

BAKERS' COCOA HAS GREAT FOOD VALUE

THE food value of cocoa has been proven by centuries of use, and dietitians and physicians the world over are enthusiastic in their endorsements of it. It is said to contain more nourishment than beef, in a more readily assimilated form. The choice, however, should be a high-grade cocoa,—“Baker's” of course.



IT IS DELICIOUS, TOO
Trade-mark on every package
Made only by
WALTER BAKER & CO. Limited
Montreal, Can. Dorchester, Mass.
Established 1780

Our Volunteers.

There was much activity in recruiting circles again yesterday. Twenty young men came forward for enlistment. Their names are:—
A. Callahan, Filley's Island.
E. Dove, Twillingate.
S. Dove, Twillingate.
W. Pope, Fogo.
R. Hart, Fogo.
W. S. Warren, LaSalle.
H. Milley, Little Bay, N.D.B.
L. Bottles, Fronts Water Bay.
N. C. Hayward, Deane Bay.
S. Osborne, Lewisporte.
C. Lewis, Lower Island Cove.
P. Perry, Newtown, B.B.
W. Norris, Newtown, B.B.
J. Eddison, Cape Onion, Straits.
T. Tucker, Cape Onion, Straits.
R. Bessey, Cape Onion, Straits.
E. Vaters, Victoria, C.B.
C. Reader, Shoreditch, London, Eng.
Second time:
E. Boland, Fair Island, B.H.
E. Osborne, Lewisporte.

The doctors are carrying on the medical-exams, daily and the percentage of passes is good. Now that the last month of the year is ushered in a big influx of recruits is expected during the next few weeks.

MILLIONS DIE

Every year from Consumption, Millions could have been saved if only common sense prevention had been used in the first stage. IF YOU ARE a sufferer from Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Pleurisy, Weak Lungs, Cough and Colds—all Diseases leading up to Consumption—Tuberculosis, YOU ARE interested in Dr. Strandgard's T.B. Medicine. Write for Testimonials and Booklet. DR. STRANDGARD'S MEDICINE CO., 628-635 Yonge Street, Toronto.

THE BRITISH NORTH AMERICAN AGENCIES, Representatives,
Post Office Box 1131,
St. John's, Newfoundland

STORES TO OPEN MONDAY NIGHT.—On Monday night the Water Street stores will remain open for business until 9 p.m. and will continue each night till the 15th, and on Monday, the 17th, the time will be extended till 10 o'clock up to the 24th (Christmas Eve). From the 25th to the 29th they will close at 9 p.m. and on Saturday night's will remain open till 9.30.

CERTAIN-TEED

PAINTS and ROOFINGS

Guaranteed the best obtainable

GEO. M. BARR, Agt.

WAR NEWS.

Messages Received Previous to 9 A. M.

A CALL TO COLONIALS.
LONDON, Nov. 30. (Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.)—The Globe, dwelling upon the likelihood of the release of large forces from the Russian front for the Western front, and also of the necessity of keeping Italy reinforced, says that if the Dominions understood the extent of the peril, it is not likely that Borden or Hughes would have such trouble about reinforcements from their respective countries. An inconclusive peace, the paper says, means for South Africa the retrocession of conquered territories and renewed intrigues with the natives; for Canada, resumption of the German penetration with ruin or capture of Canadian trade, and for Australia the renewed threat of German stations at New Guinea and Samoa.

A SANE POLICY.
NEW YORK, Nov. 30. An Associated Press despatch from Washington this afternoon says the American Government is shaping what is described as a tolerant policy in dealing with Russia in her present straits, so as to show hope and faith in the ultimate triumph of democracy. It was declared to-day that even should the Bolsheviki conclude an armistice with Germany, there is no present intention to broadly list Russia as an enemy, and that the American Government is at pains to have all the people of Russia know of its attitude. Contracts for the supply of material for Russia, it is said, would go forward as usual in the hope that they would be applied to the cause of world democracy. It was pointed out again, however, that these are under control at all times and can be prevented from falling into hostile hands. In view of the attitude expressed here, it appears that should the Inter-Allied Council at Paris decide to send what has been described as a threatening communication to Russia, the American delegates might not subscribe to it. Of course their action might be finally determined by the nature of the communication, which may be sent. Officials here base their opposition on the promise that while the Bolsheviki faction is working for a separate peace without regard for the opinion of the remainder of the Russians, the great part of the country is not in accord with their aims, and the success of the Bolsheviki is by no means wholly assured. Hope that the Conservative element Bolsheviki, has not been abandoned, and in case of the restoration of Russia, the United States would not wish to be in the position of having taken an attitude against her. The question of the control of shipments, the Government it was announced, would be guided largely by Ambassador Bekkmetoff, who already has disavowed the Bolsheviki, and officials are confident would not recommend the shipping of supplies if they fell into the hands of hostile troops.

