

Quiet Day Reported on Western Front; Russia Faced By a Reign of Terror

FOCH'S OFFENSIVE HALTED BY HUNS AND BAD WEATHER

Torrential Rains Render French Lowlands Almost Impassable --- Badly Beaten Enemy Strengthens His Lines.

Quiet Reigns on Western Front, But Allies' Eight Weeks' Campaign Has Been Wonderfully Successful --- Germans Flooding Somme Country To Handicap Tanks.

By Arthur S. Draper.
(Special Cable From The New York Tribune and The St. John Standard.)

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London, Sept. 11.—The brevity of today's communique contrasts sharply with the detailed reports of a week ago. Their very brevity creates a feeling of awe and encourages the belief that Foch is about ready to undertake other operations. They reflect the calm before the storm.

The quiet moment is really artificial. What fighting has taken place in the past twenty-four hours has been of a local character, with here and there a fitful blast of artillery fire.

The British have withstood several vigorous enemy counter-attacks in the neighborhood of Woevreux, where the Canal du Nord becomes a part of the Hindenburg defenses.

At La Fere and St. Quentin the French have advanced right to the Canal and if Foch desires to press further here, he is in a fair way to break the enemy's communications.

Mangin's army is resting while the artillery on his front is engaged in a lively duel. In Champagne, the Vosges, and the Woevreux from Rheims to the Alps, German patrols have suddenly become active.

Behind what is considered a safe line, have suddenly become all alive. There is a good guessing match between Foch and Ludendorff. Behind the enemy's lines troops are being moved rapidly.

Bad Weather and Huns Combine to Stop the Allied Offensive.

(By The Associated Press.)
New York, Sept. 11.—The Associated Press tonight issues the following: Eight weeks to the day, and for the first time since the great Allied offensive of Marshal Foch is at a virtual pause.

Both the British and French on isolated sectors of the front extending from Flanders to the east of Soissons again have recorded advances, but Wednesday witnessed no such progress by the Allies toward strategic objectives as past days had brought them—before the torrential rains turned the low lands into impassable marshes and the badly worn enemy

seaport on the American continent it has four types of wharves or piers. At the evening session a paper, illustrated by lantern slides, was read by J. J. MacDonald, A. M. E. I. C.

TRANSPORT TORPEDOED BUT NO LIVES LOST.
London, Sept. 11.—A troopship with 2,800 American soldiers on board, was torpedoed. All hands were saved. The troopship was beached.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—The transport torpedoed off the English coast on September 9th, with American troops on board, as reported in London dispatches, was the British steamship Feric, of the White Star Line, a vessel of 12,042 tons gross, according to reliable information received in marine circles today.

CLEMENTS IN VERMONT
Montpelier, Vt., Sept. 11.—With only two small towns missing today Percival Clements had a plurality of 228 over Charles H. Darling and Frank B. Howe in yesterday's primary in the contest for the Republican nomination for governor. The totals were: Clements 11,885; Darling 11,340; Howe 9,330.

SEPTEMBER EXPECTED TO BE MONTH OF HORROR IN RUSSIA

The Bolsheviks Continuing Their Reign of Terror.

TROTSKY URGES DEATH PENALTY FOR ENEMIES

Moscow and Petrograd Centres of Atrocities—Bolshevik Rule More Tyrannical Than Worst Days of Czardom.

Stockholm, Tuesday, Sept. 10.—(By The Associated Press.)—July and August were months of horror which never will be forgotten by persons who watched Russia's two great cities—Petrograd and Moscow—pass through the mad attempt of the Bolsheviks to shoot or imprison all persons who disagreed with their wild efforts to control crumbling European Russia. / September probably will be worse, for the opposition parties are gaining strength through desperation.

The lives of the non-Bolshevik are unsafe and everywhere in Russia no defense is forcing unwilling belligerents to take up arms against the ruthless persecution so-called commissions for the suppression of a etc etc revolution which shoot down the bourgeoisie by the hundreds.

Leon Trotsky, the Bolshevik minister of war, evidently is determined that his dictatorship of the proletariat shall not repeat the history of the former provisional government and fall through being too merciful.

Ex-Premier Kerensky refused to impose the death penalty and his government fell almost without the loss of a life, but the observers of the Russian political situation say that, no such bloodless came to the Soviet republic. It has given no quarter and it will receive none.

Whereas it is not improbable that Foch, when the skies have cleared and the marshes disappeared, again will take up with full impetus his task of putting the enemy on his mettle, and continue for the two months of good weather remaining, if not beyond that period, his efforts with his own now great forces to drive the Germans farther back toward the Rhine.

