☞ The Montreal Courier is published every Evening (Sundays excepted), at the Office, 74½, Saint Paul Street, near the Post Office, Montreal, and the other six months tri-weekly, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Subscription, six dollars ($6) per annum, payable in advance.

☞ The Evening Courier (bi-weekly) is published on Monday and Thursday evenings, at 12 noon for the Mails, at the low price of three dollars ($3) per annum, payable in advance.

☞ All Letters must be post-paid, or else the postage will be deducted from the amount sent.

☞ Voluntary Correspondence solicited from all parts of the Continent of America. If made use of, the person transmitting the information will be liberally remunerated.

THE COURIER.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1851.

It is somewhat amusing to peruse the Radical papers at present in all parts of the Province. They are as busy as ants apportioning this city to one, and that county to another, as if they had the constituencies of the whole country in the hollow of their hands. That they are in reality busy, and sanguine too of a victory in the coming contest, no one can doubt; but if we may judge of their hasty zeal, their sinisterings and boastful speeches, they are not quite so sure of success as they would wish to make it appear. The Conservatives, on the other hand, seem to be regarding all this bustle, and intrigue, and meetings, and correspondence, with the most contemptuous apathy. While the Radicals are running here and there, and wiping the sweat from their brows in this warm weather, the Conservatives are standing quietly taking off their gloves and wondering what all this noise is about, or whose house is on fire. There is scarcely a single constituency in the whole country that some one of the Radical or Clear Grit organs have not parcelled out to one or other of their friends—a circumstance which clearly shews the gross folly of their proceedings, as it is perfectly plain that, however they may threaten and cajole some, there are many others who will stand firm to proper conduct and sound constitutional principle. While, therefore, we would not have the Conservatives dismayed at the formidable array which that portion of the Press is assiduously placing before their eyes, because the one half of them are only men in buckram suits after all, yet it is very necessary to be looking forward to the coming contest. Important as the subjects discussed in the late Parliament were at the time thought to be, yet they are of no weight at all when put in comparison of those that must follow them in the next. In so delicate and dangerous a matter, then, every trifle is of consequence, and it would be but a poor consolation to reflect upon what we might easily have gained, yet lost, if we have lost it by our supineness, carelessness, or over-confidence of success. We do not attach much weight to the bravado of our opponents; but still it is necessary that something should be done to stem the tide, to arrest the progress of confident assertion, lest a sound member should be thereby lopped off, or exposed to the danger of falling away.

At a meeting of the City Council, held last evening, His Worship the Mayor read a letter, received from Daniel N. Haskell, Esq., Secretary of the Boston Celebration Committee, informing His Worship that arrangements had been made for their reception at Winthrop House, and requesting to be informed of the number of gentlemen belonging to the Corporation who would take part in the proceedings, and the day of their departure from Montreal; he also informed them that during their stay they should be considered the guests of the city.

It was then moved by Councillor Leeming, seconded by Alderman Benjamin, and unanimously

Resolved,—That the letter received from the Secretary of the Boston Celebration Committee be placed on the Minutes of the Council, and that His Worship the Mayor be requested to reply thereto, supplying the desired information, and expressing the high estimation which this Council entertain of the honourable invitation therein conveyed.

It is understood that His Worship the Mayor and the Corporation will leave this city for Boston on Monday next, at noon.

Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre's Concerts.—We are glad to perceive by the Quebec *Morning Chronicle* that these talented Ballad Singers have been buying "golden opinions" among the Scottish inhabitants of that city. The *Chronicle* says, that Mrs. McIntyre sings "with much feeling and effect, and drew forth the applause of the audience."

We shall have another opportunity this evening, in the great Hall of the Hays' House, Dalhousie Square, of hearing these Singers again, and we believe for the last time, exemplify "the wondrous power of Scottish song." We recommend them to all lovers of simple melody, and to those particularly who affect it in its purest Scottish costume. There is a slight feeling of disdain prevalent among certain persons respecting Scottish melody, as being too homely for their *refined ears*. But this was not the opinion of Madame Catalani at least, who admired it exceedingly, and to her authority we may add that of Miss Stephens, the present Countess of Essex, who, while on the stage, sung many of Scotland's choicest musical productions to the delight of all who heard her. This is not at all to be wondered at, if we consider the probable origin of Scottish musical composition. There can be no doubt that many of the most favourite Scottish airs, such as "Hey tatti tatti," are older than the time of Queen Mary; but it has nevertheless been conjectured, with no small show of probability, that Rizzio exerted a considerable influence over the national melodies of his time, and imparted to them a more refined accentuation than they had previously possessed. If this be so, it may account in some degree for the extremes of sprightliness and mildness which in so eminent a degree characterise Scottish music, and for the regularity of the returning *thirds* which everywhere prevade it. Among other Scotch melodies promised to us this evening, are "The Flowers of the Forest," which commemorate the disastrous field of "Flodden," upon which the Scottish King and the greatest number of his nobility fell. This song alone is powerful enough to draw a large Scottish audience, particularly when sung as Mrs. McIntyre can and does sing it.

