The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1882.

— The war in Egypt is virtually closed. British arms and British valor have achieved a most decided and brilliant success. From the bombardment of Alexandria by the English Squadron under Admiral Seymour, to the defeat of the Egyptian Army at Tel el Kebir by Sir Garnet Wolsley, every movement, whether strategic or otherwise has been characterized by those elements which add additional power and dignity to England's greatness. Evidently the intention of Britain at the outset of this disturbance was not the acquisition of territory. The great highway of commerce between Britain and her eastern possessions was in jeopardy. The connecting link between two continents was sought to be obtained by a factious demagogue and his followers. Egypt was sought to be wrested from the Khedive and thereby from Turkey. The banner of the prophet was to be raised and a Holy War proclaimed under the leadership of Arabi Bey. To prevent these occurrences, Britain, whose interests in the east would thereby be involved, interposed and asserted her right to establish and maintain order, and constituted authority in that land, along the borders of which lay the Suez Canal, the highway of commerce between Europe and Asia. To effect this purpose, the aid and assistance of other European powers was invoked, who had a common interest in preserving the nominal independence of Egypt. England eventually assumed the work. Unaided she has accomplished the task of subduing the insurrectionary forces under the leadership of Arabi Bey, and to her alone is due the honor of restoring peace and order in that land where a few short weeks ago such scenes of murder, rapine and plunder were an every day occurrence. What course may be adopted in reference to the future government of Egypt in order to preserve her from the encroachments of such adventurers as he who has been mainly instrumental in bringing about this war, is a question which will doubtless engage the earnest consideration of the English Cabinet at no distant date. This much may, however, be reasonably expected, that such a protectorate over Egypt will be demanded, as will in future prevent a recurrence of such difficulties as will prejudice such vast and important interests as centre around the country which has but recently been the scene of the strife that has fortunately led to the establishment of order within its borders.

— For three or four years past this County has suffered from a scarcity of labor, and the commodity is becoming in greater demand annually. Scores, aye hundreds of our young men have gone to the North West—many of them on a fool's errand. We have no doubt there are hundreds of Nova Scotians in Manitoba who wish they were back again in the land of the Mayflower. We have heard of many of them who, becoming disgusted with the country after living there a short time, have re-emigrated and made Minnesota, Colorado and Dakota their homes, because they either had not sufficient means to bring them back to Nova Scotia, or because after leaving it with such bright hopes and boasting of the fortunes they intended making, they were ashamed to return. Be this as it may, the places made vacant by the emigration of our people have not been filled, and we require at this moment hundreds of young men and women accustomed to labor. Good, steady farm laborers and housemaids would find plenty of employment in this County. But the question arises, how could we keep immigrants in the country if we were to get them? There would be the difficulty of finding an antidote for the Manitoba fever, for there is no doubt that were we to import laborers from Europe they, in a short time, would be as subject to it as our own native born "bone and sinew." The work of the new Annapolis Immigration Society will be thrown away unless they make some provision for keeping such importations of labor as they may be enabled to make, in the County. What would be the use of *immigration* unless we can devise some means to prevent *emigration*? There is only one way in our opinion, that would be effectual, and that is to give a free grant of land, if only from two to ten acres, to each family of immigrants, and that land should be previously cleared and immediately available for cultivation. Acreage should be given to each family in proportion to its number. For instance, a family consisting of five persons should receive five acres; a family of eight persons eight acres, and so on. The land to be given only on conditions of a residence of, say, five years. Any family leaving the County before the expiration of that time should forfeit the land with all the improvements. A small, cheap frame house should be provided for each family, such houses to be of a size proportionate to the number of acres contained in the lot. For a man and wife, without family, there would be a two-acre lot with a cottage of two rooms to begin with. A family of five or six persons would require three or four rooms. Small settlements of farm laborers could be made in different parts of the County. Whenever a lot of from fifty to one hundred acres of land could be purchased at a reasonable rate, there ten to twenty or more families might be located. Such families could earn a livelihood by working by the day, by gardening, poultry raising or bee keeping. Their young girls would find employment as house-servants, and the boys would get plenty of work, and good food and good treatment as farm hands. Then, in order to prevent the emigration of the younger portion of such families as they grow up, each young man and woman should at the age of 21 years be entitled to a lot of land on the same conditions as those on which their parents received theirs. There are many other details to a scheme of this kind for which we have not room in this issue, and which might require considerable thought, such as reserving alternate lots in each settlement for sale, the erection of places of worship, schoolhouses, &c. We may refer to the subject at a future time. In the mean time we commend the above suggestions to the promoters of the Immigration Scheme at Annapolis.

