syphilis in its primary, secondary, and tertiary periods. His work gives evidence of extensive research and careful induction. We shall look with interest for the two succeeding volumes. If these should justify the promise of the first volume the completed work will be a monument of careful historical and scientific industry which cannot fail to be appreciated by the profession.

THE INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL ANNUAL and Practitioner's Index for 1892. Edited by P. W. Williams, M. D., Secretary of Staff, assisted by a corps of thirty-two collaborators—European and American—specialists in their several departments. 644 octavo pages. Illustrated. \$2.75. E. B. Treat, Publisher, 5 Cooper Union, New York.

The tenth yearly issue of this valuable one-volume reference work is to hand; and it richly deserves and perpetuates the enviable reputation which its predecessors have made, for selection of material, accuracy of statement and great usefulness. The corps of department editors is representative in every respect. Numerous illustrations—many of which are in colors—make the "Annual" more than ever welcome to the profession, as providing at a reasonable outlay, the handiest and best résumé of Medical Progress yet offered. Part one comprises the New Remedies, to-gether

Part one comprises the New Remedies, to-gether with an extended Review of the Therapeutic Progress of the year.

Part two, comprising the najor portion of the book, is given to the consideration of New Treatment; and is a retrospect of the year's work, with numerous original articles by eminent authorities.

The third—and last part—is made up of miscellaneous articles, such as Recent Advances in Bacteriology; Medical Photography; Sanitary Science; Use of Suppositories in the Treatment of Disease; Improvements in Pharmacy; New Inventions in Instruments and Appliances; Books of the Year, etc.

The arrangement of the work is alphabetical, and with its complete index, makes it a reference book of rare worth.

In short, the "Annual" is what it claims to be a recapitulation of the year's progress in medicine, serving to keep the practitioner abreast of the times with reference to the medical literature of the world. Price, the same as in previous years— \$2.75

DISEASES OF THE THROAT, NOSE, AND EAR. A Clinical Manual for Students and Practitioners. By P. McBride, M.D., F.R.C.P.P.P.d., Fellow of the Royal Society of Edinburgh; Surgeon to the Ear and Throat department of the Royal Infirmary; Lecturer on Diseases of the Throat and Ear in the Edinburgh School of Medicine. With colored illustrations from original drawings. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston, Son & Coy., 1012 Walnut Street, 1892.

1012 Walnut Street, 1892. The Author says:—"In preparing this work, I have endeavored to meet the requirements of the senior student and general practitioner, although I trust the following pages may not be altogether without interest for the laryngologist and aural surgeon.

Assuming that every reader will have at his command works on anatomy and physiology, I have not discussed the structure and functions of the parts, but have contented myself by incorporating in the text anatomical and physiological hint<sub>g</sub> where such are specially required on clinica grounds. All drawings of instruments have been omitted, because it has always appeared to me that they are unnecessary, for the very simple reason that the practitioner must possess the means of operating before he proceeds to operate.

It has been my earnest desire to omit nothing of importance, but, at the same time, I have endeavored so to apportion the space as to attain the maximum of usefulness to the general practitioner.

The more common diseases have, therefore, been discussed at some length, while those which rarely occur have been dealt with more shortly. To the first of these statements there will be found a few exceptions. It will be noticed that certain very important subjects have had a comparatively small space allotted to them, *e.g.*, diphtheria and injuries of the larynx. This is, however, due, not to deficient appreciation of their importance, but to the fact that they are fully discussed in works on general medicine and surgery.

I have considered it desirable to make this explanation, as it has been necessary to economise space, in order to make the present work convey, within a volume of reasonable dimensions, the main facts of modern Laryngology, Rhinology and Otology."

As this volume covers 650 pages and has been written with evident care, the title is rather a modest one; for even the specialist could hardly need more information than this book contains. The work is divided into Diseases of the Pharynx, Larynx, Nose and Ear, each part being subdivided into chapters on Methods of Examination and Therapeutics, Acute Inflammation, Chronic Inflammation, Chronic Infective Diseases, Various Conditions, Neoplasms, Neurosis, &c. We can safely say that this is the most practical work on diseases of the nose, throat and ear that has come under our notice during the last ten years.

PRACTICAL MIDWIFERY, a Handbook of Treatment. By Edward Reynolds, M.D., Fellow of the American Gynecologicol Society, of the Obstetric Society of Boston, etc.; Assistant in Obstetrics in Harvard University; Physician to Out-Patients of the Boston Lying-in Hospital, etc., etc. With one hundred and twenty-one illustrations. New York; William & Co., 1892.

We cannot better explain the character of the work than by quoting the following remarks from the author's preface :---"With all the literary activity which has of late prevailed in obstetrics, it is a curious fact that there has hitherto been no attempt to render the technical details of obstetric practice readily accessable to the student. The necessity of making the general principles of treatment intelligible to the dullest reader, of course, compels the more extended text-books to omit its minor details, and a five-year's experience in the superintendence of the practical work of the adstudents of the Harvard vanced Medical School, in their daily attendance upon by far the largest obstetrical clinic in America, has fully demonstrated to me the importance of this deficiency in our literature. This volume is the result of that experience, and is an attempt to furnish to stu-dents and inexperienced practitioners a full des-cription of those practical details of conduct which are necessary to the management of every case of gestation, labor, or the convalesence therefrom. It further aims to supply to such men a concise description of at least one method of dealing with each of the emergencies of obstetrical practice.

If it appears to settle most points of practice dog-