

of the character and extent of the oil, gas and mineral resources are made available in a number of periodical publications and reports.

The chief publications relating to non-renewable resources are:

- North of 60°, Oil and Gas Monthly Activities report
- North of 60°, Oil and Gas Activities (annual)
- North of 60°, Oil and Gas Technical Reports (periodic)
- North of 60°, Oil and Gas Schedule of Wells (periodic)
- North of 60°, Statistical Report (periodic)
- North of 60°, Mines and Minerals Activities Report (annual)
- North of 60°, Mineral Industry Reports (annual)

Northern Renewable Resources

The following is a listing of resources inventory programs and reports:

- (1) Northern land use information series mapping project.
- (2) Renewable resource inventory and analysis program in the Yukon through the Canada/Yukon Subsidiary Agreement to the Canada/Yukon General Development Agreement.
- (3) Soil survey and agricultural land evaluation of selected areas in the Yukon and Northwest Territories.
- (4) Forest inventories of selected areas in the Yukon and Northwest Territories.
- (5) Eastern Arctic marine environmental studies.
- (6) Canada, Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources, Yukon River basin report, December, 1962.
- (7) Canada, Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources, hydroelectric power resources of the Porcupine, Peel and Rat River Region, Yukon and Northwest Territories, April, 1965.
- (8) T. Ingledow and Associates Ltd., consulting engineers, hydroelectric resources survey of the central Yukon Territory, January, 1968.
- (9) T. Ingledow and Associates Ltd., power survey of the central Mackenzie district, N.W.T., January, 1969.
- (10) T. Ingledow and Associates Ltd., power survey of the Liard River basin, Yukon and N.W.T., February, 1970.
- (11) T. Ingledow and Associates Ltd., power survey of the Kazen, Dubawnt, Thelon and Hanbury River basins, N.W.T., March, 1970.
- (12) Gepac Consultants Ltd., Yukon and Northwest Territories power survey, pre-reconnaissance study, September 1971.
- (13) Underwood, McLellan (1977) Ltd., power site survey Northwest Territories for the Burnside, Hood, Camsell, Back and Hayes Rivers, March, 1979.
- (14) Water Quality and Stream Flow Data Collection

These are ongoing inventory programs which have been underway for several years. Reports are available from the water resources division of the department in Hull and from the Water Survey of Canada in Hull.

#### WIDE FLANGE STEEL BEAMS

Question No. 264—**Mr. Herbert:**

1. What is the present proportion of the imported supply of wide flange steel beams as a percentage of total Canadian production?

2. Did the Anti-Dumping Tribunal make a ruling in December 1977 on a complaint concerning wide flange steel beams and, if so, what was the effect of the ruling as it applies to imports, domestic production and the adequacy of supply?

**Mr. D. M. Collenette (Parliamentary Secretary to President of the Privy Council):** I am informed by the Department of Finance and Statistics Canada as follows: 1. There is only one Canadian manufacturer of wide flange steel beams. Because Statistics Canada publishes figures on the volume of imports of these products, it is not possible to express the volume as a percentage of total Canadian production without revealing that manufacturer's output. The latter information is confidential. Imports of wide flange steel beams in calendar year 1979 amounted to 149,853 (short) tons for a value of \$55,476,000.

2. On December 29, 1977 the Anti-Dumping Tribunal issued a finding to the effect that dumped imports of wide flange steel shapes originating in the United Kingdom, France, Japan, South Africa, Belgium and Luxembourg had caused, were causing and were likely to cause material injury to production in Canada of like goods. That finding, which is still in force, contributed to a general improvement in the conditions affecting our domestic production of wide flange steel beams. The hon. member may recall that in this instance anti-dumping duties on imports into certain regions of Canada were remitted for a limited period following the finding. Since then domestic production of wide flange steel has increased, as have imports although more recently there has been a softening in demand.

#### HEALTH CARE—DRUGS

Question No. 315—**Mr. Herbert:**

What is the estimated percentage of the total national health care bill that is spent on drugs?

**Hon. Monique Bégin (Minister of National Health and Welfare):** The estimated percentage of the total national health bill that was spent on drugs in 1976 was 10.5. The year 1976 is the latest for which figures are available.

The estimated data for drugs included in that percentage represent all drugs dispensed in hospitals and all drugs, prescribed and non-prescribed, sold in retail stores. The total national health bill used in the calculation is provisional. The numerator in the calculation was an estimated \$1,404,112,000 of drug costs, and the denominator was an estimated \$13,361,-810,000 of total health costs. A wide variety of sources was used in the calculation; Statistics Canada and the Canadian Pharmaceutical Association were the principal sources for the