The British and French troops apparently are in a hard race for the prize of St. Quentin, forces of both armies now being at equal distant points west of the city. The British in the vicinity of Vermand, and the French at Arras and Compy. To the north the British in local operations have made further progress north of Ephey in the operation which has for its purpose the driving of a wedge midway between Cambrai and St. Quentin and also have successfully sustained heavy counter-attacks by the Germans near Gouzenourt where the Germans are trying hard to hold back the British push toward Cambrai.

North of the St. Gobain massif the French have made additional slight advances notwithstanding the bad condition of the terrain and the strong forces of the enemy aligned against them in an effort to prevent the turning of this important position from the west. Heavy artillery activity is in progress all along his front, and likewise on the sectors northeast of Soissons and between the Aisne and Vesle rivers the operations on which have a direct bearing on those north of the St. Gobain Forest.

The British have been successful in local encounters near Arras and in the region of La Bassée Canal.

Spots were heard everywhere day and night and motor lorries filled with armed soldiers dashed through the streets with utter disregard for the life of civilians. The actual fighting which took place in the streets of Moscow on July 7, when the city was under artillery fire for several hours was less terrifying to the public than Czech-Slovak on the Volga have been arrested. Even the greatest Men who have refused to fight the suppressing a counter-revolution.

Former army officers are treated as pariahs. Even the greatest sufferers at the hands of this wild search for counter-revolutionaries, but it extends to all sections of the bourgeoisie.

Not content with seizing the property of the educated classes, the Bolsheviks are now turning their attention to the destruction of the educational classes, the Bolsheviks are now turning their attention to the destruction of the educational classes, the Bolsheviks are now turning their attention to the destruction of the educational classes.

London, Sept. 11.—The British foreign office has received no news concerning the reported massacres and acts of incendiarism in Petrograd.

British in the Dark.
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Boston Red Sox Clinch World's Championship

Defeated Chicago 2 To 1 Yesterday --- Flack Dropped Hot Liner in Third Inning, Allowing Two Men To Score --- The Cubs' Only Run Made By a Single in the Fourth Inning.

Chicago	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Flack, right field	3	1	2	0	1	0
Hollocher, shortstop	4	0	0	2	0	0
Mann, left field	2	0	0	0	0	0
Fankart, centre	2	0	0	5	0	0
Merkle, first base	3	0	1	8	2	0
Pick, third base	2	0	0	2	1	0
Deal, third base	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zeider, third base	2	0	0	2	1	0
Killifer, catcher	2	0	0	2	2	0
O'Farrell, catcher	1	0	0	0	0	0
McCabe, xx	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	27	1	3	24	13	2

Boston	AB	R	BH	PO	A	E
Hooper, right field	3	0	1	0	0	0
Shanon, third base	3	1	0	2	4	0
Strunk, centre field	4	0	2	0	0	0
Whiteman, left field	4	0	0	1	0	0
Ruth, left field	4	0	1	3	1	0
McInnis, first base	4	0	1	2	0	0
Scott, shortstop	4	0	1	2	0	0
Thomas, third base	2	0	1	2	0	0
Schlag, catcher	2	0	0	1	0	0
McCahey, pitcher	2	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	27	2	5	27	18	0

JAPANESE TROOPS ACTIVE ON THE SIBERIAN FRONT

Report From Tokio Tells of Operations—British Foreign Office Uninformed of Outrages in Petrograd—Bolshevik Forces Scatter Before Entente Soldiers.

Volga, Wednesday, Sept. 6. (By The Associated Press.)—An official statement issued today by the Japanese war office reporting military operations on the Ussuri front in Siberia says: "Our cavalry reached Bohalovo on Sept. 2.—Bikin, 150 miles north of Vladivostok, was reached on Aug. 31, and our vanguards entered Ivan, 40 miles south of Bikin, on Sept. 1. The railway bridges at Ivan and Bikin were not damaged by the enemy.

Russia Pays Tribute.
London, Sept. 11.—The first portion of the Russian war indemnity in Germany was sent on Saturday last from Moscow to Berlin, according to an exchange Telegraph Company despatch from Copenhagen today. It amounted to 250,000,000 rubles, one half in gold and the remainder in notes.

Teachers Scarce
ON NORTH SHORE
Chatham Unable To Secure Manual Training Teacher At Fifty Per Cent. Increase.

Newcastle, Sept. 11.—Teachers are so scarce that the Chatham School Board seems likely to have to go without a manual training instructor this term. They offered the position to David Gulliver, Jr., of Douglastown, but the trustees of Bristol, Chrysler Co., will not release him.

Vologda Captured.
Stockholm, Monday, Sept. 9. (By The Associated Press.)—Vologda, a town on the Vologda River, 110 miles north of Yaroslavl, is reported in dispatches from Moscow to have been captured by Russian White Guards consisting chiefly of peasants who approached the place from Perm. Before leaving Vologda the Russian Red Army is said to have burned the town.

