ous for the promotion of the noble objects of the Church Society, should be the subject of animadversion at all; or why your correspondent should so broadly assert, whilst proofs to the contrary were for weeks staring him in the face, that the Niagara Branch was the *only* offender in this respect (if offence it be), I am wholly at a loss to understand.

But, after all, it is "the goodly feast which is always prepared" on such occasions, "and which," he states, "is anything but a *Lenten Repast*," which seems most to excite your correspondent's indignation. If this be the case, then I contend that the two other Associations before alluded to are more blame-worthy than the Niagara Branch, because they have appointed their "goodly feast" to be held on a *Wednesday*, which is an Ember as well as a Lenten Fast, whilst the Niagara Branch appointed theirs for the following day, Thursday, which is neither.

Surely, Mr. Editor, your correspondent is very blind and partial in the exercise of his self-appointed office of public Censor, and "Certes!" (to use his own words), "appears to do things in a funny way."

If, however, the eating of a piece of beef or mutton, even on a day in Lent, by a parcel of poor hungry fellows, who have driven, it may be, several miles to attend the Church Society Meeting, be so grievous an offence in your correspondent's sight, it will, nevertheless, I venture to assert, be considered by all reasonable Churchmen, as a case in which "mercy" is to be preferred to "sacrifice." At all events your correspondent can quiet his conscience on that occasion, by abstaining from the good things that may be placed before him (unless the temptation should prove too strong!) and thus set a noble example of self-denial to his weaker brethern. Hoping that this *impartial* "Member of the Niagara District Association of the Church Society," will think twice before he publishes erroneous statements, and that in the mean time he will remember the sinners in the other two District.

I remain, Mr. Editor,
Your obedient Servant,
VINDEX.

P. S. Since writing the above, which I regret to find was too late for insertion in your last number, I perceive that the "Hamilton Gazette," deeming it "worthy of a widely extended circulation,' has given publicity to your correspondent's letter, embellished with his own comments. Admitting even that the holding of a Church Society Meeting in Lent is wrong—*which I deny*—I am not a little surprised that the *Gazette* should entirely overlook the "sin" (in *his* estimation) which "lieth at" *his own* "door" and endorse a most unfair attack upon the Niagara District Branch alone, whilst there were two other Branches of the Church Society, as he could scarcely help knowing, which, upon his own rigid principles, were more deserving of censure, in this respect, than the one so ungenerously and unwarrantably selected for that object.

I hope, therefore, that the *Hamilton Gazette* will, in common justice, give equal publicity to the above letter and this postscript.

V.

To the Editor of the Church.

SIR,

In an article which appeared in a late number of the *Echo*, headed *Semi Popish Mummery*, occurs the following words:—

"It is much to be feared that such persons as say that the *Echo is edited by a Catholic Priest* (the italics are the Echo's), would have pleasure," &c.

I believe Sir, it is a fact patent to all, and not ignored by the supporters of the *Echo*, that its responsible Editor is the Incumbent of a parish in this diocese. To minister with the Bishop's License, he must have been admitted into Holy Orders by a Bishop of some branch of the Church of Christ. I presume, however, that the learned Editor will not deny that he was ordained by a Bishop of the United Church of England and Ireland. If so, he was set apart for the ministry of *Priest* appointed by the Church of England, and to be found in her Book of Common Prayer." Now this ordinal directs that the Bishop shall dispense the Commission with these words—"Receive the Holy Ghost for the office and work of a Priest in the Church of God, now committed unto thee by the imposition of our hands, &c. &c. &c. Can the reverend Editor *forget* that moment of his life when he was thus solemnly devoted to the Priesthood? Surely not. Can he then by any force of reasoning set aside the fact that he is *a Priest?*

Then again—In the creeds he weekly expresses his belief in the *Holy Catholic Church*—he prays for the "*good estate of the Catholic Church*," in which, of course, he includes that branch in which he ministers; and as he is a Priest of that branch of the Catholic Church, he must be a *Catholic Priest*,—"*Semel, semperque.* from the day of his being ordered to the day of his death. Will the Editor of the *Echo* be a *Catholic Priest?* It is vain for him to sneer at the appellation. Long ago did he accept it, and eagerly crave it. Vain is it for him to prefer to be called a *Protestant Minister*, in common with the *dissenting brethren*; a Priest he is, and a *Catholic Priest* too, and must be so as long as it pleaseth God to leave him in this world of trial. The Church of his baptism, by her chief Pastor, has conferred on him this honor, which "no man taketh unto himself but he that is called of God AS WAS AARON"—and assuredly he that ignores the honorable appellation would appear to be looking back after he has put his hand to the plough.

