

The UNETPSA provides education and training abroad for Southern Africans to equip them to play a fuller part in their societies. In 1973, Canada contributed \$35,000. Canada also contributed \$10,000 to the Trust Fund for South Africa, which provides humanitarian assistance to persons persecuted for their opposition to *apartheid* policies. In addition, part of Canada's contribution to the aforementioned UNHCR is used to assist refugees from South Africa.

The UNFPA was established in January 1970 as a separate fund administered by the UNDP. It provides financial resources and co-ordinates the response of the Specialized Agencies and non-governmental organizations to requests from member states for assistance with their population and family-planning programs. The UNFPA is able to provide assistance over a broad range of activities in the population field, including demographic studies, expert services, assistance to population training centres, fellowships, supplies and equipment, and research and evaluation. Canada's contribution for 1973 was over \$2 million. At the fifteenth session of the Governing Council of the UNDP, the Council estimated that the Fund had available to it as of January 1973 \$46 million. The Executive Director of UNFPA estimated that, for the period 1973 to 1976, the Program would have available to it resources of approximately \$265 million, of which \$10 million would be required for an administrative and program-support budget.

The United Nations Fund for Drug Abuse Control was created by the General Assembly in 1970 to carry out long- and short-term plans for co-ordinated action against drug abuse in producing, consuming and trafficking countries. The Fund is financed by voluntary contributions, and expectations are that the implementation of existing plans will require \$95 million over the first five years. During 1973, Canada contributed \$200,000, and it has budgeted the same sum for 1974.

The International Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Racial Discrimination was adopted by the General Assembly on December 21, 1965, and came into force on January 4, 1969. One section of it obligates each country to submit a report recording its efforts to eliminate all forms of racial discrimination. A United Nations Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination was formed and, since mid-1969, has held a number of meetings to examine the reports received and to ensure that they provide complete and satisfactory information. For 1973, Canada contributed \$1,000 to help the Committee in its work.