

(Continued from page two.)

The British Foreign Office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced she is at war with Serbia, and is an ally of the Central Powers, His Majesty's government has informed the Bulgarian government, through the Swedish minister at London, who is in charge of Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria, as from 10 p. m. London, Oct. 15.—A British official report, received under date of 9.45 o'clock tonight from Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British army in the field, says with reference to the German official statement of today: "The only change in the situation south of La Bassee Canal is that we have further improved our position in the Hohenzollern redoubt. We hold all the ground gained on the 13th."

Progress of the War

Petrograd, Oct. 13, via London.—Another striking victory has been won by the Russians on the southern front in Eastern Galicia. They have pierced the last line of Austrian defenses on the Strypa river and stormed one of the strongest points on the Austro-German right flank.

London, Oct. 13.—The Near East, with the Austro-German and Bulgarian invasions of Serbia, the Anglo-French landing at Saloniki, the promised active intervention of Russia and the diplomatic possibilities in Greece and Roumania continues to be the centre of interest throughout the belligerent countries. The Serbians, although greatly outnumbered by armies with superior equipment, are making a stubborn defence of their country, and while the Austro-German progress is steady, it is very slow and probably will become slower still when the mountains where the Serbians are strongly entrenched are reached.

London, Oct. 14.—A British official statement issued tonight tells of the latest offensive by the British troops between La Bassee and Arras. It reads as follows: "Yesterday afternoon, after a bombardment, we attacked the enemy's trenches, under cover of a cloud of smoke and gas from a point about six hundred yards south-west of Hulluch to the Hohenzollern redoubt. We gained about one thousand yards of trenches just south and west of Hulluch, but were unable to maintain our position there, owing to the enemy's shell fire. "South-west of St. Elie we prepared and held the enemy's trench behind the Vermelle-Hulluch road, and the southwestern edge of the quarries, both inclusive. We also captured a trench on the northwest side of the forest. We captured the main trench of the Hohenzollern redoubt, but the enemy is still in two communicating trenches between the redoubt and the quarries."

London, Oct. 15.—Great Britain has declared war on Bulgaria.

The British Foreign Office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced she is at war with Serbia, and is an ally of the Central Powers, His Majesty's government has informed the Bulgarian government, through the Swedish minister at London, who is in charge of Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria, as from 10 p. m. London, Oct. 15.—A British official report, received under date of 9.45 o'clock tonight from Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British army in the field, says with reference to the German official statement of today: "The only change in the situation south of La Bassee Canal is that we have further improved our position in the Hohenzollern redoubt. We hold all the ground gained on the 13th."

Bucharest, via Paris, Oct. 15.—The military critic of the Universal in an article today, expresses the belief that the British and French troops landed at Saloniki will not go to the aid of the Serbians at Nish, which is 250 miles from their base, but will make a direct attack on Sofia from the Serbian frontier, thus cutting Bulgaria in two, and also stopping the Austro-German advance by one of the principal railroads to Constantinople. The writer adds, however, that the Anglo-French forces must be strong and that Italy must co-operate with them.

London, Oct. 15.—British submarines have now cleared the Baltic Sea and the Gulf of Bothnia entirely of German merchant ships says a despatch to the Star from Copenhagen. Every German ship which was southbound from Sweden when the submarines started their campaign has either been sunk or run ashore, it adds. "Of fifty German ore carriers, 37 are virtually interned in Swedish ports, the correspondent declares."

Copenhagen, Oct. 15.—A British submarine torpedoed and sank a German destroyer this morning at the southern entrance to the Sound, a narrow strait between Denmark and Sweden, which connects the Baltic with the North Sea. A great explosion followed the striking of the torpedo and the destroyer foundered immediately. A message from Faisterbo, Sweden, which brought news of this incident, adds that another German destroyer and a cruiser, which were accompanying the destroyer that was sunk, speeded to the southward. Despatches to the Evening newspapers here say that a second German torpedo boat was sunk by the British submarine E-19 near Faxa. According to these telegrams a German flotilla, one boat of which was sunk Wednesday, returned yesterday with reinforcements and fishermen heard another explosion and saw a torpedo boat disappear. Thereupon the flotilla hurried away. London, Oct. 15.—That thirty-four German trawlers have been captured and taken into Grimby since Sept. 15, is disclosed in an official statement printed in the London Gazette tonight.

London, Oct. 18.—The Allied forces from Saloniki have begun operations against the Bulgarians with unexpected zeal, and already the Serbo-Anglo-French forces have penetrated into Bulgarian territory just north of the Greek boundary and are attacking the Bulgarian stronghold of Strumitza, according to advices received from Saloniki by Reuter's Telegram Company by way of Athens. The advice declares that "the fall of Strumitza is imminent." The despatch continues: "The Serbs, aided by the Allies, repulsed the Bulgarians, who retreated on Strumitza." It is learned by diplomatic sources that Field Marshal Von Mackensen the German commander, has demanded reinforcements.

