

THE HURON AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS
GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1883.
McGILLICUDDY BROS. PUBLISHERS
\$1.5 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

New Advertisements.
Music—W. F. Post.
Straps—C. R. Matthews.
Coal—O. Stoves—G. H. Parsons.
Bills for Sale—J. Washington.
Milk—Milk—Samuel, McCaig.
Sunnery Millinery—Miss Graham.
Seventy Wanted—Mrs. Matthews.
Sewing—Old Wanted—Sylvia, Gifford.
Sewing Machines—J. W. Weatherall.
North-West Transportation Company—James H. Beatty.

Dentistry.
M. NICHOLSON, SURGEON DENTIST, 121 Main Street, three doors below Bank of Montreal, Goderich.

The People's Column.

SERVANT WANTED—AT ST. STEPHEN'S PARSONAGE. Huron road, Goderich township. To a competent domestic liberal wages will be given. Apply to Mrs. M. TRIVETT, The Point Farm, 1883-4.

SERVANT GIRL WANTED— For general house work—must be good washer and ironer. Apply to The Signal Office, Goderich, 1883-4.

WANTED—A GOOD SMART WOMAN to take charge of the Dining Room. Must be experienced. Good wages. J. J. WRIGHT, The Point Farm, 1883-4.

WATERPROOF OVERCOAT found at this office a couple of weeks ago, can have the same by proving property. 1883-4.

STRAYED FROM THE PREMISES of the subscriber, Huron road, a red cow, with brass knobs her horns—time of horns not out off. Any one finding and returning her to St. Stephen's Parsonage, Goderich township, or keeping her and notifying subscriber, will be liberally rewarded by Rev. C. R. MATTHEWS. 1884-5.

MILK! MILK!
The undersigned having taken up the milk business formerly carried on by William McCaig, is prepared to deliver milk to all parts of the town. Satisfaction guaranteed. McCAIG. 1884-5.

TWO THOROUGHBRED DURHAM BULLS FOR SALE. The animals can be seen on lot 23, 3rd con. of West Wawanosh. Will be sold at a bargain. For further particulars apply to JOHN WASHINGTON, Auburn P. O. 1884-5.

MR. W. F. FOOT, ORGANIST AND choir-master of St. George's Church, is prepared to give instruction in the following branches of music: study with Piano, Organ, church and cabinet singing at sight. Voice culture, though less and harmony. As Mr. Foot has had many years experience both in city and country, a thorough training may be expected by those who are desirous of dealing with. Pupils on church organ can have use of instrument. Terms moderate. 1884-5.

TO RENT.
That large brick house on the corner of Elgin and Stanley streets, in a desirable location, with pantry and cellar, hard and soft water. For particulars apply to Mrs. G. GEORGE CATTLE, 1884-5.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.— THAT beautiful brick residence occupied by Mr. Rice, and formerly occupied by Mr. St. Paterson, at the head of Newgate street. Possession given at once. For particulars apply to the owner, J. BRACKENRIDGE, Newgate street, Goderich. 1883-4.

HOUSE FOR SALE.— A CONVENIENT house containing nine rooms, with halls, and good well on premises, situated on corner of Wawanosh and Colborne at. Terms reasonable. Apply to Mrs. R. McBRINE, 1883-4.

TO FARMERS—A GOOD CHANCE to improve a stock of thoroughbred Princess Bull rising two years old, will stand for service at my farm lot 4, Bayfield road, Goderich Township—terms \$100, to be paid at time of service. C. CRABB. 1880-4.

FARM TO RENT.
50 acres, nearly free of stumps. Good barn and other buildings. Brick cottage with cellar. Good orchard and all well fenced. Inquire of R. T. HAYNES, Sheppardton, 1883-4.

FOR SALE.
A first class brick house, cellar under the whole house, and it acres land on the Bayfield road, Goderich, there is a good stable and riding shed, hard and soft water on the premises, grounds well laid out. For particulars apply on the premises or to H. Seegmiller, Goderich Foundry. 1883-4.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.— NOTICE IS hereby given that all parties indebted to the undersigned by note or book account are requested to settle the same at once and thereby save an enforced collection. I mean business. ABRAHAM SMITH. 1882-3.