Yours faithfully.
D. C. L.

ORDER OF SERVICES

IN THE CHURCHES OF TORONTO DURING LENT.

ST. JAMES—*Ash Wednesday*, at 11 A.M.
Every following Wednesday and Friday, at 3½ P. M., with a sermon.
During Passion Week, Prayers every morning at 11.
Good Friday, at 11 A. M. and 3½ P. M.

ST. PAUL'S—*Ash Wednesday*, at 11 A. M.
Every following Wednesday, at 7 P. M., with a sermon.

TRINITY (King Street East) *Ash Wednesday*, at 11 A. M.
Every following Wednesday, at 7 P. M., with a sermon.

ST. GEORGE'S—*Ash Wednesday*, at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M.
Every following Wednesday, at 7 P. M., with a sermon.
Every other day in the week, Prayers at 3 P. M.
Passion Week, Prayers at 9 A.M. and 7 P.M.
Good Friday, at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.

HOLY TRINITY (Yonge Street)
Ash Wednesday, at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.
Every following Wednesday and Friday, at 7 P. M., with a sermon.
Passion Week, daily service at 7 P. M.
Good Friday, at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.

Colonial.

CHANGE OF GOVERNORS.—It is rumored in Prince Edward's Island, that Sir Alex. Bannerman has been appointed to the Bahamas, and that Sir Dominic Daly (the everlasting Canadian Secretary), is to take his place as Governor of Prince Edward's Island.

The *Quebec Gazette* advocates the erection of a temporary wooden structure, on the common, outside of the St. Louis Gate, for the purpose of holding Parliament.

It thinks the cost would not exceed two thousand pounds, and the building could be turned into an hospital, when not required by Parliament; as Quebec has long stood in need of one.

The proprietors of the Music Hall ask £10,000 per year for it! a pretty good sum truly.—*Patriot.*

McNamara, the Brakeman, to whom we alluded in yesterday's Colonist, as being injured on the Railroad, has since died. After the accident he was removed to the hospital, and death put a stop to his sufferings at 7 o'clock, yesterday morning.—*Colonist.*

The snow storm which visited us on Wednesday, must have been only the tail of which commenced in various parts of the United States on the 20th instant.

It was the most violent storm experinced for years. It swept along the Atlantic coast from Virginia to Maine, putting as top to the railroad communication with New York, Boston, Baltimore, Harrisburgh, Washington, &c. The depth of snow which fell about a foot, and in some cases it drifted into enormous banks. But the storm did somy good. The sea was so agitated the Cunard steamer Africa was lifted by the force of the waves from the flats where she had been stranded, and is now safely at her wharf in New York.—*Ib.*

A little boy named Garraty fell upon a stove, and was burned to death, at a house in Wellinton Street, Hamilton, on Tuesday evening last. The father, the *Spectator*, says, is of irregular habits, and was in gaol at the time for assaulting his wife.—*Ib.*

A shanty between Innisfil and Barrie, in which whiskey and beer were sold, was raised to the ground by some drunken fellows from the "Penetanguishene Road." a few days ago. It appears that several of them were drinking at the shanty, until they became quite independent, and upon being refused further supplies, they wreaked their vengence on the humble hotel, and destroyed it.—*Colonist.*

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.—The Detroit *Tribune* of Tuesday last says,—"A large quantity of freight came over the Canada Road yesterday, the principal part of it was bound West, some to Iowa, and some directed to St. Louis. This will soon become the winter freight line for the great North West. We understand that there is now in store, in this city, about 20,000 barrels of flour, destined for shipment East over the G. W. R. R."—*Patriot.*

The same paper says—"We were somewhat surprised to see the large number of passengers that started over this road for the East this morning. There were at least 250, of whom 170 came from the West, in the morning train from Chicago. When they shall have completed their arrangement and are prepared to run up to time, there will be no greater travelled or more popular route to New York and Buffalo, than the Great Western Railway."—*Ibid.*

THE MISSING MAN, MUNRO.—The Police of this city have been exonerated from all blame for not discovering the whereabouts of Munro, by a letter from his father to Samuel Sherwood, Esq., in which he says, that his son got a freak into his head to go from Toronto to Cincinnatti, to try his fortune in a lottery, from thence he went to St. Louis, and is now in the state of Illinois, on his way home.

LIBERAL DONATION.—The Canada Military Orphan Asylum at Quebec have published a resolution tendering their best thanks to Mr. Nickinson, Lessee Royal Lyceum, Toronto, for his liberal donation of £31 10s. being the proceeds of a night's performance for the benefit of the Asylum.

