

THE NEW GERMAN OFFENSIVE

ALLIES HOLD GERMANS AND ARE HITTING BACK

ENEMY FAILS ALONG WHOLE BATTLE LINE

Great Offensive Broken Save at Few Minor Points.
THE FIGHTING IS FIERCE
Americans Took 1,500 Prisoners and Brigade Staff in Marne Combat.

With the American Forces on the Marne, July 16.—American troops today shot down a courier pigeon belonging to the enemy, east of Chateau Thierry. It was carrying a message from a German division headquarters saying that the situation was serious; that the Germans saw no chance of making further progress in the locality of that division.

With the American Forces on the Marne, July 16, 11:10 a.m.—Reports from one end of the battle line to the other say that, except for a few minor localities, the German offensive so far has been a complete failure.

Washington, July 16.—The general situation this morning is regarded as satisfactory," says a war department statement issued today, based on dispatches from Gen. Pershing and Gen. Bliss, confirming press accounts of the fighting yesterday.

UPSET BOCHÉ PLANS.
London, July 16.—(Via Reuters' Ottawa Agency).—A dispatch from American headquarters states that last evening the Americans commanded the river front so that the German plans there were completely upset. A famous German division on the left of the American positions repeatedly attempted all day long to cross, but all enemy assaults occurred under the American fire, and not a single German crossed.

1,500 PRISONERS TAKEN.
Prisoners taken during the counter-attack now total between 1,000 and 1,500, including captured enemy machine guns. The fighting, which is continuing, is of the fiercest nature. The German offensive was a distance of fifteen kilometers, but they were still far away from their objective two hours after the time they had fixed for reaching it. The Americans organized an attack while the Germans were in progress. The Germans retired in hesitating fashion at least three hours the enemy had been driven across the river. The American machine gunners contributed very effectively to defeating the enemy plans.

SHARP FIGHTING ON HAIG'S AMIENS LINE

British Improve Their Position—German Guns Very Active.
London, July 16.—In an operation conducted last night in the region east of Amiens, the British improved their line after sharp fighting, in the Villers-Bretonneux sector, the war office announced today. The German guns were busy during the night in the region southwest of Albert and showed some activity at various other points on the northern part of the British front.

500,000 PRISONERS ARE RETURNED TO AUSTRIA

Amsterdam, July 16.—The Austro-Hungarian war minister has announced that more than 500,000 Austrian war prisoners already have returned from Russia.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today: Highest, 89; lowest, 53.
The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 77; lowest, 57.

TOMORROW—COOLER.
Toronto, July 16.—8 a.m.
Today—Showers and local thunderstorms, chiefly tonight.
Wednesday—Northerly winds and becoming cooler.
The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	64	56	Cloudy
Calgary	64	56	Clear
Winnipeg	68	48	Clear
Port Arthur	68	48	Clear
Perry Sound	62	46	Cloudy
Port Stanley	68	48	Cloudy
Buffalo	72	46	Cloudy
Toronto	68	58	Fair
Kingston	68	58	Fair
Ottawa	68	58	Fair
Montreal	68	60	Clear
Quebec	68	60	Cloudy

Weather Notes.
There is much less pressure across the Great Lakes, extending from the Ottawa to the Upper Mississippi Valley, while to west and north the barometer is rising, with rising northerly winds.
The weather is fine throughout the Dominion, except near Lake Huron.

BETETINS OF GREAT BATTLE

NO SURPRISE THIS TIME.
—All news from the battlefield indicates that the elements of surprise, a favorite German weapon, was a total failure Monday. The newspapers point out the importance of that fact.

The French military chiefs, says Maurice Faras of the Eclair, de Paris, foresaw with wonderful approximation the date and locality of the German effort, and Gen. Foch made all dispositions so that the attack was begun under conditions favorable to the Allies. The Martin declares the French commander was informed perfectly of the German preparation and knew on Sunday morning that the German troops had been moved into the front. This enabled the French artillery to deliver an intense fire against the Germans with the result that the attackers were badly battered.