— We desire to call attention to the advertisement of the Nova Scotia Steamship Company in another column. We can from personal experience recommend this line to the travelling public. Close connections, plenty of comfortable accommodation in every way, while a good table well supplied and well attended, leaves nothing to be desired from those who are fortunate enough to escape that terror of the sea, *mal-de-mer*. The officers in each department are capable and obliging, and show a careful interest in passengers' comfort. The line is doing a good and steadily increasing business, due to the enterprise of the manager, Mr. E. F. Clements.

We do not wish it to be understood by the above that we recommend this line in preference to the Hatheway Line. Such is not our intention—we merely wish to speak a deserved word of praise for a new enterprise. We availed ourselves also of courtesies extended by the Annapolis agent of the Hatheway line, and we can say that the S. S. Secret is well calculated to meet the requirements of the trade in which she is engaged. Improvements, can and no doubt will be made in her passenger accommodation, but in other respects she will bear out the good words the MONITOR has spoken for her on previous occasions. Both lines are doing a good trade, and no doubt will continue to do so. Both are worthy enterprises, and are doing much for a cordial inter-communication between the United States and this Province, and we hope to see them succeed. If the stream of travel showed a preponderance in our favor instead of the other way, we would be better satisfied, however. In spite of whatever may be said to the contrary, Nova Scotia's sons and daughters leave us in undiminished numbers. We must wake up and put our money somewhere else than in banks or mortgages if we don't want our country to stand still in the march of progress. Politicians on each side indulge in a great deal of exaggeration about the matter of emigration from our shores; but the fact is patent to all that we are losing yearly large numbers of our young people, and something must be done to check a drain so injurious to a young country like Nova Scotia.

— The editor of the *Spectator* commences his career by trying to evolve out of his inner consciousness, some slur on the MONITOR's part *anent* the present local government. In his issue of the 8th inst., he takes the following paragraph from an editorial article:

"If Mr. Stearns should fail to recommence work before the 12th of September, we fear it will be a long time before we see railway communication between this valley and the south shore."

This he tries to twist into something reflecting on the government. If he can do so his talents should not be wasted on a small country journal like the *Spectator*, which in spite of its manager's evident belief will not revolutionize the world.

For the benefit of this newspaper luminary we will merely say that we do not write any of our articles based on the political assertions of any one, and it is, to say the least, questionable taste to charge a non-partisan journal with doing so. What we meant was simply in effect that should Mr. Stearns fail to do as stated—after complications resulting therefrom would cause an extended delay. Whether Messrs. Munro and Longley fulfilled their promises or not, work is proceeding on the line as stated in our last issue.

The St. John *Globe* thus comments on the late Post Office robbery at St. John, N. B.:—

THE POST OFFICE.—P. G. Maguire, the Post Office clerk responsible for the late abstraction of a registered letter package from the bag on the Halifax and Moncton mail, went west on Saturday. Maguire was one of the quickest and most efficient men in the St. John Post Office. He was a man of generous nature and warm sympathies, and simply fell into evil courses for want of proper restraint on himself. He returned a large part of the stolen money. If not the whole of it, and the department, for want of what might be considered proper evidence to convict, let him go, rather than run the risk of a trial which might end practically in a verdict of not proven. The mode by which the stolen package was taken exhibits great carelessness on the part of other clerks in the St. John office, and shows that a system which is amply sufficient to protect the public, if properly administered, is useless if not properly cared for. In this case it was Maguire's duty to receive the registered letter package and put it in the bag, seal or strap the bag, another clerk witnessing the performance of this, and the placing of it in an outside bag. Maguire did all this, but after he did it, he got the sealed or strapped bag out of its enclosure, cut the strap, and abstracted the package, this action clearly revealing the negligence of the associate clerk, who must have been all the time standing by. All who knew the man will be sorry for his downfall.

