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TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR

Senate Reading Room
July 19, 1933

EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING JULY 20 1933—EIGHT PAGES

"MALTESE CROSS" RUBBERHEEL
for instance, takes up the part of the pavement
and stays in place. They are
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THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO.
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ONE CENT

Pope's End Believed to Be Near at Hand

He Sinks Into a Condition of Coma

Cardinals Waiting For Final Summons

"My Hour Has Come, Farewell,"
Exclaims Pontiff to Faithful Valet, Centra.

Sunday, 6.40 p.m.—The following bulletin has just been issued: "The Holy Father spent the day in an almost continuous state of coma; strength more depressed; respiration, 30; pulse, 96; temperature, 36.4."
(Signed), Lapponi, Mazzoni, Rosconi.

9.45 p.m.—The Pope continues in a state of coma and his general condition has not changed.

10.15 p.m.—The Pope has had an attack of delirium. The end is inevitable. Cardinal Vannutelli, Grand Penitentiary, whose duty it is to say prayers for the dying, entered the sick chamber at 9 o'clock this evening. This is believed to indicate that the Pope is in extremis.

Monday, 1.55 a.m.—The condition of the Pope is unchanged and coma continues. It is believed a catastrophe will not occur during the night. A contributing element to the weakness of the Pope has been his inability to take nourishment. When an attempt is made to administer restoratives, he does not swallow them. The Vatican has asked payers for the Pope.

2.45 a.m.—A suspicion has arisen that the change in the Pope's condition is due to blood poisoning, as a result of derangement of the kidneys.

4.05 a.m.—When the Pope is called by his attendants he makes a great effort to arouse himself from the torpor into which he has sunk, but he is soon again overcome.

4.53 a.m.—At this hour it is announced that the condition of the Pontiff is apparently stationary.

Rome, July 20.—(3.30 a.m.)—Now that the supreme hour is near, the Pope's life and that of Pope Leo XIII. are expected almost hourly, the contrast between the quiet within and the excitement without the Vatican is most striking. In the vast palace there is a hushed calm of expectation, the only apparent people being the Swiss guards. The doctors and attendants of the dying Pontiff speak in whispers and move noiselessly about, so that from the sick room no sound comes except the heavy breathing of the unconscious Pope or his occasional gasps.

At 3.30 a.m. the Pope's condition is reported to have improved slightly. The Pope is now in a state of coma, but he is still in a state of coma, and his condition is reported to have improved slightly.

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their faces, and behind which the regular tramp of the Swiss guards can be heard. Many eyes are glued to the window in the Pope's chamber, overlooking the piazzas, while the nearby cafes, especially those with telephones, are crowded. Bicycles ready for use are piled up outside them, and cabs are lingering about in the hope of catching the Observatore Romano, the chief Vatican organ, has received orders to hold itself in readiness to issue almost at a moment's notice a special edition. The only thing wanting to complete the paper is the hour of Pope Leo's death.

IN A STATE OF COMA.—The Pope lies tonight in a state of coma and there are grave doubts in the minds of his doctors if he will ever completely emerge. His complete dissolution seems to be averted by the reliability of the action of his heart. His pulse, the weak, continues steady. Shortly before midnight, Dr. Lapponi said to the correspondent of the Associated Press:

"The Pope at the present moment is in a state of coma, which may be called a condition preceding the last agony, the duration of which it is impossible to forecast, although everything leads to the belief that this condition cannot last. To be more exact, he is still in a state of torpor and stupor, from which, however, he rouses occasionally when he hears sharp sounds, as, for instance, the instant voice of one of his familiars calling loudly to him. Left alone he relapses immediately into a condition of torpor. At intervals he murmurs in his sleep, continuing to have forebodings that he is being abandoned by his valet, Centra, and myself. These are the symptoms of incipient cerebral anaemia and general exhaustion. He can no longer turn in his bed without assistance, and is being kept alive by artificial stimulants. During the twenty-three hours he has had two injections of camphorated oil, three of caffeine and two hypodermics of salt, besides drinking stimulants."

Mr. Bisolotti, master of the Pope's chamber, said early in the evening that the pulse had not shown symptoms of being intermittent. Despite his weakness and coma, he believed he would survive the night and possibly tomorrow.

Preparations for the End.—Both the Italian government and the authorities of the Vatican have made final preparations for the Pope's death. The government is rigidly censoring all telegrams and telephonic communications between the Pope and the continent. At this hour but few people remain at the Vatican. Dr. Mazzoni and Dr. Rosconi and the cardinals have gone to their homes to await the last urgent summons.