HIGHLY SATISFACTORY.
London, July 16.—A dispatch from the French army headquarters dated 11 o'clock Monday night, says the news from the battlefield is highly satisfactory. The fighting was hard, the correspondent says, but preparations had been made weeks beforehand, and these prevented the Germans from making serious progress on any part of the front. The attack along the whole front east of Rheims was shattered in the French advanced zone.

MANY GERMAN CORPSES.
London, July 16.—Great numbers of German corpses are hanging on the tangle of barbed wire on the front of the French positions along the Marne, and all the reports state that the losses of the Germans must have been exceedingly heavy.

HOT FIGHTING.
With the American Army on the Marne, July 16.—At one point on the front of the offensive, where American troops are fighting they organized a small counter-attack yesterday on the flank of a salient established by the Germans and drove them out in short order, but in hot fighting.

GERMAN PRESS SCARED.
Amsterdam, July 16.—Attempts to enlighten the Germans on the American front by the distribution of informative printed matter by Allied aviators, when French balloons and guns had aroused apprehensions in the German press, which are now concealed. The newspapers ventricle ebullitions to the effect that the German troops are not only the most devoted German soldiers, who are conscious of their superiority.

PETERBORO STRIKE OFF; CONCILIATION BOARD WILL REPORT

Employees of Canadian General Electric Company Will Not Go Out.
Peterboro, July 16.—There will be no immediate strike of the employees of the Canadian General Electric Company today. An eleventh-hour decision reached at a mass meeting, which was held in the Labor Hall on George street last night, postponed a settlement of the differences between the company and the employees pending the finding of a recommendation of the arbitration board.

PELL MELL ROUT OF GERMANS BY POLISH AND AMERICANS IN COMBAT ALONG MARNE

Massed Ranks of Enemy Were Ripped to Pieces in Fight For Crossing.

On the French front in France, Monday, July 15.—The impression of the results of the first day's battle in the new German smash on the French front is very good.

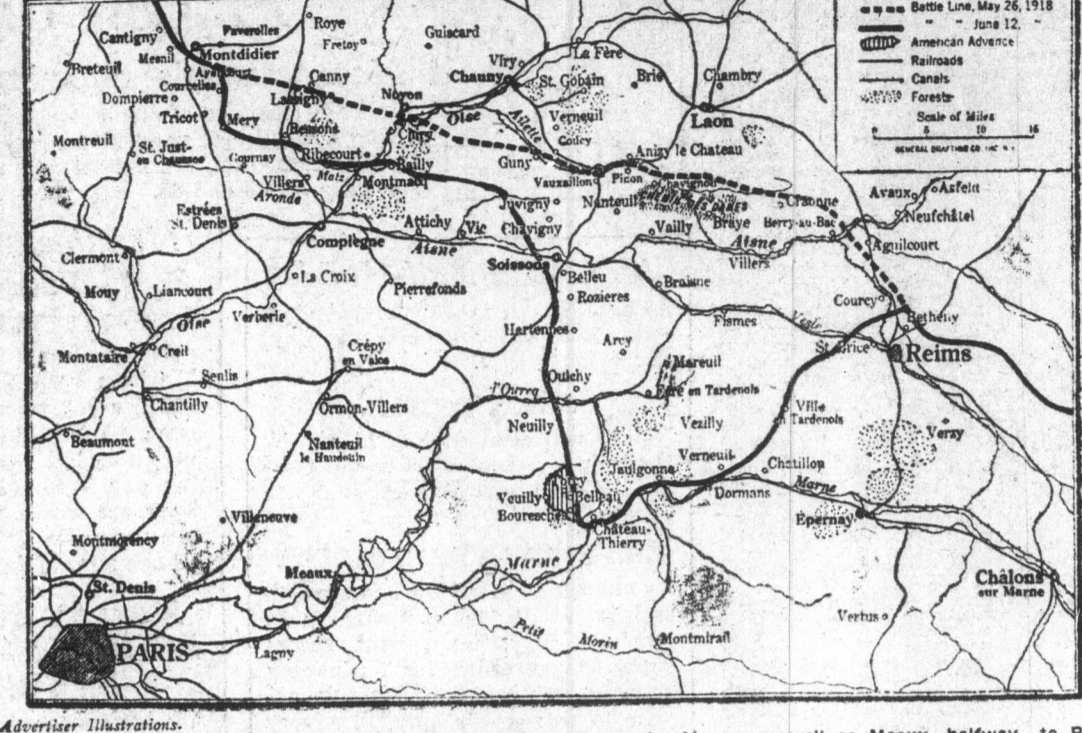
The stretch of many miles did the enemy succeed in penetrating more than 4,000 yards, and in the night only on the eastern side of the neighborhood of Mafex, southwest of Rheims, although orders found on German prisoners announced that the first day should take them twenty kilometers from the front line of departure.