What a pity it seems that a man of such good qualities should ever allow his better nature to become subservient to follies. His is only a counterpart of many other lives. How often does the winning of the title of a "good fellow" result in something parallel to the above. Boys, is the game worth the candle?

—We have not a copy of the first issue of the *Spectator* at hand, but we believe it contains a communication signed "Tommy," charging the MONITOR with a breach of its neutrality in admitting political articles, notwithstanding we plainly stated that both parties were entitled to the same privileges. This correspondent whiningly says that we showed a strong political leaning in admitting two liberal articles on the N. & A. R. R., on the week prior to the election, thus giving this party no opportunity to answer them. We would like to ask him if our columns were not open that week and had not been for weeks to explain the Holmes Government action in regard to this road, and if we had not repeatedly called upon the County's representatives for an explanation? If they did not do so, it was not our fault. We know "Tommy" and advise him respectfully to mind his own affairs and leave other people to do the same. Had he done so in the past, it would have been better for both himself and his friends.

—Our foreman having been suddenly taken ill, we are obliged to get out this issue of the MONITOR under somewhat adverse circumstances, and our local news department is necessarily curtailed. We have also been compelled to omit our shipping news.

— Meeting of rate payers for this School section takes place 25th inst.

— Call and see the "Tampico" Corset at J. W. Beckwith's.

— The first English bible was printed on the 8th of this month, 1471.

— The sun enters Libra to-morrow, and summer ceases and autumn commences.

— Courtney won in the race in Alexandria Bay against Ten Eyck and Dempsey. Time, 20m. 54½ sec.

— The Lord Bishop administered the right of Confirmation to ten candidates in St. James' Church last Sunday morning.

— Several people in this place are suffering from slow fever. None are mortally ill.

— Large shipments of Cordwood for the United States are being made from this port.

PERSONAL.—We received a call this week from E. Davison, Esq., formerly M. P., for Lunenburg county.

— On Tuesday night 12 inst., Her Majesty's steamship Phoenix, 1130 tons, went ashore on East Point Peef. She is a total wreck.

— Sancton has another large assortment of spectacles, and can suit all ages, only 85c. a pair. The very same quality as sold by pedlers from two to four dollars. 1i

—The following sad story of the sea is telegraphed from Ottawa under date of 18th inst:—

OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The steamer Asia went down in a storm on Georgian Bay on Wednesday night last. Over one hundred lives were lost. Only two persons escaped to tell the tale, namely, Miss Morrison and J. H. Tinkess.

— One great reason of the rush to J. W. Beckwith's for Fall Dry Goods is because he has the largest and best assortment in the County to select from. 1i

— Mr. Wm. Dennis, a brother journalist, formerly employed on the Halifax *Herald* staff has accepted a position on the Winnipeg *Times*. Mr. Dennis is a capable and ready writer; is a good long-hand reporter, and in all respects is a credit to the profession.

— To-morrow the militia now in training at Aldershot Camp, Aylesford, will be drawn up in grand review, after which a sham fight will take place. An item elsewhere shows the W. & A. R. R. to be offering a cheap rate excursion for the occasion.

— The dry weather came to an end last week for the time at least. On Tuesday we had a heavy rain fall, and during the ensuing week more or less rain fell accompanied with equinoctial winds. The country has freshened up wonderfully after the grateful showers, but we fear the apple crop will be seriously diminished from the effects of the gales.

— Westgate, who it will be remembered was arrested some time ago on his own confession as to being the murderer of Lord Cavendish is still in custody, and seems to be laboring under great mental excitement. He adheres to his former statement, and the opinion is gaining ground that he really committed the fearful deed.

— The Railway Syndicate has been accepted, and proclaimed accordingly by the Local Government. It now remains for the Company chartered by the Act to go forward with the work. The *Chronicle* says Hon. W. B. Vail as agent of the Government has sailed for England to arrange details with the Syndicate company.

