Adbertiser. by John Cameron, in 1863.]

DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

rtising and subscription rates furnished

HE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY LONDON, ONTARIO

London, Friday, Nov. 1.

Buller bids fair to become a popular idol in England, even though downed by the disciplinarians.

Three bye-elections for the Quebec Provincial Legislature took place yesterday: Vaudreuil, Quebec County and Drummond. All three went Liberal!

At the Tuesday night meeting in Old St. Andrew's Church, Toronto, congratulations to Dr. Milligan were presented by Bishop Sweatman, Dr. Potts, Dr. Briggs, Rev. Dr. Thomas and Rev. T. B. Hyde. Hon. George W. Ross made an appropriate address in presenting Dr. Milligan with a fine oil portrait of

Recently an offer of \$2,000 was made by a cinematograph owner to the authorities at Auburn prison for the opportunity of obtaining a picture of President McKinley's murderer on his way to the electric chair. Not long since, a man with a phonograph was providing a disgusting intertainment in the shape of a reproduction of the heart-rending moans of a negro being burned at the stake. Does it not seem to indicate a state of degeneracy in a crowd to take enjoyment or satisfaction out of such spectacles? The authorities should mete out their most unqualified censure and punishment on such exhibitions. In this respect at least the law should contravene to act as a custodian of

The Ministers and State Functions.

The Ottawa Ministerial Association has taken up the question of ecclesiastical precedence at state functions in this country, and are reported as leaning to the view that a fair solution of the difficulty, which has repeatedly cropped up since Confederation, would be to take precedence on the relative strength of the denominations.

What would be the practical outcome of the change?

In state functions under the auspices by the census of 1901 not yet completed -would take precedence in this order: Roman Catholic.

Methodist. Presbyterian. Anglican. Baptist. Lutheran.

Congregationalist In Quebec the denominations would

ttand: Roman Catholic. Anglican. Presbyterian.

Methodist. Baptist. In Ontario: Methodist. Presbyterian.

Anglican. Roman Catholic. In Nova Scotia: Roman Catholic.

Presbyterian. Baptist. Anglican. Methodist.

Methodist.

In New Brunswick: Roman Catholic. Baptist. Church of England Presbyterian.

In Manitoba: Presbyterian. Church of England. Methodist. Roman Catholic.

Baptist. In Prince Edward Island: Roman Catholic. Presbyterian. Methodist.

Church of England. Baptist. In Northwest Territories: Church of England. Roman Catholic.

Presbyterian.

this country.

Methodist. in Canada only recognizes, on state the near future. For not all the aid occasions, archbishops and bishops, ac- which outlying portions of the British cording to seniority. In view of the Empire can give to the motherland in standing of the various denominations, a struggle for the maintenance of her as shown in the lists given above, it rights and ours, for her autonomy and must have been by an oversight that ours, could permanently make up for them with tenderness on that account, this discrimination in favor of two of the evil that would flow from a justly than a man can afford to spare the the churches in Canada was agreed to. dissatisfied permanent force. When pilot wolf who is flying at his throat Here, for nearly 50 years, and by ex- inclined to harshly criticise Canada, press act of parliament, it has been it is well for stay-at-home critics to in the background a whole pack of the decree of the people that all reli- bear in mind these facts, and if they ravenous wolves is gathering." The gious bodies, recognized by law, shall are borne in mind, we will have less truth here is well put. Liberalism albe on an equality, yet we have an im- of the anxiety to force ourselves for- lows the fullest freedom of opinion, perial order declaring that two shall ward as a nation of warriors, which and seeks to have as little coercion as be recognized by their heads, and the we are not, and more of the determina- possible, but it cannot tolerate actual

It does not seem an unreasonable United Canada. This we can do, and and the man who murders in the name thing that a remedy should be provid- be ready to give our best aid when a of liberty must be severely dealt with. ed for this anomaly, the objection to real crisis comes. It has not come in We may admit that men who have which cannot be met by foolish sneer- our day. May it long be postponed. sought to overthrow tyranny by vio- & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

ing at those who suggest reform in the matter. Whether the remedy suggested by the Ottawa Ministerial Association is a werkable one remains to be demonstrated. Its results are here worked out for the information of our readers, as the subject is likely to be freely debated both in and out of Par-

Should Canada Send Another Contingent to South Africa.