On the battlefield east of Rheims the enemy did not even get beyond the advanced line, the indestructible resistance of the French troops preventing him from attaining the main combat line. With the French on the section west of Rheims fought American and Italian troops, both of whom with the other allies in keenness and courage.

Ejected by Americans.

It was a brilliant operation in which the American troops ejected the enemy from the positions he had gained temporarily on the southern side of the Marne. The American counter-attacks vigorously this evening with remarkable dash, throwing the Ger-

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The above map shows the centre of the renewed battle on the Marne, as well as Meaux, halfway to Paris, which was bombarded by long range guns.

CHEERS FOLLOW GOOD NEWS OF ALLIED SUCCESS

British House of Commons Is Elated Over American and French Acts.

London, July 16.—It is regarded here as being too early to pronounce any opinion on the great battle east and west of Rheims, but the fact that the Germans this time have not been able to repeat previous successes or make any notable advances has been received with undisguised relief.

This was echoed in the hearty cheers which greeted Chancellor Bonar Law's announcement in the House of Commons last evening—cheers which sounded with equal fervor for the American success as for the French.

JAP CABINET IN EXTRA SESSION

Intervention in Russia May Be Subject Under Discussion.
Tokio, July 13.—A special meeting of the Japanese cabinet, which was attended by army officers, was held today, and the newspapers attach much importance to it. It is believed that some communication was received from the American Government concerning intervention in Russia.

FORMER LONDONER DROWNED IN POND

Carl Colquhoun Meets Death While Bathing at Tillsonburg.
[Special to The Advertiser.]
Tillsonburg, July 16.—Carl Colquhoun, an employee of the Canadian Cereal Mills here, was drowned in St. Joseph's pond while bathing with some boys about 9:30 this morning.

QUEEN'S HOSPITAL AT ETAPLES WILL MOVE TO ENGLAND

Kingston, July 16.—Word has been received in the city to the effect that Queen's Hospital, located at Etaples, France, is soon to be moved to England. The hospital was recently bombed by German aviators, and it is feared that some of the buildings were completely demolished.

SHOPMEN IN SECRET MEETING ARE RECORDING STRIKE ISSUE; RAILWAY BOARDS OFFER FINAL

No Settlement of Wage Differences Between the Federated Trades and Railways, Announced Ultimatum Expiring Today—Railway Board Ready To Resume Discussion On Basis of McAdoo Award.

Montreal, July 16.—No settlement of the wage difference between the Federated Shopmen's Brotherhood and the Canadian Railway was announced this morning. According to Brotherhood representatives here a strike looked inevitable this morning, as the offer of the railways at Ottawa yesterday is the McAdoo schedule, which has already been emphatically refused.

The railway board, which has had until 2 o'clock to reply to the ultimatum handed in last Friday by the shopmen. But the railway board had already replied to that ultimatum on Sunday when, in a letter to Charles Dickie, secretary of the shopmen's committee, W. M. Neil, secretary of the board, announced with expressed regret that the McAdoo schedule with amendments was the best offer the companies could make to the men—and that was final.