Halifax Telegraph.—The "*Mercury*" says:—"The whole line from Quebec to Halifax is now considered to be *in working order*. Mr. Torney has obtained the necessary instruments, and the line may be expected to be operating in two or three days. He left for below on the 2nd instant, to test the working of the line."

Household Servants.—For many years past the people of Montreal have gone on complaining of their servants,—they were "dirty, slovenly, lazy, obstinate, drank, stole," &c., &c.,—yet the remedy has not been sought for. A servant once carried a *written character* from a lady in this city, to a gentleman with whom she wished to engage as cook; said character stated that "*the bearer, Agnes ———, was a good plain cook, that she washed remarkably well, was sober, and industrious.*" At first sight, this would appear to be a very fair recommendation—but look ye, ladies of Montreal, *the lady in question*, who professed to be a model of every thing good and holy, was too good, and too holy, *to recollect* to insert in the character, the word, which should *first* of all be looked for, viz., *honest*. The servant alluded to, had not been many weeks in place, when the tea and sugar began to disappear very rapidly; she was suspected, watched, and caught in the act of carrying a quantity out of the house, rolled up in a silk pocket-handkerchief, which she had also stolen. The gentleman immediately called on the lady, and pointed out to her the impropriety of giving such a woman a character, when the lady very coolly told him that *she had said nothing about honesty in the recommendation she had given!!* and that she had turned her away for stealing a pocket-handkerchief!! The gentleman did not fail to tell the lady what he thought of her *honesty in giving a good character to a thief*. There is such a thing as forging characters, people should therefore make a point of retaining any documents presented to them, and if desirous of engaging the bearer of them, make a point of calling on the parties who are supposed to have written them, and obtain from them an acknowledgment of their having been the writers, and *then, by a little cross-questioning, ascertain* if their answers in regard to the servant's character correspond with the written character. But lately we heard of a servant girl, who was charged by her mistress with being a liar, she acknowledged that she was a liar, *and she could not help being a liar!!* Liars are generally found to be thieves also, it becomes therefore the duty of every mistress, whenever she has found her servant guilty of falsehood, to *immediately* pay her wages up to the end of her month, no matter what the sacrifice, and dismiss her, *without character*. This system, stringently followed up, would have a most beneficial effect amongst the servants of this city. Occasions of disagreements betwixt masters and mistresses and their servants are so frequent here, that it would really be advisable that every one should procure a copy of the laws governing masters and servants. We shall again recur to this subject, and, for the special benefit of our readers, we shall quote a little of the law on the subject, and perhaps enliven them with a few interesting details of actual occurrences.

[We have received the above from a correspondent, and consider the subject of so much importance, that we shall recur to it generally in a day or two. In the mean time our obliging correspondent would gratify us by continuing his communications on the law of master and servant, with the examples he mentions.—Ed. M. C.]

We remind our readers that Mr. Kreighoff's Sale of Pictures takes place to-day, at 1 o'clock, P. M.; they include several Landscapes in Crayon, by Mr. Lock.

Coroner's Inquest.—On Monday, an inquest by the Coroner for the District, on the body of one James Foster, a soldier of the 20th Regiment, stationed at the Island of St. Helens, who committed suicide the preceding night by hanging himself from a tree, in a fit of temporary insanity, caused by fever which he contracted some time ago in London, C. W. Verdict, temporary insanity.

The Potato Rot.—Mr. Phillip Moirell, of Gelenburn, (Maine,) informs Governor Boutwell, through the columns of the *Bangor Whig*, that he has discovered the cause of the potato rot, and also its cure. He says, that no published statement which has fallen under his notice has made any approach to the true cause of the blight or of the remedy. He further says, that if he is allowed to become a competitor for the $10,000 premium offered by the Legislature for a remedy for the disease, he will communicate his discoveries to the Government, otherwise he will not.

Yesterday, a child of Mr. Rediger, Advocate, aged about 3 years, fell from the second story window of the house, in St. Lambert Street, occupied by Mr. Solomon, Farrier. We are happy to state that, beyond the fracture of a limb, the poor child suffered no further injury.

Reviews.

Revenge or an Old Maid. By Dewan; Montreal. Dewitt & Davenport; New York.

