

# The Weekly Monitor

Vol. 85

BRIDGETOWN ANnapolis COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, JULY 31, 1907.

NO 18

## FRESH VEGETABLES

Call on Us for  
Choice Fresh Vegetables.

**C. L. PIGGOTT**

### Summer Reduction

We have a lot of light weight, and light colored TWEEDS to make up in

### Summer Outing Trousers.

Made to your order during AUGUST at

**\$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50 a pair**

Balance of

### Summer Suitings

going at large discount for Cash.

100% SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

**I. M. OTTERSON.**

S. M. BROOKFIELD  
PRESIDENT.

J. C. MACKINTOSH  
VICE PRESIDENT.

## Greater Earning Power

The money invested in our DEBENTURES has a greater earning power than any deposited in the ordinary way.

Our BONDS yield 4 1/4% payable half-yearly, and are a first charge on the total assets of the Company.

**F. W. Harris - Annapolis**

Representing

**The Eastern Canada Loan Co.**

## BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY

Boys' Pants.	Mens' Braces.
200 pair Boys Pants, Special Saturday, 39, 49, and 59 cents.	Light and heavy Mens' Braces, reg 30c. and 40c. values, Saturday only 19 cents.
Ruching.	Neck Ties.
Black or White Ruching Special Saturday 7c. per yard	Mens' Washable Neck Ties, assorted colors 3 for 10 cents
GROCERIES.	GROCERIES.
Knox Gelatine, pkg., 13c	Lunch Tongue, can, 25c
Tambrands, lb, 6c	Beef Loaf, can, 12c
Tilson's Rolled Oats, 5 lb pkg., 23c	Ham Loaf, can, 13c
Rice, lb, 4c	Veal Loaf, can, 13c
Dates, 7c lb, 4 lbs for 25c	Yeast Cakes, box, 4c
Cow Brand Soda, pkg., 4c	Vanilla Essence, 2 oz. bot., 25c
Allspice, pkg., 6c	Union Blend 30c Tea, 30c
Ginger, pkg., 6c	Upper 35c Tea, 35c
Pepper, pkg., 6c	More's 40c Tea, 35c
Nutmeg, oz., 10c	Fudge, lb, 10c
Gusto, pkg., 8c	Chocolates and Creams, lb, 13c
Kovah Vanilla, 2 lb Soda Crackers, 15c	Wanted 1 lb Prints of Butter.

One second hand Standard Sewing Machine, in good repair at \$15.00. A bargain. Call and see it.

**W. W. CHESLEY**

## Upper Canada Capital to Develop New Industry in Annapolis Valley

Farmers to Have New Market to Dispose of Surplus Apple Crop

The Canada Lands, Produce and Cold Storage Company, of Belleville, Ontario, with Mr. E. J. Graham as manager, and Mr. Herbert Oiler, of Kentville, as financial secretary, have placed contracts for the erection of six apple evaporating factories, one each at Bridgetown, Middleton, Kingston Station, Kentville, Canning and Lakeville. Mr. Oiler, travelling in the interests of his firm, has interested local capital. The factories are run as a Stock Company, local capital having one fourth of stock. M. W. Graves & Co. one of the most active business concerns in the Valley, and the first to manufacture pure apple cider vinegar, were fortunate enough to secure stock for the new factory at Bridgetown.

The new factory will be erected in rear of Graves' vinegar factory, near Halifax and South Western Station. It will be 36 ft. by 60 ft. ground floor and probably two or three stories in height. About twelve or fifteen skilled workmen will be employed in running the plant.

The farmers of the Valley ought to appreciate a home cash market for those grades of apples which heretofore were almost worthless. The inferior grades will now be utilized and converted into a salable commodity and a palatable article of diet.

### Verdict in the Miners Union Trial.

Boise, Idaho, July 28.—In the bright sunlight of a beautiful Sunday morning, William D. Haywood, secretary and treasurer of the Western Federation of Miners, was found guilty of the murder of Frank Steenberg. The probability of a conviction was freely predicted after Judge Fremont Wood read his charge, which was regarded as strongly favorable to the defense in its interpretation of the laws of conspiracy, circumstantial evidence and the corroboration of a confessed accomplice.

It was also freely said that the State would abandon the prosecution of his associates, Charles H. Magyer, President of the Federation, and Theo. A. Pettibone, of Denver. Statements from counsel and from Governor Gooding today dispel this view of the situation. Governor Gooding said: "The verdict is a great surprise to me, and I believe in all citizens of Idaho, who have heard or read the evidence in the case. I have done my duty. I have taken care and my conscience is clear. As long as God gives me strength, I shall continue my efforts for government by law and for organized society."

"The State will continue a vigorous prosecution of Moyer and Pettibone and Adams, and of Simpkins, when apprehended. There will be neither hesitation nor retreat."

Application will be made to Judge Wood tomorrow to admit Moyer and Pettibone to bail, and it was said tonight that as to Moyer against whom the State is admitted to have the weakest case, a favorable consideration would not be unexpected.

### Lord Strathcona and the All-Red Line Interests

Montreal, July 27.—The members of Parliament, who have interviewed Sir Wilfrid Laurier since the Premier's arrival in Canada (and Mr. R. Bickerdike is of the number) do not hesitate to say that Lord Strathcona's coming visit to this country has a great deal to do with the question of the All-Red Line.