— When you go to the Post Office for your mail be sure to stop and look in Sancton's Jewelry Store window and if you are not satisfied with a look slip inside and feast your eyes with the beautiful display in the cases. Bring your purse for you will be sure to buy something. 1i

— "Dissenter" in another column has indulged in a rather warm criticism upon a portion of the Lord Bishop's address to the congregation of St. James' church last Sunday morning. We do not wish to interfere in such matters, but we candidly think that St. James' congregation have, considering their number, contributed well to the needs of their church, and do not deserve to be so severely censured for a matter they were not responsible for in the first place, and are now trying to raise a fund to remedy.

— Daniel Falconer, Esq., of Messrs. Falconer & Whitman, Marble workers, has sold his property to George Litch, Esq., and intends removing with his family to Winnipeg. Mr. F. has been a resident of this town for several years past, and has ever occupied the position of a worthy citizen. We regret that he finds it necessary on account of indifferent health to seek a residence elsewhere, and trust prosperity and health may attend him in the land of his adoption.

GRAND REVIEW AND SHAM FIGHT AT ALDERSHOT CAMP ON THURSDAY, 21st SEPT.—The Windsor and Annapolis Railway advertise a cheap Excursion for the above. A special train will leave Annapolis at 8.00 a. m., Bridgetown 8.45 a. m. and stopping at intermediate stations. Returning, will leave the camp at 5.30 p. m. The return Fare from Bridgetown is 55c. and from other stations equally low. Should the weather be fine we have no doubt that quite a number from Bridgetown and neighborhood will avail themselves of this opportunity of being present at the Grand Military Review of our native troops.

— The advertisement in another column of the Gates' Organ Co., offering the plant of a boot and shoe manufactory for sale we trust will not be overlooked. No doubt, a great bargain may be had in the plant, and the opportunity if not now taken advantage of may never occur again, to so cheaply start the boot and shoe industry in this town. It will pay. Why cannot we manufacture boots and shoes as cheaply in this valley as anywhere else in the Dominion? We consider circumstances to be very favorable for starting such an enterprise. Low rents; cheap fuel; small taxes; facilities for export; first rate tannery right in the town, a good home market, etc.

— A great trotting event that has been exciting the attention of sportsmen for some time, took place at Beacon Park last week. The match was for $10,000, and was contested for by seven of the greatest trotters in America. 15,000 spectators were present and $27,000 in all were realized. The match was won by Edwin Thorne in three straight heats. The names of the trotters were Fanny Witherspoon, record 2.18¼, sired by Bostwick's Almont, Jr.; the famous California bay stallion Santa Claus, record 2.17¼, sired by Strathmore; the great trotter Clingstone, of Cleveland, O., record this season of 2.14, sired by Rysdike; the fast brown mare Parana, record 2.19½, sired by Mambrino Hambletonian; the superb horse, Edwin Thorne, record 2.17, a grandson of Thorndale; the chestnut mare, Helene, record 2.22, sired by Hambletonian Prince; the bay Gelding Humboldt, record 2.20, sired by Stocking Chief.

The following is an account of the heats:—

THE FIRST HEAT.

Sixteen times the seven horses in the race came down for the word, and sixteen times the starter's bell called them back. On the 17th trial, however, Mr. Wilson leaned over the front of the stand, and then "go" was heard, and the great event, which for months past has been occupying the attention of the trotting world, was in process of settlement. "Santa Claus" had a trifle the best of the start, but the others were all pretty close up, and there was no cause for fault-finding. Down toward the turn the trotters flew, the vast assemblage within the park gates in quiet suspense. There had been one universal sigh of relief when the horses received the word, and then the multitude settled into a condition of expectancy. At first it could not be seen which horse was having the best of the struggle, but, suddenly, "Parana," Mr. Balch's entry, was observed to flash out of the bunch from fourth position, and going across the track to take the pole. A moment later she broke and she ran into the turn with the lead, "Edwin Thorne" a close second, "Helene" on the latter's wheel, and "Clingstone" in fourth place. The others were bunched, "Humboldt" performing a sky-scraping act in the rear. He had broken near the wire and hadn't once recovered his feet. Before the horses had gone far around the turn, "Thorne" had put himself on a level with "Parana," and soon after had passed the latter. "Helene" did the same thing, and "Clingstone" began, too, to gain upon the brown mare. "Witherspoon" was fifth now, and

SANTA CLAUS SIXTH.