FOR SALE— THAT DESIRABLE residence, corner Britannia road and McDonald street, opposite the High School, with two lots. The house is in good repair with carriage house and stable and other outbuildings. The garden is well stocked with fruit trees, grape vines, shrubbery, &c. For terms apply to D. H. COZZENS, Barristers. 1883-4.

North West Transportation Company (LIMITED)

The Cheapest, Most Comfortable and Pleasant Route TO ALL PORTS IN THE GREAT NORTH WEST is via the Steamers of the North West Transportation Company, one of which will, weather permitting, leave Huron every Tuesday and Friday, alternate trips, for Kincardine, Southampton, Sault Ste. Marie, Michipicottin, Pre Napoleon, Silver Islet and Thunder Bay.

For further information as to rates, apply to Wm. Lebe, Goderich, or to JAMES H. BEATTY, General Manager, Sarnia. June 7th, 1883.

GODERICH.

A SUMMER RESORT.

Its Claims Upon a Public Seeking Coolness and Health.

The Prettiest Town in Canada.

Its Beauty and Advantages Described—A Place Blest by Nature—A Town Where Mud is Unknown.

Beautiful for situation, clean and inviting, Goderich has already made a name for itself on the continent as a choice spot where residents of crowded cities can resort to in the warm months, and find pure, bracing air, with all the comforts of civilization at hand. To those leaving the stifling city for

A BREATH OF GOD'S PURE AIR during the summer months, two considerations present themselves:—1st, is the locality chosen for the transient stay during the "broiling term" a healthy one? and 2nd, does it entail too heavy a drain on the family purse? It is on these points that Goderich presents claims that will bear the closest scrutiny. A more healthy locality does not exist on the continent of America. Situated at a height of from 100 to 150 feet above the level of the waters of Huron,

THE TOWN IS NATURALLY DRAINED into that great lake, and a capital system of drainage introduced and practiced by the municipal authorities since the thorough exemption of the town from the noxious vapors or miasms which, at other less favored points are continually arising during the heated term from standing water on low land. As to the matter of

COST OF LIVING, Goderich offers a good field to those who would enjoy a vacation without having to pay too lavishly for their rest, comfort or pleasure. A town of over 4,000 inhabitants, it keeps one within the limits of civilization and the luxuries of life; yet, being on the borders of a fair agricultural district, those of pastoral tastes can find near at hand

FIELDS OF WAVY GRAIN, green pastures of tender grass over which the skipping lambs gambol innocently, running brooks inhabited by the finny tribe, and all the sights of a Canadian farm; while the

DEEPLY SHADED FORESTS of maple, beech and pine, haunted by the singing bird above, and the many colored wild flowers beneath, offer a seclusion cool and full of interest to lovers of nature. The choice cattle bred in this section, feeding knee deep in clover and timothy, yield

RICH, PURE AND CREAMY MILK, which is like a revelation to those who have tasted only city milk during their lives. A walk or drive to a farm, along clean and even roads, and a repast of home-made bread, fresh laid eggs in it, and eggs so newly laid that the cackle of the hen can yet be heard in the barn yard, is a treat which can be procured at a price so low as to astonish visitors.

THE FRUIT FARMS in the neighborhood are often visited by strangers. Here the highly prized Canadian apples and plums grow at their best, while the blushing peach comes to maturity, and the cherry and strawberry flourish. The wild strawberry also abounds in season. Canada is

THE HOME OF THE RASPBERRY, and hundreds of acres are scattered through the district, where the bushes, growing luxuriantly wild, bow themselves to the ground with their ruddy fruit. Scores of pickers wend their way daily during the season, to these resorts, and a ramble in a Canadian "berry patch," with an old dress, sun-down hat and strong boots, is just the thing a bevy of girls from the city ought to enjoy. There need not be the slightest fear of a lady experiencing anything but the most gallant and treatment from rich and poor. We know of no region where a lady and a stranger can travel more safely without escort than in this neighborhood.

