

Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, Proprietor. H. A. WINTER, B.A., Editor.

SATURDAY, Jan. 19th, 1918.

Little War Sufferers.

Will our readers pause a moment and give more than a passing glance to the illustration that we print to-day, which has come all the way from Armenia? Will our sympathetic young readers especially do so? It is not a pleasant picture to look at, we know that. One part of it shows six or seven young children in a state of emaciation, from starvation, which is only too plainly apparent; the other an Armenian mother bowed in grief beside the bodies of her five little ones. They have died from want of food, want of a crust of bread to keep life in their starved little bodies. That is what war has meant to these innocent, unoffending little Christians, whose only fault it has been to be born and live under the domination of a people more cruel than savages, more unfeeling than wild beasts. There are millions of them in this pitiable condition. Their cry for help has gone around the world, and where humanity still lives it is being answered with all speed possible. Cannot we too give some answer? We do not know where that privation is far less starvation. We made a general appeal in these columns some weeks ago, but while a response was being made that great Halifax disaster so much nearer us, rightly claimed first the sympathy of the whole country. We now make this one to the children of the island, in conjunction with the appeal that is being made in the United States to the Sunday schools throughout that country. The Rev. T. B. Darby, who has sent us the photograph, is organizing the movement, and he will have the help of all clergymen in the country. Plans are being made for a general appeal later to this people's generosity, we understand as part of the great work of mercy in behalf of Armenia and Asia Minor that is being performed in Great Britain. We know it will not fail on deaf ears. Meanwhile, will where humane children give of their plenty to their little brethren who have nothing?

The Latest Outrage.

We have been wondering, with the public, just what position would be created for the children of the island. The Government has exceeded expectations. It has created one of the least necessary, involving the most useless expenditure of public money, and one to which Mr. Crosbie is the person least fitted to be appointed. Every principle of propriety being thus outraged, the Government is highly satisfied and proceeds to congratulate itself in the columns of the Advocate. We will not discuss again the proprieties of the matter. In any other country the mere fact that Mr. Crosbie is a large shipowner, and that his interest will in consequence frequently conflict with his duties, would be sufficient to make his appointment quite impossible. That is but the more sufficient reason why this administration should make it. If it ever did a single act that could be approved as right and proper, it would scarcely survive the shock to its self-esteem. There was absolutely no need of a Minister of Shipping, Mr. Stone, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries was the most capable person to discharge any duties necessary in that connection, and Mr. Crosbie was entirely disqualified to perform them. That was enough; the case was made out. Mr. Coaker being, of course, the manipulator of the strings from which all these marionettes dangle, we shall here merely seek to ascertain some of the reasons that have moved him to manipulate this particular string in this particular manner. We are indebted to the Plaindealer for a few testimonials of Mr. Crosbie's character from Mr. Coaker himself. They are taken from no less authoritative a source than the Advocate. "As for the

