lic Church. What is the high

ritualistic movement which insis calling itself Catholic discards

nounces Protestantism, teach Catholic doctrine but the Po premacy and adopts all Cathol

## AN ORIGINAL GIRL. By Christine Faber.

CHAPTER XLII.

The storm brought Rentonville into great prominence; reporters of the various city papers flocked to the place like so many vultures, and nothing that had happened on that eventful night but found itself, not alone in print, but in print accompanied by glaring illustrations. Every scene of ruin was described and reproduced in photograph
—a column was written about the Onotomah Club reception and interviews with many of the members were graphi-cally reported—startling paragraphs relative to the death of the rescued man in Miss Burram's carriage-house were given, and equally startling surmises as to his identity, the reporter, in that

instance, being young and imaginative.

The Rentonville people themselves, especially those whose property had suffered to any degree, as well as those who had been so sorely affrighted at the reception, were in too great a state of excitement either to resent, or even to notice very much the audacious mendacity of many of the published accounts

number of the ladies who had attended the reception were suffering either from heavy colds, caught by their exposure to the storm, or from shock resulting from their fright, most of them being confined to bed, and altogether a good part of Rentonville felt

Mrs. Gedding, suffering from both cold and shock, was, of course, confined to her bed, and she moaned and complained that it was all owing to Miss Burram, and when Rose, so hoarse her-self from the exopsure, she could hardly speak, asked how in the world Miss Burram could be responsible for the storm, her mother answered pettishly

'Don't talk to me! Miss Burram is an unlucky woman to have anything to do with, that's all."

Rose was forced to be silent. Her father also seemed to be very much out of sorts, and not at all disposed to talk of anything pertaining to the reception. The only one who appeared to have kept his serenity was her brother; he accepted the situation very philosophically, but he could not refrain from saying laughingly, that he hardly blamed saying laughingly, that he hardly blamed his mother for feeling as she did about Miss Burram. Still, his sympathies, and his curiosity too were aroused, when he heard, as all Rentonville heard, not alone through the gossip of Sarah, but the accounts given by some of the other eye-witnesses, of the death in the carriage-house which had so affected "Miss Rachel."

Rose was for calling upon Miss Burram at once, especially when she heard that her Charge was sick in bed, and that the dead man had been taken to Miss Burram's house, where, as Sarah expresed it, "he was laid out in the parlor, with the door locked upon him fer his funeral. But Will shook his head at his sister's

suggestion.
"Your visit, now," he said, "might be deemed an intrusion upon some desired privacy which Miss Burram would resent; better wait." And Rose, taking counsel with Harriet, waited.

An undertaker from the city arrayed the dead man in his habiliments for the grave, and the physician from the city attended Rachel, while reporters from the city came upon the heels of the two and failing to get the information they craved, made articles anyhow, with flaming headings, and ludicrous pen pictures of Sarah as she appeared while answering their questions. One summons of the bell brought her face to face with Herrick.

"Ah, Sarah!" he said, so blandly, that, as she thought to herself it seemed

as if his words were rolled in oil, "my visit is to you; I would not disturb your mistress in this her affliction, for the world: but it is for her sake that I come; to put you on your guard, Sarah, against the city reporters. They have been to me, but I have refused abso-lutely to see them; they have been also to Mr. Notner and Mr. Gedding, and, strange to say, I understand these gentlemen have given them interviews. Now, Sarah, I hope you have not given them any information; they wanted to find out, I am told, all of Miss Burram's alone sat. find out, I am told, all of Miss Burram's movements from the time she left here for that reception, till she was seen in the earriage-house at the death of might; nor had she spoken—she seemed to understand what was said about her, that was all. The physician said Herrick, had some knowledge of the

d man's identity.
'There wasn't no movements about it," answered Sarah, both mystified and somewhat sacred by Herrick's manner, "she only went in the carriage with Mr. Gedding, Miss Gedding's father, to the reception, and I didn't see no more of her till she and Miss Rachel and Mr