We observe a disposition on the part of a number of our contemporaries to indorse the view of Dr. Parkin, Toronto, who, at a recent public gathering, reflected on Canada for what he was pleased to call her apathy with regard to the war in South Africa. Dr. Parkin stated that the position of affairs in that part of the British Empire is a cause of concern, yet Canadians remained cool and critical. He accused Canadians of criticising the British in the field and yet staying out of the army themselves, while the Australians remained to fight it out, reform politics, thus practically promand he asked why were not 5,000 of them in South Africa now? It is easy for anyone like Dr. Parkin

to criticise Canada's conduct in the present juncture, but there ought to dissents most emphatically. The only be a limit to this berating of the Dominion for not doing more than she has done. In the matter of showing her desire to be one with the empire of which she is a part, Canada, in this war, took a great step forward. She went far in advance of any posi- inforce that body of sound public tion she had hitherto taken with regard to the defense of the empire. Dr. Parkin was not around these parts when the empire was threatened by Russia, twenty years ago, or when the gravest complications were likely to arise at any moment from the struggle in Egypt, or he could see for himself how great was the advance Canada took when she sent contingents of her best sons to stand shoulder to shoulder with the flower of the British army in the defense of the empire, and spent millions of dollars in equipping and sending them forward. There was a time in her history when the most that Canada was ready to concede in a similar struggle was the liberty to British army officers to enroll Canadian recruits for the British regiments. But on this occasion, regularly organized Canadian regiments went to the African veldt by the thousand at the instance of the Government, and their blood mingled with that of their fellow-upholders of British law and British institutions

in that far-off land. We did all this in a war in which no one has ever fairly asserted that the motherland was in need of our assistance, as an actual necessity. Our support was moral support, to demonstrate the solidity of the whole rather than to prevent the collapse of the is felt that this thing must grow, and center. Our service when there was only to a small extent can it be made. of the Dominion Government, the a real crisis certainly could not be leading denominations, according to the guaged by our response on this oc- posal without looking all round to excensus of 1891-not likely to be altered casion-prompt, cordial, unostentatious amine its bearings. For example, the

though it was. be seriously criticised if they have in- on foreign grain going into Britain, terpreted affairs in South Africa to may seem to some people very simple. be what the British Government them- But a question of that kind has to be selves have represented them to be. It squarely faced. If the colonies are is now many months since the Salis- prepared to give to such a fund, well bury Government went to the country and good. They are quite able to pay on the distinct understanding that they something towards the bearing of had brought the conflict in South Af- burdens for which they receive great rica to its concluding stages, and that benefit. But they can searcely ask they but awaited a verdict of the peo- the British taxpayer to pay in an inple in their favor to arrange for a direct way and give the credit to speedy close of the conflict and the establishment of peace. This programme may not have been carried of these questions; so that we can out. Mr. Chamberlain and his associates may have been too sanguine; but surely if such was the view that they had, it would have been regarded as little short of an impertinence for both sentiment and business is involv-Canada to have been offering further contingents, and thus professing to round. see impotency where the imperial authorities maintained there was none. But it has been said the recruits sent forward from Great Britain have not been as stalwart as the Canadians, and Canadians would have been preferable. That may be so. This is a country . which produces the best species of human fibre, though many think the race is not produced in sufficiently large numbers. But we cannot believe that, even in the severe, and to most people, unexpected prolonged struggle the British nation has exhausted her recruiting powers. Her trouble is that she does not pay her men enough. If she would raise her per diem allowance to Tommy Atkins from 1s. 1d. a day to double that sum, she could get all the men she wanted in short order-not that the young men cannot make much more at their occupations, but because they love the excitement of war. That is a domestic concern of the people of the United Kingdom, but we may be pardoned if we refer to it when we have Englishmen, without explanation, pointing out Great Britain's difficulties in recruiting for her army. The true cause is not lack of men, but poor pay, and The imperial order at present in force it is a matter which must be faced in

Importance of a Sound Public lence have had some excuse, but in Opinion.