We have now perused this lively little work, and the perusal has afforded us many a hearty laugh. The book is not a satyre upon old maids, as we suspected, there is "no scandal about Queen Elizabeth" in it all. It is merely a good humoured, but withal a very pungent, series of sarcasms upon female education, which applies equally to both sides of the Atlantic. In the author's description of *Capsicum House*, and *Miss Griffin*, with her 50 young lady boarders, whom she teaches in what in England is called "The Intellectual System," there is a considerable spice of good sense, mixed up with an infinity of burlesque and caricature, which is extremely amusing. *Miss Griffin*'s whole system hinges upon the ways and means of "humbling that proud creature man," by teaching the young ladies how to become, when married, the true and veritable "Lords of the Creation;" and how does she propose to do this, think you, sagacious reader? Why, by making our wives good cooks, and subduing us under the accumulated comforts of faultless roasts, and ecstatic plum pudding. We fear this lady of *Castle Capsicum* is too wise for her generation, and what with her, and what with Mrs. Bloomer, we poor men must retire into the fat contented ignorance of a pure gynocracy.

Ye young ladies who are *finishing*, or ye who have been already *finished*, at some *finishing* boarding school, listen to *Miss Griffin*, of *Capsicum House*, and be wise in time. *Miss Griffin* asks why woman was made less physically strong than man? Simply that she might be morally more powerful! Man is weaker than the whale, yet man by his superior wisdom harpoons the fish, and supplies the stay makers. Thus from the very weakness of woman may we expect the greater strength. *The weapons to subdue man are not to be found in the Library, but in the Kitchen!* The weakest part of the alligator is his stomach. Man is an alligator. Let the young wife fascinate her husband with the tea-pot. *Miss Griffin* does not want to depreciate the elements of "Modern Education," yet she knows not in the wide world a more pathetic object than a young lady returning home from what is called a "Finishing Establishment." Poor thing! what does she really know to arm her for the battle of life? She becomes a wife, and one by one she moults all her "accomplishments." She might as well never have been "Finished" at all. She has learned to play Mr. Thalberg, Mr. Hartz, and Mr. Listz; she knows all their variations, which are neither more nor less than fire works on the Piano. She knows *Music Time* wonderfully well, but does she know *Kitchen Time*? She can sing "*Sofily the moonlight*," but can she tell—the weight given—how long it will take to boil a leg of mutton? She can dance Cachucas, Flings, Boleros, Jigs, Waltzes, Hornpipes, and Polizas, but can she rise with the lark, do up her hair, and get the breakfast in due season? She knows the use of the Globes, puts her finger upon Arabia Petraea at a minute's notice, and can go round the world as well as Captain Cook, but can she put her hand to an apple dumpling? Music, Painting, and Geography, are the extras of life which married men care nothing about, but breakfasts, dinners, and suppers, are of continual interest. *She who directs the husband's appetite guides the husband.*

Man as a lover—hideous hypocrite—will talk of mounting to the stars, but as a husband he will expect his wife to descend into the kitchen. Man is a monster, but we must make the best of him. It is our mission.

In speaking further of modern accomplishments, *Miss Griffin*, by way of illustration, takes a plum pudding. The "finished young lady," looking at the ingredients, will discourse upon them. She knows their natural and social history. She will tell you that currants came from Greece, which also gave birth to Pericles! The raisins are from Valencia, and straightway she will talk of Spain—of lemons, and then she will talk of the "land where the lemon and the myrtle bloom"—of the brandy, and that will take her to France—and—and all that; but there she stops; she cannot make the plum pudding. She is too "finished" for that. Now, the pupils of *Miss Griffin* superinduce upon the theory of knowledge the practice of the boiler. Her pupils can make the pudding.

Miss Griffin is not unconscious of the fact that ever since the creation of man, Divine Providence has been sadly baffled for want of fitting agents and adapted means in his subjugation. In a word, *Miss G.* professes really to finish young ladies for dinner-making wives; she feels she was born with a call—a mission to humble man to the dust. She does not dispute that man may be necessary in the world, but, at the best, they are only necessary evils. It is thus that every really sensible woman should consider them. In the vulgar attributes of brutes—mere muscular strength—they are certainly our superiors, says *Miss Griffin* in a fit of profound reflection; but how immeasurably beneath us are they in all that constitutes true greatness! And in their hypocrisy they confess as much, for they call us angels—yes, angels, that they may make us slaves. How any woman can lend the marriage ceremony without having her eyes opened to the real intentions of the creatures, is to me most wonderful. "Love, honor, and obey"—my very blood boils when I think of it! To the ears of a woman of spirit every syllable rattles like a dog chain. In fact, by this villanous trap set only all that a woman has appertains to her husband, but her very self is subject to his.

Though we have already exceeded our limits, we cannot forbear giving a specimen of how young ladies are taught to humble and subdue their prospective husbands at Capsicum House.

