, and his hands and feet chained to his hody. Pine knots and his stopping the machine, and in so do doing had his right arm caught in the belt and was thrown on the cylinder. The injuries sustained are terrible. It is hardly possible that straw were piled about the body etts.

and saturated with coal oil and the whole set on fire.

The negro made no resistance when bound to the stake and made no outcry when the flames reached him. He never uttered a word during the entire process and it was only when he was partly consumed that spectators noticed any movement on his part.

Mrs. Ball was giving Morris something to eat when the crime was committed. She had turned her back to him to get food from the cupboard when he felled her with a pine club. He then dragged her 200 yards from the store and robbed it. He had left Mrs. Ball as dead, but she recovered sufficiently to tell the story of the outrage. She is still in a precarlous condition.

12th and 18th streets, and it is Suspected Poisoner Held for Trial.

Important Decision of U. S. and Canadian Railways-Cadish Identified His Wife's Body - A Weights and Measures Problem Solved.

Dayton, O., Oct. 29.—After hearing all the evidence, Police Judge Snedlker decided to hold Mrs. Mary Belle Witwer, charged with the murder of her sister, Mrs. Anna C. Pugh, to the common pleas court without ball.

For a St indard Car. St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 29.—A standard box car for the railroads of the

ard box car for the railroads of the U. S., Canada and Mexico has been adopted at the semi-annual meeting of the American Railway Association.

The dimensions call for a car 26 feet long, 8 feet high, and 6 inches wide, and 8 feet high inside measurement, making a cross section of 68 square feet, the car having a capacity of 2,448 cubic feet. Side openings to be 6 feet wide.

His Erring Wife's Hody.

openings to be 6 feet wide.

Mis Erring Wife's Body.

New York, Oct. 29.—The body of the woman found dead yesterday afternoon in the Hotel Melvin, in company with Emil Schillinger, who had shot her and himself, was identified to-day by Joseph Cadish as that of his wife. Cadish refused to give any information concerning himself or the woman.

Solved the Kilogram Problem. New York, Oct. 29.—A despatch to the London Times and the New York Times, from Paris, says that, according to M. Millicrand, Minister of Commerce, the Third International Congress on Weights and Measures has solved the delicate problem of the precise determination of the kilogram, and has broached the important commercial question of the numeration of yarns. eration of varns.

SAILOR DROWNED AT SARNIA Tried to Jump on to Vessel as it Was

Leaving Wharf. Sarnia, Ont., Oct. 25 .- About Sarnia, Ont., Oct. 25.—About 1 o'clock this morning an unknown sallor met death by drowning at the G. L. R. wharf. The steam barge Advance was pilling out from the wharf, when the man was observed running for the boat, and calling that he wished to get aboard. He sprang from the wharf, but the boat was too far out, and he disappeared in the water, which is deep and swift at that point. When he was pulled out shortly after life be was pulled out shortly after was almost extinct, and he died within a few minutes. Coroner Fraser made enquiry and decided that an inquest was unnecessary. Policeman Robt., Kirkland saw the

Policeman Robt., Kirkiand saw the man earlier in the evening under the influence of liquor, and sent lim to a hotel.

An examination of the body showed the name "John Young" taitooed on his arm, but no one appears to know him. The following description has been given out: Apparent age. 55 years; wore a brown cont and dark-colored trousers; was clean-shaven, except for a moustache. dark-colored; dark hair, which the older with grey. slightly edged with grey.

BATTLE OF SANTIAGO.

Admiral Schley Tells the Story, Clearing Up Important Points.

Washington, Oct. 29.—When the Schley Court of Inquiry adjourned to-day Admiral Schley had not completed his testimony in chief.

The chief event of the day was the Admiral's relation of the events of July 3rd, when the American fleet of July 3rd, when the American new tent Cervera's squadron to the bottom of the sea or to the beach. He told his story of this historical occurrence in plain words and in unaffected style, but the narrative was

currence in plain words and in unaffected style, but the narrative was straightforward and to the point, indicating close familiarity with all phases of that event.

He said that the Brooklyn had for a time sustained the fire of all four of the Spanish ships, and also the fire of the Spanish land batteries. Explaining the historical turn of his own flagship, the Brooklyn, he said that she had not approached to within less than 600 yards of the Texas, and that he never had considered that vessel in the least danger. He also stated, in response to an interrogation from Mr. Rayner, that he had never during the battle engaged in any colloquy with Lieut. Hodgson, and that he had not used the expression attributed to him by Hodgson. This refers to the alleged colloquy in which the Admiral is charged with having said: "Dams the Texas!"

Admiral Schley also gave the details of the recondains of May

Admiral Schley also gave the details of the reconnaissance of May 31st, when the Spanish ship Cristobal Colon was bombarded. In this connection he denied the statements attributed to him by Commander Potts of the battleship Massachus-