In the present fight in New York against the corruptions of Tammany the humorous writers and cartoonists are taking a vigorous hand. Those who think the men of humor exist only to cause a passing laugh, greatly misunderstand the best and ablest of them Mark Twain is a prince of humorists, and at the same time a most highminded, upright, earnest reformer, whose wit has been ever employed on the side of right. The same is true of Thomas Nast, the cartoonist, who, during the fight in New York against the Tweed gang rendered stalwart seragainst wrong and oppression with his magic pencil.

We regret that another humorist, writing over the name of George Ade whose specialty seems to be to speil every second or third word with a capital letter-should in a recent article, entitled "Reforming of Politics Difficult," have employed his humor to sneer at men of education who try to ulgating the theory that the worldlywise thing to do, after all, is to parder to evil. From any such vicious and corrupting doctrine The Advertiser thing to do with open evil is to fight it. Properly focussed and directed, the strongest power in the world is a sound public opinion. It is the duty of every man of light and leading, whether he be speaker, writer or cartoonist, to re-

Imperial Federation.

This phrase reminds one of the say ing, "If you do not ask me, I know." There are many of us who know what imperial federation means, if we are not asked to give a clear, concise definition or to outline a complete scheme. This idea of the drawing together of the colonies and the mother country into a confederation of free nations, that will stand close together in mutual defense and work for peace and civilization, this is, we say, a great idea. It has taken hold of Britishers throughout the world, and it is destined to have a powerful influence in the realm of politics and commerce. But it is difficult to formulate any embodied fact. There is a large argument that it is well to go slowly in the attempt to bring this thought into the sphere of practical politics. There are so many interests to be safeguarded, and so many traditions and customs to be considered, that the attempt to go too fast may injure the cause that the enthusiastic mnerialist has at heart. Indeed, it

It is not well to make a single proproposal that a general defense fund Moreover, Canadians ought not to should be raised out of a small tax someone else. Fortunately, there is no great pressure for the settlement take time to look all round, and consider carefully what we mean, what we are ready to give, and can fairly hope to get. It is a matter in which ed, and there needs to be fair play all

Anarchism. This subject has been forced upor our attention of late, and naturally it has given rise to a great variety of opinions. Sir Wemyss Reid, a representative English Liberal, says: "How to deal with anarchism and the anarchists is one of the grave problems of the day throughout the civilized world, and the crime at Buffalo has necessarily impressed the public afresh with a sense of its imperative urgency." He answers the statement that society has itself to blame for the existence of the noxious foes of the human race, because society has tolerated the evil conditions that breed anarchism, and that therefore should show tenderness the professor of the deadly creed of public assassination. Sir Wemyss Reid regards this as "a preposterous inversion of reason and justice." His reply is that no man living can be held responsible for the causes specified, causes which have been working from generation to generation for centuries. "We may accept the anarchists, if we please, as offering us a warning of the rotten-

ness of much in our economic system,

but we can no more afford to treat

and makes him aware of the fact that

a free, self-governing country such violence is in the highest degree a crime against liberty.

National Hoggishness Will Not Do.

Hoggishness is not necessarily lucrative in the long run. This is illustrated by the present keen desire of United States business men for reciprocity of trade with other countries. In its trade relations with other countries, the United States has been the most sublime illustration of selfishness on record. Take the trade relation between Great Britain and the United States. The latter put up a tariff wall of immense height against the former; while resenting anything in the way of the suggestion of high tariffs against the United States on the part of Britain. But the business people of the big republic are beginning to see that onesided selfishness will not do, and a demand for some consideration for other nations and other people is beginning to awaken echoes from ocean to ocean.

