

The Farm.

THE FARM IN NOVEMBER.

The more pressing and active duties of the farm are over for the year. Other duties there are, and important ones, as there will ever be; but as there is a time for all things, so the farmer's season of repose, of quiet reading and contemplation approaches, when he will gather around him the recorded wisdom of others, or perchance, record his own, or mingle in grateful leisure, in the amenities and kindly charities of life.

Now the busy fall will be in full employment and fill the air about the homestead with a pleasant sound, and invite all the passers by to look in at the great open barn doors, while outside the poultry scratch for food among the straw, and the cattle ruminate beside the hay-rack, or lean with inquiring faces over the gate.

Some November days are devoted to felling the timber and piling the wood, ready for the sled in winter months. Others, to the renovation of the cellar, throwing out the rubbish, and rendering that depository clean and sweet, so that no unwholesome gases shall penetrate the rooms above.

DRAINS will be examined and put in order, that they shall carry off waste water when the Winter King has set his seal upon the earth, and no skill of the farmer can unsaid it.

POINT, with mortar, about the underpinning of the house and barn. It is difficult to keep warm rooms, where the wind sweeps under any portion of the house. It works its way up between the ceilings, and makes double the fuel necessary to secure a comfortable degree of warmth.

BE KIND TO THE STOCK. It is much less labor to take care of animals that are docile and quiet, than that which is uneasy and fractious. They will soon catch the spirit of your own temper. If your words and actions are kind and gentle, they will come to their places with confidence and allow you to handle them pretty much as you please. Taken from green succulent food, and fed mostly on hay, they need an occasional feed of pumpkins, or roots, to break them off gradually, and accustom them to their winter fodder.

FATTENING HOGS. If kept in a proper place, the temperature of November is favorable for fattening hogs. Give them a dry, warm place; feed often on warm food, and they will lay away fat and flesh from one or two pounds a day. When this is done, it is profitable for us to sleep pork.

SHEEP. These animals do not dislike even severe cold weather, provided they are under cover where they can keep themselves dry. They should be allowed to go into the barn or close sheds, or into the yard. While having the care of sheep through several winters, we observed that in clear dry nights, they usually remained in the yard during the coldest weather, and they were always healthy; while in damp or rainy weather, although it might be quite warm, they preferred being under cover.

APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, CHERRY AND QUINCE trees, may be planted in this month; so may Currants, Gooseberry and Raspberry shrubs. Trim and tie up the stakes or trellis work the Raspberries of last summer's growth, cutting out all the old wood, and shortening the vigorous growth of the young shoots.

Strawberries and Raspberries should be protected by a coating of compost, or some light substance, such as leaves, hay, straw or shavings; but perhaps clear earth would be better, though we never have known mice attack such small plants.

PRUNING. All hardy trees may be pruned this month, if the season is not very frosty. It is much safer to prune the apple tree now, than in March or April.

VEGETATION OF THE FROZEN REGIONS.

The following extract is from Seaman's "Botany of the Voyage of H. M. ship Herald, under the command of Captain Kellet," in search of Sir John Franklin. The accounts of the remarkable phenomena exhibited in those icy regions will be found new and exceedingly interesting:

"The soil is always frozen, and merely thaws during the summer a few feet below the surface. But the thawing is by no means uniform. In parts it extends to a depth of ten feet, while in other formations, especially in sand or gravel, the depth is free from frost to the depth of nearly a fathom, showing that sand is a better conductor of heat than clay, and corroborating the observation of the accurate J. D. Hooker, who after a series of experiments in India, arrived at the same conclusion. The roots of the plants, even those of the shrubs and trees, do not penetrate into the frozen subsoil. On reaching it, they recoil as if they touched upon a rock, through which no passage could be forced.