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MOB SEEKS VENGEANCE

MURDERERS IN DANGER

Two Lynched and Several Prominent Cattlemen Are Being Pursued.

Butte, Mont., July 19.—A despatch from Red Lodge, Mont., says: Jim Gorman, who killed his brother about a year ago and ran off with his brother's wife, and a man named Walters, who killed a widow named Hoover at the Hot Springs two years ago, because she refused to marry him, were lynched at Basin, Wyo., today. C. E. Pierce, a deputy sheriff, was killed during the attack on the jail.

Lawlessness now prevails in Northern Wyoming as a result. Sheriff Fenton of Big Horn County has appealed to the governor for military assistance. On last Wednesday it was reported that a mob was descending on Basin to lynch Gorman and Walters and the sheriff hid the men in a gully. Gorman escaped, but was recaptured yesterday.

Early to-day a mob of about fifty men entered Basin, and, after a search of the county jail and a volley into the prison. Deputy Sheriffs Pierce and Meade were guarding the prisoners. One bullet grazed Meade's shoulder and entered Pierce's heart. Members of the mob then tore up the telephone poles and battered the jail door down.

They first came to Walters, who was crouched in his cell, begging piteously for mercy. Walters was shot and instantly killed. The mob next found Gorman, whose body was pierced by five bullets. Gorman lived some hours.

A still more alarming state of affairs is reported from the vicinity of Thermopolis. About six weeks ago, as a result of the range feud, Ben Minick was killed by cattlemen. The sheriff, it is asserted, has captured the murderers, who are all prominent cattlemen. Sheriff Fenton is unable to get his prisoners to Basin. It is said the same mob that lynched Gorman and Walters are sympathizers and have declared that Sheriff Fenton will never get out of the vicinity alive.

Pentecost has asked for volunteers from various towns. Everywhere hardy warriors are responding to the call, arming themselves and hastening towards Thermopolis to help Sheriff Fenton. The situation, but many of them left upon the assurance that the mob would be despatched to the scene and a bloody battle will be fought. The last message from Sheriff Fenton, which was received this morning, said he still held the prisoners and that he believed he could hold out until reinforcements came.

FEUD TROUBLES BREWING.
Investigation Into Killing of 27 Men Cause Trouble.
Jackson, Ky., July 19.—A renewal of feud troubles is brewing here. The special grand jury called by Circuit Judge Redwine to investigate the charge of attempting to bribe B. J. Ewan to testify against Jett and White in the D. Marcus murder case, also has furnished the names of 27 men who are believed to be connected with the Ewan case. It is reported that the grand jurors will be asked to go into a sweeping inquiry concerning the conditions in Ewan's Hotel, where 27 lives have been lost since the Hargis-Cardwell feud started, and where no one has yet been punished for the deaths.

It is feared that trouble may begin when B. J. Ewan returns here tomorrow morning. Ewan has been in the United States for some time. Ewan has told Commonwealth Attorney Byrd and others the name of the man who offered him the \$50,000 bribe. It is said that the man has no means of his own, the bribery investigation will extend to the one who offered the money. Militia is still on guard here. It is expected that a special grand jury will complete its work this week.

ENGLAND AND IRELAND
VIEWERS OF KING'S DEATH
All Eyes Will Be Turned Toward the Emerald Isle for Next Two Weeks.

LONDON, July 19.—Ireland, watching the King and Queen will go in state on Monday, will draw all eyes to herself for the next fortnight. Not for the first time has the outlook seemed more pleasant to English eyes. To them a new Ireland appears, a land of peace and contentment, a land of peace and contentment, a land of peace and contentment.

There is much of fancy in this picture, the Irish seem certainly never so happy as they are now. While it is difficult to find a parallel for last night's scene in the House of Commons, when Nationalist leaders of the type of Mr. Dillon and Mr. Healy poured out compliments and thanks to a Tory Chief Secretary. Through the passage of the Irish land bill thru the House of Commons, the representatives of the English and Scottish taxpayer, who were hourly reminded of the bounty of whose descendants, this reconciliation has become possible, remain mute, when, indeed, they did not stay away.

So soon as politics went out of Anglo-Irish affairs, the English politician went out, too, and the question became a mere matter of bargaining between Mr. Redmond and Mr. Wyndham. The King probably probably London Col. Lynch and other political prisoners as a special act of grace.