You mean to say, Sarah, she went in the carriage with Mr. and Mrs. Ged-

No, I don't; she just went with Mr. Gedding; Mrs. Gedding and her son went in another carriage

And Miss Rachel-is it true, Sarah, t she fainted when this—man died?"
Yes; she fainted, and Mr. Notner, he carried her in his arms here to the house, and he brought her upstairs and laid her on a bed in one of the guest

"And then, Mr. Herrick," feeling that she must answer him or face un-pleasant consequences for herself, "he went away, and Miss Burram and me, we brought Miss Rachel to, after awhile, and got her properly in bed."

was going away, he said to Miss Burram, that if he could be of any service to

very like Miss Rachel, is he not?' knew not what from this attempt to itary occupant did not alight

force her into some admission.

"He wasn't like her as I could see, ram had driven rapidly away. Then Mr. Herrick, and I don't know why he Herrick came forward, surveying with

going to do you any harm, and you are a good woman to have your mistress's affairs so much at heart—some day she shall know all about it. Now, about the funeral of this stranger, Sarah; of course, your mistress may not have told you her arrangements, but no doubt you know them from your ability to peer through keyholes, and to listen outside of doors; so, the funeral, Sarah, tell me about that."

She feared him now with a mortal terror, and she tremblingly told, what in this instance she had not heard surreptitiously, but openly—her mistress having spoken to the undertaker in her presence—the stranger was to be buried the next day in the G--Cemetery.

"Thank you, Sarah," and Herrick, bland and satisfied, took his departure. The next day Mr. Gedding, opening the city daily paper which every morning lay at his plate, found his own name at the head of an article referring to the recent storm at Rentonville; no only his own name at the head, but also at the end of an alleged interview with him pertaining to Miss Burram. He with distended eyes, exploding remark every few moments that some remark every brought a chorus of questions from his wife, who on that morning had left her room for the first time since the illfated reception, and from his son and daughter, but which he did not pause to take time to answer. When he had finished the article his face was red to bursting, and he fairly sputtered, as he

threw the paper to his son: Read, and see what your sister has done for me by compelling me to make the acquaintance of that woman.

Young Gedding read aloud: Mr. William Gedding, Sr., Champions Miss Burram. An interview with him throws light on some of the mystery surrounding that eccentric

lady. Mr. William Gedding, an estimable gentleman of Rentonville, in an interview with a reporter made some very frank statements about his friend, Miss Burram. He had the exclusive honor of escorting her in his own private car riage to the recention of the Onotomal in other carriages, and he testifies in glowing terms to the remarkable cool-ness shown by the lady in the midst of the storm-a coolness all the greater when in her own carriage-house she was brought face to face with a dying man whose identity she knew, but did not wish to disclose. It is the opinion of Mr. Gedding that the dying man was well and intimately known to his friend, and that disclosures will be made later which shall electrify all Rentonville In fact, Mr. Gedding's precise words

"' Miss Burram, from being the in scrutable mystery she has been, must become the best known and the most perfectly understood person in Renton-

The young man could hardly finish for laughing-the statements about his honest, straightforward father were so absurd, and his father's anger, now at white heat, was so amusing; but Mrs.

Gedding was in tears: "See what you have done," she said, turning to her dismayed daughter, "forcing us to become acquainted with that awful woman, and now, what come

Rose was in tears also, seeing which her brother tried to cheer the gloom of the situation by suggesting to his father to send a card to the paper denying the untrue statements,

"It won't do any good," blustered Mr. Gedding, "it won't prevent people seeing that article to-day, and what will

hey think of me?"

He left the table without touching his breakfast, and a moment later they heard him stamping about in his own room like an enraged bull.

Poor Rose was so discomfited and even crushed by the calamitous manner in which all of her plans pertaining to the reception had miscarried, that she had not spirit enough to inquire about the funeral that went from Miss Burram's door.

