

officer of the hospital appointed for the purpose, who should use wide discretionary power in special cases."

We have called attention to similar abuses at Canadian hospitals and can only hope that time may remedy the evils complained of, which chiefly are the granting of medical advice and medicine to those well able to pay for the same.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY announce in press an important work on Regional Anatomy in its Relation to Medicine and Surgery by George McClellan, M.D., lecturer on Descriptive and Regional Anatomy at the Pennsylvania School of Anatomy; Professor of Anatomy at the Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts; member of the Association of American Anatomists, Academy of Natural Science, Academy of Surgery, College of Physicians, etc., of Pennsylvania, with about 100 full-page fac-simile illustrations reproduced from photographs taken by the author of his own dissections, expressly designed and prepared for this work, and colored by him after nature. To be complete in two volumes of about 250 pages each, large quarto. The object of the work is to convey a practical knowledge of Regional Anatomy of the entire body. The text to embrace, besides a clear description of the part in systematic order, the most recent and reliable information regarding anatomy in its medical and surgical relations. The illustrations are intended to verify the text and to bring before the reader the parts under consideration in as realistic a manner as possible. Vol. 1 will be ready for publication about December 9th, and the second volume is expected to appear shortly thereafter. The work will be sold by subscription only. Salesmen will begin an active canvass the coming October.

PERCHLORIDE OF IRON IN LEUCORRŒA.—The editor of the *Phar. Era* has arrived at the conclusion that of all remedies for simple leucorrhœa, the old tincture of perchloride of iron is the best, combined with hyoscyamus, opium, hop, or Indian hemp, when the mucous membrane is in a state of irritation. Tepid or cold water injections, cold hip baths, etc., are useful local applications, with rest; and avoidance of occupations involving prolonged standing or pedal exercise. Sometimes tannin, zinc, or alum, are valuable additions to

the injections. When the discharge emanates from the glands of the os uteri, local applications of belladonna and bi-carbonate of potash, are serviceable, two ounces of the tincture and a teaspoonful of the alkali to about a pint of water.

WOMAN'S MEDICAL COLLEGE, TORONTO.—The following changes have been made in the Faculty of the Woman's Medical College, Toronto:—Dr. A. A. Macdonald, is appointed Clinical Lecturer in Medicine; Dr. W. B. Thistle, Clinical Lecturer in Diseases of Children; Dr. George Acheson, Lecturer in Pathology and Histology, normal and pathological (*vice* Dr. Carveth resigned); Dr. S. P. Boyle, Toronto, and Miss E. J. Irvine, are appointed Assistant Demonstrators in Anatomy; Dr. S. P. Boyle, is also Assistant Demonstrator in Histology; Miss E. J. Irvine, Pathology. Dr. Duncan is Acting Dean.

SULPHONAL IN CHOREA.—In a recent number of the *Medical News*, John A. Jeffries, M.D., gives in full the clinical histories of ten cases of chorea which were treated with sulphonal, either alone or in conjunction with arsenic. Of the ten cases, only five were of recent origin, and these all recovered within three weeks. In two of them, arsenic had failed, in two it was never used; in the fifth either arsenic or sulphonal alone failed, but when used together they quickly brought about an improvement. As to the five cases which were of long standing, four were at the age of puberty; three got well, at least for a month; in three arsenic had failed; in two it was not used. Two did not recover with any treatment. It is the opinion of Dr. Jeffries that sulphonal is to be regarded as a valuable adjuvant to arsenic. On sulphonal alone many cases are apt to grow pale and show the need of a tonic; this want arsenic supplies, and at the same time affects directly many cases of chorea. The doses in which sulphonal was employed, were 5 or 6 grs. for a patient of 15 years, and 3 grains for one of 4 years.

CURE OF CANCER BY ERYSIPLAS.—Says Dr. Laplace (*Med. News*), I will say that the cure of cancer should not be considered hopeless. At the recent Congress of Surgeons in Berlin there were reported six undoubted cures of epithelioma and sarcoma by following the treatment. About