Hon. John C. Crosbie, the country has now been waiting for over six years for some display of ability or fitness on his part as (sic) would justify the Prime Minister in retaining him in the Executive Council. This need not be taken seriously. The only necessary ingredient of "ability or fitness" for any government post today is that the applicant should be on terms of friendship with Mr. Coaker. The best qualification for admission to such friendship is to have been vilified by Mr. Coaker in the past. Mr. Crosbie's candidature is approved. Item, "He represents in the House and the Executive Council a class that is unwelcome anywhere in public or sober society—the class that is characterized by complete disregard of the language, mannerisms and actions common to gentlemen of high or low degree." This does not mean very much either. The Advocate has told us that we do not need gentlemen in the House; its occupants do not even need education. All they need is "character." When the Advocate brings out its new dictionary, we shall turn curiously to its definition of that word and learn what character he is certainly no disgrace to the country knows of his celebrated graft in the Marconi affair, etc." Let us then, we think that the Advocate's editorial note is certainly no disgrace to the Council have placed in a ministerial post a man guilty of "graft," another word for corruption. If they are not true, the Advocate has shown himself should be so careless of that of another. Item, "John C. Crosbie is wholly unqualified for the dignified position he occupies, and he is an absolute disgrace to the administration with which he is associated. Why should it have been made an instrument of destruction? Mr. Stone, sensible man that he is, from his place in the House of Assembly said: "I would point out that the Union needs commercial power to fix prices, while it needs its political power so that the fishermen may be represented in Parliament." A perfectly legitimate and entirely praiseworthy object. It has been Mr. Coaker who has transformed it into an instrument of offense. And yet, he is the man who promoted the business and induced, as his newspaper the Advocate declares, "four thousand toilers" to place "their savings" in the enterprise. We are further advised by that newspaper that those savings amount to Four hundred thousand dollars, and that besides the four thousand fishermen who have made that investment, "the commercial welfare of two-thirds of the Electorate is affected by it. If that be true, then Mr. Coaker is the paid custodian of the "commercial welfare" of more than forty thousand fishermen, and in the face of this stupendous responsibility, for the purpose of controlling the Government of this Country, he has taken away from the management of that business three of its principal officers, Stone, Halfyard, and Grimes, and a considerable portion of his own services. To an ordinary mind the thing is perfectly amazing, and one is forced to conclude that political grandstanding is the first consideration, and "the commercial welfare" of forty thousand fishermen only secondary. The ordinary mind fails to comprehend what possible direct advantage it can be to the Fishermen's Union to lose the services of its tried servants. Of course one fully understands that it is a decided advantage to those gentlemen to acquire an increased salary of Two thousand dollars a year, which the transfer of their services to the Government brings them. We can also understand that to an ambitious man like Mr. Coaker, the title of Honourable, with a seat in the Executive Council, and the position therein of dictator is very gratifying, but, what advantage that can be to the Fishermen's Union whose business he is paid to devote the whole of his time to, I cannot understand. Mr. Coaker himself evidently appreciated the extraordinary nature of the matter, for the day following the official announcement of the Coalition Government, on July 18th last, he addressed a letter to the "F. P. U. members" in an effort to explain the peculiar undertaking. In that letter he said "Mr. Stone will consult with me in relation to the work to be done by the Fisheries Department, therefore the work in your behalf to be performed by the Department will not be neglected, and its policy will be directed by the desires of the Supreme Council Conventions." You will observe, that the sop to the Union for the loss of Mr. Stone's services was, that the future policy of the Government Department of Fisheries "will be directed by the desires of the Supreme Council Conventions" of the Union. What an outrage upon Responsible Government! But Mr. Coaker's apology for his own conduct in the matter of the Coalition was no less remarkable, for he said,—"If I obeyed the dictates of a free will, I would prefer devoting my entire time to the business of the Fishermen that I am held responsible for." Mr. Coaker did not possess of a "free will"! Who shackled his will? Who was the Keeper of his conscience? Who forced the Coalition upon him? Was it the late Prime Minister Morris, or the Reid Railway Company? I will return to this subject to-morrow. Yours truly, VIOLANCE.

Casualty List.

(Received Jan. 18th, 1918.) Previously Reported Missing Dec. 3rd—Now Prisoner of War Dec. 9th. Nothing is known as to whereabouts—Authority, Post and Ad-dressed to John Blake, Fogo—Copied by Frankfort Red Cross—Dec. 25th. 2599—Private Levi Blake, Fogo. At Wandsworth. 1063—Private David McGory, 83 Patrick St. Dysentery. J. R. BENNETT, Acting Minister of Militia.

Supreme Court.

Western Marine Insurance Co. vs. Richard Hennebury and others.—Mr. Poots for plaintiff informs the Court that an amicable settlement has been made between the parties and moves that the case be stricken off the docket. Mr. Squires, K.C., for defendant, consents. Andrew H. Murray vs. The Great Lakes Transportation Co.—This case is adjourned sine die. William Davis vs. Smith Co., Ltd.—Adjourned till Tuesday. M. P. Gibbs vs. W. J. Hiscock.—The hearing of this case in this case was adjourned till 2.30 p.m. to-day. Dance in aid of St. Patrick's Restoration Fund, Monday, January 21st, C. C. C. Hall. C. C. C. Band. Double Tickets, \$1.00; Ladies', 50c. Teas and Refreshments served. Tickets to be had at J. J. Nelder's, M. J. Murphy's, Water Street, and N. J. Vinicombe's, Duckworth St. Jan 16, 19.

The Menace to the Country.

