

News of the Week.

(From late English papers.)

During last week 19 wrecks were reported, making the total for the present year 891.

WATERLOO DAY.—From official records it appears that there are 143 gallant veteran officers above the rank of lieutenant now alive to celebrate this day (Thursday), the 48th anniversary of the ever-memorable battle of Waterloo. The rank of these officers may be summarised as follows:—18 generals, 23 lieutenant generals, 30 major generals, 25 colonels, 25 lieutenant colonels, 18 majors, and 4 captains.

It is proposed to hold a novel banquet in London next month, the assembly to consist of all the lord mayors, lord provosts, mayors, and provosts in the United Kingdom, with the Lord Mayor of London as guest.

Another victim has just been added to the list of those who have been either killed or dreadfully mangled while hazarding their lives for the pleasure of their patrons. An acrobat calling himself "Valerio" was engaged to perform at the Cremorne Gardens, London, on a wire cable suspended at the height of 60 feet. While entertaining an audience on Thursday night, Valerio's treacherous footing snapped in two, he fell violently to the ground, and was so fearfully injured that he died yesterday morning.

CRIME.—During 1862 there were 20,000 persons committed for trial in England, 6,666 in Ireland, and 3,360 in Scotland. Of these 7,816 were acquitted, and 21,101 convicted, and 3,962 of these were sentenced to various terms of penal servitude.

EXTRAORDINARY JOURNEY BY A CAT.—A person named Marsh Allen, residing at Willoughton, who is in a very delicate state of health, went to Hull about five weeks ago to put himself under medical treatment, leaving his cat at Willoughton. One day after he had been there some time, happening to go into the back yard of the house at which he was staying (No. 33, Osborne-street), he observed a cat sitting on the outer wall. He carelessly called "Pussy," when the animal, to his great surprise, jumped from the wall, rushed upon his shoulders and into his bosom. He at once perceived that it was his own cat. On examining the animal he found that its claws were completely worn off with walking, and that it presented other appearances of having undergone great fatigue, hardship, and hunger. How it succeeded in crossing the Humber, or indeed in performing the journey (about 50 miles) at all, must now remain a mystery.

CEMENT FOR STOPPING LEAKS.—

A composition of 4lbs. of rosin, one pint of liscseed oil, and loz. of red lead,

applied hot with a brush, will stop leaks in roofs, water casks, &c.

The public examination of the Royal Acadian School took place on Friday last. We learn from the Sun that "the examination of the lads, as far as it went, was creditable; and the reading, singing and recitations by the girls, under the care of Miss Ross, were also creditable."

NOVA SCOTIA FRUIT.—At a meeting of the Horticultural Society, held at Kentville, on the 3d inst. resolutions were adopted for the appointment of inspectors of fruit in King's County, and for holding a fruit show at Kentville early in October.

A little girl, 4 years old, daughter of Mr. George Nearing, of Mainadie, was accidentally drowned at that place, on the 25th ult. It appears that whilst amusing herself at play in a row boat near the beach, she fell overboard, and was not observed in the water, until it was too late—life being extinct when rescued.—*Cape Breton News.*

A severe storm of thunder and lightning passed over the Eastern part of this County on Monday evening last, followed by heavy rain. At Tignish, near Baie De Verte, the lightning struck a barn of Mr. S. Craig's, which with its contents was entirely consumed. By great exertion the dwelling house of Mr. Craig was saved. At Amherst a young man was struck and knocked down, he is recovering. Though the lightning was very vivid here, the worst of the storm must have passed easterly, as the rain only continued half an hour, whilst at the above places it descended four or five hours to the infinite satisfaction of the husbandman, whose crops were suffering greatly for want thereof.—*Sackville Borderer.*

The Royal Gazette, of Bermuda, of the 17th ultimo, remarks:—An order from the War Department, Washington, prohibiting the exportation of horses, mules and all live stock, which of course includes oxen, &c., went into operation on the 30th of May last; and so strictly has the order been enforced, that several vessels, then laden at New York for Barbados, Nassau, and other places in the West Indies, were compelled to reland their cargoes of cattle.

The Buffalo Express publishes the statement of a gentleman of that city who met, at the Clifton House, Niagara Falls, on the 28th ult., the son of Henry Clay. The rebel Kentuckian professed to know the exact design of General Lee's present movement, and declared it to be the capture of Washington. Of its success he "had not shadow of a doubt." Meanwhile, a cavalry force, he declared, was already on its way northward, which was to penetrate to Lake Erie, destroying all the communications between the East and West.—*Express.*

AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

A great petroleum explosion and conflagration took place a few weeks since at Oil Creek, Pennsylvania, by the petroleum in some boats catching fire. Oil Creek town was shaken by the explosion as by an earthquake. The noise was heard 20 miles distant, and the conflagration was seen as far. Great damage was done to property by the fire. No other substance it appears gives out such dense smoke as burning petroleum.

The Chattanooga Rebel says: Our account with the United States gives us an excess of prisoners captured by our forces, in all parts of the Confederacy, of about seventeen thousand non-commissioned officers and privates. The capture of commissioned officers about balance.

The N. Y. Herald says it is estimated that the loss now sustained and that which will be necessarily sustained hereafter, even under the most favorable circumstances, by the people of Pennsylvania, in consequence of the rebel invasion, will amount to fifty millions of dollars.

By Telegraph to Morning & Evening Papers.

Dispatches of the 7th inst. report a decisive victory over Lee, at Gettysburg, and the capture of a large number of prisoners, 100 cannons and scores of stand of arms. General Meade has issued a congratulatory address to the Federal army on the victory. Losses heavy on both sides.

St. John, July 8.—The New York Herald reports that the Confederate Vice President sought an interview with President Lincoln, bearing a communication from President Davis; and that a cabinet meeting denied the request. Official despatches received from Admiral Porter announce the unconditional surrender of Vicksburg on Saturday last. Previous to the surrender it was reported that Gen. Pemberton attempted to withdraw his forces across the river.

July 8, P. M.—Federal wounded at Gettysburg estimated at 12,000. Confederate losses estimated by themselves at 30,000. 12,000 prisoners, not including wounded—among them 23 colonels and hosts of inferior officers. Entire Confederate force that crossed into Maryland estimated at 95,000, and over 200 pieces of artillery. A Confederate colonel says they did not exceed 75,000. The train of wounded, ten miles long, passed through Waynesboro on Sunday.

July 10.—Heavy rains have swollen the Potomac, precluding crossing the river for some days. It is believed the Confederates have no bridge there. A portion of their transportation crossed on rafts, and their stock swam over. Gen. Lee's headquarters reported at Hagerstown, and his army stretched along to Williamsport, only seven miles distant.