"It may be surprising to behold a vegetation flourishing under such circumstances, existing independent of it, would seem, of terrestrial heat. But surprise is changed into amazement on visiting Kotzebue Sound, where on the tops of icebergs, herbs and shrubs are thriving with luxuriance only equalled in more favored climes. There, from Elephant to Escholtz Point, is a series of cliffs from seventy to ninety feet high, which present some striking illustrations of the manner in which Arctic plants grow. Three distinct layers compose these cliffs. The lower, as far as it can be seen above the ground, is ice, and from twenty to fifty feet high. The central is clay, varying in thickness from two to twenty feet, and intermingled with remains of fossil elephants, horses, deer, musk-oxen. The clay is covered by peat, the third layer bearing vegetation, to which it owes its existence. Every year, during July, August and September, masses of ice melt, by which the uppermost layers are deprived of support and tumble down. A complete chaos is thus created; ice, plants, bones, peat and clay, are mixed in the most disorderly manner. It is hardly possible to imagine a more grotesque aspect. Here are seen pieces still covered with lichens and mosses, there a shoal of earth, with bushes of willows; at one place a lump of clay with senecious and poligonous, of another the remains of the mammoth, the tusks of which are scattered in places, and evidently decomposed animal matter. The foot frequently tumbles over osteological remains, some elephants' tusks measuring as much as twelve feet in length, weighing more than two hundred and forty pounds. Now is the formation completed. Escholtz Bay. It is observed in various parts of Kotzebue Sound, on the River Buckland, and in other localities, making it probable that a great portion of North Western America is underneath a solid mass of ice. With such facts before

us, we acknowledge that terrestrial heat exercises but a limited and indirect influence upon vegetable life, and that to the solar rays we are mainly indebted for the existence of those forms which clothe with verdure the surface of our planet.

A curious fact is stated respecting the condition of the vegetable world during the long day of the Arctic summer. Although the sun never sets, while it lasts, plants make no mistake about the time, when if it be not night, it ought to be; but regularly as the evening hours approach, and when a midnight sun is several degrees above the horizon, drop their leaves, and sleep even as they do at sunset in more favored climes.

"If man," observes Mr. Seaman, "should ever reach the pole, and be undecided which way to turn when his compass becomes sluggish, his timidity out of order, the plants which he may happen to meet, will show him the way; their sleeping leaves tell him that midnight is at hand; and at that time the sun is standing in the north."—*Fitzhugh's Recollections.*

From the New England Farmer.

THE HUSBANDMAN.

Mr. Editor.—In my readings lately came across the prescription below, of the happy life of a husbandman. It is from Deane's translation of the Georgics of Virgil. It was so pleasing a picture, I transcribed it for my own gratification. Perhaps it may do something towards convincing the farmers of New England, of the bliss which they enjoy compared with other employments and professions. I noticed in the *Christian Register* of to-day, in a place written by a clergyman from "Peaceville," the following pleasant thoughts:

"I always feel a peculiar interest in the conversation of an intelligent tiller of the soil; and when I hear him speak of his various processes of culture and of the different products of his trees and fields, I have sometimes thought that there was a deep instinct of my heart which drew me to these objects, as the natural interests and employments of man. And who knows but such an instinct is common to us all, giving to our thought and labor an inborn direction, which all indication and habit cannot quite overcome, and which pleads with so many of all callings and professions to go back to man's primitive employment, the tilling of the soil?"

Very many of the same sentiments were expressed by Rev. Mr. HENNINGTON, in his speech at the Norfolk County Agricultural Society, on the 10th inst. He said that the spoke of the course of an upright, intelligent farmer, as being a constant sermon to the minister. We are glad to see the effect the preaching and practice of the *New England Farmer* is having on the ministers. It will do them good.

THE HUSBANDMAN.

Ah! but too happy, if they know their bliss. The husbandman for whom the righteous earth, far from discordant aims, pours forth her stores Of ready sustenance. What for them No lofty mansion from its ample porch Can boast each room a symplastic tide. What, if no decorated columns move The admiring crowd, no broadened gold disguise Their simple vests, nor Grecian vase for them Project its graceful form; no Tyrian dye Their spissous wool, nor vitating use Of Eastern perfume taint their wholesome oil? But if we sow in autumn, the roots will rarely be effected by it. This fact deserves to be extensively known as autumnal sowing is, in my opinion, the only surely effectual preventive to be applied. The Yankees, who are universally acknowledged to be 'cut' in most every thing, now practice this plan almost universally, and with entire success. I throw out this suggestion at this time, hoping that it may be of service to some of my brother farmers who are not aware of the practice, or that any infallible remedy for the worm exists.—[Germanstown Tel.]