In the order given the quarter (34¾s.) was made, Thorne now having a clear lead of a length or so of Helene, and the others being strung out at pretty nearly equal distances apart. Entering upon the backstretch, there was no change until the half was neared. Just before Thorne passed the pole denoting that distance, Parana found that the pace was a little too lively for her, and quietly let Witherspoon and then Santa Claus go by. So the half, in 1.07½—a 2.15 gait—was made with her in sixth place. Rounding the turn to the three-quarter pole, made by Thorne in 1.42, Clingstone moved up on Helene, Thorne still keeping his distance, and challenging the mare for second place. A hot race between the two landed them on the homestretch on about equal terms, and there the struggle was continued. All at once Clingstone went off his feet, and his chance for second place was gone. Despite the struggle behind him, Thorne had kept his lead—had even increased it. Coming on gamely, he opened out an addditional length between himself and Helene, and, amid applause from the spectators, passed under the wire, the winner of a good heat, in 2.16. Turner had let up on him near the finish, and he came in at a slow rate There was a couple of open lengths, however, separating him from the New York mare. Clingstone was a fair third, Witherspoon fourth and Santa Claus, Parana and Humboldt came in as named. The latter had made a poor exhibition during the mile—had, in fact run nearly as much of the distance as she had trotted.

THE SECOND HEAT.

Pools now sold $100 to $80 on Thorne against the field. On the sixth trial a start was effected. It was a fair one, Thorne, if anything, having the best of it. At any rate, Thornedale's son led around the turn, Helene second, Clingstone third, Santa Claus, Witherspoon, Parana and Humboldt as named. The quarter was trotted in 35s., Helene breaking as she went by the pole. Her break was so bad that, before the horses had got fairly settled at work on the backstretch, Clingstone was in second place and going for the leader. Thorne, however, seemed determined that Clingstone should only view his heels, and the Cleveland horse, perforce, was content to put up with the slight. The half, with Thorne an open length to the good, was trotted in 1.08. Going into the roadside stretch, Helene, who had for some time been trotting quite steadily, again broke, and that proceeding resulted in first Santa Claus and then Witherspoon passing her. She only settled to work in time to keep Parana and Humboldt from getting in front. Indeed, soon after, Parana out-trotted her and took fifth place from her. At the three-quarter pole (1.42½) the four leaders had drawn pretty close together, and they came around the turn on the home-stretch with a rush, the great son of Thorndale still in the lead, though Clingstone was not so far away as to avoid causing Turner considerable uneasiness. The "demon trotter" was fairly flinging the track behind him, and was picking up and setting down his hoofs as though they were merely parts of a well-oiled machine. The pace was a terrific one, and the contest between the pair was rendered all the more exciting because of the fact that Witherspoon and Santa Claus were both well up and straining every nerve to get to the front. A murmur of excitement arose from the grand stand, and people were beginning to shout cries of encouragement to one or other of the animals away down the course. Still the trotters came on and the distance was reached. Clingstone was gaining and he might yet win. Of a sudden, however, Saunder's whip was seen to go into the air and the story was told. The machine could go no faster. Thorne was equal to the strain, and, keeping his length of advantage, went under the wire, the winner of the heat, in 2.19. Clingstone was about the same distance in front of Witherspoon, and then came Santa Claus, Parana, Helene and Humboldt.

SMUGGLER AND THE THIRD HEAT.

At the conclusion of the second, and ere the horses had made their appearance for the third heat, Smuggler, Col. Hen. S. Russell's great stallion—record 2.15¾—was led upon the track, his appearance being the signal for liberal applause. Mr. Harbison introduced the famous animal to the notice of the assemblage in a very neat little speech, and then Smuggler was led up and down the track, between dense lines of his admirers. The old horse looked, well and appeared to enjoy the situation.