It was a singular funeral enough-a stately hearse with nodding plumes and handsome horses followed by one carriage-Miss Burram's own, in which she

it was the severity of a shock from which she suffered; and that her youth and strength would carry her through only she must have absolute quiet.

Thus, no reference was made in he presence to anything save her own necessities, and if she knew, if she renembered what had happened, she gave no sign. Indeed, at times she lay so still, her eyes staring straight before per in an unseeing kind of way, that Miss Burram, who divided with Sarah the care of her, used to hang above her pillow in a kind of fear lest she had gone to join "Tom." Sometimes, when the fear became an involuntary agony, she called softly, and "Rachel in response, turned her eyes to t speaker, the strange, nuseeing expreswas so like the look "Tom" gave as he went down to death with her face was so like the look "Tom" before him.

The guest chamber in which Rachel lay was in a part of the house whene the windows looked on the funeral contege and Sarah, installed in the chamber till Miss Burram should return, and got her properly in bed."
"That was the day before yesterday; how many times has Mr. Notner been here since?"
"The was the day before yesterday; warriage go down the road to the great gate, her tears flowing all the time. "It "He hasn't been here at all; when he is so lonesome," she said to herself, "to be buried that way, and Miss

she is. And this dead man, Sarah, he is Another carriage followed the funeral ory like Miss Rachel, is he not?"

Sarah was half crying, fearing she from Rentonville—a carriage that kept in the distance, and from which its solonld be like her."

There, Sarah, don't be so conburial vault.

cerned; your frankness with me is not! There were two graves beside the

one just made, and the whole was surrounded by a simple iron railing.

No monument marked the place, but
on the four posts of the railing was cut

in the stone the name Burram.

The next day the Rentonville Times had in full the article of the city paper which had excited Mr. Gedding's choler, and also a two-columned article of its own wherein a full description of the funeral, and even of the burial plot was given; also an account of strange illness of Miss Burram's Charge. beginning with the swoon in which was carried to the house by Notner, and covertly insinuating that gentleman was connected with mysterious and possibly undesirable happening under the

Notner answered the attack with a rigorous announcement of the writer, whoever he might be, and a scathing rebuke to the vicious imagination which could devise such malicious attacks could devise such malicious attacks upon the private life of a lady. His swer also contained an utter scot the interview reported with Gedding, and an eulogium upon that gentleman's character, from which the gentleman's character, writer of the interview referred to was earnestly desired to draw a salutary lesson. All of which the Times refused to publish, but which duly appeared in double-leaded type the front page of the other Rentonville

eyes of Rentonville

Mr. Gedding, Sr., saw it, and it had the happy effect of restoring him at once to his normal frame of mind, while it raised Mr. Notner several degrees in his estimation. In his immense satisfaction he read it aloud for his family, and Mrs. Gedding instantly recovered her serenity, and she de-clared that Mr. Notner was "a lovely

"A public benefactor, I call him," said her son, looking over at his sister with a mischievous twinkle in his eyes: worn since the fateful night, and in secret she quite agreed with her mother that Mr. Notner was "a lovely man."

## CHAPTER XLIII.

The vessel that had gone to pieces or the beach in front of Miss Burram's door was found to be the Norah Melton, a clipper-built ship sailing from Bom-bay with a cargo of Indian drugs, bamboo, and spices, and bound for New York; she had left Bombay early in May, being due in New York some time about the middle of August, and had been manned by five sailors be side the captain. She carried no pas-The captain's name wa given as Ringwort. mation the newspapers ascertained and published.

Herrick set himself to work to get the ames of the sailors who must have per-hed. He put himself in direct comnunication with the authorities at Bomay, but only to find that nothing more than the vessel's name and tonnage and the name of the captain had been regis tered there. The vessel had come to Bombay from Cairo to Africa. To Cairo Herrick wrote, but only to re-ceive in reply that a recent fire had destroyed many of the shipping records, mong them presumably that of the Norah Melton."