Editor Evening Telegram. Sir,—Yesterday I very respectfully asked the intelligent members of the Fishermen's Union to consider the questions I presented to them, and I said, that in my opinion, Mr. Coaker's political escapades were calculated to jeopardize the business interests of the Union, for, the declaration, by what he has announced to the public to be the "Official Organ" of the Fishermen's Union, that the Union Trading Company was established to smash "Water Street Influence," and the insane attacks upon those engaged in our Trade and Commerce cannot fail to jeopardize the interests of everybody who has anything at stake in the Country. It means class war, that means dislocation of business, that means financial embarrassment, then follows ruin. We had an example of a commercial collapse in 1894. Never mind how that collapse was brought about, that is beside the question at issue. We had a collapse. The fishermen did not then escape the effect of it. They cannot escape the effect of a repetition, and, that repetition must come if the credit of the Trade is impaired, and business is hampered by class warfare. Why should the Fishermen's Union be converted into a political battering ram? Why should it have been made an instrument of destruction? Mr. Stone, sensible man that he is, from his place in the House of Assembly said: "I would point out that the Union needs commercial power to fix prices, while it needs its political power so that the fishermen may be represented in Parliament." A perfectly legitimate and entirely praiseworthy object. It has been Mr. Coaker who has transformed it into an instrument of offense. And yet, he is the man who promoted the business and induced, as his newspaper the Advocate declares, "four thousand toilers" to place "their savings" in the enterprise. We are further advised by that newspaper that those savings amount to Four hundred thousand dollars, and that besides the four thousand fishermen who have made that investment, "the commercial welfare of two-thirds of the Electorate is affected by it. If that be true, then Mr. Coaker is the paid custodian of the "commercial welfare" of more than forty thousand fishermen, and in the face of this stupendous responsibility, for the purpose of controlling the Government of this Country, he has taken away from the management of that business three of its principal officers, Stone, Halfyard, and Grimes, and a considerable portion of his own services. To an ordinary mind the thing is perfectly amazing, and one is forced to conclude that political grandstanding is the first consideration, and "the commercial welfare" of forty thousand fishermen only secondary. The ordinary mind fails to comprehend what possible direct advantage it can be to the Fishermen's Union to lose the services of its tried servants. Of course one fully understands that it is a decided advantage to those gentlemen to acquire an increased salary of Two thousand dollars a year, which the transfer of their services to the Government brings them. We can also understand that to an ambitious man like Mr. Coaker, the title of Honourable, with a seat in the Executive Council, and the position therein of dictator is very gratifying, but, what advantage that can be to the Fishermen's Union whose business he is paid to devote the whole of his time to, I cannot understand. Mr. Coaker himself evidently appreciated the extraordinary nature of the matter, for the day following the official announcement of the Coalition Government, on July 18th last, he addressed a letter to the "F. P. U. members" in an effort to explain the peculiar undertaking. In that letter he said "Mr. Stone will consult with me in relation to the work to be done by the Fisheries Department, therefore the work in your behalf to be performed by the Department will not be neglected, and its policy will be directed by the desires of the Supreme Council Conventions." You will observe, that the sop to the Union for the loss of Mr. Stone's services was, that the future policy of the Government Department of Fisheries "will be directed by the desires of the Supreme Council Conventions" of the Union. What an outrage upon Responsible Government! But Mr. Coaker's apology for his own conduct in the matter of the Coalition was no less remarkable, for he said,—"If I obeyed the dictates of a free will, I would prefer devoting my entire time to the business of the Fishermen that I am held responsible for." Mr. Coaker did not possess of a "free will"! Who shackled his will? Who was the Keeper of his conscience? Who forced the Coalition upon him? Was it the late Prime Minister Morris, or the Reid Railway Company? I will return to this subject to-morrow. Yours truly, VIOLANCE.

Wedding Bells.

At the Church of the Sacred Heart, Odeon, by the Rev. Michael Ryan, P. P. Albert J. Drake to Miss Annie M. Murphy, both of Odeon. The bride wore a dress of cream satin and Duchess silk with wreath and veil to match. Vincent Manning, cousin of the groom, was best man, and Miss Marie Abbott, cousin of the bride, acted as bridesmaid. After the ceremony they lunched at the home of Mr. Andrew Murphy, brother of the bride. After luncheon they proceeded to their future home where the wedding supper was served to over two hundred guests. Dancing was commenced at 6 and kept up till the wee small hours. All enjoyed themselves and ended up by singing Auld Lang Syne. We wish the bride and groom bon voyage through life.—L. J. M.