RAILWAY TO SAUGEEN.—A party of engineers have commenced the survey of a line from Stratford to the mouth of the Saugeen, with a view of connecting it by a line of railroad with the Buffalo and Brantford line, and applications will be made to parliament next session for charters to construct lines of railwny from Hamilton via Guelph on the one hand, and from Galt via Berlin on the other, to the mouth of the Saugeen. It is understood to be the intention of the northern railway company to connect with the Saugeen, in which case the interests of Toronto will be secured, and it is of great importance to our mercantile men to secure the future traffic of the county of Bruce, destined to become one of the finest agricultural tracts in Canada West.

United States.

MENEELYS' BELLS!—The Bells from the extensive establishment of Messrs. A. Meneely's Sons, West Troy, N. Y., received at the World's Fair recently held in the City of New York, the *highest premium* or *only Silver Medal.* Their Church, Factory, Steamboat, School House and Plantation Bells, as well as their Chimes, were adjudged by the Committee to be "the *best* in fullness and richness of tone, clearness of vibration, and workmanship" of any on exhibition. The Messrs. Meneely attach the more importance to the decision, from the fact that the Bell Founders of Europe were represented at the Crystal Palace, as well as those from the United States.

The south and western states are fast regaining their notoriety for horrible steamboat disasters. Scarcely a day passes that we do not hear of loss of life by burning, sinking, exploding or other accidents on the waters of those regions. Two or three persons were lately killed by a collision between two steamboats, on the Alabama River.—*Colonst.*

ERIE CANAL.—The enlargement of the Erie Canal question has been submitted to the vote of the people of New York, and the majorities in favor of the enlargement have been enormous in all parts of the State.—*Globe.*

European News.

ARRIVAL OF THE "EUROPA."

The *Europa* arrived at 6 o'clock this morning. No decided change in the Eastern Question yet. Another talked of Arbitration.

Cotton for the week buoyant, at an advance of 1s. 6d; sales 60,000 bales.

Breadstuffs quiet during the week, closed firm. Wheat has declined 4d. and Flour 1s. Corn 1s. 6d. for the week.

American securities steady, consols, 9½ for money and account.

Paris Bourse closed firm yesterday, without much business. Threes 68.90—Four and Four-and-a-halfs 97.90.

Despatches from St. Petersburg have been received in Paris to February 1st. Excitement very great—War party enthusiastic.

LONDON, Saturday Feb. 23.

Battalions of Guards with 6 Regiments of the Line, are under orders to embark on the 19th for the Mediterranean. Whole number of British troops to be despatched is 10,000 men—but as many more will be held ready. Twenty ships of the largest tonnage will be required to convey troops and supplies. Government had taken the Oriental Company's steamers *Himalaya, Ropson*, and *Mainla.*

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 2.

Several purchases of tallow, indicate that there are some operators who still doubt the probability of a blockade.

MARSEILLES.—Considerable decline in Wheat—50 to 60 ship loads about to be sent to England.

No reply yet from the Czar to ultimatum of France and England.

The Cunard Company deny the report, that their steamers have been taken by the Government to convey troops to Constantinople.

Severe fighting continues on the Danube, but no great results.

A large Russian force is preparing to attack Kalafat.

The Allied Fleets are immediately to re-enter the Black Sea.

France and England continue their arrangements on a large scale.

Count Orloff left Vienna on the 8th, direct for St. Petersburg; his mission had failed.

Ramifications of a great conspiracy had been discovered throughout Turkey—and crushed.

On the Danube there had been rather a severe encounter at Giurgevo, without any result.

Another attack on Kalafat was daily looked for.

Gen. Guyon was very popular and had re-organised the army.

The Ambassadors were much dissatisfied with the fleets returning to the Bosphorus.

Osmar has recovered from his sickness." The army on the Danube are in good health and spirits. Nothing new from Asia.

The Emperor of Russia is sick, and has not been seen for some days. A change is reported in the Russian Ministry.

Mahomed Ali, the Sultan's brother-in-law, is said to be superseded by Risa Pacha, and Ashel Pacha succeeds Risa as Captain Pacha.

The ship *W. H. Davis*, from Liverpool to New Orleans, was totally lost, January 22nd, on the Island of Barre, on the coast of Scotland, and all hands except the steward, lost.

France was making extensive arrangements with the Bank and Credit Mobi in order to meet the expenses of the coming war.

India mail is telegraphed, with dates from China to December 27.

Mongpo and Amoy are quiet. The Insurgents had burned a large part of Shanghai, and had also captured Ginsing, 80 miles from Pekin.