BRITISH AND FRENCH MADE GAINS, BUT DAY WAS QUIET

Germans Put Forth Determined Effort To Stop Progress of Allies, But Without Success.

Washington Learns That Enemy Is Systematically Evacuating Douai—Much War Material Already Removed From That City.

London, Sept. 11.—The British in local operations have further advanced their line north of Ephey and in the neighborhood of Vermand, west of St. Quentin, according to Field Marshal Haig's communication issued tonight.

French Take More Trenches.
With the French Armies in France, Sept. 11.—(11 p.m. by the Associated Press.)—The Germans have relieved several of their tired divisions in the region of Vauxaillon, on the front north of the Aisne, and with some of their best troops are making a strong effort to stop the further eastward progress of the French.

Repeated counter-attacks in this vicinity were reported. The enemy retreating violently north of the Oise, but also without stopping the progress of the French towards the road from Le Fere to St. Quentin, which they now hold from Le Fere two miles northward to Travecy. The wooded region of Venduill also fell into their hands.

Germans Evacuating Douai.
Washington, Sept. 11.—Systematic evacuation of the town of Douai, one of the important forward bases of the present German line in France, is described in official advices reaching Washington today. A vast amount of war material is being taken out of the town, the report says, including the equipment of the arsenal there, which was the largest establishment of the kind maintained by the enemy in the northern region of his advanced lines.

The advices state that the removal of this equipment has been in progress more than ten days, and that the equipment at the Brayelle air-drome near Douai also was being taken further to the rear. The same precautions are being taken with equipment at an enemy aviation field at Lecelles, near St. Amand. That field, the report states, was specially established in connection with the raids by German aircraft along the English Channel coast.

It is between Douai and Cambrai that the British have broken through the first defenses of the Hindenburg line, and this detailed statement of the German withdrawal of material from Douai appears to bear out previous reports that the enemy was preparing for the abandonment of this section of his great fortified line, which has been impelled by the British advance.

MOSHER DEMANDS BOARD AT ONCE
Head of Railway Brotherhood Says Government Must Grant Conciliation Board.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 11.—Employees of the Canadian Express Company who have a number of grievances which they have been unable to adjust will strike. The minister of labor was asked by the Canadian Express employees to establish a board of conciliation some time ago but their application has not been granted.

MONCTON MILK MEN ADVANCE PRICES TO 13 CENTS PER QUART
Provincial Food Controller Warns Them, But They Refuse To Heed It—Other Items From Railway Town.

Special to The Standard.
Moncton, Sept. 11.—Dr. W. C. Keirstead, provincial food controller, had a meeting this morning with local milk dealers to discuss the recent advance from 11 to 12 cents per quart. It was pointed out to the dealers by the food controller that they had violated the food regulations in advancing the price of milk without the permission of the food board. He urged the dealers to fix the price at twelve cents, as in St. John, but the dealers will present an application to the food board for thirteen cents.

KEMP PRAISES THE MEN FROM CANADA
Toronto, Sept. 11.—"Canadian troops are working day and night to lick the Germans," said Sir Edward Kemp today on his return from England where he has been overseas minister of militia. "No matter what the conditions are, there is never a kick or growl. When I saw them east of Arras they were in fine shape and before I left they had gone beyond the Hindenburg line, and were in fact the first troops to penetrate the Hindenburg switch. The corps is probably the most mobile at the front. Despite all casualties, the corps has been kept up to full strength."

Evening Richardson, U. S. consul, who has been transferred to Chile, will be succeeded here by Bertil M. Rasmussen, consul at Fernie, B. C., and formerly consul in Norway and Sweden.
County Prohibition Inspector Belliveau visited Scotch Settlement today and brought in a man named Chambers together with twenty gallons of blueberry wine, found on Chambers' premises. Chambers was convicted of violation of the Prohibition Act and fined \$20.
The marriage of Miss Alice Macle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Marks, to Horatio McKeen, a well known C. O. K. machinist, took place last afternoon at the bride's home, Bedford street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. P. Drummond in the presence of numerous friends. The bride is a sister of Mrs. Harold Hages of St. John. Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie will reside in Moncton.

ENGINEERS INSPECT HALIFAX HARBOR

Engineering Institute of Canada Opens Its Sessions in Sister City.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 11.—The third general professional meeting of the Engineering Institute of Canada opened its first meeting in Halifax this morning. At the morning session, papers were read by Mr. C. E. W. Dodwell and Mr. McLeod on the preservation of wood in salt water structures and economic aspects of the Halifax pier terminals, respectively.

In the afternoon a paper on "concrete piles in pier construction" was read, and illustrated with lantern slides and blueprints by A. F. Dyer, A. M. E. I. C., of Halifax. Afterwards the members were taken by steamer on a tour of inspection of the waterfront at Halifax. The tour disclosed that Halifax has more variety of waterfront construction than any other