B. OF L. E. NOT WILLING TO ACCEPT WAGE AWARD

Ottawa, July 16.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers of the Canadian Pacific Railway are not prepared to accept the wage award which is to be applied to employees of all Canadian railways. The Brotherhood had applied for a board of conciliation under the industrial disputes investigation act and the application has been granted. The board will be granted.

BOLSHEVIK IDEAS COST BRANTFORD RUSSIAN BIG FINE

Brantford, July 16.—Felix Cosanovitch, a Russian, was fined \$500 in jail, in police court this morning, for distributing literature tending to injure the prosecution of the war. The pamphlets urged that the workers refuse to work more than four hours a day, as this was enough for them to live on and all work done over that time went into the pockets of the employers. The pamphlets urged that the workers refuse to longer make profits for others, and if they could not get their demands met, they should lay down their tools. The whole pamphlet was along Bolshevik lines, save that work was not totally denounced.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Ottawa, July 16.—Today's list of eleven casualties reports two Canadian soldiers died, five wounded, two ill and one severely injured. The list for Western Ontario: Forestry. H-67544 I. W. Jamieson, Woodstock, Ont.

RUSH FOR PARIS IS STAYED COUNTER-ATTACKS OF ALLIES RECAPTURE TWO LOST TOWNS

G.N.W. STRIKE OFF AFTER MEN OUT 30 MINUTES

Discharged Operators Are Under Agreement To Be Reinstated.
GOVT. TOOK ACTION
Will Be No Further Investigation Into Charges Leading to Strike.

Ottawa, July 16.—Intervention by the Dominion Government was responsible for the settlement this morning of the threatened strike of Great Northwestern Telegraphers.

Hon. G. D. Robertson, who has been in charge of the negotiations on behalf of the Government, served definite notice on the company that must restate the two operators whose dismissal was the cause of the trouble, and pay them for the time they have been off work. Failure on the part of the company to obey this order would mean the taking over immediately of the company by the Government.

C.P.R. TRAINMEN ACCEPT AWARD

Montreal, July 16.—Announcement was made today on behalf of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors here that the organizations had practically come to an agreement with the C. P. R. to accept the McAdoo award. It was stated that these two unions would not interfere in any way with the negotiations between the shopmen and the railways, and any fight that afterwards might take place.

GOVERNMENT TOOK ACTION

Ottawa, July 16.—Senator Robertson announced to the Canadian Press, Limited, shortly after 10 o'clock this morning, that there had been a settlement of the Great Northwestern strike. He said that the company had agreed to take back the two operators whose dismissal was the cause of the strike, and to pay them for all the time they had been off work.

DRAFTS FROM EAST AND WEST ARRIVE SAFELY IN ENGLAND

Ottawa, July 16.—It is officially announced through the chief press censor that the following drafts have arrived in the United Kingdom: Field Artillery draft No. 15, Kingston; Dental draft from Military District No. 12, Regina; A. M. C. doctors, nursing sisters; infantry; balance draft No. 38, 1st Battalion, Le Quebec Regiment; balance draft No. 39, 2nd Battalion, Le Quebec Regiment; draft No. 71, 1st Battalion, Le Quebec Regiment; draft No. 72, 2nd Battalion, Le Quebec Regiment; infantry from New Brunswick; Engineers draft No. 76, Brockville; military recruits; details. A total of 3,064.

Germans Continue To Throw Heavy Forces At Entente Lines But With Little Effect, Drive East of Rheims Being Badly Shattered—Americans Retake Fossoy and Crezancy.

AMERICAN RED CROSS HOSPITAL BOMBED BY ENEMY AVIATORS

Fighting Spirit of Crown Prince's Troops Terribly Shaken by Losses and Failure To Break Through the Entente Positions.

London, July 16.—The Germans this morning continued their attacks against the French lines in pursuance of their offensive, according to information that has reached here.