Disappointed, but not discouraged, he addenly thought of writing to Mrs. Hubrey an account of the strange occur rences on the night of the storm, and inclosing copies of the paper in which uch full accounts has been published.
Rachel was able at length to sit up. She looked a very ghost of her former

elf, she was so white and thin; but it was the peculiar expression of her eyes that gave Miss Burram the most anxiety-it was so piercingly intense, as if the soul behind it was frantically striving for something which constantly eluded it; and she spoke so little never unless she was spoken to, when she answered in a low tone that had a pitiful gentleness about it. Miss Burram ondered what Rachel was thinking of during her perpetual silence—was it these changes but she was still too sor always of Tom? Tom, the memory of and suffering to feel about them as she whose last look would never leave her | might have done at another time. own thoughts more. She had become she spoke, her voice was so changed and soft, that Sarah, hearing it, often started, and she was obliged to assure herself that it was her mistress who

Miss Burram denied herself to all callers, being as obdurate to the polite messages of those who sought to form an acquaintance on the strength of the Club reception as she had been to the importunities of the reporters; she did not even read the papers—perhaps from some instinctive fear that some one might have guessed and published the truth—and she commanded Sarah to desist when that woman fain would have poken of what all Rentonville was talk-

Rachel did not seem to notice that Miss Burram, when speaking to her, softened her tones and her manner. She acted as if all tones and all manne were alike to her; as if the only object of her existence now was to do what she ras told to do and be silent.

The city physician shook his head a

ttle at this protracted silence Something must be done to rous little at her," he said in an aside to Miss Burram; "under her present mental strain, if no relief comes her mind may go."

Miss Burram shivered, and when the

He came, looking sad and anxious, as when he had seen Miss Rachel borne away in the arms of Notner; not a day that he had not inquired many times about her since, and Sarah, in her sympathy for him, always tried to give him the most encouraging news. Miss Burram began the moment he

tered her presence:
'Will this Father Hammond of yours come to see my Charge, Miss Rachel, if I send for him?"

Hardman's surprise was so great he could only stammer: 'I think so, ma'am."

"Then go for him at once."
Father Hammond's surprise was no less than Hardman's, but he responded immediately, and Miss Burram met him compassion for Miss Rachel, seemed to People.

in the hall, almost as soon as Sarah admitted him

She bowed in her cold way and mo-tioned him to precede her up the flight of stairs that led to the room where Rachel was. At the head of the stairs he paused, allowing her the lead to the door of the apartment. There, with to sit in. Without a word, for every her hand on the knob, she turned and thing he wanted to say seemed to sticl spoke for the first time :

"There is a young soul within that in need of some ministration. I thought of you because she heard you preach once in your own church on a Christmas Day. I do not know if she has any religion, and I have not sent for you to give her yours. I ask you alone to use the influence which men of your cloth are said to have with suffering hearts; she is young, and she is inno-cent; she will be susceptible—rouse her from her grief."

She opened the door for him, closing

it upon him when he was well within, and going herself to her own room. Below stairs Sarah was opening her

ul to Mrs. McElvain : May I never be burned nor drowned alive, but it was Father Hammond; I

let him in myself, and there was Miss Burram ready to receive him; she marched him upstairs ahead of her without a word. What is Miss Burram oming to? But Mrs. McElvain did not take her usual interest in Sarah's information-her own anxiety about her son, daily

coming greater, prevented her from giving much thought to anything else. As she had said that morning sponse to Hardman, who never failed to quire if she had news : "It is over a month since his vessel was due, and never a trace of him."

Not having the name of the vessel, nor the name of the captain, nor anything more than that it was a vessel bound rom some port in Africa to New York, ner information was too scant to enable her even to search for more.