Pools before the third heat sold: Edwin Thorne, $100; field, $50. The word was given to a good start, Thorne at once taking the lead. He kept it without much trouble to past the half, in 1.08 (the quarter was made by him in 35s.), Santa Claus and Clingstone, however, close up and the others strung out. Entering the turn by the roadside, the California stallion and Clingstone both went for him. For a while they gave him all he wanted to do, and finally Santa Claus got on even terms and then put his nose in front. The Cleveland horse was nearly on a level with Thorne, and the people at the park were treated to a magnificent exhibition of trotting. Santa Claus made the three-quarters at 1.42¼, half a length or more the best of Turner's horse, and it began to look as though the race was not to be one of three straight heats after all. And so they came into the stretch, all three of the animals so close together a blanket would have covered them. Parana had cleared herself of the rear division and was also coming up fast. Swiftly as they could be made to trot, the leaders approached the judges' stand, and now Thorne showed the stuff of which he was made. He went up to Santa Claus' heat, and then began to draw away from the stallion. The latter tried his best to prevent the proceeding, but it was no use. He had shot his bolt, and Thorne, trotting like clockwork, was too much for him. Clingstone, too was tackling him, and was upon even terms. A magnificent finish, and Edwin Thorne slipped past the judges the winner by about a length and a half from Clingstone of the heat and the great Blanchard race of 1882. Clingstone nosed out Santa Claus for second place just under the wire, and Parana got fourth place. Helene, Witherspoon and Humboldt came in, in the order given. The time on the mile was 2 18¾, the best of the race, and remarkably fast, considering how heavy was the track from rain, and the comparative slowness of the same under even the best conditions. Second money was awarded Clingstone, third to Helene, and fourth to Santa Claus.

The Springs Did No Good.

The following item is given for the consideration of those of our readers who are in search of just such an article as that referred to in the following statement Mrs. Geo. A. Clark, a well known lady of St. Catherines: "I cannot refrain," says Mrs. C., from bearing testimony to the wonderful effects produced by the use of the very best remedy in the world, St. Jacobs Oil, for rheumatism. I had rheumatism and dropsy and did not walk a step for fifteen years. I tried nearly everything our most skillful physicians prescribed, — Clifton Springs,—St. Catherine Springs, etc., residing with a celebrated German doctor who pronounced my case incurable. Thinking everything of no use I was induced to try St. Jacobs Oil, and it has certainly done wonders for me. I heartily recommend it to any who may be suffering as I did. I have not had any use of my right arm for more than a year; now, however, I can raise it very nearly to my head."

— "Mamma, what makes angels?" asked a little boy, who had been reading of the heavenly inhabitants. The mother glanced out into the orchard, and with a warning look, solemnly replied:—"Unripe fruit, my dear."

*Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham has not really discovered the *Elixir Vitæ*, which the ancient Alchemists sought by so much patient research and persistent experiment, her medicine seems, at least, likely to command an immense sale in the future. If rapid progress and eminent success furnish any basis for a correct judgement, Mrs. Pinkham is a most promising competitor for such honorable distinction as the alchemists failed to achieve.

THE KINGS COUNTY ELECTION CASE.—The preliminary argument in the election petition against the return of D. B. Woodworth to represent the county of Kings, N. S., in the Dominion House of Commons, was held at private chambers before Mr. Justice Rigby on Saturday. The argument was completed and judgement reserved. The counsel for the petitioners were Weeks, Q. C., and Henry, Q. C.; and for the respondent, Ritchie, Q. C., MacCoy, Q. C., and Roscoe.

☞ Feathers, ribbons, velvet can all be colored to match that new hat by using the Diamond Dyes. 10 cents for any color.

New Advertisements.

THIS SPACE IS RESERVED —FOR— Thos. Kelly, Upholsterer and Manufacturer of Parlor and Drawing-Room FURNITURE OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

CLERK WANTED!

WANTED, A YOUNG MAN, in a Country Store.
Apply at this Office.
Sep. 15th, 1882.—2i

WANTED.