Miss Griffin, logician:—"Some afternoon when I lecture upon the tea-pot, I trust I shall satisfy you. The classics—people who never knew what real Pekoe was—talk of their hebe, phiatrus, and love charms. Now, every wife with a tea-pot of her continual, may be more powerful than any good-for-nothing goddess of them all. Kindness is the true killer. For instance, when the milk punch class was up last Friday, an enormous wasp came sailing into the room, and flew from girl to girl. Immediately they began to scream and put their hands over their eyes. Some of the girls flew at the wasp with handkerchiefs, and Miss Flake seized a fire screen. Feeling that the time was come for me to show my energy, I exclaimed, with all my natural vigor, 'Silence, ladies, silence for a moral and an example'—my usual mode of speech when about to submit any natural object to a conjugal illustration. 'Bring me the salad cruet,' was my command; it was brought. 'Now, young ladies,' I observed, taking a pea; 'now for the moral and the example. You are here to be finished for sensible, affectionate, but, above all, contented wives. You are hard to learn how best to subdue your natural enemies, that is, govern the men who may become your husbands. Yes, ladies, the Gentleman system will teach you how to control and overthrow your unruly opponents: Man, marrying us, puts a gold ring upon our third finger, and in the simplicity of his heart, makes us, as he thinks, his blushing captive. And shall not man also wear a ring—our ring? Yes, he shall. If we must wear his ring upon our finger, let him—and not know it, poor wretch, for that is the true triumph—let him wear our ring in his nose. Yes, a ring in his nose. Bless you, my dears, there are such rings in the noses of thousands of husbands, though—for all they shave every morning—they never see them. Listen, and you shall have a moral lesson and an example. When the wasp new in the window entered the room, you flew at it with violence. I wonder it did not sting every one of you. Now in future let a wasp when it comes have its little bout, and make its little noise. Don't stir a muscle—don't move a lip—but be quiet as a statue of Diana, or any body of that sort, until the wasp seems inclined—as at this moment—to settle. Then do as I do now.' Whereupon, dipping the feather end of the pen in the cruet of salad oil, I approached the wasp in the softest and tenderest manner possible, and just oiled it upon the body—the black and yellow—when down it fell, turned upon its back, rolled up the whites of its eyes—just like a duck in a thunder storm—and was dead in a minute.

"'There, girls,' said I, 'see what kindness, see what a little oil does. Now here's my moral and example: when your husband comes home in ill humor, don't cry out and fly at him, but try a little oil—in fact, treat him like a wasp!'"

The Canadian Agriculturist. Toronto. September.

This valuable publication has just been laid on our table. It contains several articles of great interest and importance to the agricultural community. Such publications as this are well fitted to advance the true greatness, and evolve the riches of Canada.

We have to thank Mr. Lay, Bookseller, 193 Notre Dame Street, for the last nine numbers of Hunt's Merchants' Magazine—they will be very useful to us. Indeed this publication conveys so much information on important mercantile subjects, and also geographical as well as topographical notices of the countries and cities which are the principal centres of mercantile enterprise, that it should be as regularly on every merchant's and accountant's desk as the Almanac for the year. We shall give extracts occasionally from these numbers, and we are sure our readers will be obliged to Mr. Lay for giving us an opportunity of doing so.

Proceedings of the Corporation.

[*Reported for the* "Montreal Courier."]

Monday Evening, Sept. 8.

Present:—His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen Fabre, Macfarlane, Grenier, Homier, Lynch, and Benjamin; Councillors Leclair, Frechette, Leeming, Larkin, McCambridge, and Montreuil.

The minutes of the last Meeting were read and confirmed.

PETITIONS READ:

From Francois Tavernier, to be allowed to raise his houses in Bonaventure Street, to the proposed level of said street. From the same, offering to refer the suit instituted by him against the Corporation in 1843, to an amicable arbitration. From Hypolite Guy, Esq., on behalf of the administrators of the late Hon. Louis Guy's estate, offering certain streets on the property called *Bouisgne*. From C. S. Rodier *et al*, for the homologation of a particular street on said *Bouisgne* property. From John Muthern, for improvements in the vicinity of Wellington Bridge. From Messrs. Hooker & Holton and others, for improvements to that part of Commissioners Street which lies in the vicinity of the Lachine Canal. From P. Poulin, for damages sustained in consequence of an excavation in McGill Street. All the above were referred to the Road Committee. From O. Berthelet and others, for pecuniary aid to the widow of the late Chief of Police, Hypolite Jeremie. Referred to Finance Committee. From O. Bergeron, to be exempt from payment of business tax on account of his infirmities. Referred to Finance Committee. From Messrs. McLean & Wright, for leave to erect a steam engine between Kempt and Murray Streets, in the St. Anne's Ward. Referred to Fire Committee. From W. Jugo, for reduction of assessment. Ordered not to be received.

Alderman Macfarlane hereupon, in a short speech, acquainted the Council with the success of his and Aldermen Lynch and Homier's mission to the Governor General. The substance of which we gave our readers in our last issue.

After a few remarks from Alderman Homier in relation to the same, in French,

Alderman Macfarlane brought up his motion, (the notice of which he had given at the previous meeting,) in relation to Councillor Leeming's and Grenier's motion, in reference to the Wharf-Police. After a little discussion, Alderman Macfarlane withdrew his motion, being unable to procure a seconder.