Father Hammond was a long time with Rachel; but to Miss Burram in her own room battling with the specters of of the past, it seemed brief—so brief, that when she heard something like a call she thought it must be fancy. There, however, was Father Hammond, when she went into the hall, standing at the door of the room he had just left and from which came the sound of pitiful sobbing. He waited till Miss Burram came quite up to him, then he very gently, but with an emphasis that made the words linger in her memory: "I have spoken to that young, suffer-

ing soul as you have desired me to do; she is crying, as you hear, and I think her tears will do her good. I suggest that you remove the order which pro-hibits her from speaking to your coachman. As you had put no bar upon her confidence to me—a confidence which I shall sacredly maintain—I did not restrain her when I won her sufficiently to give me her little history—all that herself knows of it-all that she herself knows of the man whose death has come so near to breaking her heart. That is all, Miss Burram." He

bowed. "I thank you," she said, and while he withdrew through the hall, she touched the bell for Sarah to attend

him to the door.

Rachel's tears, the very first she had been able to shed, had come at last—she wept till from sheer exhaustion she could weep ne more, and Miss Burram, entering on tiptoe, did not disturb her.

## CHAPTER XLIV.

The first time that Rachel was able o come to the dining-room, just as she ntered she saw through the windows the glistening bay; it nearly produced another swoon, and before the next meal the dining-room was changed to a part of the house where the windows did not look upon the water; nor did Rachel go back to her own room-the room she occupied up to that fateful night—all that she might need was brought to the guest-chamber now entirely given to her. The girl noted these changes but she was still too sore

But when for the first time she was her old, cold, grim, repellant self again except to Rachel. To Rachel, when accompanied her, drawing with ram accompanied her, gentle force her arm within her own. and timing her gait to Rachel's some-what feeble, uncertain steps, the latter was conscious of the dawning of a feelhad never before experienced for Miss Burram; something more akin to affection than mere cold could be, and she looked into Miss Burram's face and smiled. It was the first time she had smiled in all those weeks, and it was such a pitiful little smile, showing so clearly the aching heart bebrought a momentary hind it that it color to the lady's cheeks.

Miss Burram led the way, Rachel hardly noticing whither so long as it did not lead to the beach -she could no have gone there; nowhere within sight of the cruel sea. At length her companion stopped, a little distance from

the carriage-house. "I thought," she said softly, "it might do you good to speak to Jim as you used to do, but perhaps you would rather not go to the place where-he

"Rachel shivered a little and turned even whiter than she was; then she said tremulously:

you please, Miss Burram, I would like to speak to Jim; I would like to ask him about-" but the next word

would not come out.
"I understand," said the lady, and

she led the way again.

The door of the carriage-house was wide open; from its threshold Rachel could see the very spot where Tom had lain, and all the horror and all the bereavement of that night were again upon her; but this time it took form of relieving tears; tears that streamed silently, but pitifully, down her cheeks. Hardman who was in the stable, came at Miss Burram's call.

"I have brought Miss Rachel to speak to you, Jim—to speak to you as she used to do—and I shall leave her with you a little while.

She turned away walking toward the beach, and Hardman, divided between amazement at her action, delight that

be unable to do anything but stare from her retreating form to the wee girl, and back again, till Rachel's saying with a fresh flood of tears, "Oh! Jim!" broke the spell. His own eyes were moist then, and tears ran down his cheeks as he brought the chair she used thing he wanted to say seemed to stick in his throat, he assisted her to seat herself, and then he waited while sh

Father Hammond had been wise in his advice to Miss Burram to withdraw her prohibition with regard to Hardn. It was the very best medicine ssible for poor, suffering Rachel, and had it been administered in the beginning of her bereavement the symptoms which had so alarmed the physician would not have developed. Hardman of all people in the world, was the one to comfort her, and while she sobbed with heart-breaking abandon as he described everything pertaining rescue, it was an outflow of grief that did much to restore her to her normal health and strength. He told her also of the funeral, the burial in the cemetery with Miss Burram's dead, and Rachel feeling that to be a part of the kindly change in Miss Burram's conduct to herself, was conscious that the feeling so akin to affection which she had experinced that morning, was greater—greater because Miss Burram had been kind in a measure to Tom, aving taken his dead body to her own house, and having buried him with her dead. It never occurred to her as it had occurred to nearly every one else in Rentonville, that Miss Burram had private reasons of her own for giving "Tom" decent burial; and between her sobs she told of the comfort Father Hammond had given her-the hereafter in which he told her she might hope to meet Tom if she lived a good life he and if she tried to bear patiently he great sorrow now—that Tom himsel might even know more surely than he could know when he was alive and ab ent from her, the efforts she made to e good as she had promised him to be, and that he would be happy according She lingered in the that, showing how deep an impression the clergyman's words had made, and ow they were shaping her thoughts and