AT MILLER BROS. Office, Middleton,

A LADY

who can write well, or a good smart steady YOUNG MAN.
Middleton, Sep. 18th, 1882.—23tf

NOTICE to CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Digby Pier," will be received at this Office until THURSDAY, the 21st inst.; inclusively, for repairing the

Pier at Digby, N. S.,

according to a plan and specification to be seen on application at the office of Messrs. Wade and Viets, Digby, N. S., and at the office of the Department, Custom House Building, St. John, N. B., where blank forms of tender can be obtained.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, the blanks properly filled in, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called on to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender

By order,
F. H. ENNIS,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 8th Sep., 1882. } 1i

Public Auction,

THE Subscriber will sell at Public Auction, on the premises of AUSTIN R. WOODBURY, of Wilmot, on

THURSDAY,
30th Day of September, inst,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the following articles of personal property, under a Deed of Assignment, for the benefit of creditors, viz.: 1 Riding Waggon, 1 Sulkey, 2 Ploughs, 1 Harrow, 1 Buffalo Robe, Forks and Shovels, 1 Sleigh, 1 Pig and other articles of personal property.

TERMS—Cash.

E. RUGGLES,
Assignee.
Bridgetown, 12th Sept., '82. 2i24

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

American Corsets

JUST RECEIVED:
per S. S. Secret, a large variety of

AMERICAN CORSETS!

In Paris, Rosetta,
Cable Hip, Peerless,
Fancy, Madam Fay's Genteel.

In order to make room for my fall purchases, I will dispose of my present Stock of Summer Dress Goods Regardless of Cost.

☞ Butter and Eggs wanted in any quantity at an advance on last week's prices.

J. W. Beckwith.

Bridgetown, Aug. 23rd, 1882.

New FALL GOODS AT JOHN LOCKETT'S!

DRESS GOODS;
FLANNELS;
SHIRTS & SHIRTING;
READY-MADE CLOTHING;
OVERCOATS FROM $4 00;
GROCERIES;
OIL, EXTRA QUALITY;
ETC., ETC.

Full advertisement next week, in the meantime call and inspect stock.

Full Stock FALL GOODS Just Received AT FREEMAN & MITCHELL'S, L'town.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT NEXT WEEK.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on FRIDAY, 20th October, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, once per week each way, between

Margaretville and Morden,

under a proposed contract for four years from the 1st January next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Margaretville and Morden, or at the office of the subscriber.

CHARLES J. MACDONALD,
Post Office Inspector.
POST OFFIC INSPECTOR'S OFFICE, Halifax, 8th Sept., 1882. } 3i26

Threshers, Threshers!

MESSRS. SMALL & FISHER'S

THRESHERS FOR 1882

Combine all the latest improvements known thereby making them the best and cheapest, ☞ Thresher and Separator in the market. Address,
A. C. VAN METER & Co.,

Harness, Harness.

FOR SALE Very Cheap for Cash or Prompt Pay,
12 Nickel, Silver Mounted Harness.
ALSO:—All kinds of Harness made to order. Harness can be inspected and orders left at E. C. FOSTERS' Harness Shop.
N. H. PHINNEY.
Lawrencetown, Sep. 5th, 1882.—tf

The Subscriber

HAS REPLENISHED HIS

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT,

in which will be found:—
Nails, Spikes, Screws, White Lead, Glas Putty, Machine and Burning Oil, Cow and Ox Bells, Monkey Wrenches, Lanterns, Lamps, Burners and Chimneys, Iron and Steel, Shovels and Spades, round pointed and Square Sickles, Gong Bells for Sleigh Shafts, Hames, Horse Blankets, Halters and Strcingles, Curry Combs, Hair, Tooth, Nail, Shaving, White Wash, Paint, Scrub, Shoe, Horse, and Dandy BRUSHES, Brooms, Whisks, and Pails, Axle Grease, Rope, Mill Saw Files, Axes, Emery Cloth and Sand Paper, Carpenter's Bitts, Chalk & Lines, Shoemaker's Knife Sharpeners, Knives and Forks, and Spoons, Spectacles, Pocket and Butcher Knives, Razors, Straps, Apple Parers, Whips and Whip Lashes, Horse Nails, Brass Rivets and Burrs, Tin Ware, Breech Loading Guns, strong, safe and good Shooters, only $5.00 Powder, Shot, Caps, Shells and Cartridges, &c., all of which will be sold at REASONABLE PRICES.