THE TOWN OF GODERICH, is one of the most beautiful in Ontario. The court house, a handsome and substantial bit of architecture, embowered in trees, is situated in the midst of a large octagonal "square," from which the leading streets radiate in every direction. These streets are crossed by other streets after the manner of

A SPIDER'S WEB, and the plan is a novel and pleasing one. The drive around the Court House is about a third of a mile in length, and the ground is as level as a race course. The streets are very wide, of the cleanest gravel, no mud accumulating on them after the heaviest rain, and some of them are lined with handsome maples, making

a vista looking toward the Court House which it would be difficult to excel from an artist's standpoint. The dry, level roads, as hard as rock almost, are much appreciated by bicyclists; so much so that Goderich has justly been termed "THE WHEELMAN'S PARADISE."

Early in July the bicycle clubs of Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit and other American cities are expected in town, and experienced riders on the wheel who have already been here say that the visitors will be astonished and delighted when they glide "around the square" on our wonderful roads, and that they will find them ahead of anything on the entire route.

GODERICH BY RAIL. Goderich is reached by the Buffalo & Lake Huron Railway from Stratford, the railway centre of Western Ontario, only 45 miles distant, and that line is intersected by the L. H. & B. Railway, which gives direct connection with London from Clinton, only 12 miles distant. Approaching Goderich by rail, the visitor is favored with a glimpse of the shining waters of Lake Huron as the train speeds around the curve; the cars then plunge through a dense grove, and soon the traveller finds himself at the railway terminus. The view of the

HIGH BANKS OF THE MAITLAND from the railway station is picturesque, particularly a snug little bit of scenery up the river. Entering a vehicle, the visitor is whirled along East street, and sees before him the Court House and square, with business stands ranged all around the outer side of the broad roadway. If he is not booked for

THE POINT FARM, a popular summer hotel five miles up the lake shore road, capable of accommodating 200 guests, and conducted by the well-known J. J. Wright, whose name is a household word with visitors to Goderich, then the traveller can find in town a number of excellent hotels, conducted by capable and obliging men, and affording the best of accommodation at very reasonable rates.

THE BRITISH EXCHANGE HOTEL is a well-known house of accommodation for tourists and the general public. It is commodious and well kept in every particular, and under the superintendence of the present proprietor, Capt. Wm. Cox, it has during the past twelve or fourteen years attained a continental reputation. It is situated on Court House Square.

There are six churches in town. St. George's (Episcopalian) on North-st., recently completed, is a beautiful structure, cruciform, and planned and built with exquisite taste. The Methodist Church of Canada have a large edifice, on North street also, and at the head of the same street is the R. C. church and convent. The Presbyterians worship in a large church on East street, and have just put

in a handsome organ of wonderfully pure tone. The Gaelic speaking Presbyterians have also a church on Nelson street. A very pretty edifice is that of the M. E. church, on Victoria street. There is also a gathering of the Brethren, held in an upper room on the corner of the square and Kingston street.

ARCHITECTURE, ETC. In addition to the Court House, the town boasts of a handsome building in the High School. At this seat of learning, young men and women are prepared for professional courses. The edifice is of white brick, with mansard roof, and presents a fine appearance. The Central Public School is a large red brick building, and the town and fire hall though small, has a tasty appearance. The residences and grounds of some of our citizens have been planned with taste, and many of the gardens are just alive with bloom during the season.

MATLAND CEMETERY. The site of the city of the dead was selected with wisdom and taste some 24 years ago. It is situated about a mile and a half from the Court House, on high ground, and the main approach winds completely around it, flanked by a dense growth of brush. The wild strawberry creeps over the earth profusely, and the whole aspect is one of peace and beauty. A spring of the purest water, and of almost Arctic coldness, gushes from the hillside facing the cemetery, and flows in a gurgling stream down a long ravine to the river bed. In the cemetery are a number of handsome monuments and beautifully kept graves. The drive to and through the cemetery is a pretty one, and many of our citizens during the summer months can be found decorating the graves of friends who rest in that beautiful and retired necropolis.

PIC-NICS, ETC. Beautiful spots for pic-nics are within easy reach, a delightful retreat known as Biglam's Grove being within the town limits. In short, Goderich is par excellence the summer resort of Ontario.

the river from the harbor, on the summit of the neatly terraced bank, is the

BEAUTIFUL SUMMER RESIDENCE of H. Y. Attrill, an American millionaire. He has wide-spread reputation as a breeder of choice shorthorn cattle. The farm is a well-cultivated one, and is often visited by lovers of agriculture.