"And sometimes, Jim," lowering her voice so that he had to stoop to hear, "since Father Hammond told me all that, it seems as if Tom were beside me for a moment-I can't tell you what makes me think so, but I feel it, I feel

She was silent after that, and Hardan was silent also; then suddenly she straightened up in her chair and

ned towards him.

Jim, I feel that he knows you tried to save him: oh, Jim! Jim!" could resist, before he was aware of what she intended to do, she had caught ne of his hard, knotty hands between ner own white slender ones, and she was essing it to her lips.

He drew it away, stammering:
"Oh, Miss Rachel, don't thank me much-I didn't do anything but what

was my duty to do.' Miss Burram returning, found her Charge much better than when she had left her; there was a different smile upon her lips even through the traces of her tears, and her voice had almost its old tone. She put her arm through Miss Burram's with a confiding touch such as she had never given before, and which brought again a momentary color

to the lady's cheeks.

For hours that night after Rachel had one to sleep, Miss Burram paced the oor of her own private sitting-room. Does he know?" she said to herself she paused once in her walk if he does, why this silence? He has been ready on every other occasion to warn, censure, or inform me; why has e done neither since his death; and Rachel-I am acting as if I believed in ier, and trusted her, and loved herbah! love! it is the devil's alchemy to turn to bitterness every one who ever rusted it and she will be no better than the others. I feared she might die, and then all opportunity for me would have gone—once I would thought that, well—I wanted no opportunity; but now; oh, God! what is the meaning of this change? Is Rachel working it—Rachel, whom they thrust upon

She paced the room again, nervously pening and shutting the fingers of her hands that hung by her sides; as she walked, her eyes fell upon an open ledger that contained the accounts of Essex street. She stopped short

before it and smiled grimly:
"My pest hole," she said aloud,
that is what he called it; it is no worse pest hole than there is here, striking her breast, "here where the corpses of blighted trust and wrong afection lie, still unburied-from the have sprung the sources of the pest hole he deplores—and he has dared to dictate what I shall do with Rachelwith the tenants of that pest hole—with ny property here-he!" short, savage, bitter laugh; "but I have flung his dictates in his face—my pest hole shall remain till the authorities, or pestilence razes it. I care not which—and Rachel! she is better afternoon, much better; she does not need the change of air I thought to give her; bah! how I hate, loathe myself for the weakness of thinking of it for a oment—you are a good strengthener, addressing the open ledger, "when I forget, or when I am softened by Rachel, you remind me, you bring me back.'

TO BE CONTINUED.

How a Sprain Does Hurt!

But it isn't the pain alone that is dreaded, ast think of the loss of time and wages, brains without number have been cured by ubbing Polson's Nerviline well into the nores rubbing Folson's Nerviline well into the bores of the skin surrounding the join. No matter whether it is a sprained wrist, ankle, knoe or back just try Nerviline on it, and soe how quickly it will cure. There is only one liniming that can be depended upon to cure sprains, strains and swellings, and that is Folson's Nerviline. Large bottle 25 cents.

Bronchial Affections, coughs and colds all quickly cured by Pyny-Balsam. It has no equal. Acts promptly, soothes, heals and cures. Manufactured by the proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

Nervous troubles are cured by Hood's Sar-saparilla, which enriches and purifies the blood. It is the best medicine for nervous

FIFTY YEARS IN THE CHURCH. What the Gift of Faith Brought to One Convert.

Catholic Columbian.