The death of the Emperor of Japan, and seizure of New Caledonia by the French, are both confirmed.

A Democratic conspiracy was discovered at Madrid, on the 6th. Fourteen persons were arrested.

General Joseph Conchais was proclaimed a rebel, and has escaped into France.

General Buol has notified the Turkish Ambassador that the concentration of troops in the frontier is intended only as a precautionary measure against Turkey. This notification was accompanied by friendly expressions.

The Turkish Government have advertised for seven or eight coppered ships, from seven to eight hundred tons each, to be engaged for four months, for the conveyance of cavalry.

Accounts from the Danube mention another Turkish success between Galatz and Abriel.

Klapka and others have embraced Islamism.

Prince Stourzia has been made Pacha.

In the House of Commons, on the 10th, Lord John Russell stated, in answer to Mr. Roebuck that the cards sent by the Chamberlain for the admission of the American Minister to the opening of Parliament by the Queen were the same as those sent to other diplomatic representatives; he did not think any difficulty was likely to arise out of the question, as to the dress in which the American Minister was to appear on such occasions.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

My Lords and Gentlemen:—I am always happy to meet you in Parliament, and on the present occasion it is with peculiar satisfaction that I recur to your assistance and advice.

The hopes which I expressed at the close of last session, that a speedy settlement would be effected of the differences existing between Russia and the Ottoman Porte, have not been realized, and I regret to say that a state of warfare has ensued. I have continued to act in cordial co-operation with the Emperor of the French, and my endeavors, in conjunction with my allies, to preserve and restore peace between the contending parties, although hitherto unsuccessful, have been unremitting.

I will not fail to persevere in these endeavors; but as the continuance of the war may deeply affect the interests of this country and of Europe, I think it requisite to make a further augmentation of my naval and military forces, with a view of supporting my representatives, and of more effectually contributing to the restoration of peace.

I have directed that the papers explanatory of the negotiations which have taken plaee on this subject shall be communicated to you without delay.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:—The estimates for the year will be laid before you, and I trust you will find that, consistently with the exigencies of the public service at this juncture, they have been framed with a due regard to economy.

My Lords and Gentlemen:—In the year which has just terminated the blessing of an abundant harvest has not been vouchsafed to us. By this dispensation of Providence the price of provisions has been enhanced, and the privations of the poor have been felt. But, by the care of the Legislature, evinced by the reduction of taxes affecting the necessaries of life, has greatly tended to preserve a spirit of contentment.

I have the satisfaction of announcing to you that the commerce of the country is still prosperous; that trade both for export and import has been largely on the increase, and that the revenue of the past year has been more than adequate to the demands of the public service.

I have recommended for your consideration a bill which I have ordered to be framed for opening the coasting trade of the United Kingdom to the ships of all friendly nations, and I look forward with satisfaction to the removal of the last legislative restriction upon the use of foreign shipping for the benefit of my people.

Communications have been addressed by my command to the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, with reference to the improvements which it may be desirable to effect in these institutions. These communications will be laid before you, and measures proposed for your consideration with the view of giving effect to such improvements.

The establishments requisite for the conduct of the public service, and the arrangements bearing upon its condition, have recently been under review, and I shall direct a plan to be laid before you, which will have for its object to improve the system of admission, and thereby to increase the efficiency of the service.

The recent measures of legal reform have proved highly beneficial, and the success which has attended them may well encourage you to proceed with greater amendments.

Bills will be submitted to you for transferring from the ecclesiastical to the civil courts, the cognizance of testamentary and matrimonial causes, and for giving increased efficiency to the superior courts of common law.

The laws relating to the relief of the poor have of late undergone many salutary amendments, but there is one branch to which I earnestly direct your attention. The law of settlement impedes the freedom of labor, and if this restraint can with safety be relaxed, the workman may be enabled to increase the fruits of his industry, and the interest of capital and of labor will be more firmly united.

Measures will be submitted to you for the amendment of the law relating to the representation of the Commons in Parliament. Recent experience has shewn that it is necessary to take more effectual precautions against the evils of bribery and corrupt practices at elections: it will also be your duty to consider whether more complete effect may not be given to the principles of the Act of the last reign, whereby reforms were made in the representation of the people in Parliament.

In recommending this subject to your consideration, my desire is to remove every cause of just complaint; to increase general confidence in the legislature, and to give additional security to the settled institutions of the State.