MODERN WONDERS.

Had Julius Caesar been permitted, in 1851, to revisit this world, that we might show him how much Britain had advanced since he landed on her shores, it would have been desirable that he had popped up his head through the pavement at the Wellington Statue, before the Royal Exchange and Bank of England.—[Had he been guided by our own warrior, his equal in arms and everything else, to some of the London lions had he been shown the Crystal Palace, and then conducted along the more crowded thoroughfares to the termini of the South-Eastern Counties Railway, and seen the Electric Telegraph sending despatches to Paris in a minute;—had he jumped into an express train, and gone to Southampton very smoothly at the rate of sixty miles an hour; had he been taken to board a day steamer, carrying a hundred and twenty guns, all sixty-eight pounders;—had he been told that it required nine miles of canvas to make one set of sails, and an oak forest of five hundred acres in extent to furnish her timbers;—had he next visited one of the Ocean Steamers belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company; verily the old Roman hero would, in this way, have seen more wonders in one day, than he ever beheld in his life. These steamers—the *Himalaya* for instance, now building—measures upwards of three thousand tons, and are propelled by engines of twelve hundred horse power. They realise a rate of speed equal to that of eighteen miles an hour; and in spite of both wind and tide, going upwards of four hundred and thirty miles daily, they reach Alexandria in a week. In one of these steamers, Caesar would have found himself, not merely in a floating hotel, but in something like an English rural borough, with its carpenters, smiths, and other tradesmen, and its live stock,—proceeds with three thousand pounds of tea in their boxes,—with merchants with three thousand bottles of rich and rare wines, and six thousand bottles of inferior li-

quids,—spirit dealers with punchbells of rum and brandy,—confectioners & poulterers with their stock of game and fowls almost unnumbered,—and all this for one outward and homeward voyage, notwithstanding that fresh provisions for the crew and passengers are taken on board at every foreign port which the steamer reaches. Caesar's ghost would have been above all things astonished at seeing the engine department, so powerful, majestic, and shining like silver. Although it combines and co-ordinates, within the space of a breakfast parlour, the energies of twelve hundred horses, yet a boy with one hand can stop the vast movement in a moment, and a bucketful of coals and of water carries away the whole three thousand tons over the stormiest ocean like a thimble of nothing.—*Alton's Lands of Messiah, Mohammed, and the Pope.*

STENOGRAPHY.—A Congress of German stenographers has just been held at Munich, which was attended by sixty members of the profession. One of the members, M. Baumgartner, of Vienna, described a system of musical stenography invented by him by means of which, as he said, the most complicated stenographic communications can be written down during their execution. Trials of the system were made in presence of the members and of many musical artists, and they are said to have succeeded perfectly.

METALLIC LACE.—Among the recent manufacturing inventions is one for making metallic lace, which is likely to be largely introduced for purposes of decoration, especially in connexion with the productions of the silver-smith. The metallic lace is made of fine wire, by the use of the same machinery as is employed for ordinary cotton lace, and as it admits of being electroplated, it can be used in place of designs for jewelry or for any piece of ornament.

In the Bank of England sixty folio volumes or ledgers are daily filled with writing, in keeping the accounts! To produce these sixty volumes, the paper having been previously manufactured elsewhere, eight men, three steam-presses, and two hand-presses, are continually kept going within the bank! In the copper-plate printing department, twenty-eight thousand bank notes are thrown off daily, and so accurately is the number indicated by machinery, that to purloin a single note, without detection, is an impossibility.

Foster's Corner, German-street.