McMurdo's Store News

SATURDAY, Jan. 19, 1918. After long waiting we have secured full stock of J. & L. Liver Pills which are now available. These pills are highly recommended for liver troubles, constipation and certain forms of dyspepsia and these troubles have made some remarkable cures. Price 30c a box. The latest thing in Perfumes without spirit is "Vivino" Essences Concentric sans Alcohol, which may be had in Rose, Muguet, Violet, and Narcissus. Each variety contains what wooden cabinet suitable for presentation. Price \$1.50 a bottle.

W. S. Harkins Players.

On Friday night next the W. S. Harkins Players will open a limited engagement at the Casino Theatre. The opening play will be George M. Cohan's sparkling business comedy, "It Pays to Advertise." On Monday and Tuesday the play will be Miss Billie Burke's great New York success, "Jerry." As laugh producers these two comedies cannot be surpassed, so those who want serious plays and dislike laughing should not attend either of these performances. Regarding the above two plays, the following are headlines taken from the "Official Organ" of the Fishermen's Union, that the Union Trading Company was established to smash "Water Street Influence," and the insane attacks upon those engaged in our Trade and Commerce cannot fail to jeopardize the interests of everybody who has anything at stake in the Country. It means class war, that means dislocation of business, that means financial embarrassment, then follows ruin. We had an example of a commercial collapse in 1894. Never mind how that collapse was brought about, that is beside the question at issue. We had a collapse. The fishermen did not then escape the effect of it. They cannot escape the effect of a repetition, and, that repetition must come if the credit of the Trade is impaired, and business is hampered by class warfare. Why should the Fishermen's Union be converted into a political battering ram? Why should it have been made an instrument of destruction? Mr. Stone, sensible man that he is, from his place in the House of Assembly said: "I would point out that the Union needs commercial power to fix prices, while it needs its political power so that the fishermen may be represented in Parliament." A perfectly legitimate and entirely praiseworthy object. It has been Mr. Coaker who has transformed it into an instrument of offense. And yet, he is the man who promoted the business and induced, as his newspaper the Advocate declares, "four thousand toilers" to place "their savings" in the enterprise. We are further advised by that newspaper that those savings amount to Four hundred thousand dollars, and that besides the four thousand fishermen who have made that investment, "the commercial welfare of two-thirds of the Electorate is affected by it. If that be true, then Mr. Coaker is the paid custodian of the "commercial welfare" of more than forty thousand fishermen, and in the face of this stupendous responsibility, for the purpose of controlling the Government of this Country, he has taken away from the management of that business three of its principal officers, Stone, Halfyard, and Grimes, and a considerable portion of his own services. To an ordinary mind the thing is perfectly amazing, and one is forced to conclude that political grandstanding is the first consideration, and "the commercial welfare" of forty thousand fishermen only secondary. The ordinary mind fails to comprehend what possible direct advantage it can be to the Fishermen's Union to lose the services of its tried servants. Of course one fully understands that it is a decided advantage to those gentlemen to acquire an increased salary of Two thousand dollars a year, which the transfer of their services to the Government brings them. We can also understand that to an ambitious man like Mr. Coaker, the title of Honourable, with a seat in the Executive Council, and the position therein of dictator is very gratifying, but, what advantage that can be to the Fishermen's Union whose business he is paid to devote the whole of his time to, I cannot understand. Mr. Coaker himself evidently appreciated the extraordinary nature of the matter, for the day following the official announcement of the Coalition Government, on July 18th last, he addressed a letter to the "F. P. U. members" in an effort to explain the peculiar undertaking. In that letter he said "Mr. Stone will consult with me in relation to the work to be done by the Fisheries Department, therefore the work in your behalf to be performed by the Department will not be neglected, and its policy will be directed by the desires of the Supreme Council Conventions." You will observe, that the sop to the Union for the loss of Mr. Stone's services was, that the future policy of the Government Department of Fisheries "will be directed by the desires of the Supreme Council Conventions" of the Union. What an outrage upon Responsible Government! But Mr. Coaker's apology for his own conduct in the matter of the Coalition was no less remarkable, for he said,—"If I obeyed the dictates of a free will, I would prefer devoting my entire time to the business of the Fishermen that I am held responsible for." Mr. Coaker did not possess of a "free will"! Who shackled his will? Who was the Keeper of his conscience? Who forced the Coalition upon him? Was it the late Prime Minister Morris, or the Reid Railway Company? I will return to this subject to-morrow. Yours truly, VIOLANCE.

Drake-Murphy.

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Druggists' Annual.