BRITAIN HAS FOUND HERSELF.
(Will Irwin in the Saturday Evening Post.)
The British army has arrived; after two years of a magnificent struggle against unpreparedness, the tendency toward middle and hard circumstances it is reaching its pinnacle of efficiency. Such is the general impression one brings back from that temporary transplanted England that occupies Northwestern France. This, the manliest race in the world, has made its manliness efficient. The machine-like efficiency of the German army, which so overawed and alarmed us Americans who saw von Kluck pass through Belgium, is matched and over-matched now by a less formal, less machine-like efficiency, all the more effective because it gives more play for individual intelligence. Above all, there is magnificent morale—a universal resolution, animating all ranks, to see this hard, distressing business through to a victorious end.

OUR unusual success in the production of Children's Portraits has been very favourably commented on. Come in and see them. J. C. PARSONS, Bank of Montreal Building.—Nov.17, if
Some heavy new auto coats of soft wool have huge collars of plaid.

Chalmers Won Fifteen New Records.

When the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association finished checking up the recent performance of the Chalmers Record Speedster at the Sheephead Bay Speedway, it was discovered that the car had actually made FIFTEEN new records! Accordingly, fifteen gold sealed certificates, one for each new record, were sent the Chalmers Motor Company. The fifteen new Chalmers records thus allowed and officially approved by the A. A. A. are as follows:

- NEW MILE RECORDS.
1 mile in 44.37 seconds.
2 miles in 1 minute 27.44 seconds.
3 miles in 2 minutes 11.30 seconds.
4 miles in 2 minutes 54.61 seconds.
5 miles in 3 minutes 37.33 seconds.
6 miles in 4 minutes 20.04 seconds.
7 miles in 5 minutes 2.35 seconds.
8 miles in 6 minutes 4.66 seconds.
9 miles in 7 minutes 16.97 seconds.
10 miles in 8 minutes 29.28 seconds.
11 miles in 9 minutes 11.59 seconds.
12 miles in 10 minutes 23.90 seconds.
13 miles in 11 minutes 16.21 seconds.
14 miles in 12 minutes 28.52 seconds.
15 miles in 13 minutes 40.83 seconds.
16 miles in 14 minutes 53.14 seconds.
17 miles in 15 minutes 5.45 seconds.
18 miles in 16 minutes 17.76 seconds.
19 miles in 17 minutes 30.07 seconds.
20 miles in 18 minutes 42.38 seconds.

- NEW TIME RECORDS.
1 hour, 83 miles.
12 hours, 957 miles.
24 hours, 1898 miles.
Always on the Job.
THE CENTRAL GARAGE, Catherine Street, St. John's, N.F.
F. DODD, Prop.

When you want something in a hurry for tea, go to ELLIS'—Head Cheese, Ox Tongue, Bologna Ham, Cooker Corned Beef, Bologna Sausage.

VERY LATEST.