Just received per Steamer.
LADIES' white and Black Satin SLIPPERS.
Do. White, Black and Brown Kid ditto.
Do. Black and Brown Kid ditto.
Do. Exhibition Slippers, Silk Lined for Dress.
Do. Black and Coloured French Merino—
"Cassocks" for Walking;
Misses' and Children's Fine, Medium and Low priced BOOTS and SHOES, in almost endless variety.
And always on hand—Every description of Boots and Shoes that may be required for City or Country.
Further Supplies of the Newest and most Fashionable work, shortly expected per Ship *Mary Caroline* and *Emmeline* and *Grain Boats*.
Ladies and Families visiting our City are most respectfully invited to call.
Domestic Manufactures.
Men's Black and Drab Cloth Congress Boots.
Do. Patent, Enamelled, French Calf and Morocco Boots.
Do. Light Solid Pepp' Grain, Morocco, Dress and Lined slippers and slippers and boots.
Boys, Youths, and Children's Calf, Grain, Morocco, Patent, and Enamelled BOOTS;—
Youths and Children's Strong Boots and Boots.
Ladies' Patent and Enamelled fancy Boots and Shoes, in several styles.
Women's strong Shoes for service.
Orders from the Country attended to.
Aug. 17, 1852. S. K. FOSTER.

Groceries! Groceries!

JAMES MACFARLANE,
MARKET SQUARE.
In Store—(Bond, or Duty paid.)

101 HIDS. and 10 Tierces Prime Early crop, and stored in a cool Cellar;
25 Hids. Porto Rico MOLASSES;
50 Hids. Cuba and Porto Rico SUGARS;
100 Chests Cane, Souchong, and Pekoe Souchong TEAS;
50 Half-chests and boxes Oolong, Fine Congo, &c. &c.;
50 Boxes TOBACCO, well assorted;
40 Boxes Java, Laguira, and St. Domingo COFFEES;
20 Casks Pale SEAL OIL;
300 Bags Liverpool SALT, fine and coarse, and Dried Candles, Soaps, Dye Woods and Dye Stuffs, Indigo, Spices, Cigars, &c. &c.
A full stock of articles in the Trade, for sale low.

INDIA-RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES.

Received by the steamer *London* from New York, and *Pearl* from Boston, assorted as follows:—
MEN'S and Women's OVER-SHOES;
Men's and Women's SLIPPERS; Women's Buskins and Gaiters; Men's India-Rubber Boots; Women's (Jenny Lind) Boots.
Also—100 cases Leather and Cloth BOOTS and SHOES, among which are Men's Boots and Slippers; Men's SLIPPERS and Pumps; Women's Slippers and Shoes; Enamelled and Jenny Lind Shoes; Youths' and Boys' Brogans and Shoes; Misses' and children's Lace Boots and Shoes, for sale only by the case.
I am authorized to state, that a constant stock of the above kinds of goods (in the Shoe Trade) will be kept in my hands for sale, and buyers may expect to get them on better terms than they can be imported.
Also, constantly on hand—PLANTS and OILS; NAILS and SPIKES; Putty Glass of all kinds; London Ware; Brown's 1000 pieces Paper Hangings; English and American Oil Floor Cloth and Linoleum; Warranted Seasoned Cane and Wood-seat chairs, of every kind; Groceries, Spices, Drugs, &c. &c.
JOHN KINNEAR, Prince Wharf street.

EXHIBITION CLOTHS!

GOLDEN FLEECE, Prince Wharf-st.
May 29th, 1852.
GILCHRIST & INCHES have just received and opened a CASE of PATENT FINEST BLACK CLOTH—an entirely new article, of superior quality, which will be sold low by the piece, or retail.
June 1.

THE APOCALYPSE—Properly explained; 100 numbers of the above.
Also—50 packets of *Penitence Tracts*; just received from London. For sale by
JOHN KINNEAR.

RUBBICK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.

THIS PAINT is entirely free from any injurious properties whatever; it is healthful in manufacture—healthful in use—healthful to occupants of rooms newly painted with it. It is unparalleled in whiteness, cleanness, and brilliancy of color—and permanent. Two hundred weight of this Paint, with nine gallons of Oil, will cover as much surface as three hundred weight of White Paint made from Lead, and twelve gallons of Oil. Further particulars will be given at another time.
A quantity of this Paint, in kegs of all sizes, is expected from London about the end of this month.
JOHN KINNEAR, April 6. Prince Wharf street.

Pipes, Pipes, Pipes.

