

Of Figures.

Ebbiliphis cuts off *M*, at the end of a word, with the preceding vowel, when a vowel follows : As

Ignari scelerum tantorum artisque Pelasgæ.
Virg.

To be scanned thus,

Ignari scelerum tantor' art'que Pelasgæ.

Synæresis, called also *Synecphonesis*, unites two Syllables of the same word into one ; as *The sei*, for *The-se-i*.

Notus amer Pbædræ, nota est injuria Thesei.
Ovid.

Diaeresis, called also *Dialysis*, divides one syllable into two ; as *aulai*, for *aulæ*.

Aulai in medio libabant pocula Bacchi.
Virg.

Prosthesis adds a letter, or syllable, to the beginning of a word, as *eduram*, for *duram*.
Eduramque pirum, et spinos jām prunaferentes.
Virg.

Epenthesis inserts a letter, or syllable, in the middle of a word, as *reliigio*, for *religio*.

Tantum religio potuit suadere malorum.
Lucret.

Paragoge adds a letter, or syllable to the end of a word ; as *avellier*, for *avelli*.

Insidiis fiori, pretiumque avellier ante.

Hor.

Ap-

h take place
on of verses,
to explain.

is, Diaeresis,
Apæresis,
and Tmesis.

diphthong,
next word
events that
tion, which

igna serenos.
Virg.

igna serenos.
its place,
the next be-
the end of

aeterna po-

Virg.
in other
vel become

Celano.
irg.

Ebbiliphis