I submit to your wisdom the consideration of these important subjects, and I pray God to prosper your councils and to guide your decisions.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, Feb. 22, 1854.

	s.	D.		s.	D.
Flour—Millers' extra sup. per barrel	33	0	a	36	3
Farmers' per 196 lbs.	32	6	a	33	9
Wheat—Fall, per bushel, 60 lbs.	7	0	a	0	0
Oatmeal, per barrel,	36	3	a	37	6
Rye, per bushel, 56 lbs.	5	0	a	5	3
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs.	3	9	a	4	0
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs.	2	10	a	2	11
Peas, per bushel,	3	9	a	5	0
Potatoes, per bushel,	3	6	a	4	0
Apples, per bushel,	2	0	a	3	0
Grass Seed, per bushel,	7	6	a	11	3
Clover Seed, per bushel,	50	0	a	60	0
Hay, per ton,	77	6	a	82	6
Straw, per ton,	47	6	a	50	0
Onions, per bushel,	7	6	a	8	9
Butter—Tub, per lb.	0	8½	a	0	9½
Fresh, per lb,	1	0	a	1	2
Beef, per 100 lbs,	30	0	a	32	6
Pork, per 100lbs,	30	0	a	35	0
Eggs per dozen	1	10½	a	2	0
Fire wood per, cord	18	9	a	22	6

MARRIED,

In St. James's Cathedral, Toronto, on the 16th inst., by the Rev. H. J. Grasett, B.D., Rector, Henry Turner, Esq., M.D., of Milbrook, to Charlotte, daughter of the late William Hodgins, Esq., of Pembroke Park, Dublin.

DIED,

At Fredericksburg on the 18th instant, Julia Anne, daughter of the Rev. John A. Mulock, aged 2 years and 9 months.

On the 20th of January last, at Groove Place, Camberwell, London, England, aged 68 years, Mary, wife of Chas. Brenchly, Esq., and mother of Mrs. William Gamble, of Milton, Etobicoke.

New Advertisements.

Application to Parliament.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made by the MUNICIPALITY of THE CITY OF TORONTO at the next Session of the PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE to authorize the extension of the Esplanade in front of the said city, and to provide for the expense thereof, in accordance with the Act 16th Vict. chap. 219, entitled, "An Act conveying to the City of Toronto certain Water Lots, with power to the said City for the construction of an Esplanade."

Published by order,
CHAS. DALY.
Clerk's Office,
Toronto, Jan. 5, 1854. 31

NOTICE.

WHEREAS by a By-Law, passed by the Municipality of the City of Toronto, entitled,

"An Act to authorize the imposition and collection of certain Excise Duties, and to appoint an Officer to collect and receive the same, and to issue Licenses therefor,"

It is required that all Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, and persons trading and exposing for sale goods from a Boat or Craft; Auctioneers, Shopkeepers or Storekeepers, selling Wine or Spirituous Liquors, Ale or Beer, by retail; and Billiard Table Keepers, are required to take out a License to enable them to carry on their respective callings, under certain penalties provided in said By-Law.

And having been appointed by the said Municipality to collect and receive the said and other excise duties, Notice is hereby given that I shall attend at my Office, in the City Hall, on and after the 1st day of March next, daily, from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., to receive the amounts respectively payable by Hawkers, Pedlars, Auctioneers, Shopkeepers, Keepers of Billiard Tables, Innkeepers, Confectioners, Keepers of Ale and Beer Houses, and other Keepers of Houses of Public Entertainment, and to issue Licenses therefor.

ROBERT BEARD,
General Inspector of Licenses, Toronto
Toronto, Feb. 23, 1854. 31

Bells! Bells!! Bells!!!

For *Churches, Academies, Factories, Steamboats, Plantations, &c.*, made, and a large assortment kept constantly on hand by the Subscribers, at their old established and enlarged Foundry, which has been in operation for Thirty Years, and whose *patterns* and *process of manufacture* so perfected, that their Bells have a world wide celebrity for *volume of sound* and *quality of tone.* The present Proprietors have recently succeeded in applying the process of loam moulding in Iron Cases to *Bell Casting*—which secures a perfect casting and even temper; and as an evidence of the unimpaired excellence of their Bells, they have just received—January 1854—the FIRST PREMIUM (*A Silver Medal*) of the WORLD'S FAIR in New York, over all others, several from this Country and Europe being in competition; and which is the 18th Medal besides many Diplomas, that has been awarded them. They have patterns for, and keep on hand, Bells of a variety of tones of the same weight, and they also furnish to order CHIMES of any number of Bells, or key, and can refer to several of their make throughout the States and Canadas. Their *Hangings*, comprising many recent and valuable improvements, consist of Cast Iron Yoke, with moveable arms, and which may be turned upon the Bell; Spring acting on the Clapper, prolonging the sound; Iron Frame; Tolling Hammer; Counterpoise; Stop, etc. For Steamboats, Steamships, etc., their improved revolving Yoke, or Fancy Hangings in Brass or Bronze of any pattern. Old Bells taken in exchange.