B. STARRATT.
Paradise, Aug. 30th, 1882.

Bargains, Bargains,

The subscriber will make a

SPECIAL CASH DISCOUNT

of 15 per cent. for the month of September, on all Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Crockery, Tinware, &c., &c.
11 pounds Sugar for one dollar.
American Oil, Dominion Test, 24 cents per gallon, Imperial Measure.
☞ Only Thirty Days—Terms strictly Cash.
N. F. MARSHALL.
Middleton, Aug. 24th, 1882.

LONDON HOUSE!

Spring, 1882.

JUST RECEIVED:

One Car Load ROOM PAPER.
One Car Load HATS and CAPS.
One Car Load BOOTS and SHOES.
One Car Load CANADIAN TWEEDS.
One Car Load HARDWARE.

DAILY EXPECTED:

CAR LOADS OF GREY AED WHITE COTTONS, PRINTS, DRESS GOODS, CROCKERYWARE, GLASSWARE, &c.

All of which will be sold at a very small advance on cost, owing to the immense amount disposed of every day.

As gigantic advertisements are the order of the day, and not wishing to be overlooked, I advertise the above quantities. Persons having any doubts as to quantity and low prices, will please call and satisfy themselves.

☞ Highest market price paid for Eggs.

W. M. TUPPER.
Bridgetown, April 4th, 1882.

WISDOM & FISH,

Mill, Steamboat, and Railroad Supplies,
41 DOCK ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth, and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe, Steam, Gas, and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbitt Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating Apparatus, Rich's Patent Saw Sharpener and Gummer, for Grinding Saws.
Estimates furnished: Lowest Quotations given on Special Supplies. [1i3

EYE, EAR AND THROAT!

Dr. J. R. McLean,
Corner Hollis & Salter streets,
HALIFAX.
Sept. 5th, 1882.—tf

MACHINERY RARE CHANCE!

SEALED tenders will be received up to
September the 10th,
for the entire Plant, Machinery, &c., of the
Truro Boot & Shoe Company!
Tenders may be for the whole or in parts.
Apply for Catalogue to
GATES' ORGAN & PIANO CO.
Truro, N. S.
Sep. 5th, 1882.—tf

PUMPS, PUMPS!

A FULL STOCK ON HAND, ORDERS ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY.
LAWRENCETOWN PUMP CO.
LAWRENCETOWN, A. C.

MOTTON & LONGLEY,

Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors,
AND NOTARIES PUBLIC.
137 Hollis Street,.....Halifax, N. S.
ROBERT MOTTON, Q. C. J. W. LONGLEY.
j30 3m

Coals. Coals.

To Arrive:
A cargo of
OLD SIDNEY MINE
COAL.
Parties wanting will please leave their orders and be served in turn.
TERMS—CASH.
H. FRASER.
july 7

LOST OR STOLEN.

EITHER at Middleton or Wilmot, or between these places, a Pocket BOOK containing five $5 bills, with a lot of valuable papers. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning the same to the owner.
LEVI O. PHINNEY.
Middleton, Aug. 7th, 1882.—tf

CORSETS!

JUST RECEIVED:
a good assortment of
AMERICAN CORSETS!
—IN—
MADAM FAY'S GENTEEL,
CABLE HIP,
ROSETTA,
PRINCESS,
LULU,
ROSS,
PEERLESS.

Mrs. L. C. Wheelock

Lawrencetown, 30th Aug., 1882.

THE CHEAPEST

STOCK OF WHITE Granite GOODS!

ever offered here, is now at
J. W. WHITMAN'S.
Gilt and Band CHINA SETS,
PRINTED SETS,
Glassware a Speciality.
CROCKS, JARS AND PANS,
Very Low.
Full Stock in other lines of Goods,
CROWN OF GOLD, BUDA AND OTHER FLOUR!
J. W. W.
Lawrencetown, Aug. 28th, 1882.