

The house divided on the motion (Mr. Cullen) which was agreed to on the following division:

(Division No. 31)

YEAS

Messrs.

Abbott
Anderson
Andras
(Port Arthur)
Andres
(Lincoln)
Appoloni (Mrs.)
Baker
(Gander-Twillingate)
Basford
Béchar
Bégin (Miss)
Blais
Blaker
Blouin
Boulangier
Breau
Buchanan
Bussièrès
Caccia
Cafik
Campagnolo (Mrs.)
Campbell (Miss)
(South Western Nova)
Campbell
(LaSalle-Énard-Côte
Saint-Paul)
Caron
Clermont
Condon
Corbin
Corriveau
Côté
Cullen
Cyr
Danson
Daudlin
De Bané
Demers
Dionne
(Northumberland-
Miramichi)
Douglas
(Bruce-Grey)

Dupont
Dupras
Ethier
Faulkner
Fleming
Flynn
Foster
Fox
Francis
Gauthier
(Ottawa-Vanier)
Gendron
Gillespie
Goodale
Goyer
Guay
(St. Boniface)
Guilbault
Haidasz
Harquail
Herbert
Hopkins
Isabelle
Joyal
Kaplan
Lachance
Lajoie
Lalonde
Landers
Lang
Lapointe
Leblanc
(Laurier)
LeBlanc
(Westmorland-Kent)
Lee
Lessard
Loiselle
(Chambly)
Loiselle
(Saint-Henri)
Lumley
MacDonald
(Cardigan)

Macdonald
(Rosedale)
MacFarlane
MacGuigan
Maine
Marceau
Marchand
Martin
McIsaac
McRae
Milne
Nicholson (Miss)
Olivier
Ouellet
Parent
Pearsall
Pelletier
Penner
Philbrook
Pinard
Portelance
Prud'homme
Railton
Raines
Reid
Roberts
Rompkey
Roy
(Timmins)
Roy
(Laval)
Smith
(Saint-Jean)
Stanbury
Stollery
Tessier
Turner
Watson
Whelan
Yanakis
Young—109.

NAYS

Messrs.

Alexander
Allard
Andre
(Calgary Centre)
Baker
(Grenville-Carleton)
Baldwin
Bawden
Beatty
Beaudoin
Benjamin
Blackburn
Brewin
Brisco
Cadieu
Clark
(Rocky Mountain)
Clarke
(Vancouver Quadra)
Coates
Crosbie
Crouse
Darling
Dick
Dionne
(Kamouraska)

Douglas
(Nanaimo-Cowichan-
The Islands)
Ellis
Elzinga
Fairweather
Firth
Fraser
Friesen
Graffey
Halliday
Hamilton
(Qu'Appelle-Moose
Mountain)
Hees
Hnatyshyn
Holmes
Huntington
Hurlburt
Jarvis
Johnston
Knowles
(Winnipeg
North Centre)
Knowles
(Norfolk-Haldimand)

Korchinski
Lambert
(Bellechasse)
Lambert
(Edmonton West)
Laprise
La Salle
Lawrence
Leggatt
MacDonald (Miss)
(Kingston and the
Islands)
MacKay
Macquarrie
Malone
Marshall
Mazankowski
McCain
McCleave
McGrath
McKenzie
McKinnon
Munro
(Esquimalt-Saanich)
Neil
Nowlan

Employment and Immigration

Messrs.

Nystrom
Paproski
Patterson
Pigott (Mrs.)
Roche
Rodriguez
Rooney

Rynard
Schellenberger
Scott
Smith
(Churchill)
Stanfield

Stevens
Towers
Wenman
Whittaker
Woolliams
Yewchuk—79.

● (2040)

Mr. Speaker: I therefore declare the motion carried. Motion agreed to.

GOVERNMENT ORDERS

[English]

EMPLOYMENT AND IMMIGRATION
REORGANIZATION ACT

MEASURE TO ESTABLISH DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT AND
IMMIGRATION, ETC.

The House resumed from Monday, February 28, consideration of the motion of Mr. Cullen that Bill C-27, to establish the department of employment and immigration, the Canada employment and immigration commission and the Canada employment and immigration advisory council, to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1971, and to amend certain other statutes in consequence thereof, be read the second time and referred to the Standing Committee on Labour, Manpower and Immigration.

Mr. Cecil Smith (Churchill): Mr. Speaker, on February 28 when I spoke briefly on this bill I mentioned the high unemployment and the sums of money being dumped into make-work programs which are not giving the relief to the unemployed that they should. The unemployment problem has to be attacked on a long-term basis. All the make-work projects are doing is giving band-aid treatment to the festering sore of over one million people unemployed in Canada today.

The minister has stated that if this bill passes there will be a saving of \$200 million. I want to know if the government will use this money to pay agents for the sale of nuclear reactors in some country still unnamed, or if it will use the money to stimulate the economy, especially in high unemployment areas, by establishing industries there.

The government has tried to encourage people from one area of this vast country of ours to relocate to the west and north where jobs for skilled tradesmen are available. This program has failed completely. In many cases it has resulted in broken families because the bread winner sometimes does not have the funds to return home when the job is finished. This state of affairs has existed for quite sometime and the government has spent vast sums of money to relocate people right across the country through a program that is just not working.

The federal government has an annual buy of \$8 billion, yet some of that money is spent outside Canada. I feel that if more