1.00 P.M.
BONAR LAW SQUASHES LANS-DOWNE.

LONDON, To-day. An unauthorized report concerning the Unionist meeting of to-day says: It was attended by 1,500 representatives of Unionist bodies through the country, and resolutions were unanimously carried deploring the publishing of the letter of Lansdowne and declaring firm adherence to the war aims of the Allies as defined by Premier Bonar Law and Asquith. It was decided that the resolutions should be wired to the Premier and Balfour at Paris. A scene of great enthusiasm ensued, the delegates rising and singing the National Anthem. Bonar Law delivered a speech in which he admitted that he never had met anyone more patriotic or disinterested than the Marquis of Lansdowne. "Nevertheless," Bonar Law said, "I disagree absolutely, not only with the arguments but with the whole tone of the letter. I think it is nothing less than a national misfortune that it should have been published now of all times. It is not what we desire. It is horrible to look forward to a continuance of the War, but it is a strange assumption that because the Germans declare their readiness for a pact of nations and talk of disarmament, peace is therefore possible. Before the War our Government did not do anything to encourage the Germans. They often went near it but the Germans regarded it almost as a casus belli, and before the war broke out they were prohibited in Germany and I believe they are prohibited to this day. You heard nothing of this kind of thing in the first and in the second years of the war, when things were going well in Germany. If a conclusion of peace were conceivable to-day, it would mean that the very men who in my judgment committed the greatest crimes in history, who plunged the world into anguish and misery, would be left again in power with the same machinery ready to repeat the same thing when the opportunity arose in the future. How can they be bound by a party of nations? Nobody will pretend that they will be bound because they signed a treaty, and what force is to bind them? The whole world is against them to-day, armed and organized in a way that it is not likely they will again be, and if we cannot insist on our rights now, how will we insist on them in a few years hence? No, gentlemen, it is horrible to think of but it is true in my judgment, that we have got to show the Germans that in the only way they can be made to realize it, that war and that military machine cannot get the desired results. It is only by such a policy that we can win the war. Let the Germans realize that we can go on longer than they and the change of feeling in Germany will be stimulated. Much will grow daily and will itself perhaps bring the results we all long to see." Bonar Law intimated that should Lansdowne's letter stimulate the pacifist movement to the point of the Government losing support for the needs of war measures, there would be only one alternative for the Government. He declared that peace on this basis would really be a defeat for Great Britain. "Does anyone really believe that unity in the British Empire could continue the same after such a defeat?" the Chancellor added in conclusion.

ALONE I DID IT!
LONDON, To-day. Lansdowne was interviewed by the Daily Express concerning his letter, and said: "I should like it known positively that the letter was entirely my own. I consulted nobody about it. An absurd idea has been spread that the suggestion was made by other people. I wish to deny that." Lansdowne declined to discuss the opportuneness of the letter or of the possible effect in discouraging the people concerning the purpose and prospects of the war, and added: "I have really nothing to add or to retract and can hardly allow myself to be catibehsed about it; the subject is necessarily too controversial."

PROTEST BY RUSSIAN EMBASSY.
AMSTERDAM, To-day. A memorandum expressing indignation at the publication in Petrograd of the letter of Lansdowne, was presented to the Dutch Foreign Office on Friday by the Russian Charge d'Affaires here. The memorandum says that the action of the Bolsheviki Government "amounts to a shameful violation of those responsible for the obligations entered into." It adds, "News of the attempt by the Maximilians to conclude a separate armistice with the enemy has been received at the Russian legation here with a feeling of indignation and protest which the health of the elements of all Russia undoubtedly share."