Surveyors' Instruments of all descriptions, made, and kept on hand.

Being in immediate connection with the principal routes in all directions, either Railroad, Canal or River, orders can be executed with despatch, which either personally or by communication, are respectfully solicited.

A. MENEELY'S SONS.
West Troy, Albany Co., N. Y.
March 1, 1854. 31

WANTED in Toronto, a daily or resident GOVERNESS, to undertake the charge of one Pupil. She must thoroughly understand teaching Music, French, and the usual routine of a sound English education. A liberal salary will be given to a Lady who is competent to undertake what is required, and who can devote five hours every morning to her Pupil—she must belong to the Established Church.

Apply by letter to A. Z., Box 972, Post Office Toronto.

February 23, 1854. 31-tf

Trinity College, Toronto.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION for MATRICULATION and for SCHOLARSHIPS will commence on MONDAY, October 2nd, 1854.

The following SCHOLARSHIPS will be open to competition:

FIVE DIVINITY SCHOLARSHIPS, tenable for four years, viz: one of £30 currency per annum, two of £25, and two of £20.

The holders of these Scholarships will be required to reside for four years, during the first two of which they must attend Lectures and Examinations in the Arts Course.

ONE CAMERON SCHOLARSHIP, tenable for three years, of the annual value of £25 currency, open to the sons of Clergymen of the United Church of England and Ireland, resident and doing duty in British North America, with a preference, *ceteris paribus*, to Candidates intending to receive Holy Orders in the Church of England.

The holder of this Scholarship must graduate in Arts.

ONE LAW SCHOLARSHIP of the annual value of £30 currency, tenable for three years, either before or after the degree of B.A. The holder must regularly attend the lectures in Arts till the time of taking his degree, and must declare his intention of afterwards prosecuting the study of the Law.

All persons presenting themselves for examination must produce testimonials of good conduct. Candidates for Matriculation must have entered on their sixteenth, and for Scholarships, upon their seventeenth, year.

The subjects of examination may be learnt by application to the Provost of Trinity College, who will also furnish any other information required.

ONE WELLINGTON SCHOLARSHIP of the annual value of £50 currency, tenable for two years, and one BURNSIDE SCHOLARSHIP of £30, tenable for three years, will be awarded to students commencing their College course in October next, according to the result of the yearly Examination in the following June.

TRINITY COLLEGE,
Feb. 24, 1854. 31-td

JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW AND COMPLETE

Gazetteer of the United States,

GIVING a full and comprehensive review of the present condition, industry, and resources of the American Confederacy; embracing also important Topographical, Statistical and Historical information, from recent and original sources; together with the results of the Census of 1850, and population and statistics in many cases to 1853: By Thomas Baldwin, and J. Thomas, M.D. With a new and superb map of the United States. In one thick volume, bound in sheep, price £1.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller, Stationer and Printer,
King Street.
Toronto, Feb. 17, 1854. 30

QUEEN'S COLLEGE, LONDON,

67, HARLEY STREET,

(*Incorporated by Royal Charter*, 1853,)

FOR GENERAL FEMALE EDUCATION,

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THE RIGHT REV. THOMAS CARR, D.D., late Lord Bishop of Bombay.
THE RIGHT HONOURABLE SIR JOHN PATTESON.
SIR CHARLES LEMON, BART., M.P., F.R.S.
SIR JOHN FORBES, M.D., D.C.L., F.R.S.
THE REV. J. S. M ANDERSON, M.A.
THE REV. R. W. BROWNE, M.A., Ph. D., F.G.S.
EDMUND BECKETT DENISON, ESQ.
THE REV. T. GARNIER, B.C.L.
THE REV. T. G. HALL, M.A.
THE REV. JOHN MAJOR, D.D.

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Consisting of the Professors of the College.

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Lady Visitors.

The Duchess of Argyll.	Mrs. Milman.
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Mrs. Booth.	The Lady Laura Palmer.
The Viscountess Canning.	Mrs. Proctor.
Mrs. Carr.	Lady Romilly.
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Mrs. Lewis Eyre.	Mrs. Stanley.
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Mrs. Arthur Hobhouse.	Miss Twining.
Mrs. W. M. James.	Mrs. Hensleigh Wedgwood.
Mrs. Jardine.	Mrs Gordon Whitbread.
Mrs. Arthur Malkin.	Lady Wood.
Mrs. Marcett.	Miss Williams Wynn.
Miss Maurice.	