In course of landing, ex the *Barque Orontoda*, from Glasgow:
200 BOXES Tobacco PIPES, 5 to 10 gross each, of first quality and description, put up expressly to suit the St. John market for sale low while landing.
JOHN KINNEAR, May 4, 1852. North Market Wharf.

HARDWARE.

Corner Dock Street and Market Square.
W. H. ADAMS.
HAS received by late arrivals from England and the United States, extensive additions to his former stock of HARDWARE, comprising all Goods usually kept by the trade. May 25.

Bay State Mills Manufactures.

The Subscriber has just received per Steamer *Chimral*, from Boston—
A FEW sample Packages of Fancy CASSIMERES—a new and superior style of Goods; also of Scarlet and Red Twilled FLANNELS.—The Manufacture of the Bay State Mills, Massachusetts.
The early attention of parties in the Dry Goods Business is requested to the above Goods, to be viewed at the Warehouse of
JOHN Y. THURGOOD, North Market Wharf 17th April, 1852.

Ten, Clover Seed, &c.

Landing, ex "Lloyd," from Halifax—
15 CHESTS Fine Congo TEA.
15 barrels Northern CLOVER SEED;
23,000 CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS.—For sale by
JARDINE & CO. April 30.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea.

On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," from Boston:—
200 B BURLS Superior Canada FLOUR—Fancy Brands;
10 chests of Choice best Congo TEA, Shanghai importation;
30 boxes TOBACCO, of the following Brands—
Palo Alto, Randolph, Laramie, John Gray, E. A. Price, and Thompson.—For sale at low rates.
GEORGE THOMAS, South Wharf, April 27.

JANUARY, 1852.

English and American Paper Hangings, &c. FOR SALE BY—JOHN KINNEAR, Prince Wharf street.

6000 PIECES, principally low prices

250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.
A large variety of American Wooden WARE, Corn Brooms, &c. Jan. 27.

Oats! Oats! Oats!

Just received from *Sackville*:—
250 B BURLS BLACK OATS;
100 B BURLS WHITE OATS;
For sale low by
JARDINE & CO. May 18, 1852.

Seythes, Shot, &c.

Landing ex ship *Devin*, from Liverpool—
100 DOZEN Griffin's SEYTHES;
60 bags SHOT; 1 lb. BATH BRICKS;
2 hds. GOLDEN SYRUP;
10 boxes "Halls" MATCHES;
Ex steamer "Franklin," from Boston—
10 casks RICE; 25 bags Gov't Java COFFEE; Bitter and Shelled ALMONDS; SNUFF; TOBACCO; LEMONADE;
Ex *Victoria*, from New York—
15 barrels *CLIQUE SEED*;
20 barrels New-York City MESS PORK.—For sale by
[May 18.] JARDINE & CO.

Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins.

NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION—
A SPLENDID assortment of TWEEDS and DOESKINS, in the newest styles and patterns. Purchasers in want of such articles, have now an opportunity of selecting from an entirely new stock, which can be made up TO ORDER on the Premises, if required.
June 1. GILCHRIST & INCHES.

Fresh SEEDS!

Just received by the "Fuside," from London:—
FRESH and well selected STOCK of GARDEN, FIELD, and FLOWER SEEDS; for sale by
THOMAS M. REED, May 4. Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.

TO FARMERS.

THE subscribers are now receiving One Hundred Barrels of Ground BONES, and a large variety of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
May 18. JARDINE & CO.

London House, Market square.

JUST received, another lot of Ladies' VESTS, in all the newest shapes, same as last.
T. W. DANIEL, June 1.

Pickles, Sauces, &c.

Just landed from ship "Sir Harry Smith":—
15 CASES assorted PICKLES;
6 do. Preserved FRUITS;
6 do. SACCES, and SALAD OIL;
20 do. MUSTARD, a superior article;
10 cases containing JAMS, JELLIES, ORANGE MARMALADE, Italian MACCARONI, and VERMICELLI; for sale low by
THOMAS M. REED, May 11. Corner North Wharf & Dock-street.

Drugs, Medicines, &c.