The annual meeting of the Nfld. Pharmaceutical Society was held last night at the Casino Theatre. The reports for the past year showed up well and on being adopted the officers for the past year retired. The election of officers for the ensuing year then took place and resulted as follows:—President, L. J. Lawton (Wahana); Vice-President, H. C. Miller; Hon. Vice-President, Lieut. M. J. Murphy (re-elected unanimously); Treas. M. F. Wadden (re-elected); Secretary, H. C. Miller (re-elected). Council:—R. G. McDonald, L. J. Lawton, T. McNell, M. F. Wadden, A. W. Kennedy, J. P. Curtin, H. Peddie, H. C. Miller, P. O'Mara, W. H. Liddy. Under the able presidency of Mr. L. J. Lawton, Bell Island, another prosperous year is promised.

"Chill Chasers."

We have received another shipment of these popular portable heating stoves in three sizes which we are selling at \$6.50, \$7.50 and \$8.50. We also call attention to our special "Humphrey" Gas Iron, in nickel finish, complete with flexible tube connection. We are selling this Iron at \$5.00. A good recommendation is a useful Xmas Gift. Phone 97, or call at our Showroom, Oke Building. ST. JOHN'S GAS LIGHT CO. dec22,18

Killed in Action.

News of the death of one of his nephews, who was killed in action in France recently, has been received by Rev. Fr. O'Callaghan, the beloved parish priest of Pouch Cove. He has another nephew, Patrick O'Callaghan, a brother of the former, a prisoner of war in Germany. General and sincere sympathy is expressed to the good priest as well as to the parents of the gallant youth who has laid down his life.

Died in Germany.

In Germany, No. 2760 Pte. Albert C. Best, Bastow, of Royal Nfld. Regt. aged 22 years, beloved son of Francis and Lavina Bastow, leaving to mourn father, mother, two sisters and six brothers (one brother, William, the validated home from Gallipoli). Sleeping until the Resurrection morn. Canadian and American papers please copy.

Rheumatic Pains

Are relieved in a few days by taking 30 drops of Mether Selgel's Syrup after meals and on retiring. Mether Selgel's Syrup accumulates in the muscles and joints so these deposits can be expelled, thus relieving pain and distress. Selgel's Syrup is known as "Extract of Roots," contains no opium or other strong drugs. It is a natural and safe remedy for rheumatism of lambs, it removes the cause. 50c a bottle at druggists.

Blouse BARGAINS. Odd Lines in Ladies' Blouses, Clearing out at Big Reduction in Price. White Voile and Lawn Embroidered Blouses! Regular 90c. Selling now for ... 65c. Regular \$1.00. Selling now for ... 75c. Regular \$1.40. Selling now for ... \$1.05. Regular \$1.60. Selling now for ... \$1.20. Striped Zephyr, Muslin, Fancy Lawn and Cotton Blouses! Regular 90c. Selling now for ... 70c. Regular \$1.00. Selling now for ... 75c. Regular \$1.20. Selling now for ... 90c. Regular \$1.40. Selling now for ... \$1.05. Regular \$1.80 & \$2.00. Selling now for \$1.37. Regular \$2.00. Selling now for ... \$1.67. Middy Blouses, Ladies' & Misses', asstd. Regular 90c. Selling now for ... 65c. Regular \$1.50. Selling now for ... \$1.20. Regular \$1.75. Selling now for ... \$1.50. Regular \$2.40. Selling now for ... \$1.80.

Blouse BARGAINS. STEER Brothers. Tin Plates, 14 x 20. Just arrived a small quantity 14 x 20 TIN PLATES, which we are selling at REASONABLE PRICES. GEO. M. BARR. Lieut. L. C. Murphy writes to Sergt. Instructor Hussey, London, S.W. Dec. 20th, 1917. Dear Ben,—I was very sorry to hear of the trouble through which you have recently passed, and I am then took place and resulted as follows:—President, L. J. Lawton (Wahana); Vice-President, H. C. Miller; Hon. Vice-President, Lieut. M. J. Murphy (re-elected unanimously); Treas. M. F. Wadden (re-elected); Secretary, H. C. Miller (re-elected). Council:—R. G. McDonald, L. J. Lawton, T. McNell, M. F. Wadden, A. W. Kennedy, J. P. Curtin, H. Peddie, H. C. Miller, P. O'Mara, W. H. Liddy. Under the able presidency of Mr. L. J. Lawton, Bell Island, another prosperous year is promised.