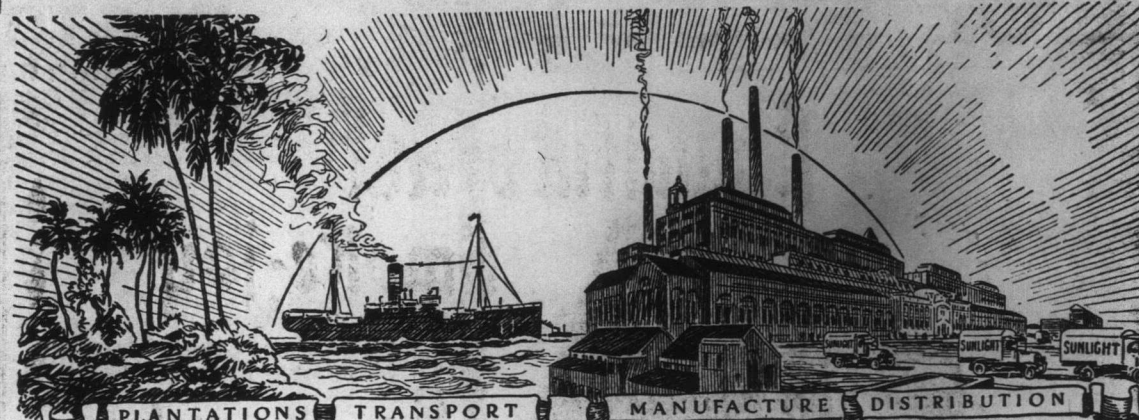
CHAMBERLAIN ALSO.
LONDON, To-day. The letter of Lansdowne continues to be deprecated or frankly denounced in all governmental circles. J. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary for India, in a speech at Northampton last night said that he and his colleagues both in and out of office viewed the letter with unfavourable regard. It was unfortunate and inopportune because at the present moment, when Italy and Roumania were invaded and Russia was waging her revolutionary struggle, ought to be said or written throwing a doubt on the loyalty of Great Britain to her Allies. Chamberlain also declared that there must be no restrictions of the rights of the belligerents at sea, such as Great Britain had exercised and the United States now was exercising. An interesting point of view of some of the political discussions bearing on the letter is that it points to a possible alternative Government and policy to that of the existing Government.

WIDENING THE BREACH.
PETROGRAD, To-day. M. Maklakoff, Russian Ambassador to the Netherlands, has declared that the British Government must be no restrictions of the rights of the belligerents at sea, such as Great Britain had exercised and the United States now was exercising. An interesting point of view of some of the political discussions bearing on the letter is that it points to a possible alternative Government and policy to that of the existing Government.

BRAZILIAN AVIATORS FOR THE FRONT.
RIO JANEIRO, To-day. Brazil is soon to make her first contribution to the fighting forces of the Allies. In response to an invitation from the British Government that Brazilian aviators complete their course of instruction in England, 12 naval aviators will leave here shortly for Europe.

THE PETROGRAD ELECTIONS.
LONDON, To-day. A despatch from Petrograd to the Daily Mail says that as a result of the elections to the constituent assembly in Petrograd, the Leninists won six seats, the constitutional democrats four, the Social revolutionary extremists two, and the other parties were not represented owing to the smallness of three polls. The correspondence adds that the Social revolutionary extremists are almost indistinguishable from the Leninists. He thinks that the result throughout the country probably will reveal a proportion similar to that in the capital. The despatch says that Siberia is about to declare its independence. Ministers are ready to have been appointed and are holding sessions in the Governor's Palace at Omsk. Considerable popular sympathy is displayed for the Government and the Siberian flag is flying in many places.

AS WE PREDICTED.
NEW YORK, N.Y., To-day. Leading editorials in all of the New York papers have predicted that the British Government will not accept the terms of the German offer of a separate peace. The editorials say that the British Government will stand firm and will not be deceived by the German offer. They say that the British Government will continue to fight until the German offer is rejected. They say that the British Government will not be deceived by the German offer and will continue to fight until the German offer is rejected.



THE Sunlight enterprise and organization for production, manufacture, and distribution were made complete long before the war. But during the war the difficulties and costs of transport have been multiplied. Therefore, Lever Brothers have purchased a fleet of steamships to convey raw materials direct from their plantations to Port Sunlight.

The Housewife is given the full benefit of this enterprise, and thus, in spite of the difficulties caused in England by the war, Sunlight Soap remains the best soap throughout the world, and gives the fullest value for the housewife's money.

THE SUNLIGHT SERVICE IS THE MOST COMPLETE SOAP SERVICE IN THE WORLD. SUNLIGHT SOAP IS MADE FOR THE HOUSEWIFE'S PROFIT, FOR ONLY THEREBY CAN THE MAKERS HOPE TO PROFIT BY SUNLIGHT SOAP.

SUNLIGHT SOAP.

The name Lever on Soap is a Guarantee of Purity and Excellence.
LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, PORT SUNLIGHT, ENGLAND.

to France, has been declared dismissed from his post, my Leon Trotsky, Bolsheviki Commissary for Foreign Affairs. This action was taken because of the Ambassador's participation in the Inter-Allied Conference which is considered a state offence entailing a heavy penalty.