THE FISHING FLEET is a feature of the place of great interest to visitors. The boats, some of them with the speed of yachts, leave the harbor early each morning, and return at night laden with the spoils of the deep. Salmon trout and whitefish are chiefly caught, in nets, and a trip to the fishing grounds in company with a fishing crew is an experience which is full of interest. This industry is an important one in Goderich, and the boats scudding along under full sail for the harbor as the sun dips into the west is a pretty sight. Later in the season the fishermen sail further north to other fishing grounds, and a staunch tug conveys the "catch" to Goderich for the American market.

THE SALT INTEREST. The manufacture of salt is extensively carried on at this place, and the process is a peculiarly interesting one. The brine is pumped through large pipes at a depth of from 900 to 1200 feet, into large pans, under which great furnaces have been built, and, by boiling, the saline matter is precipitated to the bottom, forming the famous Goderich salt. From the drippings of the pans, some exquisitely beautiful saline crystals are often created, whose form and purity of appearance render them valuable as novel parlor ornaments.

SALINE BATHS. This is a feature that no other Canadian summer resort can boast of. The brine is said to be of much benefit as a summer bath, and can be had hot or cold, as the visitor desires. There is also a swimming bath, where old and young can have all the luxury of an ocean dip without the travel or expense.

A mineral spring, the water of which contains some valuable forms of iron and sulphur, has been regarded as a great boon by invalid visitors. Medical men have pronounced in favor of the spring waters as an excellent mild tonic and aperient, and many of the residents of the town prefer it to the drastic doses of the doctor. The water can be procured free at the spring.

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COUNTY COUNCIL.

Minutes of the Regular June Session. TUESDAY, June 5, 1883.

The Council was formally opened at 3 o'clock this afternoon, the Warden in the chair, and all the members answered to roll call except the following: P. Kelly, F. C. Rogers, Thos. Strachan, John Hialop, Walter Oliver, Dr. Buchanan, S. Rennie, Geo. R. Holland, George Forsyth, V. Patz, Wm. Elliott and Gordon.

After the approval of the minutes of last day's session in January, the Warden addressed the council upon the following matters: The improvements at the jail ordered at last meeting, the petitions in reference to the appointment of a Railway Commission, the erection of the Bluevale Prairie, Exeter and Woodham bridges, the House of Refuge, registry books and the equalization of the assessment.

A circular from Dr. O'Reilly, Inspector of Prisons, in reference to lunatics, was read and referred to the Jail and Court House committee.

A communication was read from H. Y. Attrill, Esq., asking to be allowed to hang water gates under the bridge at Stratford, to prevent cattle coming upon his meadows. Referred to Road and Bridge committee.

A circular in reference to the Babcock Fire Extinguishers was referred to the Jail and Court House committee.

The following report from Road Commissioners in reference to Ball's bridge and the proposed new sites across the Maitland, was read and referred to the Road and Bridge committee:

Your commissioners have the honor to report that as instructed they visited Ball's bridge and the other places referred to in the petition, having the company of several Reeves and other persons interested. Having inspected the place referred to as suitable to remove Ball's bridge, we found that it would require a bridge of about 250 feet in length, and on the Colborne side of the river there would need a deviation for a road to the bridge across the face of the hill on the river side, of about 30 or 40 rods, all on good dry land. The flats would not require a very long approach, and on the Goderich side, the bank right close to the stream is 20 or 25 feet high, and the limestone rock juts through and partly overhangs the water, so that it appeared as if the seat for the stringers could be made on the native rock, and no approach of any length would be necessary. From this end of the bridge there would be a road to make for nearly a mile to reach the Maitland concession, which no doubt would devolve upon the concessionaire, Goderich, and would be a hill all the way to the above mentioned concession. It may be stated that a little distance from the place where the bridge would be located, and therefore some arrangement would require to be made for the proper for the right of roadway, after having reached the Maitland concession this road is hilly and uneven, and could not be easily made accessible for heavy loads. As the stream is quite rapid at this place, it would require a pretty substantial structure to stand the freshet.