Winchester, Mass., Christmas, 1901. This is the third time that I sm addressing you in a public, formal manner, on the important subject indicated by the heading of this letter. was "thirty years." then "forty years. which you kindly published in tract form. Now, by the great mercy and goodness of Almighty God, it is "fifty years" in the Church, because the feast of the Conversion of St. Paul, the anniversary of my reception into the Church fifty years ago, is now near at I am not ambitious of notoriety; I am a very humble member of the com-munity. But after fifty years' blessed experience in the Church I am so theroughly convinced of and so deeply im-pressed with the absolute truth and transcendent importance of the Catho lie religion that I cannot resist the impulse to make one more appeal to my old friends, if, perchance, there should be any living, and to give my public and emphatic testimony for the benefit especially of any honest seekers after truth who may honor me with a perusal of this letter and who may be hesitating as to whether they should, or can safely join the Catholic Church.

I have occasion to know that there always are a number of persons who have been led by favorable circumstances to a more or less intimate acquaintance with the Church and are strongly inclined in that direction, but through lingering influence of the old Protestant prejudice, are for the want of personal experience, arel ed to hesitate about taking a decided step. They are also influenced by a vague and undefined dread lest if they should commit themselves, they might be disappointed and find that the Church was not what it claims to be and what, in fact, it must be acknowledged that it seems to be, even to a partial observer from outside. I have a great sympathy for that class of persons, for, unfor-tunately, I was in their ranks, once, my-self. I confess now, with deep sorrow and shame, that even after I was pretty thoroughly convinced of the truth of the claims of the Catholic Church I hesitated and dilly-dallied, and put the matter off until I ran the most imminent risk of losing my soul. It was nothing but the infinite goodness and mercy and the long-suffering patience and forbearance of Almighty God that

saved me. True, the obstacles that opposed my taking a decided stand were very great These were the interesting and affectionate relations of pastor with a devoted people, which would have to be sundered, the determined opposition of relatives and friends, especially my mother-in-law, who was a woman of strong, decided character and who declared that if I became a Catholic, she would never cross our threshold, and when she found I was determined, was put to bed with a severe paroxysm of Then there grief and mortification. was the loss of income and the neces-sity of turning to the matter of getting a living for my family, the darkness and uncertainty of the future, and the losing of caste in the community where I lived. But all this should not have had the weight of a feather in the scale,

and at heart I knew it. After all it was, as I supposed, on my deathbed that my eyes were fully opened to my supreme folly and danger. The good Lord spared my life, and as soon as I was able to walk to the Cathlic church I made known to the pastor, Rev. Father Borgess, afterwards Bishon of Detroit, my desire to do my duty and become a Catholic. The announcement of my conversion, of course, made a great sensation in town and a correspondent of a Cleveland paper informed the world that I made my wife a formal proposal of separation, assigning as a reason that I designed "taking orders of priesthood in the Romish Church and that when she would not consent suspected design of surreptitiously conveying her to a convent. minister, Rev. M. Randall, a very good friend of mine, was kind enough to flatly contradict the whole story which w concocted in the muddled brain of the

Prograstination is said to be the thief of time—it is certainly the thief of souls. Who can tell how many souls have been lost through putting off the day of decision to a more convenient

Long experience has taught me that reasoning, especially with the "almost persuaded," is of very little use. Such persons will often thrash over the straw of certain Catholic teaching till the instructor becomes discouraged. He answers the objections a thousand times; still they recur to the same old objections. What such persons need is prayer —sincere, earnest prayer or light and grace to enable them to see the truth clearly, to accept it in the love of it even to the sacrifice of all earthly goods and the sundering of the endearing ties of kindred and frindship. Hesitancy is too often more a matter the will than of the understanding and judgment.