A Few Canadian Mispronunciations A correspondent sends us the follow-

Tooter instead of tutor. Libry instead of library. Vetinary instead of veterinary. Histry instead of history. Stoodent instead of student. Windah instead of window. Umbuella instead of umbrella. Ant instead of aunt.

Toosday instead of Tuesday. A reverend gentleman, who lived in London once upon a time, used to make the cold chills run over members of his critical congregation by saying, neighborhud, wumanhud and

Will you kindly tell your readers if you think the teaching of pronunciation given in some of our private schools is correct? I refer to such words as bawth for bath, pawk for

Mr. Shepard, the Tammany candidate for mayor, upholding a wicked and corrupt organization, though personally a respectable man, is described by Mark Twain as the good end of a rotten banana.

A Well-Deserved Tribute.

[Halifax Chronicle.] The London Advertiser, one of the

oldest and best papers in Ontario, under the heading "Hon, W. S. Fielding's All-Roundness," pays the following well-deserved tribute to the Finance Minister:

"One of the correspondents who was with the royal party at Halifax, incidentally speaks of the gift possessed by Hon, W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance in the Dominion Government in common with royalty, that of being able to recall and remember names and "Mr. Fielding has many other rea-

er, with a distinct gift of lucid expo sition-derived probably from his long journalistic training on the Halifax Chronicle-he possesses the art of investing almost any subject upon which he speaks with freshness and interest. Mr. Fielding is a type creditable to Canadian representative institutions. We do not know of any parliamentarian in Canada who combines more of the qualities of an effective, attractive, all-round, available statesman.

A Little Sunshine.

"How vain you are, Effie! Looking at yourself in the glass!" "Vain. Aunt Emma? Me vain? Why, I don't think myself half as good looking as I really am!"-Tit-Bits.

An Opportune Moment .- "Will you marry me, and preside over my household as queen?" he asked. She was inclined to laugh his proposal to "You may never have such another chance," he continued," for I

Col. Otter's Tribute To "Foot Elm'



COL. W. D. OTTER. There is no man in Canada better able to give expert evidence on military matters, or any-

thing connected with the welfare | 000. The total freight imported durof the soldier than Colonel Otter, ing the season of navigation was 30,who commanded with such dis- the upper river. tinction the Royal Canadian Regiment in South Africa. What he says regarding "Foot Elm" is well worth your careful consideration.

Stanley Barracks, Toronto, April 1, 1901. Messrs. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont .:

Dear Sirs,-"I have much pleasure in estifying to the excellent quality of your preparation for the feet, 'Foot Elm.' It was largely used by all ranks in the 2nd Royal Canadian Regiment during its long marches in South Africa, 1899-1900, and always with the best results. Yours very truly,

"(Signed) W. D. OTTER, colonel.

"Late com. Royal Can, Regt."

If you are troubled with sore, smarting, chafed, blistered, burning, swolothers ignored, on state occasions, in tion to steadily work for the advance- disorder of any kind. In the name of ment of the empire by building up a liberty, license must be suppressed, len, sweaty, foul-smelling feet, use Foot Elm. It is the best foot doctor you ever tried. Price 25 cents a box of 18 powders. Sold by all druggests or sent by mail on receipt of price. Stott no lives lost, so far as Mr. Boyle is

This Store Does Not Misrepresent. Goods Are Exactly As Advertised.

Our Ladies' Boot Department now occupies one of the best positions in the store—east side of main entrance on first floor. It is also stocked with the best boots that can be procured from reliable makers. We mention a few up-to-date lines that will interest you (American styles).

Toney Shapes, \$3.50.

extension sole and rubber heels. An ideal

English Walking Boot, \$3.00.

beveled edge, warranted waterproof,

especially built for warmth and com-

heavy walking boot......\$3 50

fort\$3 00

Misses' Box Calf Bals., fine calf

Misses' \$2.00.

top, Excellent school boot \$2 00

Pedestrian Heavy Kibo Kid, welted extra heavy

Ladies' Box Calf, foxed, Puritan Calf top,

Try Our "Economic" -- American \$3.