Athens, Oct. 17, via London.—The French troops in Macedonia have received their baptism of fire near the railway bridge at Hudove Villandova, where they were attacked by forty thousand Bulgarians. The fighting continues. The Bulgarian artillery is bombarding the Vlahovo garrison, which is offering a stout resistance. The Bulgarian government has officially announced that mines have been laid along the coasts of the Black and Aegean

seas. Lights have been extinguished and the port of Dedesgatch has been closed, except to neutral merchantmen.

London, Oct. 17.—French troops have encountered the Bulgarian army at Ghevgheli, according to a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Athens. Ghevgheli, or Glevghel is on the Nish-Saloniki railway line in Serbia, about nine miles north of the Greek border. A despatch from Athens to a London newspaper last night said that the railway administration at Saloniki had been ordered to prepare seven trains for the transport of allied troops to Ghevgheli. Another news agency despatch to London from Athens stated that Allied troops had left Saloniki on Saturday for the Serbian-Bulgarian frontier. London, Oct. 18.—A Malta despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company says: "Signs are not wanting that the Allies in the course of the next few days will be landing strong new forces at Saloniki. The view is expressed by persons arriving from Italy that there is every probability that an Italian expeditionary force will be despatched to help the Serbians." London, Oct. 17.—Fierce fighting in the region of Doiran near the Greek frontier, between the Serbians and Bulgarians, have taken a turn in favor of the Serbs, according to an Athens despatch received by the Exchange Telegraph Company, by way of Zurich. The first detail of four hundred German prisoners reached Nish Friday.

Saloniki, Oct. 16.—Heavy cannonading is reported around Doiran, southeastern Serbia. The Serbians are said to have forced the Bulgarians to retire. "The Serbians are advancing from Souvovo in the direction of Strumitza, which they claim they expect to take shortly."

Paris, Oct. 16.—A Nish despatch which is timed 11 o'clock Thursday evening, says: "All Austro-German attacks on the Obrenovatz-Belgrade-Semendria front have been repulsed, the enemy sustaining serious losses. The German army, which attempted to turn the right wing of the Serbians at Semendria was driven back into the marsh of Godomine, situated on the right bank of the Danube near the fortress of Semendria. A Bavarian battalion was thrown into the swamps. Along this entire front it was quiet today."

London, Oct. 19.—The Daily Mails Athens Correspondent Telegraphs that the report of the depletion of the Allies forces at the Dardanelles or the slackening of operations there to assist the Serbians is false. Instead the Allies at Gallipoli have been reinforced and are holding their positions stubbornly.

Copenhagen, Oct. 19.—A report was brought here from Constantinople that the Turkish fleet no longer exists, only the Cruiser Hamidieh remains. The Allies submarines have destroyed nearly the whole Turkish merchant fleet.

DIED.

DAVIES—On Oct. 12th inst., at Great Falls, Montana, after a very few days illness of pneumonia, Benjamin Davis aged 69. He leaves a wife and two children surviving him.

HIGGINS—Suddenly at Boston, on Oct. 15th, Mrs. Edward Higgins, of Charlottetown, R. I. P.

BOYCE—Died at New Haven, Oct. 9, 1915, Annie Ferguson, relic of the late Franklin Boyce, aged 82 years.

BULL—At Iris, P. E. I., on Oct. 2nd, Mrs. Mary, wife of William S. Bull, aged 21 years.

McEACHERN—At Iris, P. E. I., on Oct. 2nd, Mrs. Sarah McEachern, aged 68 years, leaving a sorrowing son and daughter.

McDONALD—At Grand Tracadie, Oct. 18, 1915, Mrs. Norman J. McDonald, aged 47. R. I. P.

McVITTIE—At Westmoreland, Lot 29, on Sunday, Oct. 17th, John McVittie, aged 81 years.

INMAN—On Oct. 18th Florence Inman, aged sixty, widow of the late Joseph Inman. Nine Mile Creek.

Local and Other Items.

The plant of the Nova Scotia Underwear Co., at Eureka near New Glasgow was burned down a few days ago. The plant was insured for one hundred and fifty-thousand dollars.

The seat of the Serbian government has been transferred to Mitrovitza, near the Montenegrin frontier, according to a despatch to the Milan Secole from Bucharest.

King Nicholas of Montenegro is quoted by the Petit Parisien as having declared to the Cetinje correspondent, "we are fighting in the enemy's territory, we are ready and fear nothing."

The casualty list of Canadians issued at Ottawa Saturday contains the name of Alexander McDougall, Nine Mile Creek, P. E. I., wounded. Mr. McDougall is a member of the 26th Battalion.

A London despatch of the 18th says: The Entente Allies have effected a landing at Enos on the Aegean Sea, in European Turkey, close to the Bulgarian border and have seized the railway at that point.

Moses Gallant, of Rustico, one of the Islanders at the front was killed in recent action in Flanders. He was one of the first Islanders to enlist. He went with the 26th Battalion from Charlottetown shortly after the outbreak of the war.