Obituary. The Grim Reaper Death has again swooped down and this time plucked with relentless hand one of earth's choicest blossoms in the person of Jessie Sybil, daughter of Solomon and Emily Cole, Pleasant Street, at the early age of 20 years. For two years she was a patient sufferer, having fallen a victim to that dread disease consumption, so her death was not unexpected. Jessie was of a kind, lovable and gentle disposition and was beloved by all with whom she came in contact. Ever forgetful of self she was always ready when an opportunity offered to help others and earth will be the poorer for her early demise. She will be greatly missed in the home of which she was the idol. She is survived by a mother, father, one sister and four brothers, all of whom were with her when the call came, with the exception of one brother who is expected to arrive home shortly from Alberta. "Not now but in the coming years, it may be in the better land, We'll know the meaning of these tears And then some day we'll understand."—Com. L. O. B. S. The Ladies Orange Benevolent Association held an enjoyable entertainment at Victoria Hall last night. A splendid programme was arranged and the following contributed numbers:— Mr. Walker, recitations by Misses M. Quick, R. Whitten, Barter, Bellows, Mabel and Hazel Noseworthy, Mrs. Hann, Messrs. Britt and Baldwin; songs by Misses E. Weston, Moulton and Abbott; Pte. Wheeler, Messrs. H. Barnes and Peller; an exhibition of club-swinging by Mr. B. Ellis, and a reading by Mr. Arthur Martin. A vote of thanks proposed by Miss Taylor, Worthy Mistress, and second-

NEW YEAR ADVICE. To our hundreds of Customers in the city and outports we would suggest the necessity and wisdom of making plans for re-furnishing, or the buying of new Furniture at once. Before our Stock-taking commences all our vast stock will be subject to special prices, while it is also well to remember that under existing conditions furniture will not get any cheaper. Be wise and get any new Furniture you need now. Mail orders promptly and carefully shipped by us. U. S. Picture & Portrait Co. St. John's. Stafford's Phoronate for all kinds of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma and various Lung Troubles.—nov6,18. Special to Evening Telegram. CAPE RACE, To-day. Wind N. light, weather dull. Bar 23.40; Ther. 33.

Striking Op. CREAM WINCEY. Reg. 60c. yd. Sale Price 52c. Reg. 80c. yd. Sale Price 77c. Reg. \$1.00 yd. Sale Price 85c. CREAM LUSTRE. Reg. 45c. yd. S. Price 39c. Reg. 55c. yd. S. Price 47c. Reg. 75c. yd. S. Price 64c. Reg. 90c. yd. S. Price 77c. Reg. \$1.25 yd. S. Price \$1.05. CREAM SICILIAN. Reg. \$1.00 yd. S. Price 85c. WHITE LAURUNG SILK. Reg. \$1.20 yd. S. Price \$1.00. A brilliant bargain requirements gained ago by our shrewd America huge stock prevailing to-day.

MANY W. Children's and Infants. Mothers find garments until after's children's values this there being we are unscrupulously ready see low. Girls' Fleece Lined Underwear. Reg. 45c. gar. S. Price 36c. Reg. 45c. gar. S. Price 36c. Reg. 45c. gar. S. Price 40c. Reg. 45c. gar. S. Price 42c. Reg. 45c. gar. S. Price 46c. Reg. 45c. gar. S. Price 56c. Infants' Long Slips. Reg. 45c. ea. S. Price 36c. Reg. 50c. ea. S. Price 40c. Reg. 55c. ea. S. Price 44c. Reg. 70c. ea. S. Price 56c. Reg. 1.00 ea. S. Price 80c. Infants' Short Slips. Reg. 40c. ea. S. Price 32c. Reg. 50c. ea. S. Price 40c. Reg. 60c. ea. S. Price 48c. Reg. 70c. ea. S. Price 56c. Reg. 85c. ea. S. Price 68c.

Lace and Embroidery. Most Alluring. There is not a woman who has Laces and Embroideries. You want attractive display, creations that elegance and simple beauty. To get a faint idea of the savings to be Flouncing Embroidery. Reg. 1.35 yard for ... 1.18 Reg. 28c. yard for22c. Reg. 35c. yard for39c. Reg. 60c. yard for42c. Reg. 55c. yard for46c. Reg. 65c. yard for56c. Reg. 75c. yard for63c. Reg. 85c. yard for72c. Reg. 95c. yard for79c. Reg. 1.30 yard for ... 1.00.