

ment of our resources, or its bearing upon an increase of our revenue, yet the magnitude of the interests involved may be gathered from the subjoined figures. Within the life of one generation, or within the last thirty one years, there have landed the following number of immigrants at Quebec.

1831	50,256.	1847	90,150.
1832	51,746.	1848	27,939.
1833	21,752.	1849	38,494.
1834	30,937.	1850	32,292.
1835	12,527.	1851	41,076.
1836	27,728.	1852	39,176.
1837	21,901.	1853	36,699.
1838	3,266.	1854	53,183.
1839	7,439.	1855	21,270.
1840	22,234.	1856	22,493.
1841	28,086.	1857	32,281.
1842	44,374.	1858	12,810.
1843	21,727.	1859	8,778.
1844	20,142.	1860	10,151.
1845	25,375.	1861	19,426.
1846	32,753.		

Total,

 908,431.

Or little short of a million persons. With proper management most of these might have been retained in this country; but supposing that only about one half of them, or five hundred thousand have remained, and that each family on an average, brought ten pounds currency into the country, which is a very moderate estimate, immigration alone would in one generation, have added *four millions of dollars* to our