THREE STEAMERS SEARCHING.
Newtonville, July 19.—Efforts are being made to recover the new government steamer, the "Clover Leaf," which sank near Port Granby, two miles south of here, last fall. Three steamers are now searching the place where it was last seen by parties at that time.

EDWARDS & COMPANY, Chartered Agents, 25 Ontario St., Toronto.
Geo. Edwards, F. C. A., A. H. Edwards.

KNISPERCHEN.
London, July 19.—The latest addition to the German language is the word knisperchen, meaning a little thing that can be nibbled at, hence the world that has just taken the prize offered by some German educational society for the best translation of the noun cake.

Who Will Probably Succeed the Hon. A. G. Blair.

Steel Men Ask for Charter

From Ontario Government

Plant Will Turn Out 1200 Tons a Day, Earning Bounty of \$7,200.

The organization of capitalists who have secured the option for the site of a two-million-dollar steel plant at Port Colborne have filed their application for a provincial charter at Toronto. Johnston & Falconbridge appear as solicitors, and the name of the company is designated as the Steel Corporation of Canada. The paid-up capital is \$2,000,000 and the resources behind the scheme represent \$10,000,000.

George Macbeth is the financial agent of the concern in Toronto. He goes to New York this week to confer with his people.

This is the company represented by Robert Logie of the brokerage firm of Alexander, Logie & Co., New York City. The chief promoter was interviewed by a World staff representative in New York last week. He then explained that the company had in February published notice of intention to apply for a charter in a Port Colborne paper. This applied to a Dominion charter, and was later withdrawn for the purpose of securing a provincial charter.

Independent of the Trust.
Considerable Scotch capital is interested in this company. While the name is suggestive of connection with the United States Steel Corporation, it is an entirely independent concern. The terms of application to the government will turn out daily 1200 tons of finished iron and steel for every working day in the year. While eighteen months will be necessary to complete the full plant, the company will have advanced far enough in nine months to be putting the pig iron on the market. Under the present bounty of \$6 per ton for this quality of finished product, the company will earn at the rate of \$7,200 a day. While eighteen months will be necessary to complete the full plant, the company will have advanced far enough in nine months to be putting the pig iron on the market.

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STRANGE MAN AT INQUEST

MANISHED WHEN SIGHTED

Actions Cause Surprise, as Pal Held His Hat While He Entered Hall.

Port Stanley, July 19.—The inquest into the death of the woman found on the beach has been adjourned till Tuesday next. In the meantime, a post mortem has been performed by Dr. Curtis of St. Thomas, the results of which will be made known when the jury assembles again on Tuesday.

Rumor has it that nothing of a startling nature was discovered. Not a mark of any kind was found on the corpse by which it could be identified. A small piece of paper was found in the pocket of some pattern was found in the pocket, but so far it proves nothing. The general opinion now prevails that the case has been placed too young, and that she might have been 35 or over. The body has been buried at the Union Cemetery.

A peculiar circumstance happened at the hall after the post mortem had been performed. While the burial arrangements were being made, two young men were noticed looking in the window of the hall, and a few minutes later, when Constable Harley Taylor came to the hall, he noticed a man standing on the sidewalk, with a hat in his hand, and almost at the same moment noticed a man in the same manner, who was looking in the window. Constable Taylor talked to the man on the sidewalk, but he denied knowing anything about the man in the window. Constable Taylor then went up and up to the present time Taylor has been unable to locate him.

The hat, no doubt, belonged to the man seen in the window, and what did he want there under such circumstances? are the questions that are now agitating the people.

TEETOTALISM AIDED.
King Edward and Dr. Massey Chase Temperance Societies.
London, July 19.—The cause of total abstinence from strong drink has received two powerful impulses within the past week.

The first was the death-blow dealt by King Edward to one of the most insidious drinking customs in the army and navy, when he said that his health "can be drunk just as well in water as in wine." It has been the custom both in the army and navy to insist that every officer, no matter how young, and even if he never drinks otherwise, shall toast the King in a glass of port wine. This custom is now being regarded as virtually impossible in either service.

The second was Prof. Massey Chase's recommendation that the King should abstain from alcohol, and that he should be a teetotaler. This recommendation is being regarded as a healthy heart unimpaired by alcohol and strengthened by regular, simple living. Naturally, the temperance societies are jubilant.

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