YORK papers leave no room for doubt that Lansdowne's letter has created an exceedingly unfavorable impression on the editorial mind of New York. The World publishes a cartoon depicting John Bull standing beneath the Union Jack confronted by Lansdowne, who holds in his hands a white flag of surrender.

BRITISH CONSOLIDATE THEIR GAINS.
BRITISH HEADQUARTERS.
The British have virtually completed the consolidation of a great area wrenched from the enemy in the Cambrai push. The work accomplished in a few days is little short of miraculous, and to-day all through much territory recently held by the enemy the well oiled British war machine is running like clockwork. The famous Hindenburg Line has been so thoroughly punctured by well built highways and tracks that the famous German despatching of their fire is still weak compared with that on the Flanders front. The civilian population of Cambrai, after living three years almost like prisoners under the iron rule of the Prussians, have been evacuated.

SUPREME COURT.
(Present: the Full Bench.)
The following cases were submitted to the Supreme Court this morning and days appointed on which the case will be heard:
Elli Sheppard vs. Elliott Co., Ltd. December 14th.
Katherine Densmore vs. William E. Bennan. December 10th.
Robert B. Stroud vs. Geo. V. Parsons. December 12th.
John C. Butler vs. Franklin Agencies, Ltd. December 10th.
The Gardner Stores, Ltd. vs. Abraham Collins. Case withdrawn.
B. A. Brazil vs. D. A. McRae. Will be heard this afternoon.

VESSEL ABANDONED.
Crew Adrift in Boat but Reached the Land Safely.
The schr. Le Tuta, which left here on Nov. 17th for Lunenburg with a cargo of herring, was abandoned since ninety miles west of St. Pierre. The crew rowed thirty miles to the land in their own boat, arriving at Grand Bruit on Nov. 25th, after a thrilling experience. The vessel was owned by the A. E. Hickman Company, Ltd. Information to the foregoing effect was communicated this morning to Deputy Minister of Customs, Mr. H. W. LeMessurier, C.M.G. from the sub-collector at Grand Bruit.

MINAR'S LINIMENT CO. LIMITED.
Gentlemen,—I have used MINAR'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.
I would not start on a voyage without it if it cost a dollar a bottle.
CAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN,
Schr. "Storke," St. Andre, Kamouraska.

MINAR'S LINIMENT CURES GARTHER IN COWS.
MINAR'S LINIMENT CURES GARTHER IN COWS.

Man Dropped Dead.
Deputy Minister of Justice Summers, K.C., received a message to-day from Magistrate Power of Bell Island, stating that a man named Jacob Dawe, belonging to Kelligrews, was on his way home from the mines in apparent good health when he fell dead on the road. An inquiry is being held into the tragic affair.

If you want a stylish, good-looking, well-made, Double-breasted Overcoat, with pleats and belt, call in and see our goods and get our prices. We can give you the best and latest. SPURRELL the Tailor, 365 Water St.—Nov.28, eod.t.

T. J. EDENS.

Christmas Crackers and Stockings.

Large assortment just in.
McCormick's FANCY BISCUITS and JERSEY CREAM SODAS.
From P. E. Island to-day: 20 boxes Purity Butter—Prints 50 cases Selected Eggs. 50 bags Carrots. 50 bags Parsnips. 10 bags Peas. 100 bags Black Oats.

100 brls. WAGNER APPLES. 50 brls. STARK APPLES. 5 brls. CRANBERRIES.
GRAPE FRUIT. Extra large and juicy, \$1.50 doz.

20 Boxes BLUE NOSE BUTTER, 56 lbs. each.

T. J. EDENS.

Duckworth Street and Rawlin's Cross.

DRESSMAKING in all the latest styles. Ladies' Full Gored Costumes and Dresses from \$1.00; Ladies' Wrappers from 50c.; Children's Costumes, Dresses and Coats from 25c.; Flannels, Underwear and all plain sewing from 10c.; Boys' and Girls' Coats from 50c. MRS. O'BRIEN, 14 Cabot St. 1752, A.C.