A letter was read from the Provincial Secretary, in reference to the establishment of the Montreal Wharf Police.

The Council then, on motion of Mr. Leeming, authorized the Special Committee to make the proper arrangements for completing the new City Hall; and adopted the report of the Finance Committee against the exemption of Messrs. Compain & Co. from the tax on Theatres.

The City Clerk, in conformity with a Rule of the Council, acquainted them of the absence of Councillor Macdonald for four consecutive meetings from the Police Committee. On motion, Messrs. Leeming and Frechette were appointed in his place, and in that of Mr. Montreuil, resigned.

On motion of Mr. Fabre, the Mayor was authorized to order the printing of 200 English and 250 French copies of the new Act of Incorporation.

The Council then adjourned.

Among the late arrivals in town, we observe P. A. Engleson, Esq., the well-known Lecturer on the Habits and Customs of the New Zealanders.

Investing in Poultry Fancies.—"Malcolm Cameron found his vault two years ago and lays in it."—*Herald of Sept. 8.*

We beg to inform our readers, that owing to the steamer Ottawa having to go to Quebec with Government stores, she will not be able to leave the Lachine Canal Wharf until 2 o'clock, P. M., this day, Wednesday, the 10th inst.

The Catholics of Buffalo have made arrangements for building a church in that city which is to cost at least $1,000,000. The site is to cost $250,000.

Revenue of Ireland.—The net produce of the revenue of Ireland, paid into the Exchequer in the year ended 5th January, 1851, was £4,094,053, viz:—Customs, £1,456,259; excise, £1,212,122; stamps, £469,601; assessed taxes, £489,540. The net income of the country, (including a balance remaining in the Exchequer at the commencement of the year of £1,326,609) was £5,121,643, and the expenditure £4,409,704, leaving a balance in the Exchequer of £621,931. The excise collections at the port of Dublin in 1850, amounted to £326,291, and the duties of customs to £74,945.

Arrival of the Empire City.
THE CHEROKEE'S NEWS CONTINUED.

New York, Saturday, P. M.

We are indebted to the purser of the *Empire City* for the following summary of news:

Havana has been the scene of jubilee and rejoicing for the last three days, owing to the capture of Gen. Lopez and his forces. The news reached Havana on the 30th ult. As a demonstration of the effect it produced, flags were hoisted, guns fired, &c.—At night the principal buildings were illuminated, torch-light processions formed, &c.

Lopez was taken in the interior, wandering alone, and nearly exhausted from fatigue and hunger. He asked for something to eat at a farm house and permission to lie down. While asleep, he was bound and made prisoner. Of his followers, over 100 are now in prison, at Havana, and to be sent to Spain for 10 years' confinement in a dungeon. They say their sufferings before they were taken were intense. For several days they lived upon the leaves of trees, &c. The last meat they ate was the horse of Gen. Lopez! They had no arms when taken. The remainder have either been shot or they have perished with hunger. Capt. Piatt, of the Albany, visited them in prison, and gained some interesting accounts, which he will dispatch to the United States.

The steamers *Habanera*, *Alnendares*, and *Isabella Catholica* were on Sunday dispatched to Bahia Honda and Mariel, to bring up the troops preparatory to the execution of Lopez.

The loss of the Spanish troops was 2,000. In every engagement, they were defeated. Gen. Enna was killed at the head of an advancing column. He was the second officer to Concha.

Lopez was garoted on the morning of Sept. 1st, at 7 o'clock. The execution was attended by 8,000 troops and many citizens. He ascended the platform and made a short speech. His last words were—

☞ "I die for my Beloved Cuba!" ☜

He then took his seat. The machine was adjusted, and in two minutes he was dead!

The prisoners say in no instance have the Creoles of this land shown a disposition to join them.

The French steamer *Amodeous* sails from Havana on the 1st. The *Cherokee*, from New York, arrived on the 1st, and was to sail the same night for New Orleans. The *Falcon*, from Chagres, arrived on the 31st, with 390 passengers.

The *Empire City* brings a large Havana mail.

New York, Sept. 6th.

Annexed are some additional particulars of the close of the Cuba Expedition.

Havana, on Sunday last, was quite a holiday.—Guns were fired from morning till night, and Vivas for Concha and the Queen were continually offered.

At half past 6 o'clock on the 1st of Sept. the troops were assembled at the place of Execution, which was at the Ponto, at the entrance of the Harbor, directly opposite Moro Castle. There were on the ground at the time 5000 troops—3000 infantry and 2000 cavalry and about 8000 citizens.

A few minutes before 7 Lopez was brought forward and ascended a platform, about 15 feet high, on which was the chair of Execution. He turned and faced the multitude, and addressed them with a short speech.

He then took his seat; his head was adjusted, and at one turn of the screw, his head dropped off. He evinced not the slightest trembling or fear. His step was light and firm, and his voice distinct and clear. A few hisses and groans were heard from the crowd at the Execution. Save that everything was orderly and quiet.

