## Minimum Labelling Requirements for Leather Products

- NOM-020-SCFI-1993:
- name of exporter;
- materials (general or specific definition and, if applicable, finishing);
- country of origin;
- name and address of importer; and
- federal taxation registration number of the importer and/or registration number of the chamber of commerce to which he or she belongs.

**Source:** Government of Canada translation of Article Four (II) of the March 7,1994 Labelling Decree from the *Secretaria de Comercio y Fomento Industrial* (SECOFI), Secretariat of Commerce and Industrial Development.

## Electronic and Electrical Products

In a letter of clarification issued on March 10, 1994, SECOFI announced that electronic and electrical products, as well as household appliances are not subject to the general requirements. Instead, SECOFI stated that product labels must contain instructions for use and care. The reason is that such products are already subject to NOM-024-SCFI-1993, which requires instructions and warranties to be provided at the point of sale.

## Refrigerators

Refrigerator labels must comply with several very specific requirements including adherence to certain energy-efficiency regulations in addition to all of the requirements for textiles and leather. The label must show the refrigerator's type, size in cubic meters, the model number, the estimated average energy consumption and the annual energy cost.

## Meat Products

Meat products are covered by emergency NOM-EM-003-ZOO-1994. This NOM was due to expire on June 27, 1995. As it has already been extended once, exporters should assume that it is effective unless advised otherwise by the importer.

This emergency *NOM* requires that all meat products be labelled in Spanish with the following information: country of origin, producer's name and address, product name and description, lot number and net weight. The label must also include *manténgase en refrigeración o congelado* (keep refrigerated or frozen) legends.