THE subscriber has received per *Thames*, the remainder of his Fall Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, Perfumery, Brushes, Pickles, Sauces &c., all of which are warranted of the best quality and for sale on reasonable terms.
T. M. REED, Head of North Wharf.

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, BURNING

Fluids, of superior quality always on hand.
October 28.

CIGARS! CIGARS!

A DESEAD CIGARS just received and for sale by
THOMAS M. REED, Head of North Wharf Dec. 16.

Richard Cobden.

Received by the above vessel, from New York—
60 CHESTS Superior Souchong TEAS.—
"Esther Mary's" COFFEE.
Dec. 16. FLEWELLING & READING.

HARDWARE, &c.

Received ex "Albion," "Cambridge," "Samuel," and "Desert," from Liverpool, "Sir Harry Smith" from London, and "Orontoda" from the Clyde:—
12 S MITH'S BELLROWS, 12 ANVILS, 21 VICES, 1 cask Smith's HAMMERS and Sledge; 2 casks TRACERS;
1 cask OX CHAINS; 1 do. Halter Chains and Back Bands;
Casks Close Link CHAIN 4-5-16 and 1 inch;
2 tons Hays and OX NAILS, 60 bags Wrought Nails, from 1/2 to 40 yds;
50 bags Patent Pressed Nails, from 1 inch to 6 inch;
10 bags Clout Nails; 10 bags Black Rivets, 1 cask Timm's and Coopers Rivets;
4 tons Clinch Rivets, from 1/2 to 1 1/2 inch;
2 tons SPIKES, from 4 to 9 inch;
8 do. Pots, Bakepans, Spare Covers, Fry Pans and Griddles;
1 ton Shoe Bills, 1 and 4 inch; 2 do. Brass Sparrowbills, 3 do. Zinc do.;
13 ton Sad Irons, 1 ton Cart Boxes assorted;
12 pigs Block Tin, 1 cask Strip TIN;
1 cask Zinc; 1 ton SHOT; 5 sheets LEAD;
1 ton Lead Pipe; 100 PloUGH MOWERS;
1 ton Plough Plating; 1 ton Blister STEELS;
1 ton spring STEEL; 1 ton square, Octagon, Round and Flat Cast STEEL;
6 casks Tea Kettles, Sauce pans, Digesters, and Enamelled Preserver Kettles;
35 Hogs Vices, Brass Copper and Iron, all sizes;
12 dozen Galvanic STEELS; 50 dozen Reaping Hooks and Scythes;
60 dozen Hand-d Spades and Shovels;
100 dozen Steel Minors or round point Shovels, Garden Rakes, Hoes, and Trivets;
1 ton Black Binders; 16 dozen long handled Fry Pans; 10 do. short handled Fry Pans;
200 Pile Black Binders;
100 Hods, St. Andrew & Co's Gang Saws, 51 feet;
100 Hods, St. Andrew & Co's Gang Saws, 51 feet;
1 case Patent White Metal Press, and Brass Joint RINGS; 16 cases, containing every variety of LOCKS, Brass Furniture and general Shelf HARDWARE and CUTLERY; 161 lbs. Powder, all qualities; 3 tons Braudram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD; Red, Yellow and Black PAINTS; 1 do. London Putty; 1 case of IRISHES; with the Stock on hand, comprising one of the best assorted stocks in the City, which will be sold very low for approved payments.
W. H. ADAMS & SON, June 1, 1852.

SEVENFIELD HOUSE,

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Per "Commodore" and "Sarah Louisa"—
WILL be opened in a few days—10 casks, and cases of BLOCK TIN and JAPANESE GOODS, consisting of Tea Trays, Water, and Bread Baskets; Toilet Sets, Dish Covers, Teapots, Coffee Pots, Filterers, Hecla's Toilet Kettles, an stands, Egg Cookers, Sugar Boxes, Spice Boxes, Paste Cutters, Jelly Moulds, Baking Dishes, Nutmeg graters, Soup Tureens, Nursery Lamps, Fire Bricks, Coal Vases, Candlesticks, Toilet Boxes, Iron Heads, Fish Trivets, and Scented Flower Water, Knit Dippers, Wash Basins, Metal Kettles, Shaver Trays, Talcum, Toilet Pans, &c. &c., with a large variety of other furnishing articles, too numerous to particularize in the limits of an advertisement.—ST. JOHN'S, N. B. For sale by
ROBINSON & THOMPSON, June 1, 1852.