From this place we went to examine Ball's bridge, and we find that with some repairs which were indicated at the time, and which would not be very costly, this bridge would stand for some years to come if no unforeseen accident such as fire or flood comes upon it. Therefore the question of removal need not be considered at the present time.

In conclusion, I beg to report that model school and teachers' institutes continue to do excellent work in preparing the teachers for the duties devolving upon them in their several positions of labor. J. R. MILLER, I. P. S.

AUDITORS REPORT. To the Warden and Council of the County of Huron. GENTLEMEN,—The undersigned auditors for the County of Huron beg respectfully to report that we have examined the books of your treasurer, and after comparing the different items with their respective vouchers, we report them correct, showing a balance on hand on the 21st of Dec. 1882, of \$6,372.15, which balance we find at the credit of your treasurer in the Canadian Bank of Commerce, you will also find statements of the county and northern gravel road sinking fund account, and of the liabilities and assets of the county. We have also audited the public and Goderich high school accounts and have to report them correct. In conclusion we have much pleasure in testifying to the correct and satisfactory manner in which your treasurer's books have been kept. Goderich, 1 June, 1883.

JAS. PATTON, County Auditor. ARTH. DIXONSON, Auditor.

The following is a schedule showing the balances of school moneys in the hands of township treasurers for the year ending 1st March, 1883:

Ashfield.....\$ 99.44
Colborne..... 00.00
Goderich tp..... 85.74
Grey..... 00.00
Hay..... 50.65
Howick..... 45.98
Hullett..... 53.83
McKillop..... 133.53
Morris..... 32.61
Stanley..... 3.70
Tuckersmith..... 47
Turnberry..... 00.00
Usborne..... 00.00
East Wawanosh..... 98.87
West Wawanosh..... 7.38

Moved by Mr. Strachan, seconded by Mr. McPherson, that the several reports procured by the clerk relating to house of refuge be laid on the table for the examination of this council until its first sitting on Thursday that they may become acquainted with their contents—Carried.

Reports on the houses of refuge were read.

Moved by Mr. Johnston, seconded by Mr. Young, that as the council have in consideration the advisability of erecting a house of refuge, it is deemed proper that the council do visit the house of refuge at Stratford—the expense to be borne by the members individually.

The report of Mr. Gibson, road commissioner was read and referred to the road and bridge committee.

Moved by Mr. Hays, seconded by Mr. Britton, that Mr. Mason be instructed to ask for tenders for the building of two stone abutments at Grieves' bridge, and let the contracts about the 1st of July next, and to be completed on or before the 1st of October, 1884. Referred to road and bridge committee.

Moved by Mr. Beacom, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that three o'clock do now adjourn to meet at three o'clock p. m., tomorrow, so as to give the committee time to report—Carried.

The following is a synopsis of INSPECTOR MILLER'S REPORT. The total number of names entered on register was:

1879 1880 1881 1882
9,416 9,187 8,626 8,322
a decrease of 1094 or 11 1/2 per cent in four years.

The average attendance during 1882 was 3,785. The per centum of attendance was 454. The average in rural schools throughout the Province was 42 per cent.

I beg to correct an error which appeared in my last report. The statement was made that the cost per pupil was \$4.92. The sum should have been \$5.53. The cost per pupil during 1882 was \$5.43, that for the province of Ontario according to last report of minister of education, \$5.69. If amount granted by Legislature is deducted from the above, cost of educating each pupil in West Huron is reduced to \$4.90.

Of the 84 sections in the district there are reported 79 schools or 94 per cent. in which reading a portion of Scripture and offering prayer form a part of the opening or closing exercises. In 45 schools, or 51 per cent, the ten commandments are taught weekly.

The work in the school rooms is being vigorously and successfully prosecuted in a very large majority of the sections. The decreased number of the pupils is a great blessing, as the teachers have now more time to devote to the several classes. The mere hearing of lessons will not produce good scholarship. Time must be taken to draw forth the powers of the mind and teach the pupils to think. This must always be the chief aim in education. Taken as a whole our teachers are doing their work admirably, and the schools are in a very satisfactory condition. I have pleasure in again reporting that the tendency seems to be growing in favor of making as few changes as possible, and retaining the teacher in the same position for a number of years. Such a course is a benefit to all concerned.