It is said in fact on the best of authority that Lord Strathcona will use every effort to induce Sir Thomas Shaughnessy to not only abandon the strenuous opposition the C. P. R. has put up against the scheme, but he will advise the Canadian Pacific to throw in the towel with the deal and in fact tender for the Atlantic service.

It is stated that Lord Strathcona is ready to abandon the Irish connection and either make the British port Liverpool or Southampton but that most are agreed that Halifax shall be the Atlantic port all the year round.

The idea is for the Canadian Pacific to build three new boats for the Halifax route, and place the Empresses of Britain and Ireland on the Pacific where they will sail in connection with the Company's fleet in those waters. The statement is, however, made that a very strong influence is being exercised in certain quarters to have the one Atlantic greyhound come up the St. Lawrence in summer, but it is not presumed that this alternative will prevail. In any case, the arrival of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal in Canada, on Saturday next, will be watched with the keenest interest from Halifax to Vancouver.



Would be a Struggle Such as the World Never Saw.

Nothing to Gain by Either Japan or United States in Going to War.

"If the United States and Japan should go to war the world would witness a struggle such as it never saw before."

This remark was made recently in an interview by Admiral Sir Cyria Bridge, retired, who for six years up to 1904 had command of the British squadron in the Far East, and who before that was at the Admiralty.

"But," added the celebrated naval strategist, "I see nothing that would be gained by either country in going to war. One might say without fear of a fatal contradiction that America is almost ready to give away the Philippines, which, on the other hand may be regarded as the sum and substance of all the possible gain that could come to Japan through a conflict with the American people. What America would like to give away however, she would not allow to be taken from her without a great fight."

"But really the Japanese people are too level-headed to rush headlong into war with America. One great restraining factor would be the treaty between England and Japan. The people of Japan, of course, know the strong relations of blood and friendship that unite Britain and America, and would, in my opinion, hesitate a long time before entering on a conflict that would greatly distress their allies. Again, the result of a war in the long run, regardless of what might be the immediate outcome, would be considered carefully by the Japanese. Even admitting for the purposes of argument that America should lose the Philippines in a war with Japan, the feeling in America against the Japanese would not subside. It would be like the feeling in

France toward Germany over the lost provinces.

"America, a great nation, with almost 90,000,000 people and unknown resources, would be likely to build the world's finest navy if necessary to regain any lost prestige."

Admiral Bridge was asked a number of hypothetical questions, one of which came very close to asking him which nation, in the event of war, would, in his opinion, be the victor. The admiral absolutely declined to answer the question. What he said in reply to other questions seemed to indicate that he had formed no decided opinion as to which would be the stronger power in war.

"We must remember," said the admiral, "that the United States navy has made very great gains in recent years, so great, in fact, that Brassey's Naval Annual announces in its 1906 edition that America is the second naval power of the world. She has 22 first class battleships, as compared with 50 for Great Britain, 20 for Germany, 13 for France, and 11, or half of Uncle Sam's number, for Japan. Naval experts, whose business it is to find out the comparative strength of the nations on the sea, have known this all along, but it has not been shouted from the housetops. Even in first-class cruisers America could lose several and then compare evenly with Japan."

"I have had good opportunities in recent years to examine the personnel and equipment of American ships, and I can say that both are excellent. Japan would find the American gunners better than is generally believed."

### FICTION NUMBER OF SCRIBNER'S.

The fiction number of Scribner's Magazine has been an institution for twenty years. In it have appeared some of the most notable short stories that have made the reputation of their authors. The present fiction number (August) preserves this worthy tradition, and each story in it is of unusual interest as a story and of remarkable skill in execution.

James E. Connolly writes one of his most amusing comedies of Gloucester fishermen, "The Commanding officer of the Lucy Foster," which tells, in the picturesque language of Captain Wesley Marrs, how a British revenue officer was outwitted by that astute sailor.

Nelson Lloyd has a humorous satire on ancestor worship, entitled "The Grandfathers of the Evolution." These were the maternal ancestors, who are much upset by the sudden appearance of the one strong man on the paternal side, who is really an ancestor to be proud of.

Frank H. Sparanza, the author of the famous "Whispering Smith," in "The Ghost at Point of Rocks," tells a new kind of ghost story, which centres about a desolate railway station in the Far West.

A new writer, Lieut. Hugh Johnson, of the United States Cavalry, has a dramatic story of life at an army post on the Mexican border, entitled "Lascar," the hero of which is an old army horse.

Henry VanDyke's fifth "Days Off" paper is devoted to "Some Remarks On Gulls: With a Footnote on a Fish." The pursuit of the gull leads Dr. van Dyke to Jordan's Pond, near Bar Harbor, where he has a remarkable experience with a osannanche.

Mrs. Wharton's serial, "The Fruit of the Tree," in this installment reaches a great situation, the solution of which is bound to excite much discussion.

The number has beautiful examples of color printing. The frontispiece, "Old Romans," is a charming drawing by Maxfield Parrish. There is also a series of drawings, "A Day at the Country Club," by Harrison Fisher, reproduced in color, and the elaborate cover in colors is from a design by S. N. Abbott.

**An Infallible Cure**  
For Scurvy, Ringbone, Spind, Curb, Sweeney, Lameness and Soft Bunches. Kendall's Scurvy Cure has no equal.

