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Africa Night coming to UNB

by Chris Tumwine and J. Exama-Ayaa for The Brunswickan

The theme Africa Night '96 is "Africa?". This article will attempt to enlighten both Africans and Non-Africans on trends of development and what the future holds for Africa.

If political independence was perceived as a necessary condition for the attainment of some form of eventual continental unity, economic development was believed to be its handmaiden. Thus were the decades of the 1960's and '70's designated respectively by the United Nations as the First and Second Development Decades. With the perspective offered by subsequent years, the development decades are now remembered as Africa's golden age. It was a time of hope; national economies were growing and there was a sense that the modern sector was delivering on its promise. However, by the 1980's, disillusionment had already set in. From 1980 to 1990, Africa's debt to donor countries/agencies - a widely accepted economic indicator - prore than doubled In the sub-Sahara region and on s continental basis, the debt represents, respectively, 112 percent and 90 percent of Africa's/gross mational product. No other region of the world comes close a

as if to add political insult to economic exacting an already difficult situation exception of the collective negotiations. Agreement on Drought and for African countries. In a re-ordered ideological climate, it is now possible for of the encounters between Africa and the major industrial powers to attach new and more stringent conditionalities to already diminishing flows of development aid and declining commodity prices Pressures from industrialised countries on African countries to shift toward multiparty democracy, toward open markets and the privatisation of the huge parastatal sectors have been strong and less than

In its attempts to adjust to these diverse and powerful forces, Africa has for all



A scene from last year's Africa Night the year 2000 and the formation of supportive regional trading blocks - such as Preferential Trade Area (PTA), the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), etc. - there is little possibility that Africa's hopes for economic development will be tealized. Additionally, Africa's quest for western style economic development has proved to be a profoundly divisive exercise. For the more

than 50 African countries compete with the recent shift from a bi-polar to a each other for assistance from the same Letated to the Lome Conventions, many donor countries take place in the context States (ECOWAS), amongst others. It of the so-called round-table-talks, an arrangement in vinch an individual African country meets collective of well-coordinated donor communities, constituting, essentially another process of divide and role.

> Still the counter discussion by African planners on economic direction for the continent has not been totally absent In April of 1980 the Organization of African Unity adopted the Lagos Plan of

Community by the year 2000. This plan views self-reliance as both the means and the goal by which the region will eventually mobilise its resources, its development, and its future.

For purposes of continental integration, it is considered that complimentary relationships must exist between regional African organizations such as the Southern Africa Development Conference (SADCC), the Preferential Development (IGADD) and the Economic Community of West African was considered, finally, that if an African economic utopia is eventually to be Africa's moribund economies.

Photo courtesy Chris Tumwine realized, the continent's political systems will need to evolve toward full democracy with full participation by all sections of society.

The recent (the 10th) PTA summit for heads of state provided yet another occasion for the region's senior politicians to dream about a more cohesive African future. President Chiluba of Zambia, the current PTA chair, dreamt of a common market in the region as an answer to the choking debt problem. He spoke of a "common market with common sense for the common man." Like others before him, he was appealing to the dream of an active South Africa providing the only possible alternative for "kick-starting"

UNB SJ votes Yes to Pub

UNBSJ has given its SRC overwhelming support for an off campus Social Club. "This is a great day for the students of UNBSJ. The results indicate that the students on our campus are committed to progress," said SRC President James Luck. "There is still a lot of work ahead of us. We are committed to completing this project for the students who showed their enormous support."

In a referendum, students responded 300 in favour and 115 against supporting "a practical purposes lost the tenuous gains achieved during its golden age. Despite Student Council-owned and operated Social Club in the uptown Saint John area," and 283 in favour and 139 against authorizing "the SRC to invest \$25 of your SRC fee, the talk of an African Common Market by Africa, calling for an all Africa Economic to ensure your membership and make this social club a reality."



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This Issue Dedicated to:

David Mazerolle

The Brunswickan, in its 129th year of publication, is Canada's oldest official student publication. The Brunswickan is generally published every Friday during the school year by Brunswickan Publishing Inc. with a circulation of 10,000. Membership is open to all University of New Brunswick Fredericton students, but all members of the university community are encouraged to

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