The River St. Lawrence.—On the whole, therefore, it appears certain that the River St. Lawrence is destined ere long to become a most important medium of intercourse between the diverse sections of the New World, as well as between the Old World and the New, and to give to the Provinces of Canada a far more extensive and commanding influence over the commercial operations of North America than any other state east of Louisiana can ever aspire to. The outlet which it affords to the produce of Ohio, and the other north-western districts of the Union, will become of incalculable importance in case of any rupture between the free and slave states, at the mouth and keys of the Mississippi are completely in the hands of the latter. Such a rupture is not only inevitable, but at present appears close at hand; and as the free States of the north, and Government, intended to oppose any secession from the Union by force of arms, it cannot be doubted that at least a temporary closing of the Mississippi would be resorted to by the southern states. But by cultivating the route of the St. Lawrence a hostile measure of this kind would fall less heavily upon the states of the interior; and most assuredly it would greatly benefit our British interests. Already, however, and independent of such contingencies, the future greatness of the line of the St. Lawrence is secured; and all that is required of our brethren in Canada is to be patient and bide their time.—*Dublin University Magazine.*

M'lle. Fitzjames and the Bloomer Troupe.—M'lle. Fitzjames met with a most enthusiastic reception at the Chinese Concert Hall, last evening. The house was crowded shortly after the doors were opened, so that the sale of tickets was stopped, and hundreds were turned away, being unable to gain admission. The troupe appeared in Bloomer co-tumes, at which a great many of the audience roared with laughter. Several of the pieces, however, were loudly encored, and each lady, composing the company, received one or more bouquets. M'lle. Fitzjames was very warmly greeted upon her first appearance, in the song of "Salut a la France," in the superbly rich costume of "*La Fille de Regiment*," and at every succeeding appearance, in song and dance, received the plaudits of the audience, and on each occasion bore away with her in triumph, bright and beautiful bouquets. Mons. Carrese executed his part in a truly artistic manner. The second concert takes place this evening. The programme is varied from last evening.—*N. Y. Post.*

M. Simonidy, a Greek, pretends that he has discovered by research amongst the archives of the Greek Convents, a record of the spot where is deposited the original manuscript of the Acts of the Apostles. He says it is in the Island of Antigouna.

The World's Fair.—"What are those?" asked the Queen of a Connecticut pedlar, who was exhibiting his wares in the Crystal Palace. "Them, marm? Why them is wooden nutmegs, from Connecticut." "Oh, my!" exclaimed Victoria, as she turned to the Prince, who mildly remarked:—"Connecticut was always some 'umpkins." The next day the pedlar received an order from the Prince for six barrels of wooden nutmegs.

"Where was I, ma?" said a little urchin one day to his mother, as he stood gazing upon his drunken prostrate father. "Where was I when you married pa? Why didn't you take me along with you? I could have picked out a better man than he is?"

A Large Cargo of Chinese.—The British ship *Henrietta*, Captain Otte, was entered at the Custom House on Tuesday. She is last from Hong Kong, and brings 223 Chinese passengers, a list of whom is before us. What a collection of Amongs, Attungs, and Achoys! Of the 223 names, 190 commence with the letter A, usually terminating with a G, or a I, and in every instance two syllables in length. But the most singular circumstance connected with this cargo of celestials is that out of the whole number 221 are shoemakers, one a doctor and one a merchant. There are Along, Allung, Achung, Amping, Ankeekiung, Apung, Chingchung, Banching, and a host of other Moods, who smile with their now-wide open eyes as though the whole world was made of stitches, and "to have has" the chief end of man.—*Alta California.*

A private individual has offered six thousand florins for the sword of Tiberius Cæsar, found in Mayence, but the proprietor will not part with it under double that sum.

A young lady once hinted to a gentleman that her thimble was worn out, and asked what reward she merited for her industry. He said he would answer in shape of a thimble, on which the following lines were engraved:—

I send you a thimble for fingers nimble,
Which I hope will fit when you try it,
It will last you long if it's half as strong,
As the hint you gave me to buy it.

Just Received by Express—
Godey, Graham, and Sartain, for September.
R. W. LAY,
193, Notre Dame Street.
Montreal, August 14, 1851. 413

PORT OF MONTREAL.

Arrived.
Sept. 8.
Ship Bronkaby, McEwan, Glasgow, Gillespie, Moffatt & Co, general cargo
Brig Wilson, Stoup, Liverpool, Jos Ward, general cargo
Brig May Flower, Boulet, Antigonish, order, plaster
Schr Marie Priscille, Bernier, Halifax, J Young, fish, &c
Schr Marie Anne, Desjardines, Canso, J Gordon & Co, do
Schr Undoras, West, Cienfuegos, J & J Mitchell & Co, sugar

Cleared.
Sept. 8.
Ship Montreal, McMaster, Liverpool, Edmonstone, Allan & Co, ashes, &c

PORT OF QUEBEC.