Professors.

Arithmetic and Algebra	Mr. Cock.
Drawing—{ Figure	Mr Armitage.
Drawing—{ Landscape	Mr. Warren—Mr. Weigall.
English Language & Literature	Mr. Plumptre.
French	Mr. Brasseur.
Geography	Mr. Nicolay—Mr. Johns.
German	Dr. Bernays—Dr. Fischel.
Harmony and Musical Composition	Mr. Bennett—Mr. Baly.
History—Ancient, English, and Modern	Mr. Nicolay—Mr. Brewer.
Italian	Mr. Lacaita—St. Biaggi.
Latin	Mr Plumptre—Mr. Biggs,
Method in Learning & Teaching	Mr. Johns.
Natural Philosy & Astronomy	Mr. Cock.
Philosophy—Moral and Mental	
Reading	Mr. Nicolay.
Divinity and Church History	Mr. Trench—Mr. Biggs.
Vocal Music	Mr. Hullah—Mr. May—Mr. Bannister.

Michaelmas Term commenced 6th Oct., 1853, and will close Dec 17.

Lent Term will commence 19th Jan., 1854, and close 6th April.

Easter Term will commence 24th April, 1854, and close 1st July.

The College will be closed on the Prince of Wales' birthday, Ash-Wednesday, Ascension-day, the Queen's birthday, and Whit-Monday.

The Fees are—a composition of £26 5s. for the year, or £9 9s. for one term; or £1 11s. 6d. per term, for those Classes which meet twice in the week, and £1 1s. for those which meet once. All payments to be made at entrance.

Individual instruction in Vocal Music in its higher branches will be given by Mr. George Benson, under the direction of Mr. Hullah; and in Instrumental Music by Messrs. R. Barnett, O. May, and W. Dorrell, under the direction of Mr. Sterndale Bennett. Instruction for advanced Pupils in Drawing and its various applications will be similarly arranged, under the direction of the Professors of Drawing. The Fee, Three Guineas per Term.

The Drawing Room is open to Pupils for practice from 2 to 4 o'clock on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays during Term.

PREPARATORY CLASS FOR CHILDREN ABOVE EIGHT YEARS OF AGE.

This Class has been established to supply the want of good Elementary Instruction, and as Introductory to the College Course.

Arithmetic	Mr. Cock.
Biblical Instruction	Mr. Plumtre.
Drawing	Mr. Weigall.
English Grammar	Mr. Plumptre.
French	Mr. Brasseur—M. Enot.
Geography	Mr. Nicolay.
German (Etymology)	Dr. Bernays.
History, Ancient	Mr. Nicolay.
Ditto, English	Mr. Brewer.
Italian (Etymology)	Mr. Bezzi.
Latin	Mr. Plumptre.
Reading	Mr. Nicolay.
Vocal music	Mr. Bannister.
Calisthenic Master	M. Rolla.
Lady Superintendent	Miss Parry.
Assistant	MissWorth.

The year of study extends from the last week in September to the last week in July, with Vacations at Christmas and Easter.

The payment is £15 15s. per year for Pupils under 13 years of age, and £21 for Pupils above 13.

Elementary Instruction on the Piano-forte is given under the superintendence of Mr. W. S. Bennett. Fee, £2 2s. per Term.

Lady Resident, MRS. W. ROWSELL.

The ordinary periods of Examination for Certificates are the last week in each term, but ladies unable to attend at those times may, on special application, be examined at any time during term. Fee for first Certificate, £1; for every other, 10s.

Particulars may be ascertained at the College daily, from ten till four; and from the Deputy-Chairman at the College, every Wednesday and Saturday before two o'clock.

February 16th, 1854. 29

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A LADY qualified to give instruction in Music and French, and the usual branches of an English Education. Address M. B., Post Office, Brockville.

Brockville, 1st Feb. 1854. 28tf

WANTED,

BY a Protestant Lady, recently from Great Britain, a situation as Visiting or Resident Governess in a respectable family. Satisfactory reference as to character and qualification in Music and the general branches of an English Education can be given.

Address A. B., Post-Office, Yorkville.

Toronto, Nov. 29, 1853. 18-tf

TUITION.

THE REV. H B. JESSOPP, M.A., Rector of Port Burwell and Vienna, is desirous of receiving a few Pupils of the age of nine years and upwards, to prepare for Matriculation in the Universities, admission to the Law Society, or as Candidates for Exhibitions in Upper Canada College. The system of instruction will be similar to that adopted in Puplic Schools; while the Pupils will be treated as members of the family, and the strictest attention paid to their religious instruction and conduct.