There are plenty of reasons lying on the very surface which should be cient to convince any thoughtful, unprejudiced person that if there be any truth in Christianity at all the old, original Catholic Church must be its true home and exponent. First, Pro testantism, as a religion, is well night played out. Its tendency is manifestly to the license of free thought, skepticism and infidelity. The mass of Protestants have lost, or are daily losing, faith in the Bible as a divine revelation. Thus the very foundation of their faith is being undermined and they are all at sea without chart or compass to guide them. They can absolutely offer no relief to the honest, earnest seeker after truth, in doubt as to what to believe. There is no authoritative tribunal among them to decide uestions of faith and morals.

On the other hand there is a very deided tendency among thoughtful, religiously inclined persons to return the doctrine and practice of the Cathotices, even pretending to sa which, for three hundred yes have insisted was a "blasphemo and dangerous deceit '-what, I is all this but an open, public sion that the so-called reforma a failure, that Protestantism is sion and the teaching of the Church alone is true? The the supremacy of the Pope is ruse to justify their remaining they are instead of acknowledg fault and returning to the boso holy mother from whom the and unnecessarily and so ruthlessly and upon whom the traditional ices of education lead them to be suspicion and distrust. But I firmly believe that the ists are doing an important wo three thousand clergymen of lish Establishment and the co increasing number in this coun sympathize with this moven teaching a great deal of Cath trine and practice to a multit Catholic priests could never As time goes on the confusion tradiction of religious opin teaching which prevails amo and not less among Rituali others, without the possibility mining what to believe, will them of the necessity of havi fallible tribunal to decide f This they can find only in the Church where our Lord, Hir

> leave it to every man's private ment to determine for him those truths are? If it is need temporal affairs to have a Court, can anyone give a go why we should not have such in spiritual things? When our friends have com When our friends have comize this important truth the induced to candidly invest claim to supremacy of the suc St. Peter in the Sec of Rome do they will be surprised at whelming strength of the a from both Scripture and tra well as from reason and command, then, if by the grace of are enabled to make their s and return to the loving bos dear old mother Church I v

placed the Chair of Peter to b

bunal of final resort in all que faith and morals. They will

that the fact of a divine r necessarily implies an infalli

preter to assure us of its real

If our salvation depends upon lieving certain truths which

revealed, is it not absurd, on face of it, to suppose that

predict, with absolute certa they will experience a peace, satisfaction to which heret we been entire strangers. el like mariners who, after and perilous voyage, have ar safe and pleasant harbor. find themselves in a new worl they never had any conception

I have been fifty years a Ca I have never ceased to dis beauties and attractions in t to the present day. The Church is the mother of S alone possesses, understands cates the science of the Sain deluded multitude who ar after something to satisfy the craving for a more spiritual life under the names of Science, theosophy, spiritus such like, could be made acquainted with the magni tem of the Catholic Church the surprised to find their h pirations and their deepes more than satisfied. The Church is the true home of She is a true mother of all of her capacious and loving rich and the poor meet tog common footing. The poor, find a home and sympathy

nowhere else to be found.

To illustrate this fact I

here a circumstance of my heretofore published, but i ago. About the time when was first directed to the cl Catholic Church I had occas New Orleans, and I natura myself of every favorable to find out all I could Church. Among other visited the Cathedral on a there I was surprised to mense crowd of a miscella acter of which a considera was made up of creoles, co and various nationalities. were crowded, all were on venerable old negroes with devoutly joining in the wo noticed that the colored the same seats with their even went to Holy Commusame sanctuary rail. The deep impression upon This," I said, " is true Here is a practical illustrat olic unity and the spirit and divine charity incules Lord. Here rich and poo meet together for the Lore them all. Let my portion true people of God."

Another incident occur was officiating as rector of which has also been her lished but which, perhaps, peating as an illustration surdity of any Protestant of call itself presuming to call itself was officiating one Sunda Church, the rector being te sent. At that timeI was quit and accustomed to ring th the claim that we were tru not Roman, you know.
after the service I I
the vestibule when I was three Irishmen who had ap arrived from a journey proached me respectfully, hats, when one asked: ence, is this the Catholic c stinctively and without flection I replied: "No, n this is not the Catholic see that tower over the houses—that is the Catho