Arrived.
Sept 6.
Ship Ottawa, McArthur, July 31, Glasgow, Symes & Co, gen cargo, 32 pass
.... Canada, Wylie, August 1, Glasgow, do, do

Cleared,
Sept. 6.
Brig Elizabeth, Clayton, Aberystwith, Symes & Co
Schr St Ignace, Bernier, Miramichi, Gilmour & Co

Shipping Intelligence.

Captain Wylie, of the ship Canada, arrived on Saturday morning, spoke the ship Lady Louisa, Thomas, master, hence on the 13th ult, for Menai Bridge, in the Straits of Belleisle, on the 20th ult, all well.

Captain McArthur, of the ship Ottawa, also arrived on Saturday morning, signalized, on the 23rd ult, on St Peter's Bank, the bark Halliards, from Hull, for Quebec. On the 26th ult, spoke the ship Washington, from Greenock, off Gaspe. On the 2nd inst, off Green Island, signalised the bark Tay, home bound.

Halifax, Aug 28.—Cleared—Victoria, Fornier, Quebec and Montreal; Providence, Fornier, Quebec.

Comparative Statement of Arrivals and Tonnage, at the Port of Quebec, to the 6th September, in each year:—

	Vessels.	Tonnage.
1850	722	229,365
1851	541	185,496
More this year	49	35,631

BIRTHS.

In this city, on the 30th ultimo, Mrs. R. H. R. Sparks, of a daughter.

On the 6th instant, at Hanover Terrace, the lady of David R. Peirce, Esq., of a son.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 4th instant, by the Rev. John Douglas, Mr. James Morris, junior, of Chambly, to Mary, eldest daughter of Mr. Henry Popham, of Montreal.

At Chambly, on the 4th instant, by the same, Mr. Isaac Hilman, of St. George de Henryville, to Eliza, second daughter of Mr. James Morris, of Chambly.

DIED.

In this city, on the 8th instant, Mr. James Farrell, after a long and painful illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude and resignation, deeply regretted by large circle of relatives and friends, aged 48 years.

At Quebec, on the 7th instant, after a severe illness of a few days, Mr. A. Henessey, aged 60 years.

At Quebec, on the 7th instant, John, aged 15 months, infant son of Mr. William Paterson.

CIGARS.

5 CASES of Prime HAVANA CIGARS—fit for Spanish Dons, or roving Fillibusters—are now on hand, and well worthy the attention of consumers, who can appreciate a first-rate article.
JAMES McGIBBON,
Notre Dame Street.
September 10, 1851. 435

Just Received by Express—
Hunt's Merchants' Magazine for September
Eclectic Magazine for September
Horticulturist for September
Cultivator for September.
R. W. LAY,
193, Notre Dame Street.
September 10, 1851. 433

SCOTCH AND IRISH
BALLAD CONCERT.

MR. AND MRS. McINTYRE,
THE POPULAR VOCALISTS,
Will give their THIRD and LAST
CONCERT
IN
HAYS' HOUSE,
On *WEDNESDAY EVENING, September* 10.

PROGRAMME.

1. Cauld Kail in Aberdeen.....Mr. McIntyre.
2. Comin' thro' the Rye.....Mrs. McIntyre.
3. Widow Machree.....Mr. McIntyre.
4. The Low Back'd Car.....Mrs. McIntyre.
5. Saw ye my Wee Thing?.....Mr. McIntyre.
6. John Anderson my Joe.....Mrs. McIntyre.
7. Hame cam' our Guide Man at E'en.....Mr. McIntyre.

SECOND PART.

8. The Bould Soger Boy.....Mr. McIntyre.
9. Flowers of the Forest.....Mrs. McIntyre.
10. O this is no' my ain Lassie..Mr. McIntyre.
11. So Miss Myrtle is going to Marry!.....Mrs. McIntyre.
12. The Fairy Boy.....Mr. McIntyre.
13. Dermot astore.....Mrs. McIntyre.
14. Get up and Bar the Door.....Mr. McIntyre.
15. Imitation of the Scotch Bagpipes.

Tickets 2s. 6d. each, to be had at Hays' Hotel, and at the door on the evening of the Concert, which commences at EIGHT o'clock.
September 9. 436

WILL SHORTLY OPEN
AT THE
ST ANDREW'S HALL,
(OLD ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,)
SAINT PETER STREET,
BAYNE'S CELEBRATED SERIES OF
GIGANTIC PANORAMAS,
ENTITLED
A VOYAGE TO EUROPE,
EMBRACING magnificent Views of Boston, its Harbour, Halifax, the Atlantic, River Mersey, Liverpool, the CRYSTAL PALACE OF THE WORLD'S FAIR, Westminster Abbey, LONDON, from the Thames, passing under the Bridges, and ending with a magnificent View of THE THAMES TUNNEL.
Brilliantly illuminated, and both banks of the beautiful
RIVER RHINE.
☞ Due notice will be given of the day of opening.
September 8. 432

PATENT IRON FENCES, &c.