Ladies' High Cut Walking Boots, perfect fitting, extension sole, military heel, in all width lasts. An up-to-date American style for .. \$3 00

Ladies' Favorite, \$4.00.

Elite shape, heavy sole, extension edge walking boot, rope stitched and stitched aloft sole, medium heel, new toe, foxed vamp. Latest

Ladies' Fine French Kid Lace Eoot, newest shapes, high cut extension sole. Price.....\$2 50

\$2.50.

\$2.00.

Ladies' Winter Boot, Box Calf, laced, perfectly waterproof, solid leather soles. A perfect-fitting, up-to-date boot, and correct style, for \$2 00

Misses' \$1.50.

Misses' Dongola Kid Lace Boot, heavy sole. The finest shoe made at \$1.50. All sizes, price.....\$1 50

The Economic

\$2.00. Ladies' Spanish Opera Slipper, light, fine Kibo Kid Sandals, with flexible turn soles-for evening wear. A very pretty slipper for . . \$2 00

Boys' \$1.50.

Boy's Box Calf Bals., rational toe, extension edge, solid leather inside. Special price......\$1 50

MEN'S BOOTS.

Only a few dozen pairs left for men. We are devoting all our space to Ladies' and Children's Boots, and we must have the entire stock of men's cleared out, so the balance must go. If your size is here, there is a bargain for you.

Ounians Pareson Dundas St.

by no means unmusical, when it is

lacks, it is true, the melodious sweet-

know of a really excellent servant girl who is about to leave her place, and whom I could engage at once." Thereupon she fell upon his bosom.-Philadelphia Press.

Mistress-Now, remember, Bridget, the Joneses are coming for dinner tonight. Cook-Leave it to me, mum. I'll do me worst! They'll never trouble yez again!—Harper's Bazar.

"My dear, she is the most stupid person." "Really? She has a pleasof those people who tell the truth about their neighbors even if it is pleasant."-Life.

Taught by Experience .- Mamma-If Mrs. Smith gives you a piece of sical, of modern languages, are excake, be sure and say, "Thank you." ceedingly offensive to the sensitive Freddie-What good is that? She never gives you any more.-Town and

Worse Looking Than He Felt .-Baboony-Me boy, you look as if you had just stepped out of a fashion-Crinkleton-That so? I knew I had rheumatism, but I didn't suppose I was as stiff as that!—Harlem Life.

GOLD MOUNTAIN IN DAWSON DIGGINGS

One That Yields \$250 to the Ton-Skaguay

Flood.

Ottawa, Oct. 31.-Twenty miles from Dawson City, reports Mr. Fysche, of the interior department, who has just returned from the Yukon, a mountain which gave no indications of gold was accidentally found to contain the precious metal, and is now being worked, and is yielding about \$250 of gold to the ton of crushed ore.

The total season's output of gold in round numbers, according to the accurate official record, was \$23,000,-000 tons. Of this two-thirds came by Real estate is firm, and the mining market quiet; prices steady. The ad-

ministration building is nearing com-The mail service has been unsatisfactory during the past month. Ice is running, and the last boat left on the 22nd. The direct telegraph line has been down for the past two weeks.

Communication is open via Skaguay

J. W. Boyle left Dawson on Oct. 10, and arrived at Ottawa on Wednesday. He states that on Oct. 11 Skaguay was inundated by a flood, which was far worse than any spring freshet ever experienced there. The flood was the result of a cold snap, followed by a chinook or warm wind, which caused a rapid melting of ice and snow. A snowslide on the White Pass Mountains carried away about 150 feet of track, and blocked traffic for five days. During this time from 200 to 300 people were delayed at White Horse and Cariboo City. There were

ENGLISH PRONUNCIATION

How Some Words Sound When Spoken b. Edward's Subjects.