MR. JESSUPP, who was Classical Gold Medalist, King's College, Toronto, has been engaged for the last six years in a similar occupation three of his pupils having obtained *first* Scholarships in Trinity College.

TERMS.—Over 16 Years....£60 per annum.
Under 16 Years.... 50 " "
No extras.

N.B.—The highest reference can be given if requisite.

Dec. 19, 1853. 21-tf

New Law Books.

HILL on Trustees, with Notes by Henry Wharton £1 5 0
Byles on Bills, with Notes by Sharswood 1 2 6

For Sale by
HENRY ROWSELL,
8 Wellington Buildings.
Toronto, 26th January, 1854. 26

NEW WHOLESALE Millinery Establishment.

J. CHARLESWORTH, would respectfully intimate to his Customers and the Trade of Canada generally, that he has determined upon making great alterations by building an addition of 45 feet by 24, three stories high, to his premises, when he purposes to carry on his Wholesale Business,

MILLINERY IN PARTICULAR,

and is now manufacturing as large a stock as can be made, and hopes to be ready to offer his stock for the selection of buyers about the middle of March next.

The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street.
6 doors West of Church Street, Toronto,
JOHN CHARLESWORTH.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A GOOD MILLINER, to assist in the selling department and in the general management of the Millinery business. Apply personally or by letter post-paid.

The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street,
JNO. CHARLESWORTH.

WANTED,

AT the Toronto House, No. 60 King Street, Toronto, Fifty good Bonnet Makers, also Fifty Cape and Mantilla Makers, to whom regular employment will be given.

JOHN CHARLESWORTH.

WANTED,

2 GOOD Salesmen for a wholesale and retail Millinery, Staple and Fancy Dry Good Store. None but such as are competent to assume the management of the indoor business need apply, and to such a liberal salary will be paid.

The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street,
JOHN CHARLESWORTH.

STAPLE AND FANCY Dry Goods and Millinery,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Toronto House, No. 60 King Street, Toronto.

THE Stock is replete with all that is seasonable and fashionable, and offers great inducements to buyers. The stock of Millinery, for variety surpasses any other stock in Canada.

No Second Price.

JOHN CHARLESWORTH.
Toronto, January 18, 1853. 25-tf

BOOKS JUST RECEIVED.

READING for a Month Preparatory to Confirmation, compiled from the Works of Writers of the Early and of the English Church by the author of Amy Herbert	£0 3 9
All's not Gold that Glitters, or the Young Californian, by Cousin Alice, author of No such Word as Fail	0 3 9
Principles of Geology, or Modern Changes of the Earth and its Inhabitants, considered as illustrative of Geology, by Sir Charles Lyell, M.A.F.R.S.; new and entirely revised edition illustrated with maps, plates and Woodcuts	0 11 3
lines of Scripture Geography and History Illustrating the Historical Portions of the Old and New Testament, designed for use of Schools and Private Families, by Edward Hughes, F.R.A.S., F.R.G.S.	0 5 0
Bible Maps, or a Historical Descriptive Atlas of Scripture Geography, by William Hughes, F.R.G.S., cloth colored 10s., paper plain	0 3 9
The Language of Flowers with Illustrative Poetry	0 7 6

For Sale by
HENRY ROWSELL,
8, Wellington Buildings, King-st. Toronto.
November 2, 1853. 14-tf

A CLERGYMAN and his Wife, resident in a healthful Country Town, within a short distance of Toronto, are anxious to receive four little boys, between the ages of 6 and 10, into their house; every attention will be paid to their religious and moral instruction, as well as to their education, which will comprise every thing they are found capable of learning: English, French, Music, Latin, Greek and Hebrew. Terms, £40 per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

References are kindly permitted to the Rev. John McCaul, LL.D., Rev. Stephen Lett. LL.D. and the Rev. the Secretary of the Church Society, Toronto.

December, 13 1853. 20-tf

HENRY BOVELL HOPE,

Conveyancer, Land, Life and Fire Insurance Agent,

BROKER, COMMISSION MERCHANT

OFFICE—Corner of Church Street; entrance from Front Street.

AGENTS IN ENGLAND:

Messrs. FYSON, CURLING & Co., Solicitors, No. 3, Frederick's Place, Old Jewry, London.

☞ Particulars of property for sale, &c., will be found in the advertising columns of the *Old Countryman* newspaper.

Toronto, C. W., Feb.