S. K. FOSTER'S

Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
Foster's Corner, German-street, St. John.
Queen-street, next Coy & Son, Fredericton.

NEW BOOTS & SHOES.

Just received per ship *Mary Caroline*, and the last Liverpool steamer to Boston.
LADIES' Fashionable stile Spring BOOTS; 1 do. Cashmere and Prunella Boots, assorted; 1 do. Black and White Kid Slippers; 1 do. Patent, Enamelled, Morocco and Kid Slippers; with every variety of the very best make of Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes.
These goods are all warranted good.
S. K. FOSTER, Sept. 28.

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

Received from Paris—
1 CASE ROOM PAPER—latest designs
—which will be sold exceedingly low wholesale or retail, if applied for immediately.
June 12. W. H. ADAMS.

Sperm & Elephant Oil.

Landing ex *George*, from Boston:—
15 BURLS pure Lard OIL;
5 B 5 do. Elephant OIL;
4 bbls. Bleached Winter Strained Sperm OIL;
6 boxes fine Aromatic TOBACCO.—For sale by
Sept. 28. JARDINE & CO.

Seeds, Nuts, &c.

Landing ex "Cuba," from Boston—
CARROT Seed, early Jefferson and sweet corn; Pumpkin Seed, Silesia's Seed, Poultry Cultivator, Seed Sowers, Forks, Spades, Shovels, &c. 4 casks Ground Walnuts; 10 boxes Oranges; 1 fruit Dates; 20 drums 2 casks Honey.
April 27. JARDINE & CO.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,

Market Square, St. John, N. B.

Per *Commodore*, and *Sarah Louisa*.—Just received—a beautiful assortment of GAS FITTINGS, consisting of
1, Pendants, Brackets, Hall Lamps, Gasaliers, in Bronze and Bronzed and relieved, direct from one of the first Manufacturers in England—GLASS Globes to suit; Gas Lamps, &c. &c.
The above are made expressly for Private Dwellings, and will be found superior to any in the market, the styles being quite new—they are offered at the lowest cash prices.
ROBINSON & THOMPSON, June 22.—G. Proprietors.

LUBIN'S PERFUMERY.

THE subscriber has just received an extensive assortment of the above celebrated Perfumery, consisting of Rose, Geranium, Jockey Club, Sweet Briar, Heliotrope, Verbena. Also—a fresh supply of PARFUMS, COLOGNE, and LAVEN DEX WATER.
THOMAS M. REED, Head of North Wharf, June 1.

Four Hundred Boxes

7x9, 8x10, and 10x12 German Sheet Window Glass,
Of an approved quality, and for sale at a low price.
June 1. JOHN KINNEAR.

Superfine Flour & Clover Seed.

Landing ex "Rainbow," from New York:—
50 BURLS, Canada Superfine FLOUR;
10 bags CLOVER SEED.
JAMES MACFARLANE, May 11. Market Square.

New and Handsome PAPER HANGINGS.

Just received per steamer *Eastern City*—
A NEW supply of PAPER HANGINGS, comprising the cheapest and most beautiful variety we have had this season. Those who want a good and handsome Paper, at a very cheap price, will please call and examine the assortment.
July 27. S. K. FOSTER.

The Road to Health.



Holloway's PILLS.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND BAD DIGESTION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 11, Fleet Street, Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor Holloway, Sir.—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any enquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the violence of the attack was so alarming, and the information sent in so severely that she was compelled to leave her home and to seek relief under its influence; it was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the severity of the attack, and the speedy cure, I think speaks much in favour of your renowned Pills. (Signed) R. W. KIRKUS, Chemist, 11, Fleet Street, Liverpool.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER, IN VAN DIEMEN'S LAND.

Copy of a Letter inserted in the *Hobart-Town Courier*, of the 13th March, 1851. Major J. W. G. G. G. G. G. G.