The trouble, however, goes deeper

than this. Not only are vowels pro-

nounced wrongly, but consonants are

dropped, and whole words slurred

over. Some correspondents blame the

their pronunciation, though on the

case they have to struggle in a few

hours of class time against the per-

manent Influence of home. As the

parents speak, so do the children, ex

cept that they contract additional

faults from the lower educational platform of the street. Children are

born mimics, and unfortunately, are

more prone to imitate the wrong than

the right. Even in the most refined

households it is difficult to prevent

them copying the faulty pronuncia-

tion of the servants. So subtle is the

influence of the ear that even adults

do not find it easy to keep quite free

taries sometimes retain traces of the

accent of their native county; while

that of Scotland and Ireland is yet

more persistent. The modern method

of pronouncing English, even by the

best standards, no doubt lays careless

speakers peculiarly liable to sole-

questionably undergone serious changes during the last two or three

centuries; and, whatever may once

spoken upon a system entirely differ-

ent from that of the continental

Most of the European languages

give the proper value to every syl-lable, almost to every letter. Where

so much of a word is correctly silent,

ignorance and carelessness are cer-

to extend the liberty. English is

tave been the case, Erglish is

Our pronunciation has un-

from local intonation. Even

cisms.

questionably

bishops and highly educated

ness of Russian, or what Charles V. is reputed to have considered the lovemaking qualities of Italian; but, on the other hand, it certainly is not a language in which to "swear at horses." As one of our correspondents justly remarks, our consonants no [London Standard.] more get their due than vowels. During the last few days we have People have long acquiesced in mala number of letters complaining of prevalent errors in the treating the later; but of the two consonants are the more important pronunciation of English. Our corfor distinctness in speaking, as anyone respondents point out that consonants ant face." "I know. But she is one and vowels are constantly so clipped who has any familiarity with modern languages derived from Latin will admit. To elide as much of a and slurred over-not always by uneducated persons-that their speech is word as posible is not merely to speak either unintelligible or very disagreeindistinctly and ungracefully, but to able to listen to. These sins against help that clipping process which, the richest and, on the whole, the is likely enough, was at one time almost descriptive, if not the most mumost unknown in English pronunciation. Some correspondents blame the clergy for defective speech, and not ear, and are in an entirely different without prejudice to a great extent. category from mere provincialisms, But it is often more difficult to underwhich are often historically and philstand the words used "in choirs and ologically interesting, even when they places where they sing" than those which come from the pulpit or the are harsh or uncouth. Local pronunciations are, indeed, always with us. lectern. The truth is that all classes There was a Cockney dialect, as readof society sin in this respect, chiefly, ers of "Picwick" will remember, threeno doubt, from sheer carelessness quarters of a century ago, though it and inability to appreciate the differdiffered considerably from that now ence between graceful speech and in vogue. "Put it down a we, my slurred sentences. lord," has ceased to be appropriate.
The elusive letter which is "whispered in heaven and muttered in hell, Facts for Catarrhal Sufferers. is perhaps less generally overlooked The mucous membrane lines all pasages and cavities communicating than once it was, but if the modern Cockney manages to avoid Sam Welhe exterior.
Catarrh is an excessive secretion, accompanied with chronic inflammation from the mucous membrane. ler's troubles with certain sounds, he falls quite as constantly into others from the mucous membrane. Hood's Sarsaparilla acts on the mucous membrane through the blood, reduces inflammation, establishes healthy action, and radically cures all cases of catarrh. which are distinctly more offensive. It is imposible to save one's ears from such words as "lydy" and "Benk."

A GOOD NAME IS TO BE PRIZED .-There have been imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil which may have Thomas' Eclectric Oil which may have been injurious to its good name, but if so, the injury has only been temporary. Goodness must always come to the front and throw into the shadow that which is provided to the shadow that which is teachers in the schools, but, after all, much better than that the children, can bare-be perfect, and, in any So it has been with Eclectric worthless. So it has been with Eclectric Oil, no imitation can maintain itself against the genuine article.

43 YEARS ON THE MARKET

OUR EXTRA" BRAND

MONTREAL AND TORONTO.