The information received indicates that the offensive remains held up, the attacks up to this morning having been nearly everywhere repulsed with heavy losses.

ENEMY'S SPIRIT BROKEN.
With the American Army on the Marne, July 16, 10:35 a.m.—(By The Associated Press.)—Word received this morning from the battlefield to the east of Rheims showed that the Allied defence is not only still holding up the German attempts to advance, but appears to have broken the enemy's spirit.

ALLIES HITTING BACK.
Paris, July 16.—The German drive east of Rheims appears to be completely smashed by Allied resistance. At several points the French and Americans have counter-attacked with success.

TWO TOWNS RECAPTURED.
London, July 16.—American troops have recaptured Fossoy and Crezancy, towns on the south bank taken yesterday by the Germans when they crossed the Marne.

BOMB AMERICAN HOSPITAL.
Paris, July 16.—German aviators, at 11 o'clock last night, dropped bombs on the American Red Cross hospital at Jouy. Two enlisted men were killed, and among the personnel nine persons were wounded. Miss Jane Jeffery, an American Red Cross nurse, was among the wounded, though her injuries are not serious.

The hospital was deliberately bombed by the German aviators. The hospital was full of wounded at the time and doctors were performing operations at four tables. The operations continued notwithstanding the explosions.

At least three bombs were dropped on the hospital. One destroyed three tents. Additional doctors were telephoned for immediately and the work of the hospital was continued without interruption.

ALLIES ARE COUNTER-ATTACKING; FOE SMASHED EAST OF RHEIMS; FRENCH TAKE 1,000 PRISONERS

Paris, July 16.—The battle continues violently, especially south of the Marne and in the region of Chateau. Except for one sector, south of the Marne there is no change in the situation, and French troops are counter-attacking magnificently, and are taking many prisoners, according to the statement issued by the war office today.

South of the Marne the Germans have not been able to advance their line beyond St. Agnon, La Chapelle, Monthodun, Lisle and south of the forest of Bourguignon. The French in this region have taken a thousand prisoners.

On the front east of Rheims, in spite of terrific fighting during the past day and night the enemy has not been able to penetrate the French zone of defence.

The German losses in prisoners during the first day of the battle was extremely heavy.

WILL CONTINUE OFFENSIVE.
Paris, July 16.—The Germans will continue their offensive as they have concentrated strong reserves in the regions of Bethel, northeast of Rheims, says Marcel Hutin in the Echo de Paris. The reserves, he adds, undoubtedly will be put into the fighting line, probably extending the front of attack toward the Argonne.

CANNONADE SHAKES PARIS.
Paris, July 16.—Violent artillery fire continued last night on the fighting front. Residents of Paris again heard the roar and saw the flashes of the guns. There was a dim flickering in the sky resembling summer lightning, varied now and then by a red flash reflected from low clouds.

The reports of the guns were more faint than Sunday night and Monday, and were felt rather than heard. An intermittent dull muttering, punctuated by occasional heavier thuds from the French heavies, kept up during the night.

Houses in the suburbs were shaken slightly, but in some places the rocking of the earth was sufficient to displace pictures on the walls.

LITTLE CHANGE.
London, July 16.—Advices received in London up to noon today said that little change in the general situation had been created by the German offensive. The attacks which continued throughout yesterday were conducted by the forces of Gen. von Below and Gen. von Boehm, who are directing the operations of the two armies on the left wing of the German crown prince group.

GROUNDSTEAMER HAS BEEN FLOATED

Ottawa, July 16.—The chief censor announced today that the steamship Sewell's Point, a new steamship of 3,354 tons, which went ashore in a fog at Five Fathom Harbor, about 25 miles east of Halifax, on July 1, has been successfully floated and taken to Halifax.

DELEGATE ON FRENCH COMMISSION TO U.S.
Paris, July 16.—Professor Maurice Gagne of the Central College, by official order issued today, is appointed a delegate to act as substitute for the common general of commercialist on the French high commission to the United States.