The total of British casualties at the Dardanelles up to October 9, according to official figures given out in London on the 16th was 96,899. Of this total the number of men killed was 18,957, of whom 1,185 were officers. Casualties of Australian contingents were 20,191.

Russia has been receiving munitions of war from Japan at an average rate of twenty train-loads a day for over three months, according to Cyrus Robinson, a mining engineer of London, who arrived in New York on the steamship California from Liverpool.

The death occurred in Dartmouth, N. S. a few days ago of Mrs. Joseph Deyoung, aged 102 years, and eleven months. Until four weeks ago she was in good health and in full possession of her faculties. A year ago she knitted 40 pairs of socks for soldiers at the front and received a letter of appreciation from the Queen.

Paris advices of the 18th say that the French steamship Admiral Hamelin has been sunk by a submarine in the Mediterranean and 71 lives lost. The Admiral Hamelin was torpedoed without warning by an Austrian submarine, while the passengers and crew were transferring to the boats, the submarine hurled 40 shells at the steamer and sank her.

After Vespers and Benediction in the Cathedral on Sunday evening last, about thirty-five of the soldiers training here for overseas service were enrolled as members of the Holy Name Society. Rev. Maurice McDonald, Rector of the Cathedral officiated, and delivered an earnest exhortation to the newly enrolled members to be faithful to their obligations.

A Paris paper gives an account of how General Joffre, Commander-in-Chief of the French forces, directed the operations during the battle in the Champagne region. Taking a post close to the front, in an inn keeper's kitchen, where a telephone had been installed, General Joffre, bending over a large scale map, listened to officers at the telephone at intervals giving him orders in an absolutely calm voice. In this position, this newspaper account says, General Joffre remained longer than 22 hours from nine o'clock in the morning, until half-past seven, the next morning, neither eating nor drinking, during the whole time. At the end of that period, after marking certain places on the map he put down his pencil and said: "It is over. Let us go and take a bit."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES COLDS ETC.

The Carleton advertisement featuring a man in a suit and the text: SHOWING the new Scollar and lapels tailored on the regular or semi-form-fitting body. This is a style that will appeal to good dressers who eschew the ultra and the commonplace. It's styles like this that make young men demand 20th Century Brand and it's a pleasure to make and sell them. We are exclusive agents. THE MEN'S STORE Moore & McLeod 119-121 QUEEN ST., CH'TOWN

Mortgage Sale

There will be sold at the Court House at Georgetown, in the King's County, on Saturday the 20th day of November, A. D. 1915, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, ALL THAT tract, piece and parcel of land situate lying and being in King's County, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a stake on the south side of the Whim Road at the northwest angle of land owned and occupied by Johnston Young, thence westwardly along said road Twelve Chatares and seven links to land occupied by George T. Young, thence southwardly along the East boundary line of land of George T. Young to land formerly occupied by William Young (now William Thompson) thence along the said William Thompson's north line twelve chains and seven links to the said Johnston Young's land, thence along the west line of the said Johnston Young's land to the Whim Road, the place of commencement, containing thirty acres of land a little more or less. The above sale is made pursuant to and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 5th day of November, A. D. 1909, and made between James Young of Whim Road in King's County in Prince Edward Island, Farmer, and Jessie Young, his wife, of the first part and the undersigned of the second part, default having been made in payment of the principal money and interest secured thereby.

For further particulars apply at the office of Matheson, MacDonald & Stewart, Solicitors, Georgetown. Dated this 14th day of October, A. D. 1915. DUNCAN STEWART, Mortgagee.

KING'S COUNTY LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE Convention.

A Convention of the Liberal-Conservative Party of King's County will be held at Georgetown on Wednesday, November 3rd, 1915, for the purpose of nominating a Candidate in the Liberal-Conservative interest in King's County in place of Mr. A. L. Fraser. Each Poll is requested to have the usual number of delegates in attendance. JOHN McLEOD, Vice-President.

Mortgage Sale.

There Will be sold by public Auction at the Court House at Georgetown, in King's County, on Thursday the 11th day of November, A. D. 1915, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon: ALL THAT tract of land situate on Township Number Sixty-three, in King's County, aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: On the north by Fifty acres of land now or formerly in possession of William McLure, on the west by the Murray Harbor Road, on the east by one hundred acres of land conveyed by the Commissioner of Public Lands to Flora Marie, and on the south by twenty acres of land in possession of John Matheson, containing by estimation forty-two (42) acres of land a little more or less, being those described in a Government Deed of said land to the said Angus Matheson, bearing date the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1898. The above sale is made pursuant to and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1901, and made between Angus Matheson, of Hopfield, Township Number Sixty-four, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, farmer, and Catherine Matheson, his wife, of the first part, and the undersigned of the second part, default having been made in payment of the principal

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Mortgage Sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of Matheson, MacDonald & Stewart, Georgetown. Dated this 8th day of October, A. D. 1915. BENJAMIN CLOW, Mortgagee.

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