The Subscribers have been appointed Sole Agents for Canada of the
NEW ENGLAND IRON RAILING CO.,
Whose Manufactures are PATENTED in London for
GREAT BRITAIN & THE COLONIES,
And have now received Samples of
IRON FENCES, GATES, POSTS, &c.

THE lightness of style, combined with the strength and durability of these FENCES, have secured for them extensive introduction in the United States; and they are equally adapted for GARDENS, WINDOW BALCONIES, HATCHWAYS in WAREHOUSES, STAIR-RAILINGS and PASSAGES, GRAVE LOTS, &c., &c. And a great variety for other purposes; and may be had in great variety of patterns and strength.
432-4w LEEMING & SABINE.

NOTICE.

GREAT RAILROAD CELEBRATION BOSTON.

THOSE who have received invitations to a RAILROAD CELEBRATION to Boston are hereby notified that their Cards will carry them over the CHAMPLAIN AND ST LAWRENCE and VERMONT CENTRAL at any time after this date. It is advisable for those who study comfort should arrive here early, as to the 16th, as the Cars on THAT DAY will be much crowded by the great numbers going from Canada and the United States.
J. H. DALEY,
Agent.
Vermont Central Railroad Office,
No. 71, Commissioners Street,
Montreal, Sept 10, 1851.

FOR TORONTO AND HAMILTON.

CALLING AT COBOURG, PORT HOPE, BOND HEAD, AND WHITBY.

THE Steamer *OTTAWA*, will LEAVE the CANAL BASIN on WEDNESDAY, 10th instant, at TWO P. M., for the above Ports. Superior accommodation for Cabin Passengers.
For Freight or Passage apply to
DAVID TORRANCE & Co.
On the Wharf.
September 6, 1851.

FOR RIDEAU CANAL, BYTOWN, & OTTAWA RIVER.

THE Steamer "CHALLOTTE," Capt. Master, will LEAVE the Queen's Wharf, for the above and intermediate Ports, THIS EVENING, at SIX o'clock.
For Freight or Passage apply to
MACPHERSON, CRANE & Co.
Cons. Wharf.
September 10.

NEW THROUGH LINE

TORONTO, HAMILTON, MAGARA FALLS AND BUFFALO DIRECT.

THE new, fast and magnificent Steamer *CHAMPION*, Montreal, Commander, will LEAVE the Suspension Bridge, for the above and intermediate PORTS on THURSDAY, (to-morrow) at TWO o'clock, P. M. LACHINE on the arrival of the EXPRESS Train.
For Passage, apply at the New Transport Line Office, No. 3½, McGill Street.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
MACPHERSON, CRANE & Co.
Cons. Wharf.
Montreal, September 10.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE

FOR TORONTO AND HAMILTON.

THE Steamer *WESTERN MILLER*, Capt. Grath, Master, will LEAVE the Subscribers' Wharf, for the above Ports on FRIDAY, the 12th instant, at SIX o'clock, P. M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
MACPHERSON, CRANE & Co.
Cons. Wharf.
September 10.

ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

THE MONTREAL
HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY'S
FIFTH
GARND ANNUAL EXHIBITION

WILL be held on THURSDAY, the 18th SEPTEMBER, in the Spacious Gardens and Grounds attached to SAINT ANTOINE HALL, the Property of J. Torrance, Esq., which has been kindly placed at the Society's disposal for that purpose.

Competitors in the District are requested to send their articles on the evening previous, or early on the morning of the Exhibition. Articles will be received from those out of the District until 10, A. M.

It is earnestly requested that Competitors will observe PUNCTUALITY in order to secure suitable places for their articles.

The Judges will commence to award premiums at 11, A. M.

The Committee hereby extend an invitation to Horticulturists THROUGHOUT CANADA and the NEIGHBOURING STATES to compete at this Exhibition, subject to the same regulations as the Members of the Society.

Those from a distance, desirous of competing or exhibiting, can send their articles to any Member of the Committee of Arrangements, and may be assured they will receive every attention.

The Ladies connected with the Society will hold A FLORAL BAZAAR, in one of the Society's Tents.

☞ The Splendid Band of the 20th Regiment will be in attendance.

Omnibuses will run every ½ hour between Place d'Armes and the Exhibition.

The Gates will be open to the public at Ten o'clock, P. M.

Single Tickets, 1s. 3d; Children, under footing, half price; Tickets admitting 1 Gentleman and 3 Ladies, 2s. 6d. For Sale at Mr. Stobart's, Messrs. A. Savage & Co.'s, Notre Dame Street, Messrs. S. J. Lyman & Co.'s, Place d'Armes, Messrs. Wm. Lyman & Co.'s, St. Paul Street, and Mr. McCoy